






## CRICHTON

## IILLIAM IlARRISOX ATSUORTII

Ergo, flos jurenum, Scotire spes, Palladis ingeus,<br>Ereptumque decus Mnsarum e dulcibus uluis,<br>Te, quanvis sileant alii, Critone, poetr,<br>Teque, tuamque necem nunquam mea Musa silebit.<br>Abernethy. Musa Campestris

WITH ILLUSTRATIONS BY HABLOT K. BROWNE

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## PREFACE.

There is a passage in David Buchanan's memorial of Crichton, in which, alluding to the deadly enmity borne towards the Admirable Scot by Vincenzo di Gonzaga, he assigus as the cause-" quod ramasiam principis deperiret." This passage may be regarded as the text of the narrative of Sir Thomas Urquhart, and of the following Romance. To a certain extent I have pursued the course taken by the never-sufficiently-to-be-admired Knight of Cromarty, whose "Discoverie of a Jewel" is, indeed, a jewel of a book. Urquhart's descriptions of the masque and duel at Mantua are inimitable. So thoroughly was this singular writer imbued with the spirit of Rabelais (of whom he has left an unfinished, but, so far as it goes, most exquisite translation), that in his account of the disputation in the college of Navarre, he seems to have unconsciously imitated Panurge's controversy with Thaumast, the Englishman, while, in the "true pedigree and lineal descent of the ancient and honourable family of Urquhart," he appears anxious to emulate the mie hty genealogical honours of the good Pantagruel. Sir Thomas, however, is a joyous spirit-a right Pantagruelist; and if he occasionally

Projicit ampullas et sesquipedalia verba,
he has an exuberance of wit and playfulness of fancy that amply redeems his tendency to fanfaronade.

In my endeavour to illustrate the various shades of Crichton's manycoloured character, I have, perhaps, touched too lightly on its scholastis features, But feeling that adequately to exhibit one of the scencs of intellectual digladiation in which he was so frequently and so triumphantly engaged, it would require the possession of a depth of learning little inferior to that of the invincible disputant himself, I have elected as the safer and more suitable course to portray him as the preux cheva lier and all-accomplished gallant, rather than as the philosopher and dialectitian,

Boccalini"s "Satiric Sketch," Sir Thomas Urquhart's "Jewel," and other allusions of more aceredited biographers, would justify me in giving my hero an air of gallantry, were it possible to conceive that he who surpassed all the aspiring spirits of the age in which he flourished in the feats of arts and arms (and whose aim was to excel in everything), could be behind them in their excesses, especially when those very excesses tended to advance his reputation. The manners of the time were corrupt in the extreme ; and the fasciuations of the belles et honnêtes dames et demoiselles of the Court of Catherine de Medicis were such as required more stuicism to withstand than the handsome Scot cared to practise. The reader may, if he chooses, speedily gather a notion of the universal profligacy of the period from the bons contes of Brantôme, and the different memoirs included in the "Journal of Henri III."

What I have advanced respecting Margaret de Valois is fully borne out by the Divorce Satirique, and the details of Scipio Dupleix. The majestic and terrible figure of Catherine de Medicis is too deeply $\mathbf{1 m}$ pressed upon the page of history to make it necessary to advert to the sources whence I have transferred its lineaments tc Iny canvas.

It only now remains to speak of Vincenzo di Gonzaga, whose cause has been warmly but unsuccessfully advocated by Dr. Black. Notwithstanding his patronage of men of letters (extended towards them as much from ostentation as any other motive by the various Italian rulers of the time), this prince was, we learn from Muratori, exceedingly luxurious and profuse in his habits-" gran giocatore, grande scialacquator dal danaro, sempre imrolto frit il lusso, egli amori, sempre in lieti pasrutempi o di festi, o di balli, o di musiche, o di commedie." Sismondi, who has given an excellent summary of his character, says-" il umait arec passion les femmes le jou, la danse, le théâtre." And Possevino, the annalist (and, therefore, the panegyrist) of his family, expressly alludes to his rindictive disposition - "quidum tindicta nimium, ideoque in abrupte tractum opinantur." For the rest, I may affirm with Victor Hugo-" que souvent les fable's du peuple font la vérité du poète."

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## CRICHTON.

## BOOK THE FIRST.-CHAPTER I.

## TIIE SCIHOLARS.

Tu viens doncques de Paris ? dist Pantagruel-Et à quoy passez-vous le temps vous aultres Messieurs Estudians au dict Paris?-Rabelats.-l'antagruel.Liv. II., chup. vi.

Towards the close of Wednesday, the 4th of February, 2579 , a vast assemblage of scholars was collected before the Gothic gateway of the ancient college of Navarre. So numerous was this concourse, that it not merely blocked up the area in front of the renowned seminary in question, but extended fur down the Rue de la Montagne Sainte-Généviève, in which it is situated. Never had such a disorderly rout been brought together since the days of the uproar in 1557, when the predecessors of these turbulent students took up arms, marched in a body to the Pré-aux-Cleres, set fire to three houses in the vicinity, and slew a sergeant of the guard, who vainly endeavoured to restrain their fury. Their last election of a rector, Messire Adrien D'Amboise, "puter cruditionum," as he is described in his epitaph, when the same body congregated within the cloisters of the Mathmins, and thence proceeded, in tumultuous array, to the church of Saint-Louis, in the isle of the same name,--had been nothing to it. Every seholastic hive sent forth its drones. Sorbonne, and Montaigu, Cluny, Harcourt, the Four Nations, and a host of minor establishments-in all, amounting to forty-two-each added its swarms; and a pretty buzzing they reated! The fair of Saint-Germain had only commenced the day before; but though its festivitics were to continue till Palm Sunday, and though it was the constant resort of the scholars, who committed, during their days of carnival, ten thousand excesses, it was now absolutely deserted.

The Pomme-de-lin, the Castel, the Magdalcine, and the Mule.
those tabernes méritoires, celebrated in Pantagruel's conference with the Limosin student, which has conferred upon them an immortality like that of our own hostel, the Mermaid, were wholly neglected; the dice-box was laid aside for the nonce; and the wellused cards were thrust into the doublets of these thirsty tipplers of the schools.

But not alone did the crowd consist of the brawler, the grambler, the bully, and the debsiuchee, though these, it must be confessed, predominated. It was a grand medley of all sects and classes. The modest dencanotr of thee retiring, pale-browed student, was contrasted witls the ferocious aspect and reckless bearing of his immediate neighbour, whose appearance was little better than that of a bravo. The grave theolorim and embryo ecelesiastic were placed in juxta-position with the scoffing and licentious acolyte; while lawyer in posse, and the law-breaker in esse, were numbered amongst a group, whose pursuite were those of violence and fraud.

Various as were the characters that composed it, not less diversfied were the costumes of this heterogencons assemblage. Subject to no particular regulations as to dress, or rather openly infracting them, if any such were attempted to be enforecd,--each schoiar, to whatever college he belonged, attired himself in such garments as best suited his taste or his linances. Taking it altogether, the mob was neither remarkable for the fashion, nor the cleanliness of the apparel of its members.

From Rabelais we learn that the passion of play was so strongly implanted in the students of his day, that they would frequently stake the points of their donblets at tric-trac or trou-madame ; and Dut little improvement had taken place in their morals or manners some half century afterwards. 'The buckle at their girdle-the mantle on their shoulders-the shirt to their back-often stood the hazard of the die; and hence it not unfrequently happened, that a rusty pourpoint and rarged chuzsses were all the covering which the luckless dicers conld enumerate, owing, no donbt, "to the extreme rarity and penury of pecune in their marsupies."

Round or square caps, hoods and cloaks of black, grey, or other sombre hue, were, however, the prevalent garb of the members of the miversity; but here and there might be seen some gayer specimen of the tribe, whose broad-rimmed, high-crowned felt hat and flaunting feather; whose puffed-ont slecves and exagrerated ruff-with starched plaits of such amplitude that they had been not inappropriately named plats de S'riut Jean Baptiste, from the rescmblance which the wearer's head bore to that of the saint, when deposited in the charger of the danghter of Herodias, were intended to ape the leading mode of the elecrant court of their sovereign Henri Trois.

To such ant extent had these insolent youngsters carried their lieence of imitation, that certain of their members, fresh from the fain
of St . Germain, and not wholly unacquainted with the hippocras of the suttlers crowding its mart, wore around their thronts chormous collars of paper, cut in rivalry of the legitimate plaits of muslin, and bore in their hands long hol'ow sticks, from which they discharged peas and other missiles in imitation of the sarbacanes then in rogue with the monarch and his favourites.

Thus fantastically tricked out, on that same day-may, only a few hours before, and at the fair above-mentioned. had these facetious wights, with more merriment than diseretion, ventured to exhibit themselves before the coriege of Hemri, and to exclaim loud enough to reach the ears of royalty, "it lu fruise om commonit le veau!"-a piece of pleasantry for which they subsequently paid dear.

Notwithstanding its shabby appearance in detail, the general effect of this sehclastic rabble was striking and pieturesque. The thick moustaches and pointed beards with which the lips and chins of most of them were decorated, gave to their physiognomies a manly and determined air, fuily borne out by their unrestraned carriage and deportment. To a man, almort all were armed with a tough vine-wood bludgeon, called in their language an estoc volcunt, tipped and shod with steel-a weapon fully understood by them, and rendered, by their dexterity in the use of it, formidable to their adversaries. Not a few carried at their girdles the short rapier, so celebrated in their duels and brawls, or concealed within their bosom a poignard or a two-edred knife.

The scholars of Paris have ever been a turbulent and ungovernable race ; and at the period of which this history treats, and, indeed, long before, were little better than a licensed horde of robbers, consisting of a pack of idle and wayward youths drafted from all parts of Europe, as well as from the remoter provinces of their own nation. There was little in common between the mass of students and their brethren, excepting the fellowship resulting from the universal licence in which all indulged. Hence their thousand combats amongst themselves-combats almost invariably attended with fatal consequences-and which the heads of the university found it impossible to check.

Their own scanty resources, eked out by what little they could derive from beggary or robbery, formed their chicf subsistence ; for many of them were positive mendicants, and were so denominated; and, being possessed of a sanctuary within their own quarters, to which they could at convenience retire, they submitted to the constraint of no laws except those enforced within the jurisdiction of the miversity, and hesitated at no means of enriching themselves at the expense of their neighbours. Hence, the frequent warfare waged between them and the brethren of Saint Germain des Prés, whose monastic domains adjoined their territories, and whose meadows were the constant chanp clos of their skirmishes; according to Dubare-presque tonjours un théâtıe de tumnlte, de
gralinterie, de comùats, de dincls, de débauches, et ie sedition. Hence their sanguinary conflicts with the grood citizens of Paris, to whom they were wholly obnoxions, and who occasionally repaid their argressions with interest. In 1407, two of their number, convicted of assassination and robbery, were condemned to the gibbet, and the sentence was carried into execution; but so great was the uproar cecasioned in the university by this violation of its immunities, that the provost of Paris, Guillatime de Ti, monville, was compelled to take down their bodies from Montfaucon, and see them honourably and ceremonionsly interred. This recognition of their rights only served to make matters worse, and for a serics of years the nuisance continued unabated.

It is not our purpose to record all the excesses of the university, nor the means taken for their suppression. Vainly were the civil authorities arraved against them. Vainly were bulls thmodered from the Vatican. No amendment was eflected. The weed might be cht down, but was never entirely extirpated. Their fends were transmitted from gencration to generation, and their old bone of contention with the abbot of Saint Germain (the Préaux-Cleres) was, after an minterrupted strife for thirty years, submitted to the arbitration of the Pope, who very equitably refused to pronounce juderment in farour of either party.

Such were the scholars of Paris in the sixtenth century-such the character of the clamorous erew who besieged the portals of the college of Navarre.

The object that summoned together this unruly multitude, was, it appears, a desire on the part of the scholurs to be present at a public controversy, or learned disputation, then occurring within the great hall of the college before which they were congregated, and the disappointment cansed by their finding the gates closed, and all entrance denied to them, occasioned their present disposition to riot.

It was in vain they were assured by the halberdiers stationed at the gates, and who, with erossed pikes, strove to resist the onward pressure of the mol, that the hall and court were already crammed to orefllowing, that there was not room even for the sole of a foot of a doctor of the faculties, and that their orders were positive and imperative that none beneath the degree of a bachelor or licentiate should be admitted, and that a treop of marrinets* and Bejannes $\dagger$ could have no possible claim to admision. In vain they were told this was no ordinary disputation, no common controversy, that all were alike entitced to license of ingress, that the disputant was no undistinguished scholar, whose renown did not extend beyon i his own trifling sphere, and whose opinions, therefore, few would care to hear, and still fewer to

[^0]opp:agn, but a foreigner of high rank, in high favour and fashion, and not more remarkable for his extraordinary intellectual endowments, than for his brilliant persomal accomplishments. In vain the trembling officials sought to elinch their arguments by stating, that not alone did the conclave consist of the chief members of the university, the senior doctors of theology, medicine, and law, the professors of the humanitics, rhetoric, and philosophy, and all the various other dignitaries; but that the debate was honoured by the presence of Monsieur Christophe de Thou, first president of parliament; by that of the learned Jaçues Augustin, of the same name; by one of the secretarics of state and governor of Paris, M. René de Villequier; by the ambassadors of Elizabeth, Queen of England; and of Philip II., King of Spain, and several of their suite; by Abbé de Brantôme; by M. Miron, the court physician; by Cosmo Ruggieri, the Queen Mother's astrologer ; by the renowned poets and masque writers, Maítres Ronsard, loaif, and Philippe Desportes; by the well-known advocate of parliament, Messire Etienne Pasquier; but, also (and here came the gravamen of the objection to their admission) by the two especial favourites of his majesty and leaders of aflairs, the scigneurs of Joyeuse and D'Epernon.

It was in vain the stulents were informed that, for the preservation of strict decormm, they had been commanded by the rector to make fast the gates. No excuses would avail them. The scholars were cogent reasoners, and a show of staves soon brought their opponents to a nonplus. In this line of argument they were perfectly aware of their ability to prove a major.
"To the wall with them-to the wall!" cried a hundred infuri ated voices. "Down with the halberdiers-down with the gatesdown with the disputants-down with the rector himself!-Deny our privileges! 'To the wall with old Adrien d'Amboise-esclude the disciples of the university from their own halls!-curry fivonr with the court minions!-hold a public controversy in pro-vate!-down with him! We will issue a mandamus for a new election on the spot!'

Whereupon a deep groan resomided throughout the crowd. It was succeeded by a volley of fresh execrations against the rector, and an angry demonstration of bludgeons, accompanied by a brisk shower of peas from the sarbacanes.

The officials turned pale, and calculated the chance of a broken neck in reversion, with that of a broken crown in immediate possession. The former being at least contingent, appeared the milder alternative, and they might have been inclined to adopt it, hard not a further obstacle stood in their way. The gate was barred withinside, and the vergers and bedels who had the custorly of the doar, though alarmed at the tumult withont, positively re'nsed to unfustell it.

Again, the threats of the scholars were renewed, and further intimations of violence were exhibited. Again the peas rattled upon the hands and faces of the halberdiers, till their ears tingled with pain. "Prate to us of the king's favourites," cried one of the foremest of the scholars, a youth decorated with a paper collar; "they may rule within the precincts of the Lourre, but not within the walls of the university: Mangreblen! We hold them cheap enough. We heed not the idle bark of these full-fed court lapdogs. What to us is the bearer of a bilboquet? By the four evangelists, we will have none of them here! Let the Gasconeadet, D'Epernon, reflect on the fate of Quelus and Maugiron, and let our gray Joyeuse beware of the dog's death of Saint Mégrin. Place for better men-place for the schools-away with frills and sarbacanes!"
"What to us is a president of parliament, or a governor of the city?" shouted another of the same gentry. "We care nothing for their ministration. We recornise them not, save in their own courts. All their authority fell to the ground at the gate of the Rue Saint Jacques, when they entered our dominions. We eare for no parties. We are politiques, and steer a middle course. We hold the Guisards as cheap as the Huguenots, and the brethren of the League weigh as little with us as the followers of Calvin. Our only sovereign is Gregory XIIL., Pontifl' of Rome. Away with the Guise and the Beamais!"
"Away with Henri of Navarre, if yon please," cried a scholar of Harcourt; "or Henri of Valois, if you list, but, by all the saints, not with Henri of Lorraine, he is the fast friend of the true faith. No !-no!-live the Guiec-live the Holy Union!"
"Away with Elizabeth of England," cried a scholar of Cluny; "what doth her representative here?" Sceks he a spouse for her amongst our schools? She will have no areat bargain, I own, if she bestows her royal hand upon our Due d'Anjou."
"If you value your bulf" jerkin, I counsel you to say nothing flighting of the Queen of England in my hearing," returned a bluff, broad-shoaddered fellow, raising his bludgeon after a menacing fashion. He was an Englishman belonging to the Four Nations, and had a huge bull-dog at his heels.
"Away with Philip of Spain and his ambassador," cricd a Bernardin.
". I'or los ojos de mi Dama !" eried a Spaniard belonging to the College of Narbonue, with huge moustaches curled half way up his bronzed and insolent visage, and a slouched hat pulled over his brow. "This may not pass muster. The representative of the Fing of Spain must be respected even by the Academics oil Lutetia. iWhich of you shall gainsay me? -hat!"
" What businces has he here with his suite, on occasions like to the present"" returned the Bernardin. "T'éte-Dieu! this disputation is one that little concerns the interest of your politic king;
and methinks Dom Philip, or his representative, has recrard for little else than whatsocver advances lis own interest. Your ambassador hath, I doubt not, some latent motive for his present atten dance in our schools."
"Perchance," returned the Spaniard. "We will discuss that point anon."
"And what doth the pander of the Sybarite within the dusty halls of learninge" ciaculated a scholar of Lemoine. "What doth the jealons-pated slayer of his wife and unborn child within the reach of frec-speken voices, and mayhap of weli-directed blades? Methinks it were more prudent to tarry within the bowers of his harem, than to hazard his perfumed person among us."
"Wrell said," rejoined the scholar of Cluny-" down withs René de Villequier, though he be Governor of Paris."
"What title hath the Ablué de Brantome to a seat amoncst us?" said the scion of Harcourt; "ce1tes he hath a reputation for wit, and scholarship, and gallantry. But what is that to ns? Ilis place might now be filled by worthier men."
"And what, in the devil's name, brings Como lingerieri hither?" asked the Bemardin. "What doth the wrinkled old dealer in the black art hope to learn from ns? We are not given to alchemy, and the necult sciences; we practise no lidden mysteries; we brew no philtres; we compound no slow poisons; we vend no waxen images. What doth he here, I say! 'Tis a seandal in the rector to permit his presence. And what if he came under the safeguard, and by the authority of his mistress, Catherine de Medicis! Shall we regard her passport? Down with the heathen abbé, his abominations have been endured too long; they smell rank in our nostrils. Think how he ensnared La Molethink on his numberless victims. Who mixed the infernal potion of Charles IX.? Let him answer that. Down with the infidelthe Jew-the sorecrer! The stake were too good for him. Down with Ruggicri, I say."
"Ay, down with the accursed astrologer," echoed the whole crew. "He has done abundant misehict" in his time. A day of reckoning has arrived. Hath he east his own horoscope? Did he foresec his own fate? Ha! ha!"
"And then the poets," cried another member of the Fout Nations,-" a plaguc on all threc. Would they were elsewhere. In what docs this disputation concern them? Picrre Ronsard, being an offhoot of this same College of Navarre, hath indubitably a claim upon our consideration. But he is old, and I marvel that his gout permitted him to hobble so fur. $O$, the mercenary old scribbler! His late verses halt like himself, yet he lowereth not the price of his masques. Besides which he is grown moral, and unsays all his former good things. Mort-Dicu! your superamnuated bards ever recant the indiscretions of their nonage. Clement Marot took to psalm-writing in his old agc.

As to Baif, his name will searee outlast the scenery of his ballets, his plays are out of fashion since the Gelosi arrived. He deserves no place amongst iss. And Philip Desportes owes all his present preferment to the Vicomte de Joyeuse. Hewerer, he is not altogether devoid of merit-let him wear his bays, so he trouble us not with his company. Room for the sophisters of Narbome, I say. 'To the dors with poctry!"
"Morblen!" exclaimed another. "What are the sophisters of Narbome to the clecretists of the Sorbonne, who will discuss you a position of Cornelius ì Lapide, or a sentence of Peter Lombard, as readily as you would a flask of hippocras, or a slice of butargo. Ay, and cry transcat to a thesis of Aristotle, though it be against rule. What sayst thou, Capète?" continued he, addressing his neighbour, a scholar of Montaigu, whose modest grey capuchin procured him this appellation; "Are we the men to be thus scurvily entreated?"
"I see not that your merits are greater than ours," retumed he of the capuch, "though our boasting be less. The followers of the lowly John Standoncht are as well able to maintain their tenets in controversy as those of Robert of Sorbon? and I see no reason why entrance should be denied us. The honour of the university is at stake, and all its strength should be mustered to assert it."
"Rightly spoken," returned the Bernardin, " and it were a lasting disgrace to our schools were this arrogant Scot to carry off their laurels when so many who might have been found to lower his crest are allowed no share in their defence. The contest is one that concems us all alike. We at least can arbitrate in case of need."
"I care not for the honours of the university," rejoined one of the Ecossais, or Scotel Collene, then existing in the Rue des Amandiers, "but I care mucl for the giory of my countryman, and I would gladly have witnessed the trimmph of the disciples of Rutherford, and of the classic Buchanam. But if the arbitrament to which you would resort is to be that of roices merely, I an glad the rector in his wisdom has thought fit to keep you without, even though I myself be personally inconvenienced by it."
"Hijo di Dios! what fine talking is this?" retorted the Spaniard. "There is litt'e chance of the trimmph you predicate for your comntryman. Trust me, we shall have to greet his departure from the debate with many hises and few cheers; and if we could penctrate through the plates of yon iron door and gaze into the court it conceals from our view, we should find that the loftiness of his pretensions has been already humbled, and his arguments gravelled. Por la Litania de los Santos! to think of comparing an obscure student of the pitiful College of Saint Andrew with the erudite doctors of the most erudite university in the world, always excepting those of Valencia and Salamanca. It needs all thy comstry's assurance to keep the blush of shame from mantling in thy cheeks."
"The seminary you revile," replice the Scot, haughtily, "las been the nursery of our Seottish kings. Nay, the youthful Jannes Stuart pursued his studie: under the same roof, beneath the same wise instruction, and at the self-same time as our noble and gifted James Crichton, whom you have falsely denominated an adventurer, but whose lineage is not less distinguished than his learning. His renown has preceded him hither, and he was not miknown to your doctors when he allixed his programme to these collere walls. Hark!" continued the speaker, exultingly, "and listen to yon evidence of l.is triumph."

And as he spoke, a loud and continued clapping of hands proceeding from within was distinetly heard above the roar of the students.
"That may be at his defeat," muttered the Spaniard, between his teeth.
"No such thing," replied the Scot. "I heard the name of Crichton mingled with the plaudits."
"And who may be this Phemix-this Gargantua of intellectwho is to vanquish us all, as Panurge did Thamast, the English. man?", asked the Sorbonist of the Scot.-" Who is he that is mure philosophic than Pythagoras?-ha!"
"Who is more studious than Carneades!" said the Bernardin.
"More versatile than Alcibiades!" said Montaigu.
" More subtle than Averroës!" cried Harcourt.
"More mystical than Plotiaus!" said one of the Four Niations.
" More visionary than Artemidorus!" said Cluny.
"More infallible than the Pope!" arded Lemoine.
"And who pretends to dispute de omni sciuili!" shonted the Spaniard.
" Et quolibet eute!" added the Sorbonist.
"Mine cars are stumned with your vociferations," repliced the Scot. "You ask me who James Crichton is, and yourclves give the response. You have mockingly said he is a rara avis; a prodigy of wit and learning; and you have unintentionally spoken the truth. He is so. But I will tell you that of him of which yon are wholly ignorant, or which you have designedly overlooked. His condition is that of a Scottish gentleman of high rank. Like your Spanish grandee, he need not doff his cap to kinge. On cither s.ale hath he the best of blood in his veins. His mother was a Stuart directly descended from that regal line. His father, who owneth the fair domains of Eliock and Cluny, was Lord Advocute to our bonny and luckless Mary (whom Heaven assoilzie !) and still holds his high office. Methinks the Lairds of Crichton might have been heard of here. Howbeit, they are well known to me, who being an Ogilvy of Balfour, have often heard tell of a certaim contract or obligation, whereby-"
" Basta :" interrupted the Spaniard, " heel not thine own affairs, worthy Scot. 'Tell us of this Crichton-ha!"
"I have tok you alrealy more than I ought to have told," replied Ogilyy, sullenly: "And if you lack further information respecting James Crichiton's favour at the Louvre, his feats of arms, and the esteem in which he is held ly all the dames of honour in attendance upon your Quen Mother, Catherine de Medicis-and moreover," he added, with somewhat of sarcasm, "with her fair danghter, Marguerite de Valois-you will do well to address yourself to the King's buffoon Maitre Clicot, whom I see not fiur off. Few there are, methinks, who could in such short space have won so much favour, or acequired such bright renown."
"Humph:"' muttered the Englishunan, " your Scotsmen stick by each other all the world over. This James Crichton may or may not be the hero he is raunted, but I shall mistrust his praiscs from that quarter, till I find their truth confirmed."
"He has, to be sure, acquired the character of a stout swordsman," said the Bernardin, "to give the devil his due."
"Ile has not met with his match at the salle-l'armes, though he has crossed blades with the first in Fience," repliced Ogilvy.
"I have secn hima at the Mamere," said the Sorbonist, " mo through his course of equitation, and being a not altogether unskilful horseman myself, I can report favourably of his performance."
"'There is none among your youth can sit a stecd like him," returned Ogilvy, "nor can any of the jousters carry off the ring with more certainty at the lists. I would fain hold my tongue, but you enforce me to speak in his praise."
"Cuerpo di Dios !" exclamed the Spaniard, half umsheathing the lengthy weapon that hung by his side. "I will hold you a wager of ten rosc-nobles to as many silver reals of Spain, that with this staunch Toledo I will overeme your vaunted Crichton in close fight in any manner or patacice of fence or digladiation which he may appeint-sword and dagger, or sword only,-stripped to the girdle or armed to the teeth. Por la s.unta Trinidad! I will have satisfaction for the contumelions affiont he hath put upon the very leamed gymmasimu to which I belong; and it would gladden me to clip the wings of this loud-rowing cock, or of any of his dumghi.l erew," added he, with a scomfin sesture at the Scotsman.
"If that be all youseck, you shall not need to go far in your quest," returned Ogiluy. "Tarry till this controversy be ended, and if I matel not your Spanish blade with a Scottish broadsword, and approve you ar recreant at heart as you are boasfinl and injurions of speech, may saint Andrew for ever after withhold from me lis protection."
"Diablo!" exchamed the Spaniard. "Thy Scottish saint will little avail thece, since thon hast incurred my indignation. Betake thee, therefore, to thy patemoster:, if thou hast grace withal to
matter them ; for within the hour thou art assurectry food for the kites of the Pré-anx-Cleres-sa-lia !"
" Look to thyalf, vile bragrart!" rejoined Ogiky, scomfully ; "I promise thee thon shalt need other intercession than thine own to purchase safety at my hands."
"Courage, Mazter Ogilry," sail the Enclishman, " thou wilt do well to slit the eris of this Spanish swash-buckler. I wamme me he hides a craven epinit beneath that slashed pourpoint. Thon art in the right, man, to make him eat his words. Be this Crichton what he may, he is, at least, thy countryman, and in part mine orwn."
"And as such I will uphold him," said Ogiluy, " against any odde."
"Bravo! my valorous च̄on Diego Carava :a," said the Sorlmonist, slapping the Spaniard on the shoulder, and spaking in his can: "Shall these seurry Scots carry all before them?-1 wartant me, no. We will make common cause against the whole bergerly nation; and in the meanwhile we intrust thee with this particular quarrel. See thou acquit thyself in it as beseemeth a descendant of the Cid."
"Account him already abased," retumed Caravaja. "By Pelayo, I would the other were at his back, that both might be transfixed at a blow-ha!"
"To return to the subject of difference," said the Sorbonist, who was too much delighted with the prospect of a duel to fllow the quarrel a chance of subsiting, while it was in his power to fan the flame; "to return to the diflerence," said he, aloud, glancing at Ogilvy; "it mnst be conceded that, as a wassailer, this Crichton is without a peer. None of us may presume to cope with him in the matter of the flask and the flagon, thourch we number amongst us some jolly topers. Frier John, with the Priestess of Bacbuc, was a washy bibber compared with him."
" He worships at the shrines of other priestesses besides hers of Bacbue, if I be not wrongly informed;" added Montaign, who understood the drift of his compamion.
"Else wherefore our rejoinder to his caitels ?" returned the Sorbonist. "Do you not call to mind that bencath his arrogant defiance of our learned body, affixed to the walls of the Sorbome, it was written, ' That he who would behold this miracle of leaming must hie to the tavern or the bordel ?" Wias it not so, my hidalgo ?"
"I have myself seen him at the temulentive tavern of the Falcon," retumed Cararaja, "and at the lupamarian haunts in the Champ-Gaillard and the Val-d'Amour. You understand me-ha!''
"Ha! ha! ha!" chorussed the scholars. "Jannes Crichton is no stoic. He is a disciple of Epicurus. Vel in puellam impingit, rel in poentum-ha! ha!"
""Tis said that he hath dealings with the Evil One," observed the man of Harcourt, with a mysterious sir ; "and that, like Jeane
d'Are, he hath surrendered his soul for his temporal welfare Hence his wondrous lore; hence his supernatural beauty and accomplishments; hence his power of fascinating the fair sex; hence his constant rom of luck with the dice; hence, also, his invulne ablenes to the sword."
"'Tis said, also, that he has a familiar spirit, who attends him in the semblance of a black dor," said Montaigu.
"Or in that of a dwarf, like the sooty imp of Cosmo Ruggieri," said Harcourt. "Is it not so ?" he asked, turning to the Scot.
"He lies in his throat who says so," cried Ogilvy, losing all patience. "To one and all of you I breathe defiance; and there is not a brother in the college to which I belong who will not maintuin my quarrel."

A loud laugh of derision followed this sally; and, ashamed of having justly exposed himself to ridicule by his idle and unworthy display of passion, the Scotsman held his peace and enceavoured to turn a deaf ear to their tamis.

## Cil APTER II.

## TIIE GELOSU.

Ham.-Will you play upon this pipe?
Guil.-My lord, I cannot.
Hum.-1 pray you.
Shakspeare.
Whine his eye glanced fiercely round upon his tormentors, Ogilvy suddenly encountered the dark and earnest orbs of a youth, standing at a little distance from him, but fully within hearing of their contention, who appeared to take a lively interest in the cause of quarrel, though his sympathy was evidently strongly enlisted in behalf of the Scotsman. There was something in the appearance of this youth that, despite the excitement of his feelings, at once arrested the attention of Ogilvy.

In age, the youth could not be more than cighteen, perhaps not so much, as his slight, though exquisitely symmetrical figure, fragile eren to effeminacy, denoted immaturity. But the fire and intelligence of his glances showed that his spirit and resolution were far in advance of his years. Tresses of jetty hair overshadowed his flushed cheek-the oliye tint of which, together with his intensely black eyes, proclaimed him a native of some more southern clime-while his attire, though not otherwise singular, was neither that of a member of the umiversity nor accordant with any of the received usages then adopted by the good citizens of Paris. A cap of green Genoa velvet fell on one side of his head ; a mantle of the same material, and of ampler fold than was the mode, was clasped with a chain of gold, and disposed so as best to hide his slender shape, and to give a semblance of more manly width to his narrow proportion of shoulder.
"You are moved in my behalf, young sir," said Ogilvy, remarking that the youth still kept his eye fixed upon him, foreing his way at the same time towards the spot where he stood. "May 1 ask to which of our academies you belong ?"
"I belong to none of your schools," replied the youth, now shrinking from the Scot's approach as much as he had courted his attention from afar. "I came hither as a stranger, attracted solely
by curiosity to learn the result of a disputation with which all P'aris rings; and having unwittingly enterel this crowd, though I would fain retire, I must now perforce abide its issuc, which," he added, with some hesitation, and a slight increase of colour, " will, I trust, result in the trimmph of your peerless comntryman, in whose success I am, I own, hearly as much interested as yourseli."

There was a music in the tones that vibrated in a strange manner upon the heart of Ogilvy.
"As I have a soul to be saved," he thought, " but that they are boys lips that uttered that speceh, I could have swom it was the very roice of 'Marion; and, beit that the eyes are darker, and it may be lareer, I could swear they had the sure look too. By Saint Andrew, but it is singular how like they are. I woukd gladly know, if he be not from my own country, what can make him express himself so warmly in behalf of James Crichton. Hark ye, young sir." he cried alond, "you are not, I suppose, from Scotland, are yon?"

The youth could searee forbear a smile at the inquiry; but he shook lis head in denial. The smile that severed the lips displaved a row of pearls. "The very teeth are Marion's," thought Ogrilvy.
"From Scotland?" shonted the Sorbonist. "Can any rood come from out that raseal country? I know this youth well-he is one of the Gelosi-one of the Venctian troop who have the king's lieence to enact their plays at the Hótel de Bourbon. I thought I knew the face and figure, but the voice was not to be mistaken. 'Tis he who singeth the airs in the comedies; and right well, too, I warrant him. Ah!-a thought strikes me-we have a minute or two to spare,-why not employ it in a song? What say you, comrades, shall we lose this golden opportunity? - A song!-a song!"'
"Bravo!-bravo!" cried the scholars, clapping their hands. "Nothing ean be better. A song by all means;" and a circle of faces was presently formed round the Geloso.

Memwhile Ogilvy, not less amoyed at the turn which aflairs had taken, than at the supposed imputations thrown out against the stranger, for, not being untinctured by the prejudices of his comntry, as to the morality of stage representations, he entertained a feeling of contempt, amounting almost to ablorrence, for the vocation of an actor, thus addressed him:-" Hath he not belied thee?" he said, with something of distrust. "Say he hath spoken falsely-say thou art no player-no hired mimic, and, by the pious memory of John Knox, I will hurl back the foul aspersion in his teeth."
"Peace!" cried the scholar of Montaigu. "Down with the froward Scot, if he ofler further interruption."
"Let him answer me, and I am dumb," returned the resolute Ogilyy. "Once more, stranger,-have I misconstrued thee""
". Yon have done so if you supposed me other than I am," replied the youth, raising his head. "I am one of the Gelosi!"
"You hear him," cried the Sorbonist. "He admits it. Now, give us the song without more ado."
"I deny not my calling," seplied the Geloso, " but I will not sing at your lidding."
"We will see that," returned the Sorbonist. "There are pump.s. within our courts whose waters are ers song-compelling as those of Helicon. Their vinue is marvellous."
"Sangre di Dios! let us drag the young spark thither," eried Caravaja; "he'll find his voice. I'll engage, rather than brook the catarthis likely to be enfendered by the gelid fount."

So saying he laid his hand rudely upon the Geloso's shoulder. The latter started back-his dark eyes shot liglitnings at the argaressor, while, quick as thought, he drew forth a stiletto, and placed it at Caravaja's throat.
"Withdraw thy hand from my person," he criced, "or by St. Mark I will strike!"

And Carawaja, secing from his manner that the Geloso was in earnest, deemed it prudent to relinguish his hold, which he did with a sluyg and his habitual braggadecio cxelamation.
" Bravissimo!" shouted the bystanders with renewed acclamation; "a capital tableau. It would tell famously at the llôtcl de Bourbon."
"By my faith!" said the Englishman, laughing heartily, " our Spaniard hath the worst of it."
"I pray you, signori," said the Geloso, hecdless of their sareasm, taking of his cap and displaying at the same time a shower of raven ringlets. "I bescech you to let me depart without further molestation; I have it not in my power to comply with your wishes, neither do I see your title to require my compliance. Though a player, I am not wholly unfriended; and if-"
"He threatens us," said the Sorbonist ; "marked you that if? It will never do to give up our point. The song, Signor Geloso, and then depart as soon as you list."
"Never!" replied the Geloso ; "and I comsel you to beware how you drive me to extremitics."
" Il' none other will take the youth's part I will." said the Englishman ; "I care not if he be Geloso or Diaboloso. If all are arainst him I am for him. The Blounts ever take the weaker side, and Simon Blount will not diserace the name he bears. Come, Sir Scot, this quarrel is partly yours. Draw your blade, man, and stand by this poor lad, who looks as if he had never seen a blow struck before."

A blithe jingle of small silier bells was heard amongst the crowd, offering a scasonable interruption to the brawl, and a very fantastic personare, from whom the sound proceceded, strove to press forward. He was clad in a singular parti-coloured raiment, composed of white, crimson, and blue damask, so quaintly fashioned, and striped with such numberless straight and horizontal lines, that it produced the most whimsical effect imaginable. His slashed juste-uu-corps was puffed out at the hips in the most extravagant
style, and served as an admirable finl to his thin mis-shapen legs, deeked in hose of amaranthine hue. Over his shoulders was thrown a surcoat which resembled nothing so nearly as the vestment wherewith the knave of elabs is arrayed, and which depended in hure slecves orer his arms.

At the back of this surcoat the royal arms were emblazoned in yold tissue, and again displayed on either sleeve. Innumerable tags, to which, as well as to the celges of his sleeves, hung the bells in question, adomed each knec. Around his neck he wore a chain of small medallions, stamped with devices ì le follie, the gift of his cher Henriot, as he fraternally termed his royal master, and his tall conical cap-which had superseded the old orthodox cock's-comb, then quite out of date-had the triple points ì la cornette, bome by all the servitors of the court. In his hand he carried his ensign of office-the bauble, an ebony truncheon decorated with the fool's head, cast in wrought silver. A huge escarcelle, or pouch, filled with confectionery, of which he was immoderately fond, lung at his girdle, and near it was stuck a formidable dagger of lath.
'This bizarre figure was the king's favourite buffoon Chicot.
"lyy your lave, my masters," he cricel, shouldering his way throngh the crowd, and bestowing buffets with his bauble upon all who opposed his progress. "Why would you stop me? Folly was ever current in the University of Paris. Besides, all my wisdom is needed. They are about to souse a singer in cold water to give him a voice. 'That were a feat worthy the first fool in France. I should lose my post were I not to assist. Have a care, I say. Make way for the Abbe of the Béjauncs, though he be not mounted on his ass as at the Feast of the Imnocents."

And planting limself immediately before the Geloso, to whom he nodded in the most familiar manner, Chicot drew his lathen dagger, and, with abundance of gesticulations and grimaces, brandished it in the face of the students. "This youth, who is my foster-brother," said the jester (here there was a loud laugh), " is in the right to refuse you. He is engaged for the masque to-night, and must not exhibit himself before-hand. Our gossip Hemriot is chary of his services. If you want music, come with us to the gates of the Lourre. The band of the Swiss Guard is celebrated for its quick movement."
"Exasperate them not, kind sir," whispered the Geloso, "I will rather comply with their demands, umreasouable though they be, than endanger another's safety by 1 efusal. Signori," he continued, addressing his perscentors, "I will do your bidding, provided I om free to depart when my song is ended."
"Agreed!" shouted the scholars, waving their caps. In an instant the clamour ceased. A dense ring was formed around the Gcloso, while in a roice of the most exquisite modulation, though with something of sarcasm in its tone, he sang the following strain, evidently the inspiration of the moment:-

## TIE SCOTTISII CAVALIEL.

## I.

Frem Scotia's clime to langhing France the peerless Crichton came; Jike him no knight could shiver lance, Wiedd sword, or worship dianc.
Alas ! eath maiden sighs in vain, lle turns a careless ear:
For quenly tetters last enchain 'ilhe Scottish catwalier !
II.

Lut not oce camp and court, alone, Resistless (richton rules ; Lowicians next, defeated, own His empire o'er the Schools. 'Gainst sophists shrewd shall wit prevail, Though t me on tome they rear ; And jedan:s pale, as victor, hail Jhe Dcoltish cavalier !
"No more of this," cried the Sorbonist, "this is not the song we bargained for. We will have thy favourte air from La Mafdalena, or the canzonet from La Florinda, or thou stirrest not, mon mignon."
"Bah!" ejaculated Chicot; "you are no judges. The song was charming, and I vote for its repetition. But the buffoonery of the t: oup at the hôtel of the Abbé de Clugni, in the Rue des Mati:irins, would be more in your way. What say you to a motet from their last sotic-La Farce joyeuse des léjannes soplistes?"
"Ventreblen! What mockery is this ?" cried one of the scholars with the preposterous paper collars. "Are we to be chaflered out of our projects by yon magot-pic, who, having newly-cescaped his cage, hath flown hither to babble at his case?"
"'lis well," returned Chieot, "that, like some I wot of, I have not arrayed myself in peacock's plumes. Strut as it may, the daw will out; and roar as loudly and lion-like as he may, the ass is an ass still. Fool as I am, I am not folly's counterfeit. The ape, but not the ape's shadow, compère. 'By the caul yon may know the calf;' that is your cry, they tell me. Now, were your calf-ship to be judged by that rule, we could scarec find subjeet fitter for the shambles."
"A thousand devils!" eried the emraged scholar. "Were yout ten times the licensed fool you are, you shall repent this insolence."
"Back!" exclaimed Blount, interposing his bludgeon so as to ward off the blow aimed at the jester's sconce. "A bloody cock'scomb were an unscemly consummation to such gay apparel. Reserve your blows for one more able to requite them. Sce you not his weapon is of lath? ?'
"Let him keep better rule over his tonguc, then," replied tlies angry scholar.
"IIa! ha! ha!" cried Chicot, screaming with laughter, "stay me not. I will combat with him to the outrance. My marote
to his rufi. but I slay him on the exchange of a stoccata. My fecure shall prove his reverac."
"In the mean time we are losing sight of our songster," said the Sorbonist. "What hath become of the Geluso:"
"Vamished, as I think," exclaimed Caravaja. "I nowhere behald him."
"I had not remarked his departure," thonerlat Ocilvy, 's but 'tis better thes. I could not have refused the poor youth aid in case of need, and yet my soul revolts at the thought of being embroiled in the quarrel of a stage-player. 'Tis strange the face should haunt me so much. I will think of him no more."

But, in spite of his resolution, Ogilvy could not prevent his eyes from wandering amongst the distant ranks of the scholars in scarch of the fugitive. Ilis quest was vain. During the confusion created ly the jester's defiance of the student, and not improbably by his comisance, or that of the Englishman, the Geloso had contrived, umolserved, to make good his retreat.
"Hath Maitre Chicot secreted him in his escarcelle? It is large chonerh," said Harcourt.
" $O_{r}$ in the sheres of his surcoat?" said the Bemardin.
"Or swallowed him, as Gargantua did the pilgrim," added Caravaja, laughing.
"Ur as thou wouldst a cup of Yal de Penas, were it proffere? thee; or thine own words, if need be, Señor Caballoro." said the jester.
"Scinor Satan!" roared Caravaja, unsheathing his sword; "I will carre thee into as many slices as there are patelics in thy jerkin-sa-ha!"
"Or as there are dints on thy sword, of thine own notching," rejoined Chicot, with a malignant grin; "or aths in thy mouth, of thine own coining. Or lies in thy brain, of thine own hatching. Or dice in thy pocket, of thine own loading. Or pence in thy pouch, of thino own pilfering. Or scars in thy back, of thine own procuring -ha! ha! Shred me into as many pieces as a Spanish onion, and the number shall yet be far below thy own countless pecea-dilloes-sa-ha!"
"Sangre di Dios! Give me way to the scurrilous ribald," rociferated Caravaja, furious as a bull chafed by the snatador, flomishing his rapier and stamping on the ground, and with difticuly witheld by the students. But nothing could check the wil: exlitarasion of the jester, who was nigh convulsed with langher at the incffectual attempts of the vindictive Spaniard to reach him. Ile exhibited no alarm, but stood his ground as carclessly as if no danger threatencel him. Nay, he even continued his ralling mockery, and might, in all probability, have paid the penalty of his raslness, if a new incident had not occurred, which operated as a diversion in his favour.

The grates of the College of Navarre were suddenly thrown open,
and a long-continued thmader of applause bursting from within, annomed the conclusion of the debate. That it had terminated in favour of Crichton could no longer be doubtel, as his name formed the burden of all the plandits with which the courts were ringing. All was excitement: there was a general movement. Ogilvy could no longer restrain hinself. Pushing forward by prodigious efforts, he secured himself a position at the portal.

The first person who presented himself to his inquiriner eyes, was a gallant figure in a glittering steel corslet, erossed by a silken sash, who bore at his side a long. sword with a magnificent handle, and upon his shoulder a lance of some six feet in length, headed with a long scarlet tassel, and brass half-moon pendant. "Is not Crichton victorious?" asked Ogilvy of Captain Larehant, for he it was.
"He hath acquitted himself to admiration," replicd the guardsman, who, contrary to the custom of such gentry (for captains of the guard have been fine gentlemen in all ages), did not appear to be displeased at this appeal to his courtesy, "and the rector hath adjudged him all the honours that can be bestowed by the university."
"Hurrah for old Scotland," shouted Ogilvy, throwing his bonnet in the air, "I was sure it would be so; this is a day worth living for. Hace olim meminisse juralit!"
"'Thou at least shall have reason to remember it," muttered Caravaja, who being opposite to him, heard the exclamation-" and he too, perchance," he added, frowning gloomily, and drawing his cloak over his shoulder.
"If the noble Crichton be compatriot of yours, you are in the right to be proud of him," replied Captain Larchant, "for the memory of his deeds of this day will live as loug as leaming shall be held in reverence. Never before hath such a marvellous display of universal erudition been heard within these schools. By my faith, I am absolutely wonder-stricken, and not i alone, but all. lis proof of which I need only tell you, that coupling his matchless scholarship with his extraordinary accomplishments, the professors in their address to him at the close of the controversy, have bestowed upon him the epithet of 'admirable'-an appellation by which he will ever after be distinguished."
"The Admirable Crichton !" cehocd Ogilvy-" hear you that!a title adjudged to him by the whole conclave of the university hurrah! Tine Admibabe Chichton! 'Tis a name will find an echo in the heart of every true Scot. By Saint Andrew! this is a proud day for us."
"In the me:ntime," said Larchant, smiling at Ogilvy's cxulta. tions, and describing a circle with the point of his lance, "I mns: trouble you to stand back, Messicurs Scholurs, and leave free passage for the rector and his train.-Arehers adrance, and make cle:s
the way, and let the companies of the Baron D'Epernon and of the Viconte de Joyeuse be summoned as well as the guard of his excellency, Seigncur René de Villequier. Patience, messieurs, you will hear all particulars anon."

So saying, he retired, and the men-at-arms, less complaisint than their leaders. soon succeeded in forcing back the crowd.

## CIIAPTER III.

## TIE RECTOR OF TIIE UNIVERSITY OF PATIS.

The rector now finding it high time to give some relaxation to these worthy epirits, which, during such a long space had been so intensely bent upon the abstrusest speculations, rose up, and saluting the livine Crichton, after he lad made an c'egant panegyric, or encomiastic speceh of half an hour's continuance, tending to nothing else but the extolling of him for the rare and most singular gifts with which God and nature had endowed him, presented him with a dianond ring, and a purse full of gold.-Sir Tinomas Urquiart.

As the archers adranech, and posted one of their number at every interval of ten paces, the scholars drew back, and, with almost military precision, formed themselves into two solid bodies.

A profound hush of expectation reigned throughout their lines: Each eye was directed towards the embrowned arehway of the Academy, but not a word was uttered. All remained in postures as motionless as those of the statues of Philippe-le-Bel and Jeame de Navarre his spouse (the foundress of the institution), who looked from their niches on the portal like mute spectators of the scenc.

Meanwhile, from out the gateway there issued such a constant stream of grave and gowned dignitaries, that the space between the two files of students was presently filled up by a moving mass of robes and caps. First, flourishing his rod of office; a blue wand plentifully besprinkled with fleurs-de-lis of gold, alternately planting it on the ground, or elevating it in the air, with a strut and simper worthy of Malvolio, strode forth the clerk of the messengers, who bore upon lis tunic the blazon of the university, namely, a hand descending from the sky, holding a book, surrounded by three ifeurs-de-lis, or, on a fichd, azure. Glancing at the scholars with a supercilious smile, the herald passed on. Next came the bedels and the minor bedels of all Faculties, who by some accident were so jumbled together that it was impossible to determine or arrange any order of precedence. All put their best feet foremost. Medicine trod hard on the heels of Theology and the Arts, while Civil Law appeared most uncivilly inclined to outstrip all three. These bedels or greffiers were jolly robustious souls, bending beneath the weight of their ponderous silver maces, and attired in gowns of black, blue, violet, or dark red, each colour
denoting the Faculty to which the wearer pertained. To the bedels succeeded a confusion worse confomeded, in the heads of the Facultics themselves, who strove in tain to collect together their seattered forecs, or to form them into any thing like processional array.

Violations of collegiate etiquette took place each instant. Here was a Doctor of 'Theology in his black cope edged with ermine, by the side of a procureur of the Nations, in his red robe of office; a propinquity which the Theologian internally excerated, and openly resented. There a Doctor of Medicine in his scarlet cope, trimmed with minewer, was elbowed by a licentiate of Theology, who happened to be suppler of joint, and who was arrayed in cope of sable bordered with white fur. No degrees were respected. The Doctors of the Canon and Civil Law, who had kept together during the debate, and whose costume consisted of scanlet robes with hoods of fur, were most scandalously hustled in maintaining their ground against a rush of youthful bachelors of Medicine.

Notwithstanding all this confusion of raments, which were so massed and heaped together as to preeent an almost rainbow varicty of tints in the rays of the setting sum-notwithatanding the utter want of order which occasioned much objurgation on the part of the seniors, and not a little expenditure of patience as well as of ermine, by their too close proximity to each other-notwithstanding all this, the whole body of Doctors, Professors, Bachelors, and Licentiates, were manimons upon one point-viz. that the disputation at which they had assisted had been more admirably contested than any controversy since the days of Petrus Abelardus, and Berengarins, and that in vanquishing them Crichton had ranquished the whole world of science and learning.

Suddenly the shrill blast of a trumpet shook the air, and echoed far down the hill of St. Gencriève. The call was immediately answered by the trampling of a troop of horsemen in the distance. Presently the clatter of hoofs drew nearer, and a few seconds had not clapsed ere two companies, each consisting of fifty archers of tlic body-guard, fully accoutred and superbly mounted, rode into the area and drew up in the rear of the students. Besides this array of soldiery might be seen the numerous retinue of Rene de Villequier, composed not merely of his own lacqueys and attendants in their sumptuons apparel of blue and red cloth, but of certain armed eross-lowmen of the Guet Royal, headed by their chevalier, who surrounded the governor's huge unwieldy caroche of state and richly caparisoned Flanders horses. Altogether it was a gallant sight; and the scholars, thongh not entirely satisfied with the presence of so many intruders, and perhaps not wholly umawed by their numbers, manifested no further show of discontent.

A panse now took place in the procession. The foremost in advance came to a halt, and the whole body whecled round and faced the college. Three semicircles were thus formed, of which the professers described the inner and the lesser, the archers on
horseback the outer and wider, and the students the intermediate and den-er circle. Still, however, a small racant space was pr". served before the portal.

At this instant a murmur arose amongst the sehoolmen. "He comes, - he comes"-flew from one to other with the rapidity of lightning. Four other mace-bearers, walking abreast, strode deliberately through the gateway, as if they had been the only objects of interest, and drew up two on cither side.

The conrse was now completely unobstrneted. The rector appeared. He was a man of vencrable aspect and majestic mien, and well became the magnifieent apparel-the ample stole of scarlet, and mantle of snowy crmine, in which, as chief of the uni;ersity, he was clad. A sash of sky-blue silk crossed his robe, and sustained a sumptuous velvet escarcelle, fringed with lace and decorated with buttons of gold. Upon his head he wore the square cap of a Doctor of Theology.

At his side, and on his right, walked one on whom all eyes were bent with wonder and curiosity. The rector and his companion stopped without the gateway, when, as if they were influenced by some sudden and uncontrollable impulse, one long, loud, contimuous acclamation burst from the ranks of the scholars. Nor were the graver members of the university silent. Even the Doctors of Theology lent the aid of their voices; while the archers, raising themselves in their stirrups, lifted their helmets from their brows, and waving them in the air, increased and prolonged the -lamour by their vociferations.

James Ćrichton possessed an exterior so striking and a manner so eminently prepossessing, that his mere appearance seemed to act like a spell on the beholders. The strongest sympathy was instantly and universally excited in his favour. Youth is ever interesting; but youth so richly graced as his could not fail to produce an extraordinary impression. At the sight of him the whole aspect of things was changed. Enthusiasm, amounting almost to derotion, usurped the place of animosity, and all vindictive feelings resulting from wounded pride or other petty an oyances, were obliterated or forgotten. Even discomfiture wore the aspect of victory.

But in the demeanour of the victor no external sign of selfelation was ferceptible. He might not be insensible to the distunetion of his achievement, but he did not plume himself upon it, or rather, with the modesty ever inherent in true greatness, appea ed to underrate his own success. His cheek was slightly flushed, and a smile of tempered satisfaction played upon his countenance as he acknowledged the stuming applauses of the concourse before him. No traces of orer-exertion or excitement were visible in his features or deportment. His brow was unclouded, his look serene, his step buoyant ;-and, as his bight eye wandered over the multitude, there was not an individual upon whom his gaze momentar ly tested, but he felt his heart lees within his breast.

The countenance of Crichton was one that Phidias might have pourtrayed, so nearly did its elevated character of beauty approach to the standard of perfection erected by the great Athenian sculptor. Chiselled like those of some ancient liead of the Delphic god, the features were wrought with the utmost fineness and precision -the contour of the face was elassical and harmonious-the lips were firm, full, and fraught with sensibility, yet giving token of damatless resolution-the chin was prondly curved-the nose Grecian-the nostril thin and haughty-the brow ample and majestical, shaded by hair of light brown, disposed in thick ringlets, after the mamer of the antique.* There was a brilliancy and freshness in Crichton's complexion, the more surprising, as the pallid hue and debilitated look of the toil-worn student might more naturally be expected in his features than the sparkling bloom of health. A slight monstache feathered his upper lip, and a short, pointed beard, clothed his chin, and added to the manliness of his aspect.

Crichton's attire, which partook more of his chivalrous than of his scholastic character, was that of a complete gentleman of the period, and was calculated to display to the utmost advantage the faultless symmetry of figure with which nature, not less lavish than art and science in her gifts, had endowed him. A doublet of white damask, slashed with black bands of the same material, crossed by other bands, so as to form a sort of grating, buttoned from the thruat to the girdle, and fitting closely to the person, revealed the outline of his full Antinous-like chest, as well as his slender circumference of waist ; while the just proportions of his lower limbs were as accurately defined by the satin hose, similar in colour to his doublet, and similarly slashed, in which they were enveloped. A short Spanish cloak of black velvet, edged with gold lace, hung from his left shoulder, and descended as low as the elbow. His arms were a rapier and a poignard, suspended from a richly omamented girdle. Boots of buft-skin, sharply pointed at the top, as was then the mode, were fitted upon feet that seemed almost diminutive in comparison with the lofty stature of the wearer. His hat was looped with a diamond buckle, and crested by a single green feather.

To the modern observer, perhaps the triple folds of his ruff and the voluminous width of his sleeve might appear formal and redundant; but these exmberances were then altogether unnoticed, or possibly regarded with as much complacency as a sleceve à gigot might be at the present time. In soothe, despite its stifliness and extravagance, there was something picturesque and imposing in the court costume of Henri 'Trois (who, if he had no especial genius for monarchy, had unquestionably a great talent for the toilet), that amply redecmed its incongruities of taste. Crichton's figure, how-

[^1]ever, owed little to the adventitious ciremnstance of dress, and in fact was wholly independent of it.

As Crichton linrered for an instant beneath the shadow of the archway, the rector laid his hand upon his shoulder, with the intention, apparently, of arresting for a short space his further progress. He was not, perhaps, unwilling to afford the junior members of the university, who had been debarred frem attending the disputation, a momentary opportunity of noting the striking personal appearance of ene, whose name would long be associated with its annals, or it might be that he was influenced by some ulterior motise. Whatever occasioned the delay, it was a matter of gratulation to the scholars, who renewed their applanses in consequence.
"By the rood!" exclaimed the Sorbonist, "I an orlad they have come to a pause. We were out in our reckoning, Don Diego; this Cichton is a perfect knight of romance, a bayard as well as a Polition. Was there ever such a combination of qualities? I can scarce credit my senses when I look at him. Why, lie hath baiely a beard upon his chin, and yet to ranquish all our reverend doctors! Shame and confusion to them, and glory and renown to lim."
" Humph!" muttered Caravaja, " Will he pass by us, think you ""
" I know not," returned the Sorbonist, " let us, if possible, get nearer. Methinks old Adrien is making up his month to a speech. He deserves to be hooted for his pains-the toothless mumbler! But we will hear what he has to say. Perhaps he may make out a good case. Our Scot, I see, is in the fore ranks, and shouting loud enough to split our cars and his own lungs. Peace, in front, I say! Keep him in view, my hidalgo, or we may lose him in the confusion."
" I will do more," returned Caravaja, " I will dog him like his own shadow. Cuerpo! he 'scapes me not, rely on it. Canst thou not aid me to approach him?"
"My elbows are at your service," replied the Sorbonist, " bravely done! We have effected a passage with more ease than I anticipated, thanks to thy sharp bones. By my faith, we are in the very nick of time. Look at the Seigneurs d'Epernon and Joyeuse. They are accounted the handsomest, as they are the bravest of our king's court; and yet, certes, pecrless cavaliers thongh they be, they bear no comparison with this northern luminary."
"You own it !" cried Ogilvy, whom the speakers had approashed; " you admit my countryman's superiority-I am satisfied. Let not our quarrel go further. How say you, Sir Spaniard. will you refuse me your hand? I was hasty, and reck'd not what I said. We will drown the remembrance of our brawl over a stoop of claret. I would willingly drink a cup to the health of our admirable Crichton."

Ogilvy stretched out his hand. Caravaja, however, hesitated to accept it. "By the cinders of St. Anthony!" he muttered, "the dućlo must take its course."
"St. Anthony forefend!" whispered the Sorbonist. "A cup of claretshed in the tavern is better than blood spilt in the duelo. Desides," he added, in a still lower key; " that need be no hindrance to the subsequent arrangement of the affair, if you see fitting. I warrant me, yon will readily find new gromds for oflence. Swallow thy indignation," he continued, alond, "and take the hand of the valiant Scot."
" Bien," said Caravaja, apparently convinced by the reasoning of the Sorbonist; "I assent. We will compotate to the health of 'The Admirable Crichton, since such is the epithet by wheh he is hencefortla to be distinguishe?!."
"Enough," said Ogilyy, grasping the hand of the Spaniard ; "quit not my sile in the press-or mect me anon at the Pine Apple."
"Conclude me there already," returned Caravaja.
Meantime, all the more distinguished anditors of the disputation, including the Governor of Paris, the ambassadore, the Vicomte de Joyense, and the Baron d'Epernon, who, with some others (ushered forth by the grand master of the College of Navare, Doctor Lamoi, and escorted by the two principals of dialectics and philosophy), had followed elose upon the steps of the rector, were drawn up in a small phalanx beside them, and appeared to await their further movements. Amidst this gronp, the stately fioures and magnificent accoutrements of the two favourites of the king stood ont conspicnonsly. Both were esteemed the flower of the chivalry of their time, and both were equally remarkable for their gallantry, their rood looks, and reckless courage. Jean-Louis de Norraret de la Valette, Baron d'Epernon possessed many brilliant qualities. To his vigour and address, Henri was subsequently indebted fur the preservation of his throne; and to him might be traced the ultimate overthrow of the Guises, whom he bitterly hated, and uniformly opposed. D'Epernon still wore a suit of sables in memory of his brother-in-arms, Saint Mégrin, assassinated by orde: of the Duke of Mayenne, on suspicion of an anour with hit sister-in-law, the Duchess of Guise. His momming, however; was of the most costly description, and his black mantle was embroidered with the cross of the Moly Ghost in orange-coloured velvet, passmented with silver, of which newly-instituted order, he, as well as his companion, was a knight-commander. Joycuse was radiant in orange-colomed satin, and relvet of the most dazzling hues. Nothing could be more splendid than his attire, unless, perlaps, it was that of Rene de Villequer, who, being also a Kinght Commander of the TIoly Ghost, was upen this oecasion bedizened in all the finery of its full paraphernalia, the doublet and hose of silver tissue, and the sweeping mantle of black velvet bordered with flemserle-lis of gold and tongues of flame intermingled with the royal eypher. From the neeks of all three, suspended by a blue riband, humg the decomation of the lesser order, a small elaborately chased cross and dove of silfer.

Amongst this group also were to be seen the $\mathrm{A} b$ bé de Prantôme and the poct lionsard. Brantime had a piercing eye, a thin visage, and a nose slightly aquiline. Immense moustaches clothed his long upper lip, but his lofty brow was almost entirely destitute of hair. There was much of the courtier in his mamer, but his smile was sareastic, and a vein of irony might be detected cren in his most flowery compliments. A nneer was habitual to his lips, and his cye, thourh full and keen, was enclosed within lids of a pinkish hue and blear expresion, sufliciently indicating the libertinage of his character. His attire was in the court fielion. His doublet was of a deep blue, slashed with white, the colours of Marguenite de Valois, whose miniature he wore attached to a chain of medallions. He bore, also, the order of St. Nichael, then, however, in great disrepute, and callech le Collier à toute bette. The Abbe de Brantome was then a man of middle age. smewhat on the wane; and lis frame appeared prematurelv withered. His shoulders were bent, and his legs shrme within his lose. His look was sharp, suspicious, penctrating; and his general manner that of a shrewd and aceurate observer.

Age, and perhaps the life of sensuality he was known to have led, had indeed committed sad havoe upon the once well-firsoured person of the poet Ronsard. He was no longer the bean Page whose manner fascinated James of Scotland, and, perchance, his Queen. Nor was he what he sung of himself, when, near his forticth year, he said-

> "Trente et sept ans passez, et encore niai-je atteint 1)ans ni de maladie, et en toutes les sortes Mes nerfs sont bien tendus, et mes veines bien fortes ; jit si jai le teint pate et le cleveu grison, Mes membres toutefois sont hors de saison."

He now complained both of ill health and years. Such locks as remained had become "sable silvered." His tint of skin was dull and deadly pale; and, so grievonsly tormented was he with his old enemy, the grout, that he was compelled to support his frame, at least on the present oceasion, upon a crutch. Nevertheless, though gross of person, the countenance of the poct was handsome and intelligent, and, except when an awkward twinge crossed it, expressive of extreme good humour.
"Methinks, my dear Abbé," said Ronsard, looking around with some uncasiness, and addressing Brantiome, "it were searce wise to have called together this tumultuous array. Our Casar may be crowned in the Capitol while we are sacrificed at his oration. I am too well acquainted with the force of the poct's words-

> Monstrari digito et dicier ‘hic est'一
as oceasionally exemplified towards me by the students, to desirc any further illustration of their abilities in my own person."
"You have changed your tune since the reception of your last
masque, brother bard," said Chicot, who had forced himself, unperceived, amongst them. "These same scholars, I remember, were once the only patrons of the Muses. Now they have lost their discrimination. But give yourself no trouble: you will pass umnticed this time, depend on't, gossip. Even I, you see, for a marvel, have eseaped attention."
"'Then, of a surety, I will put myself under thy escort," said the poct, seizing the am of the jester. "It was the abandomment of folly that hath brought me into disrepute. Thou shalt help me to amend. But what hath brought one of thy calling into the haunts of wisdom, my merry grossip?"
"Wisdom and finlly are nearer akin than you suppose," returned Chicot; "and fools who have soared to a greater height than I can over aspire, have been caught within these owl-roosts. I like a fine sight as well as my neighbours; and though I care not to be bespattered with a shower of 'mis and ntrums, or sit out a twelsehours' bout of rhetmic and philoscply, where, if one man hath not all the talk to himself, he, at least, doth his best to silence his comrades, I am mightily pleased to come in, as it were, for the last act of a dull comedy, and to enjoy a laugh at the veteran stagers who have been driven off the boards by a youthful actor, who, though he hath spent but a tithe of the time in the service, understandeth their craft better than themselves."
" Ilave a care, sirrah," said Brantôme; "thou art within hearing of James Crichton."
"James Crichton will acquit me of flattery, then," rejoined the jester. "I am one of those who speak truth behind a man's back, and falsehood to his face, and care not to avouch it. Pierre de Bourdeille, a word in thine ear! Thon wearest thy mistress's colours on thy pourpoint, and her miniature at thy neck, but she hath another image than thine at her heart. 'Take a fool's comeel, and forget her."

Branteme reddened with anger; but Chicot, who had all the galling pertinacity of a gadfly, continued,
" You who are so well reved in history, seigncur, will assuredly recollect the tradition of the fair queen, who founded this old pile, and whose statue graces its doorway, how, above all her courtly train, she smiled upon the scholur Buridan; and how, withim her bower upon the Seine, she-brit you mind the tale, I sec-methinks we might find a modern parallel to that ancient legend. After all, Jemme de Navarre was lont a fickle jade, and played her lovers scurvy tricks. Ha! ha!" And bursting into a loud langh, the jester flew to the side of the Vicomte de Joyense for protection.
"Well encountered, cousin D'Arques," he said; " our dear Hemriot needed thy presence at the fair of Saint Germain this moming. Hadst thon or D'Epernon been with him, the insult he brooked would not have passed unncticed."
"What insult do you allude to?" asked the vicomte, cargerly. "Let me hear it, that I may yet avenge it!"
"'Tis a matter of little moment," returned Chicot; " you shall know anon-that is, when your escort draws up to the gateway. It relates to yon graceless students, who have been studying court fashions rather than scholarly discourse; and having plucked a leaf out of your books, have twisted it fool-fashion round their necks, as you perceive."
"I observe them," replied Joycuse. "'Tis an insolent device of the Guise or his faction. I would brain the knawes, but it were idle to bestow a thought on the puppets while the charlatan showman is to be met with."
"Our gossip, Henriot, thought otherwise," suid the jester, "when these varlets roared within ear-shot of him, "à la fraise on comnotit le vern!'"
"Mort-Dien!" exclaimed Joycusc. "What ho! there, Captain Larchant! Summon my company of archers, and give me my horse! To the saddle, D'Epernon, and bring up thy quarante-cinq. We will disperse this rabble rout! We will bind them hand and heel-scourge them to the bone-slay in case of resistance!-to the saddle, II say!"
"Moderate your choler, Joycuse," said D'Epernon, holding back the vicomte, and addressing him in a low tonc. "You will only incur his majesty's displeasure by involving yourself in a broil with the University, and gladden the hearts of the Guisards and the Leaguers, who would rejoice in your rashness. The present is not fitting scason for retaliation. We will find surer means of vengeance."
"I would spurn the canaille beneath my charger's fect," replied Joyeuse, "but be it as you will. The rector, I know, is as jealous of his privileges as the Guise of his duchess, and we might not, perhaps, have sufficient plea of justification. Let him hang the knaves himself, and I am satisfied. 'Twill save the provost marshal a labour."
"All in grood time," replied D'Epernon, "and his conference with Crichton concluded, the rector appears inclined to address his cari alumni. İ trust in terms of sufficient reprobation."

The rector, who had, apparently much against Crichton's inclination, detained him in carnest conversation at the portal, now turned towards the scholars, intimating his intention of addressing them. The clamour ceased as soon as his gestures were understood.
"Messicurs scholars of the University of Paris," he said, "you have already learned, I doubt not, that your most erudite doctors and professors have this day sustained a defeat; a defeat, however, which, while it reflects no disgrace on the conquered, enhances the glory of the victor. In the whole circle of science and learning Jaunes Crichton hath approved his supremacy, and we willingly surrender to him our laurels. May he long continue
to wear them, and may his carece, the dawn of which is so brilliant, be equally glorions at its close! Like the great poct Dinte he came hither unknown. Like Dante he departeth with a reputation which will be blazed throughont all the schools of Europe. In earnest of the profound admiration which, in common with all the principals of the university, I entertain for his transcendant abilities and matchless scholarship, in their names and in my own name, in your behalf and in that of every member of the miversity by whom learning is reverenced, and with whom genius is held sacred, I would tender for his acceptance, as a mark of our esteem and veneration, this ring; which I trust he will not dishain to wear upon his person as a trophy of the conquest he has this day achieved, and in remembrance of the university he has vanquished. And that every member of the university may participate in this expression of our sentiments towards the Admirable Crichton, I have taken this public opportunity of their manifestation. Scholars of Paris, have I not your approval and concurrence?"

A thunder of applanse succeeded the rector's oration, and a thousand hurrahs responded to his appeal. All eyes were now turned to Crichton, who, it was evident, only awaited a cessation of the clamour to address the assemblage in his turn. Silence was instantly commanded; and searee a breath was drawn as he spoke, so intent were all upon catching each syllable that fell from his lips.
"When the Phenix of his age," began Crichton, in a volee distinct and musical, "and the favourite of the Mhses, Picus of Mirmanda, was proffered all the honours of the Roman School, he declined them, saying that he felt his own unworthiness, and that he had acquired more distinction than was his due in having obtained a hearing at their hands. In imitation of the conduct of this illustrious prince, though with far less claim to the same honourable note, I would say that I neither deserve nor desire further distinction than I have gained. Fortune has alrcady favoured me beyond my deserts. I have engaged in amicable strife with men whose intellicetual superiority I am ready to acknowledge, and who, if I have worsted them in argument, have been foiled solely becanse I made a better choice of weapons, and happened to be the more skilful in their use. I am not blinded by selfecteem. I do not attribute my victory to other than its right causes. Like most of the great events of life, its issue has been the result of chance, which has upon this occasion declared itself in my favour. Were the contest to be renewed on the morrow, I might be placed in the position of my opponents. Courtesy to a stranger, and consideration for his youth, have restraned my adversaries from putting forth their strength. Some such feelings must have had their inlluence. Grant, however, that I have trimuphed. You have bestowed upon me your applause. I am fully requited. Trephies of victory which may Le wrested from me as soon as won are of little avail. Better
men may appear-Plures habet Sparta Brasitâ metiores. Dy ambition has a hundred goals, which it would fain reach.

> " Magnum iter intendo, sed dat mihi gloria vires."
"Live Crichton! Live the Admirable Crichton!-Erye Optime! Eugy! Euge!" shouted the scholars.

Crichton gracefully saluted the assemblage and would have retired, if he had not been withheld by the rector. "You must perforce aceept this gem," said the latter; "the gifts of the University of Paris are not wont to be slighted," and taking a brilliant diamond ring from his forefinger, and loosening the velvet escarcelle from his sash, Messire Adrien d'Amboise presentel them to Crichton.
"I may not decline your offer," replicd Crichton, reluctantly reeciving the proffered gem, "since you thus press it upon me, though I feel how little I merit it. The ring I shall prize, but as to the contents of the purse, you must suffer me to dispose of them as I shall see fitting."
"The purse is yours; do with its contents what you think proper," said the rector.

Crichton removed the ring, and taking forth the crowns of grold with which the escarcelle was filled, threw them amongst the crowd of scholars. A violent commotion ensued. during which many of the students broke through the lines and approached close to the persons of Crichton and the rector. One of these, a youth, who for some space had held his green mantle before his face, now rushed forward, and prostrating himself before Crichton, threw down a garland of twisted bay-leaves at his feet.
"Disdain not my offering, Scigneur Crichton," he said, in a low and timid woice, "simple though it be, and all unworthy your acecptance. I will myself wind it round your brows, if I receive your gracious permission to do so."
"Retire, thou forward youth," said the rector, gravely. "This is presumption."
"I pray you excuse him," said Crichton, " the compliment is too flattering to be declined, and, let me add, the mode in which it is conveyed is too graceful to be unwelcome. I accept your wreath, young sir, and beg you to arise. But wherefore," he added, with a smile, "did you imagine I shonld come off victorions? Surely there was nothing to warrant such a conclusion. And had I returned inglorionsly, this garland would have been wholly thrown away."

The youth arose, and fixed his dark eyes full upon Crichton's countenance. "Whatever the Admirable Crichton shall undertake, in that he will excel all men," he said. "With him to engare in a contlict is to obtain a victory. I was assured of his success.","
"Your looks are sineere, and I will not distrust your words," replied Crichton. "Your face resembles one I have seen, thourgh where I cannot call to mind. Are you of these colleges ?""
"IIe is one of the Gelosi, sir," said Ogily, who, together with Caravaja and the Sorbonist, had forced himself into the vicinity of Cricliton. "Be not deceised by his honest look, as I have been. Hence, youth, and take thy mummeries with thee."
"One of the Gelosi!" exehamed Crichton. "Ha! now I remember the features. "Tis the youth I have seen so oft. But why arert thy head, gentle boy? I have said nothing, I trist, to wound thy feelings ?"
"The Geloso appeared crimsoned with shame. "Tell me," continued Crichton, "what may mean that masked f:gure whom I have seen for ever hovering nigh thee in thy walks? maty, that seems like thy shadow at the Hotel de Bombon. Is it a device of thine own to attract curiosity, young sir? If so, I can tell thee thou hast succeeded. Even the royal Henri has noticed the singularity of the figure."
"Have you, likewise, remarked that mask, signor?" replied the Geloso, with an expression of uneasiness almost amounting to teiror. "I have often thought it a trick of my own imagination. But you have scen it likewise!"
"I have," replied Crichton; "but methinks you answer evasively. I thonght more of sincerity dwelt in those carnest cyes. Your present action is but, I fear, an artifice to win attention."

So saying, he turned from him. The Geloso attempted to reply, but retired abashed. Ogilry was about to thrust him back, but pereeiving that the youth had shrouded his face with his mantle, and voluntarily withdrawn himself, he desisted.
'There was something in the manner of the youth that struck Crichton; and his feelings reproached him with undue sererity towards him. Laying his hand upon his shoulder, he addressed a few words to him in a more kindly tone.

The Geloso raised his eyes. The black orbs were filled with tears. He looked with a blinded gaze on Crichton, and thence at the hand which he still suffered to remain upon his shoulder. Suddenly he started. He pressed his hand across his eyes. He pointed to Crichton's finger. "The ring !" he exclaimed. "Did you not place it there?"

Surprised at the youth's emotion, and at the inquiry, Crichton looked at the finger upon which he had scarcely a moment ago placed the gilt of the rector. The ring was wanting.

Unable to account for this extraordinary occurrence, and not without some suspicions of the youth himself, Crichton fixed a cold scrutinising glance upon him. The Geloso shuddered slightly at the expression of his glance, but quailed not bencath it. "He cannot have done it," thought Crichton. "Falsehood could not dwell in looks so gruiteless."

At this instant there was a further rush amongst the scholars. Ogilvy and the Geloso were foreibly propelled against Crichton. i knify was seen to glitter in the air. Fromits position it semed
to be grasped by the hand of Ogilvy. For an instant the stecl was suspended over the head of Crichton. The Geloso saw it. Uttering a loud cy of warning, he turew himself in the way ol the blow. The blade descended. The arms of the youth were entwined round Crichton's neek. In an instant he found himeclf deluged in blood.

With Crichton to draw his sword-to sustain the almost inamimate body of the Geloso, was the work of an instant.
"This is the assassin !" he shouted. And with the hand that was still at liberty, and with a foree that seemed almost superhuman, he grasped the throat of the paralysed Oginy.

## CHAPTER IV.

## AN ENGLISH BULIL DOG.

## As sure a dog as ever fought at head. - Titus Androni us.

A criy arose amongst the scholars that Crichton had been assassinated, and such was the confusion that prevaled in his vicinity, that for some space the truth or fulschoorl of the report could not be ascertained.

The crowd was fearfully incensed. They demanded that the assassin should be given up to their vengeance. Yelling, groaning, uttering threats and imprecations, they pressed forward-at the sides, in front, in all directions. The archers, stationed as a footguard around the doctors and professors, were incontinently carried off their legs. The principals of the colleges immediately beat a retreat, and betook themselves for refuge to the hall of the institution they had so recently quitted. Affairs assumed a very ominous aspect. Bludgeons were waved in the air; blows were dealt indiseriminately, and many a pretended random stroke wiped off' old scores with some rigid disciplinarian who had not been sufficiently alert to effect his escape. In vain did the Rector strive to check this rising storm. His voice, wont to be listened to with awe, was unheard or unheeded amid the tumult.
"Los aux Ecoles!" shouted the scholars, pressing forward.
"Los aux Ecoles!" cried Chicot, who, safely ensconced within the gateway, eyed the raging mob at a distance. "I never hear that cry but I think of the sereaming of a pack of gulls before a tempest. Mischief is sure to be brewing."
"Their cursed croaking resembles that of the frogs in Aristophanes," said Ronsard; "would it might end in crocitation! I prophesied evil from the moment İ beheld this rabble."
"I trust you will rather approve yourself Vutes in its poetic than its prophetic sense," replied Brantôme "I own my mind misgives me."
"Methinks, my lord," said René de Villequier to the Rector, " it were well to mip this riot in the bud. Some lives may clse be
lest. Sne-they approach the assassin-they seize him-they drat him from the grap of Crichton. Mort-dien! my lord, they will tear him in pieces-this must be prevented, we must not stand by and see outrage like this committed."
"The butchers!" shouted Joyeuse. "Crichton himself will be endangered. By my halidom! I will bring down my archers upon them!-"
"Stay, my lord, an instant, I implore of you," said the Rector, "my presence will restrain their violence. I will go amongst them myself--they date not disoley my mandates."

And accompanied by the grand master of the College of Navarre. the liector forced his way tuwaris the principal seene of strife.
"Give them this further chance," said DEpernon to the vicomte, who was thaling like :! high-mettled steed with impatience. "If they heed not their Rector then-"
"Los aux Ecoles," replied Chicot, with a laugh. "We shall have a pleasant specimen of their chivalry anon. By my marote, they are in mo mood to listen to a dissertation now."
"'Tis a waste of time," cried Joyense, " forbearance is thrown away. Whon the king's majesty is not held suered by these felon scholars, how ean their Rector expect obedienery fron them? To my side, Larchant-en acant!" And drawing his sword, ond attended by the captain of the guard, the viconte flung himself headlong into the press.

Intelligunce that Crichton was unhurt somewhat abated the frenzy of the multitude. Still they were vehemently exeited. Ogiliy had been dragged from (richton's grasp, and was threatened with instant immolation. Deprived of utterance by the choaking gripe of Crichton ; stumed by the butlets of the students, it was only in this perilous extremity that he recovered his power of speech. With a force that conld only have been given him by despair, he burst from their hold and shonted to Crichton for aid. He was instantly retaken, and his eries drowned by a roar of mockery from the ruthless mob.
"Call on Crichton for protection:"'shouted Caravaja, who had been a prominent instrument in assailing the unfortumate Scot, and who indulged in a sarace rejoicing at his situation. "As well might the serpent suc for protection to the heel it hath bitten, as thou implore succour fron him thou wouldst have slain. But thy countryman, thou scest, turns a deaf ear to thy plaintsha! ha!"
"Surely mine cars deceived me," said Crichton, who, with his broidered kerchiof was busied in staunching the wound of the (icloso, and who had only calught this latter exclanation of the Spaniard. "Can it be that the assussin is countryman of mine?
"'Tis even so, Señor Crichton," replicd Caravaja. "To his eternal infamy be it spokere."
" Hear me, noble Crichton!" shonted Ogilvy, whom the Spaniarl vainly endeavoured to silence. "Think me not guilty of this foul offence. I care not for death, but I would not die dishonoured. I would not perish charged with a deed which my soul abhorreth. I am no assassin. I am Jasper Ogilvy, of Balfour."
"Hold !" exclamed Crichton, consigning his yet inanimate burthen to the care of a bystander, and pressing towards Ogilvy, "let me speak with this man. Give me some token that I may know thou art he whom thou callest thyself. Thy woice brings back by-gone days; but I can discern nought of Jasper Ogilivy in those blood-stained features."
"You would not know my visage, were it freed from its stain," returned Ogilvy. "We both have grown to manhood since we met ; but you will call to mind a moonlight cruise upon the lake of Cluny, years ago, when a noble youth was saved from perishing in its waters. To me the recollection of that deed hath been ever sweet; to-day it hath been proud. Let me but establish my truth with you, honoured sir, and these hell-hounds may do their worst."
"You have sad enough; I am satisfied, more than satisfied," replied Crichton. "Messieurs, release this young man. He is wholly guiltess of the crime laid to his charge. I will answer for him with my life."

The scholars replied with a laugh of incredulity.
"We have only his bare word for his innocence," replied the Bernardin. "Appearances are sadly against him."
"This knife was within his vest when we dragged him from the Scinor Crichton," added Caravaja, holding up an ensangained blade. "Por los Revelationes de San Juan! this, methinks, is proof unanswerable."

A volley of excerations answered this appeal to the passions of the multitude.
"Thon liest," cried Ogilvy, struggling to set free his hands; "that poignard is thine own; my dirk hangs at my girdle-would it were now within my grasp!"
"Produce the weapon, then," said Caravaja. And he thrust his hand into the Scot's torn doublet. "Ha!" exclaimed he, suddenly, what have I found? Por nuestra Señora!'tis the diamond ring, with the cipher of the university. He is a robber as well as an assassim."

A sudden light seemed to break upon Crichton.
"Let the accuser and the accused both be brought before the Rector," he cried.

A murmur arose amongst the scholars.
"He would shield his countryman," they vociferated; "we are satisfied of his guilt."
"But you are not to constitute yourselves his judges," replied Crichton, sternly. "Deliver him to the proper authorities; let
that Spaniard, who stands forth his accuser, be sceured; and I are satisfied."
" Mighty well!" retumed Caravaja. "All I get for my exertions in seizing the assassin is to be accused of the crime myself. But if you are so readily gulled by your countryman's subterfuge, Scnor Crichton, my comrades are not so easily imposed upon. Hijo di Dios! they know me too well to suspect me of any such enormity."
"The scholars of Paris are apt to take the law into their own hands upon oceasions like the present, where the gruilt of the oflender is manifestly established," said the Sorbonist. "It is the part of their privileres in adjudicate their own causes, and they are always willing to abide by the consequences of their own decisions. We have sentenced this man to rim the gauntlet of the schools, and he shall not escape. Wherefore do we delay, comrades?"
"Ay, wherefore ?" rejoined Caravaja.
" Deware," shouted Crichton, in a voice of thunder, " how you proceed to further acts of violence. My respect for your university has thus loner withheld me; but I will not stand by and see outrage committed."
"I am with you," said the English student, Simon Blount, advancing towards him, and still followed by his huge bull-dog, "Your countryman shall sufler no wrong, while I have staff to wield, or blade to draw in his defence. And as to the merits of his case, I have as little doubt of his imocence, as I have assurance of yon cut-throat Spaniard's guilt. But in any case, he sball not be put to death without judge or jury. What, ho: Druid," added he, glancing significantly at his dog," "it will be time to slip thy muzzle in case these curs show their teeth."

At this juncture, the Rector and the Doctor Launoy made their appcarance.
"Hear me, my children," said the liector, in a loud voice, "justice shall be dealt upon this Scot. Deliver him into the custorly of the sergeant of the graard now in attendance upon me, and I pledge myself to the instant examination of his case. Whats more can you require? By your threatened violence, you will only add one crime to another, and increase the scandal you have already brought upon the university."

Crichton confered an instant with the Rector, who apparently acguiceced in the propriety of the suggestion made to him.
"Disperse at once: and let each man seek his respective collere," continued Adrian D'Amboise, with some severity. "scrgeant, advance, and seize upon the persons of Jasper Ogilvy, of the Ecosais, and Diego Caravaja of the college of Narbonne. Dessieurs Scholars, give him your aid. Ah! do you hesitate? is it possible that you venture to disobey the patemal injunction of the faller of the university-what frenzy is this?"

A sullen murmur ran through the battalion of the scholars; and
such was their threatening aspect, that the sergeant of the guard hesitated to obey the command of the Rector.
"Why should we respect his mandates?" muttered the Sorbonist. "'Tis plain we are but lightly considered at his paternal hands. Let the Father of the University tell us why his Children were excluded from the disputation this morning, and we will then perpend the propricty of compliance with his request."
"Ay, let him answer that," said the Bernardin.
"'Twould shrewdly perplex him to do so," returned Caravaja. "By the perdition of the world! I will surrender myself to no man living, sergeant or rector, Scot or Englishman; and to show them how little I regard their threats, if no other can be found to smite this starveling bravo, my hand shall deal the first blow."

Caravaja raised his knife witl: the intent to strike. At that instant, however, he was seized by a nervous grasp, and hurled backwards with such force, that, muttering an oath, he fell heavily to the ground. Crichton, for it was by his hand that the Spamiard had been prostrated, threw himself amongst the ranks of the scholars with such irresistible foree, that their united efforts were unable to withstand him. Shaking off Ogilvy's captors, he placed a poignard within his grasp, and, drawing his own sword, calmly awaited the further assault of the students.

Rugged and resolute as the bull-dog at his hecls, Blount followed closely in his rear. Confining himself to the warding off a few blows, aimed at Crichton, he at first dealt none in return; but he could not long act upon the defensive. A rude buffict on the head aroused his ire. He then laid about him with such groodwill and determination, that an opponent dropped for every blow of his cudgel, which was not a vine-wood staff; but a huge Englisli crab-stick, seasoned, knotty, and substantial. The might of twenty threshers scemed to reside in Blount's single arm. Sconces were cracked by him with as much ease as a boy for pastime would beat in pieces as many gourds. The Sorbonist ventured to oppose his estoc against the Englishman's club. The sophister, however, had now a more difficult thesis to maintain than any he had hitherto defended. His postulate was effectually blanked by Blount's knotty rejoinder. Yielding to the weighty blow, the supple vine-staff fled from his grasp, spinning through the air to a considerable distance, while the arm that sustaned it, shattered by the stroke, sank powerless to his side.

Meantime, Ogilvy and Crichton were not left ummolested. Placed back to back, both stood in postures of defence. Uttering frightful yells, and brandishing their staves, the scholars furiously sommenced the assault. Caravaja, who had regained his feet, was amongst the foremost of the assailants.
"By Saint James of Compostella !" he roared, "I will wash out, in blood, the stain he hath put on our academics, and on myself. Giive way; look to thyself, prond Scot." And pressing forward, be made a desperate thrust at Crichton.

Caravaja was no contemptible swordeman ; but he had to do with an antagonist unequalled in the art of self-defence. His thrust was parried with infinite dexterity, and after the exchange of a few fierce and rapid passes, his long Toledo was twisted from his grasp, and he lay at the merey of his adversary. Crichton, however, forbore to strike; but dismissed his foe as one unworthy of his steel. Gnashing his teeth with rage, Caravaja sought an new weapon; and encouraging each other by shouts and eries, the seholars still pressed madly on.

One amongst their number, of colossal stature, noted amongst his brethren for extraordinary athletic feats, and rejoicing in the Rabelaisian sobriquet of Loupgrou, advanced deliberatcly towards him. He wielded a bar of iron, and while Crichton was engaged on all sides, he discharged a tremendons blow full at his head. The ponderous weapon descended, but Crichton had forescen the -troke and averted it, not, however, without some loss. Such was the force of the blow, that his sword blade, though of the best tempered stecl, was shivered at the hilt.

It was now that Crichton's great personal strengeth, and remarkable activity, stood him in admirable stead. Without allowing lis gigantic antagunist tume to repeat his blow, he sprang forward and grappled him with an energy that shook his Herculean frame to its foundation. The Antens of the schools reeled. Fcr the first time he had met with his matel. Locked in Crichton's gripe, Loupgarou could neither disentangle his right arm, nor bring his murieldy powers into play. He could scarcely even draw breath, and his brawny chest heaved like a labouring mountain.

Confident of the result of the strife, and unwilling to deprive their champion of the entire honours of conquest, the scholars suspended further hostilitics against Crichton, and directed their attacks upon Ogilvy and Blount. Abandoned by his comrades, Loupgarou was ashamed to roar for aill ; and experienced some such qualms as fell to the share of his namesake when struggling within the clutch of the redoubted Pantagruel. Like a tower shaken from its equilibrium by the blast of the miner, he tottered on his base, and with a concussion heard above the din of the fray, he fell to the ground, deprived of sense and motion.

Snatching the bar from the relaxed grasp of his adversary, Criehton was about to rejoin his comrades, when his attention was suddenly drawn to a hew quarter. Hearing his own mame called upon, as he thought, by the voice of the Geloso, followed by a loud shiriek for help, he strove to foree his way in the direction of the sound.

Ogiivy, meantime, found an unexpected and most efficient ally in the Englishman's dor, Drwid. Galled by the fierce and pertinacious assaults of his enemies, Blount suddenly slipped the muzzle of the savage animal, and he rushed at the scholars. Blount directed his attacks, and cheered him on. Blows availed nothing

against the tough hide of the hardy animal, and served only to incense him. He raged amongst them like a wolf in a lamb-pasture.

Fain would the students have taken to their heels, but retreat was impossible. Those behind pushed forward the ranks in front. Shrieks and execrations evidenced the devastation of the relentless pursuer. His teeth met in the legs of one, in the arms of another, in the throat of a third.

A space was quickly eleared around Blount and Ogilvy by their staunch partisan. With his back on the ground-his face sliclded by his hands to protect himself from the teeth of the dog, by whom he had been pinned to the earth, lay the prostrate form of the Bernardin. Planting his heavy paws upon his neck, and sprawling over the body of the half-dead scholar, Druid upturned his glowing eyeballs to his master, as if to inquire whether or not he should complete his work of destruction. It was a critical moment for the Bernardin.

Just then, however, the elatter of swords, the trampling of steeds, and shouts of "Joyeuse, to the rescue!" announced that the ricomte had reached his company of archers. With a swoop like that of an eagle upon a flock of meaner fowl-and with his charger rearing into the air, Joyense dashed amongst the multitude.

On the other hand came the halberdiers of the Rector and the lacqueys of René de Villequier with bills and partisans; and, furthermore, the crowd was invested to the right by the well disciplined Quarante Cong, under the command of the Baron D'Epernon. Thus menaced on all sides, the scholars found themselves in an awkward predicament. At first there was a murmur of "Down with the minions!-Down with the Gascon coupejarrets!" but these cries were speedily silenced. A few strokes from the blunt edges of the swords of the gruardsmen, and their staves were thrown to the ground in token of submission.

## CHAPTER V.

## COSMO RUGGIERI.

Icy près, dist Epistémon, demoure Her Trippa, vous sçavez comment par art d'Astrologie, Géomancie, Chiromancie, et aultres de pareille farine, il prédict toutes choses futures; conférons de vostre aflaire arec lui. De cela, respondit Panurge, je ne sçay rien.-Rabelas.-Pantagruel.-Liv. III.

The by-stander to whom Crichton committed the inanimate Geloso, when he rushed to the assistance of Ogilvy, received his charge with an eager readiness, that almost appeared as if he had anticipated the event. Shiclding his burden with his arms, and unwilling, it would seem, to attract further attention, he endeavoured to extricate himself from the crowd.

He was a little old man, of singular and inauspicious appearance, dressed in a flowing robe of black tafieta, lined with flame-coloured silk, and edged with sable fur. In lieu of doublet and hose, he
wore a rieh gown of crimson velvet, fastened round the waist with a silken cord, in the which was stuck a costly purse, embroidered with the arms of Catherine de Medicis. A collar of medallions, graven with cabalistic characters, hung over his shoulder, and upon his head he wore a small scull-cap of purple relvet. He bore neither arms nor device of any sort beyond the blazon of the Queen Mother. His forehead would have appeared vencrable from its height, baldness, and innumerable wrinkles, had not his black scowling brows given it a sinister and portentous look. His temples were hollow and sunken; his cheeks emaciated; the colour of his skin was sallow and jaundieed, and its texture like that of shrivelled parchment. His nose was high and aquiline, tufted between the eyes with a clump of dusky hail; and the whole expression of his features was crafty, suspicions, and malignant. When erect, his stature might have been lofty, but his height was now dwindled to insignificance, by his stooping shoulders and contracted spine. His distorted limbs were concealed from view by the ample folds of his drapery; but his joints had been wrenehed from their sockets, and but ill restored, during his confinement in the Bastille, where he had been incarcerated and tortured for supposed practices of sorcery, during the reign of Charles IX.

Cosmo Ruggieri, the forbidding personage described,-by birth a Florentine, by vocation a mathematician, alchemist, nay, even bard, as may be gathered from the Anagramatographie of Nicolas Clement Tréleau, Sceretary to the Due d'Anjon, where he is enlogised as "Florentinum, mathematicum, et poetam lectissimum ;" -ofliciated as chief astrologer to Catherine de Medicis, by whom he was brought to Parris. It was to the influence of the Queen Mother that he owed his deliveranece from the rack and the dungeon; his escape with life; lis subsequent adeancement to court liavour under her third son Ilenri, for whose accession to the throne, it was said, indeed. he had paved the way by the: remoral of his brotlecre, Francis II. and Charles IX., and by whom, latitudinarian and heretical, it not wholly heathenish and abominable as his tenets were known to be, he was advanced to the cecelesiastical dignity of Ablee oi Saint Mahé, in Brittany. It was to the protection of Catherine's powerful arm that, although smrounded by open and secret foes. he was enabled to pursuc his mysterious carecer ummolested; and it was to her he was indebted fer the wonderful state information he possessed.

In return for these obligations, the stars were nightiy consulted for her by him, and on all emergencies Catherine had recourso to his counsel. Ruggieri was blindly devoted to her will, and mainly instrumental in the execution of her hidden projects and machinations.

Rurgieri, however, did not stand alone. To such an extent did the practice of judicial astrolosy prevail at the time. that the number of professurs in the science was estimated at thinty thon-
sand; a calculation almost incredible, if the number of dupes necessarily required for their support be taken into consideration.

Be this as it may, Ruggieri flourished. But then it was whispered, that he had another and more terrible source of lucre. The slow and subtle poisons of Florentine origin, whose treacherous effect was manifested in the gradual decay of the victim, were said to be brewed by him. The blood that nightly bathed the couch of Charles IX. was supposed to be the consequence of one of these diabolical potions; and such was the dread entertained of his villanous drugs, that a cup of wine would have fallen from the grasp of the boldest bacchanal, if it had been thought to be medicated by Cosmo Ruqgieri.

By the side of the astrologer was a dumb African slave of the most diminutive size and fantastic configuration, who had the reputation of being his familiar; and strange as was the appearance of the sorcerer, that of his page was many decrices more grotesque. Hideously deformed and hunchbacked, Elberich was so short in comparison with his width and girth, that. when moving, his squat rotundity of figure locked like a rolling ball of soot, in which, in place of eycs, two flaming carbuncles had been set; and when motionless, he :lppeared like a black, bloated baboon.

Aided by his dwarf, from whose contact all recoiled with disgust, Ruggieri had but little difficulty in making good his retreat; and having gained the shelter of at flying buttress of the college wall, in the angle of which he was secure from interruption, he turned his attention to the restoration of his charge.

As he removed the black and clustering ringlets, fallen in disorder over the features of the Geloso, Ruggieri could not help being struck by their exceeding loveliness. The check had indeed lost the warm suffusion that, like a ghlow of sumshine on a snowy peak, had lit up its bright southern complexion; but the face was not less beautiful; and Ruggiori perused its lineaments with the rapture of a virtuoso. He pecred into every line with increasing wonder. It was not so much the harmony and regularity of the youth's features that struck him with astonishment, as the sofmess of the skin, and the polished whiteness of the throat, on which the azure veins were traced like wandering threads. These were what chiefly excited his admination. He grew so much absorbed in contemplation of the countenance, that he wholly neglected to apply the phial of purgent spirit, which he held extended in his grasp.

Throwing back the hair as far as it would admit, Ruggieri exanined more narrowly the snowy forchead of the Geloso. Thence his glance wandered to the face with renewed surprise. The eyes were closed; but the dark orbs could almost be seen through the thin lids. Then, those long siken lashes-that dark and pencilled brow-- those nostrils, fine and thin-those lins so delicately carved! The astrologer was lost in amazement. Taking the small white band that hung listlessly at the youth's side, he opened it, and
intently perused its lines. A shade came over his countenance as he pursued his study.
"Spirit of Sambethe!" he exclaimed, "can this be? Can I have been so long in error?' Can the heavenly influences lave so long deceived their votary? -Impossible! True, the planets have of late assumed malevolent aspects-menacing me with ill. Saturn hath rule within the Chamber of 1)entl.. The Lord of the Third House was combust and retrogade within the Eleventh: presaging peril from the hand of a stranger. 'This day, this hour, is pregnant with calamity. I foresaw my danger, but I foresaw likewise the means whereby it might be averted. Within my path stands Crichton. He is the foe by whom I am thereatened. This day links his fate with minc, and with that of another. That other is my safoguard-that otlecr is within my arms. One of us must perith. A thick curtain hangs between me and the event. Curses on my own imperfect skill, which will only enable me to see so far, and no farther. But I may ward ofl' the stroke."

And he again returned to the serutiny of the Gelesc's comntenance. "Wherefore is it," he coutinued, musingly, "that as I gaze upon these beautiful features, a thousand forgotten fancies should be awakened within my bosom? This face, though lovelier far, recals to me the image of one long since buried in oblivion-it recals dreams of youth, of passion, fever, delirium; of a deed of which I will not even think. Who is this youth? or rather, unless mine cyes are wholly sightless, or dim to anght save the midnight glories of the heavens, who is this--"

The reveric of the astroleger was here interrupted by a slight convulsive attempt at respiration on the part of the Geloso. Ruggicri applicd the phial, and, with a trembling hand, procecded to unclasy the youth's loublet to give him greater freedom in breathjng. In removing the folds of the blood-stained linen, the heaving bosom of a young and lovely female was revealed. His eyc glistened through its iilm. "It is as I suspected," he muttered --" a girl in masquerade attire. Nost probably the fool hath lost her heart to Crichton - if so, she will be a useful agent. I have need of such an one in my decigns upon him. Ha ! what have we here? - an amulet-no, by Hermes, a smail key of gold, of antique fashioning, attached to a chain of the same metal, which, from its exquisite workmanship, I judge to be Venetian. Ah, fair maiden, I have here, no doubt, a clue to your history, of which I may avail myself hereafter! By your icave, this key js mine."

And little scrupulous as to the means of accomplishing any object, Ruguieri, without hesitation, miastened the chain, and was about to commit it to the custody of his pouch, when he was alamed by a monitowy signal from his sable attendant.

The sound uttered by the dwarf resembled the hissing of a startled snake. Indeed, the vocal powers of the wretehed creature only ranged between gibbering and sibillation. By the former he
expressed his rejoicing, by the latter his fears. The astrologer well knew how to interpret the present boding noise. Following the dircction of the dwarf's red and glowing orbs, he caught sigh of a figure, upon which the angry mannikin was glowering, puffing, and spitting like an owl disturbed by some prowling specimen oi the furry tribe. The figure was masked, and muflled within the folds of a large sable cloak; and ere Ruggieri could thrust the chain of gold into his girdle, the intruder was by his side.

## CHAPTER VI.

## THE MASK.

> Don Garcia.-Qu'est-ce alors
> Que ce masque?-Tenez, le voilà.-Victor Hugo. Hernani.
"Be not alarmed, father,". said the mask, addressing Ruggieri, I am a friond."
"What assurance have I of that?" returned the astrologer, doubtfully. . "Your speech is fair, but your guise and deportment are not calculated to inspire confidence. We are not now in Venice, Signor Maschera ; neither is this the season of Carnival. The good citizens of Paris deem the mask but an indifferent excuse for intrusion ; and I have been long enough amongst them to acquire some of their foolish notions on this head. Your pardon, signor, if I misconceive you. Much treachery has made me distrustful."
"You are in the right to be cautions, fither," replied the mask; "distrust becomes your years and character ; yet, methinks, the science you profess should enable you to detect a friend from a foc."
"I read not men's looks bencath a vizard, my son," replied Ruggieri, "that were, indeed, to see through a glass darkly. Let me behold your features, and I will tell you whether or not you are a friend."
"You wrong me by your doubts, father," replied the mask"that I am well known to you, you shall have ample assurance presently; and that I have some claim to the service I am about to require at your hands, you will then, I doubt not, admit. Meantime, as secrecy is my object, and as the disclosure of my features, or even of my name, would only be attended with risk, you will, perhaps, suffer me to prescrve my incognito."
"Assuredly, my son," replicd Ruggicri, who had now regained his confidence, "I have no desire to penctrate your mystery. Were it an object with me, I could readily gain information. What do you require of me?"
" Before we proceed," returned the mask, "I pray you, father, to accept this purse as an carnest of my sincerity. It will give you a clearer insight into my character than even the display of my features." And as he spoke, he thrust a well-lined purse into the hands of the astrologer, who received it, nothing loth.
"Yol have said well, my son," he returned; "this is a medium through which I elearly distinguish the faise from the true friend. How can I assist you? Whatsocver comes within the scope of my art is yours to command."
" In a word, then," returned the mask, "I love-"
"Ah! I understand," replied lingrgieri, significantly, " you love without requital."
" Precisely so, father."
"And would subduc the heart of her for whom you sigh. Is it not so?"

The mask nodded assent.
" Doubt not its accomplishment. Be she chilly as Caucasean snow, I will engage to create a flame within her bosom that shall burn with an ardour fiercer than that created by the cestus of Venus."
"Swear to me. you will do this.".
"By Orimasis! she shall be yours."
"Enough-I am content."
"Tell the damsel's name and dwelling-?"
"Neither are necded-she is here." And the mask pointed to the Venetian girl.
"Jabamiah!" exclamed the surprised astrologer.
"Nay, I know all," pursucd the mask. "Plead not ignorance. I witnessed the discovery you made."
"And-and you love her -.."
"Love her!" echoed the mask-." Hear me, father," he continued, with impetnosity. "You, who are of our fiery land, need not be told with what fiereness we Italians love. With all the ardour of overwhelming passion I pursued this damsel. She was deaf to my entreatics. In vain I used every blandisment, every artifice-in vain lavished gifts mpon her that might have won a princess. All my efforts were incffestual. For me she had no smile. Nay, more, the fury of my suit affrighted her. Indifference grew to lear, and fear to hate. Hate in some bosoms is akin to love, but not in hers. She fled my sight. Stung by resentment, I formed plans, that had they not been foiled in exceution. must have placed her within my power. By some means she became acquainted with my projects, and sought safety in flight. Her disappcarance added to my torture-I was frantic. While plunged in this despair, I received intelligence that she had flown to Paris. Thither I repaired -traced her-saw through her diegnise-hovered round her dwell-ing-haunted her like her shadow, in the hope that chance would, in the end, befriend me. It has befiriended me when least expected. The moment has arrived--she has fallen into your power-mo further obstacle exists-she is mine."

And the mask would have seized upon the inamimate girl, if he had not been withheld by the astrologer.
" One obstacle yet exists, my con," said Ruggieri. coldly; " you have a rival."
"A rival!" echood the mask. "Name him !"
"For whom did she wreathe that garland? For whom endanger her life?"
"Ha!"
"For Crichton!"
"Perdition seize him! But he loves her not-knows her not--they must meet no more."
"Take back your purse, signor," said Ruggieri; "I cannot aid you in this matter."
"How ?" exclaimed the mask-" Have I not your oath ?"
" True; but I knew not what I swore."
" 'Tis binding, neverthcless. That is, if aught can be binding on a conscience supple as your own. What interest can you have in this maiden? Are your services already purchased by this accursed Crichton, or do you hope to make a better market with him?"
"Put no further affront upon me, signor," returned Ruggieri. "I am not easily appeased, as you will learn, if you provoke my anger. I am no friend to Crichton, nor is this maiden aught to me. Beyond the accidental discovery of her sex, and what you yourself have told me, I am wholly ignorant in all relating to her; but fate has thrown her upon my protection, and to violence like yours I will never betray her. 'Iake back your purse, signor, and trouble me no longer."
"Away !" exclaimed the mask. "Think not to impose upon me by these idle pretences. Why should I stoop to solicit when I can command? A word from me-and thou art plomged within a dungeon,-whence not even Catherine's mighty arm can accomplish thy deliverance. Of all men living, Ruggieri, thou hast most cause of dread of me; but of all agents of iniquity, I have most need of thee, therefore thou art safe; but tremble if thou disobeyest me. My vengeance is swifter and more certain than thine own."
"Who, in the devil's name, are you that talk thus ?" inquired the astrologer.
"Were I the devil himself, I could not oceasion you more disquietude than I should were I to reveal myself," replieel the mask. "Be satisfied, and seek to know nothing further" of me."

The haughty imperiousness of tone suddenly assumed by the mask was not without its effect upon the astrologer ; but he struggled to maintain a composed demeanour.
"What if I still refuse compliance ?" he demanded.
The mask whispered in his ear. The astrologer started, and trembled from head to foot.
"I am content," he said, after a pause. "Command me as you see fitting. My life is at your disposal."
"I do not require so much," returned the mask, scomfully. "Deliver up the girl. Yet stay, I an not unattended here. Hast thou no place of refuge, to which thon couldst convey her ?"
"I have," replied Ruggieri, after an instant's reflection; "if it be your pleasure, I will convey her to the mystic tower, near the Hotel de Soissons, whither alone her majesty, Catherine de Medicis, and I have access. There she can remain concealed, till I am acquainted with your further wishes. But can it be that she hath refised your suit? There must be witehcraft in the case. You may be spell-bound, noble signor. The Emperor Charlemagne was similarly enslaved to a foul hag - and now I mind me of a strangely-fashioned key, which I discovered upon her bosom. Perchance the charm resides in that. It may be a talisman of potent virtue. I will put it to the proof. In any case we must have a counter-enchantment."
"As thou wilt," interrupted the mask, " be that thy business. Ha ! she stir:-quick, we lose time."

For some moments before it was remarked by the astrologer and his companion, the retum of animation had been perecptible in the Venetian girl. Heaving a deep sigh, she opened her large and languid eyes, and tixed then upon luggieri and Elberich; the former of whom was bending over her, at the instant of her restoration to consciousness, while the latter sustained her within his grasp. In this crouching posture, with his unbared, yollow arms, twined around her person, the hideous dwarf resembled at messenger from Eblis, sent to bear her to perdition. The objects before her looked like visions in a dream. In vain did Ruggieri raise his finger to his lips; she neither comprehended her own situation, nor perceived necessity for silence. Just then her wandering gaze chanced upon the mask, and with it wild langh she pointed to the dusky figure, and muttered some incoherent ejaculations.
"Away," exclaimed the mask, " about it quickly. Why listen to her ravings? Remove her to the turret."
"That voice!" shrieked the maiden, starting to her feet, and spreading her hand before har eyes, " it is-it must be he!-where am I? Ha!"
"Seize her," vociferated the mark.
"He haunts me even while life is ebbing," sereamed the distracted girl; " 1 am dying, yet cannot escalpe him. Save me from him, Crichton-save nue." And, with a wild scream, she broke from the grasp of Rugyieri.

The mask ineffectually endearoured to stay her flight.
" Miscreants!" he criced, "you have let her go."
"The bird hath only fluttered forth," retumed the astrologer ; " we can easily retake it."

It was at this juncture that the cry reached the ears of Crichton. Like a frail bark amidst troubled waters, the enfeebled maid strove agrainst the tumultuous nob, who little leeded either her plaints or frantic ejaculations.
"Poor youth!" cried one of the scholars," his hurt hath turnce" his brain. Get hence, foolish boy! Crichton hath his hands too
fill to give attention to thy shouts. He hath more need of help than thou. Dost see yon tall green plume?-It is Crichton's. Be advised, and venture not where blows shower thick as hail, and where thou mayst come in for thy share of them. Seck shelter in the rear."

But the girl heeded him not, but still contimied to ery,
"Save me, Crichton, save me."'
A thick battalion of scholars opposed themselves to Crichton's progress. "Stand aside !" he vociferated, nothing daunted by their numbers. And, whirling the iron bar over his lead, he dashed in the direction of the girl.

She beheld him approach. She saw the scholars gave way before his resistless efforts. She heard his shout of encouragement; and at the very instant when her bosom throbbed highest with hope, and when she almost deemed herself secure beneath his protecting arm, she felt her waist encircled by a sudden clasp.

She looked up. 1 er eyes encountered two dark orbs flashing from a sable mask. Her brain reeled. She saw no more.

Crichton, meanwinile, pressed fiercely forward. Fresh difficultics were thrown in his path-fresh ranks obstinately opposed themselves to his progress; but all were at length overcome, and he reached the spot where he beheld the Geloso. It was void. A roar of mockery from the students testified their satisfaction at lis disappointment. "You have arrived too late to succour your friend," shouted a woice from out the crowd;-" he is beyond your reach, and in the care of one who will not readily surrender him. Higados de Dios! you are foiled, most puissant caballero, nor shall it be my fault if you do not ever find a stumbling-block within your path."

Thning towards the quarter whence the roice proceeded, Crichton bcheld the retreating figure of Caravaja. "By Saint Andrew," he murmured, glancing fiercely round, "I would give all the laurels I have this day won to effect that poor youth's deliverance. Curses upon these brawling scholurs! It were a labour of Hercules to pursue the quest amidst a seene of such confusion ; and yet I would fain contmue it if I saw a chance of success. Why did Ruggieri, who so eagerly aceepted the charge of this wounded boy, suffer him to incur such peril? The old astrologer shall render me an explanation of his conduct."

Crichton's further self-communion was cut short by the shouts of thie archers and the trampling of their steeds. After a brief, but ineffectual, resistance, as before stated, the scholars threw down their arms, and, shouting for quarter, fled. Crichton was left alone. No sooner did Joyeuse, who was careering among the crowd, perecive him, than he reined his charger by his side.
"Now Heaven and our Lady be praised," exclaimed the vicomte saily, "you are mhhurt, Scigneur Crichton. By my blazon, it had, indeed, been a blot upon the fair page of chivalry, if its brightest mirrer had perished amid a rascal rout like this. Tête-

Dicu! if the Lord Rector reprove not his froward children, our scrgeants shall take the task from his hands, and give him a lesson. But see, your page is at hand; your charger paws the ground. All, Crichton! brave steed-fair page-both pledges of a royal lady's favour;-you are twice fortunate !"
"Thrice fortunate, Joycuse, in a brother-in-arms who flice to my rescue in extremities like the present," returned Crichton, in the same lively tone as his companion, vaulting at the same time into the saddle of a superb charger in rich housings, which was led towards him by a page, mounted upon a milk-white palfrey, and bedecked in doublet of white satin and velvet mantle of deepest azure, the colours of Marguerite de Valois. "Methinks," he added, smiling, "this hard-fought field is at length our own; and yet, after cnacting more wonders than ever were achieved by the doughtiest champions of Romance - 'Tristan or Launfal, Huon or Parthenopex, when struygling against the powers of sorceleic and darkness-it moves me to tears to think in what light esteem my exploits will be held by preux chevaliers like yourself, who think there is no honour to be won in such perilous conflicts. Trust me a legion of swarthy gnomes, witho the fay Urganda at their head, were more easily vanquished than these disloval varlets. I have now encountered this University alike in hall and field; disputed it with them by rule of rhetoric, and by rule of fence; and will freely admit that I prefer the weapons of the principals to those of their disciples, and plume myself rather upon my conquest, if conquest it be, over these hardheaded, cudgel-wielding neophytes, whose stubborn brains were nore difficult to be convined than their renowned and learned seniors. But it is time to bestow a thought upon my luckless countryman, the original cause of all this scene of discord. I think I discern him and his stamed ally, amid the thickest turmoil. Forward, Joyeuse, I must speak with them."

A few bounds of his steed brought Crichton beside Ogilvy and Blount. The latter, perceiving that the fray was at an end, called off his dog from the Bernardin, but finding that his intimation was not attended to by the stubborn animal, he seconded the hint with a heasy blow of his crab-stick, which produced the desired eflect. Druid quitted his hold, and with a surly growl plumped down at his master's fect.
" Wie meet tu-morrow, then, Ogilvy," said Crichton; " and such service as I can render, you may command. Meantime, you shall suffer no further molestation. Monsicur le Vicomte, hath he your safe-guard?"
"He has," replied Joyeuse. "The brave Sent shall have a post amongst my company of archers, if he choose to barter his gown of gray serge for a steel breast-plate. He will not be the first of his comitrymen who hath found the change to his advantage."
"I will reflect upon your offer, my lord," replied (.ghlw, with
characteristic caution. "Meantime, my best thanks are due to you for the proposal."
"As you please, sir," replied Joyense, haughtily; " nor are your acknowledgments due to me, but to the Scigncur Crichton. To lim alone you are indebted for my offer."
"He knows not what he declines, Joyense," returned Crichton. "I will reason with him on the morrow. And now," he continued, "I would desire better aequaintanee with your valiant comrade, whom I judge to be an Englishman."
"I am so," returned Blount, "but I deserve not to be called valiant. Harl you bestowed the epithet on my dor the term might not have been misapplied-on me 'tis wholly thrown away. Druid hath some pretensions to valour-he will never disgrace the soil from which lie sprung-nor will his master, for that matter. But since you have honoured me with your notice, worthy sir, let us join hands upon our new-struck friendship, if I be not too bold in assuming such a feeling on your part to me, and yon shall find, if you need them, that in Simon Blount and his dog, for I must not except Druid, who is part and parcel of myself, and indeed the best part, you will have two followers upon whose faith you may rely. Audacter et fideliter is my device."
"And a cordial and constant one it is," replied Crichton, as he warmly returned the pressure of the Englishman's huge hand. "I gladly embrace your offer. Come to my hotel with Ogilvy on the morrow, and neglect not to bring with you my new and trusty follower."
"Doubt not that," returned Blount; "Druid and I are inseparable."

Further conversation was interrupted by the sudden arrival of Chicot, who, contrary to his wont, had a somewhat serious countenance.
"Ah! my gay gossip," said Crichton, "why that portentous look? hast thou lost thy bauble in the fray?"
"Far worse than that, brother droll," returned Chicot, "I have lost my reputation. Thou hast fairly won my cap and bells, and shall have them by pre-eminence of wisdom. But bend down thy lordly neck tc me, I have somewhat for thy private hearing."

And approaching Crichton, the jester breathed his information in a low tone.
"W" hat!" exclaimed Crichton, who appeared struck with surprise at Chicot's intelligence, "art sure this Geloso is -?""
"Hush!" muttered the jester, "who is now the fool? Would you betray the secret?"
"And it was the mask who seized her?" asked Crichton, in a whisper. "Whose features doth that vizard hide?"
"I know not," replied Chicot, "it may be the Balafré, or the Béarnais, for aught I can tell. But this I will venture to assert, that it is neither my gossip, Henriot, nor thou, nor I, nor even the

Scigneur Joycuse; I will not say as much for the Duc d'Anjou, whom perchance it may be."
" But Rug rieri, thou sayst-"
"Was with him. I beheld him and his dwarf Elberich. Both lent assistance to the mask."
" He is gone, thou sayest?"
"I will scek the astrologer in his tower, and compel him to some explanation of this mysery," said Crichton.
"That tower is the kennel of the slie-wolf Catherine-take heed what you do. Many a hand has been thrust inte a cage, the bearer whereof would have gladly withdrawn it unseathed. But as yon will. fools are leaders, wise men receders."
"Aclien, Ogilvy!" said Crichton: "remember our appointment of the morrow. Joyense, our rendezvons is at the fete to-night.-Au revoir!"

So saying, Crichton plunged spurs into his horse's sides, and, followed by his page, rode swiftly down the Montagne SainteGenerieve. Chicot shrugged his shoulders.
"Kuight-errantry is not wholly extinct, I perceive," he muttered. My gossip, Crichton, is bom at least inalf a century too late. He should have flomished in the good old times of Tribonlet, and the first Francis. He is caught at once by the silken meshes of this dark-haired syren. What will Queen Margot say if this new adventure reach her jealous ears? But I must to the Louvre. This scholastic brawl will divert Hemri's spleen. And as I descend this Parnassian stecp of Sainte-Gencviève, to beguile the time I'l! invoke the muses in honour of-

## THE ADMIRADLE SCOT.

A song Ill write on:
Matchless Crichton;
In wit a bright one,
Form, a slight one,
Love, a light one!
Who talketh Greek with ut
Like great Busbequius;
Fnoweth the Cabala
Well as Mirandola; Fate can reveal to us, Like wise Comelius; Reasonetl like Socrates, Or old Xenoc:ates; Whose system ethical, Sound, dialectical, Aristotelian, Pantagruelian, Like to clameleon, Choppeth and changeth, Everywhere rangetli! Who riades like Centaus, Preacles like Mentor, Drinks like Lyaus, Sings like Tyrtixus, Reads lhe Liudx:3.

Vaulteth like 'Tucearo, Painteth like Zucchero, Diceth like Spaniard, 1): inceth like galliard, 'Iilts like Orlando, Does all man can do ! Qui pupas nobiles Jmmumerabiles, Amat amabiles Atque Reginam Aacarra dicinam! Whose rare prosperity, Grace and dexterity, Courage, temerity, Shall, or a verity 1'uzzle posterity !
"Ough, ough," gasped the jester, "I am fairly out of breath -as old Marot sings, 'en rimant bien souvent je m'enrime.'"

## BOOK THE SECOND.-CHAPTER I.

## TIIE COURT OF HENISI TROIS.

Les peuples pipés de leur mine, Les voyant ansi s'enfermer, Jugeoient qu'ils parloient de s'arme Pour conquérir la Palestine. It toutefois leur entreprise Etoit le parfum d'un collet ; Le point coupé d'une chemise Et la figure d'un ballet.
De leur moliesse léthargique,
Le discord sortant des enfers,
Des manx que nous avons sonfferts
Nous ourdit la toile tragigue.
Malherbe.
On the same night that the event previously narrated occurred, high festival was held within the Louvre, by its effeminate and voluptuons sovereign, who assembled upon the occasion the whole of his brilliant court, then without a rival in Europe, either for the number and loveliness of the dames who frequented it, or for the bravery and gallantry of the youthful chivalry, by which it was graced. To Henri Trois the lighter amusements of the revel, the ballet, and the masque, were as captivating as the more manly sports of the chase were to his brother and predecessor, Charles Neuf, of execrable memory. His fêtes were sumptuous and frequent-so frequent, indeed, that the chief part of his time was occupied in the arrangement of these magnificent spectacles. The sums lavished upon the marriage-feasts of his favourites, were enormous : the royal coffers were often drained by his inordinate extravagance ; and, while the state groaned beneath the weight of the burthens constantly imposed upon it, the unbridled licence that reigned at his orgies occasioned scandal and dis-
content throughout the reputable portion of the community, of which his enemies were not slow to take advantage.
'Two years before the period of which we treat, Henri gave en entertainment to his brother, the Duc D'Alençon, at which the ladies assisted, " vestues de verd, en habits d'homme, a moitié nues, et ayant leurs chevcux épars comme épousées."* The cost of this banquet exceeded a hundred thousand francs! In December, 1576 , as we learn from the Journal of his reign, he went en masque to the Hotel de Guise, accompanied by thirty princesses and ladies of the court, richly attired in silks and silver tissue, braided with pearls and gems of price; and such was the confusion that prevailed, that the more disercet part were obliged to retire, by reason of the licence of the maskers; for, as it is significantly observed, by Pierre de l'Estoile, "could the walls and tapestry have spoken, they would have, doubtless, found many pleasant paticulars to communicate." Subsequently, in 1583, upen Shrove 'Tuesday, attended by his f:uvourites, masked like himself, Hemri rushed into the strects, where he committed such frantic and unheard-of follies and insolences, that he was publicly reprimanded the next day by all the preachers in Paris.

Louise de Lorraine, or De Vaudemont, his queen, a princess of' amiahle but feeble character, entirely without ambition (on which. account she was selected as a suitable spouse to her son by the crafty Catherine de Medicis, ever apprehensive of a rival near the throne), and possessing the negative merit of passive submission, offered no opposition to the wishes of her royal husband, though she took little part in his festivities. Her gentle existence was divided between her oratory, her garden, the establishment of confrérics, and other religions institutions, and the retirement of a secluded apartment; her daily occupations were embroidery, or the perusal of her book of prayer ; her attire was of the simplest material, fashioned chiefly of woollen cloth; and, though her complexion had become deathly pale, she refused the aid of rouge. Her immediate attendants and ladies of honour, were recommended to her regard, rather by their piety and decorum of conduct, than for any other dazzling qualifications. Of this queen, many pleasing traits are narratedone, in particular, of a reproof conveyed to the flaunting and overdressed lady of a president, to whom, in the unpretending garb she had aciopted, she was wholly mknown. But taken altogether, her nature was too casy and aequiescent, and her frame of mind too infirm, to promote in any way the welfare of the kingdom, or to accomplish the reformation of the monarel to whom she was united. That she found rather sorrow than happiness in her exalted station, can scarce be doubted; indeed her woes have been this embalmed :in verse, ly the Jesuit Le Mioine :-

Son esprit fut gêné dans la couche royale; La couronne lui fut une chaine fatale,

- Journal de IIenri III.-Mai, 1575.

> Le Louvre une prison, le trione un échafand Erigé pour montrer son tourment de plus hant.

But, perhaps, the severest of her afllictions consisted in her being denied the blessing of children.

The position which Louise de Vaudemont should have occupicd, was assumed by the queen-mother, who amply supplied whatever might be wanting in her daughter-in-law. In her hands, her sons were mere puppets; they filled the throne, while she wielded the sceptre. Hers was truly, what it has been described, "a soul of bronze, or of iron." Subtle, seeret, Machiavelian-the "Prinee" of the plotting Florentine was her constant study-her policy worked in the dark: none could detect her movements till they were lisclosed by the results. Inheriting many of the nobler qualities of the Medicis, her hatred was implacable as that of the Borgias; and, like that dread race, her schemes were not suffered to be restrained by any ties of affinity. Rumour attributed to her agency the mysterious removal of her two elder sons* from the path of the third, who was unquestionably her favourite; and she was alterwards aecused of being aecessory to the sudden death of another, the Duc d'Alençon, who perished at Chateau-Thierry, from smelling at a bouquet of poisoned flowers.

The court of Henri Trois numbered three limndred of the loveliest and most illustrious dansels of the land, a list of whom will be found in the pages of Brantome, who falls into raptures in deseribing the charms of this galaxy of beauties, prockiming them to be little short of goddesses, and declaring that the palace which they enlightened was "un vray paradis du monde, escole de toute honnesteté et vertu et ornement de la France." Now, however, we may differ from the vivacious chronicler of the "Dames Galantes" in our estimate of the homesteté el vertu of the ladies in question, remembering, as we do, the adventure of the Demoiselle de Limenil with the Prince de Condé, and the libellous verses which it occasioned, we are quite satisfied, that his enthusiastie admiration of these dames was fully warranted by their personal attractions. In later times the sparkling court of our own Charles II. did not boast so much beauty as that of Henri III.

Surrounded by this fair phalanx, Catherine felt herself irresistible. As in the case of the unfortunate Demoiselle de Limeuil, she only punished their indiscretions when concealment was impossible. An accurate judge of hmman nature, she knew that the most intlexible bosom was nu proof agrainst female blandishment, and, armed with this "petite bande des dames de la cour," as they were ealled, she made use of their agency to counteract the plans of her enemies, and by their unsuspected influence, which extended over the whole court, became acquainted with the most guarded secrets of all parties. 'The profound dissimulation that enveloped

[^2]her conduct, has left the character of Catherine a problem which the historian would in vain attempt to solve ; and equally futile would in his endeavours to trace to their hidden sourees the springs of all her actions. Blindly superstitious, bigoted, yet sceptical, and, if her enemies are at all to be believed, addicted to the idolatrous worship of false gods; proud, yet never guilty of meanness; a fond wife-an Italian woman, yet exhibiting no jealousy of an inconstant husband ; a tender mother, yet accused of sacrificing three of her sons to her ambitious views; a rigid observer of etiquette, yet not unfrequently overlooking its neglect ; fiery and vindictive, yet never roused to betray her emotions by any gesture of impatience, but veiling her indignation under a mask of calmness, her supposititious character and actions were a perpetual contradietion to each other.

Catherine's was a genius of a high order. No portion of her time was left unoccupied. She was a lover of letters and of men of letters, a cultivator of the arts, and the most perfect horsewoman of her time. To her the ladies are indebted for the introduction of the poimmel in the saddle (female equitation being, up to that period, conducted à la planchette), a mode which, according to Brantome, she introduced for the better display of her unequalled symmetry of person.

If Catherine was a paradox, not less so was her son, Hemri III., whose youth held forth a brilliant promise not destined to be realised in his riper years. The victor of Jarnac and Montcontour -the envy of the warlike youth of his time-the idol of those whose swords had been fleshed in many battles-the chosen monareh of Poland-a well-judging statesman-a fluent and felicitous orator, endowed with courage, natural grace, a fine person, universally accomplished in ail the exercises of the tilting-yard, the manège, and the hall-of-arms-this chivalrous and courageous prince as soon as he ascended the throne of France, sank into a voluptuous lethargy, from which, except upon extraordinary occasions, he was never afterwards aroused: his powers of mind-his resolution-his courage, moral and physical, fading beneath the enervating life of sensuality in which he indulged.

Governed by his mother and his favourites, who were Catherine's chief opponents, and of whose over-weening influence she stood most in fear ; threatened by the Duc de Guise, who seareely deigned to conceal his" bold designs upon the throne; distrusted by the members of the League, of which he had named himself chicf, and who were, for the most part, instruments of the Guise; dreaded

Huguenots, to whom he had always shown himself a relentless persecutor, and who remembered with horror his cruelties at the massacre of Saint-Barthélemi, of which dismal tragedy he has avowed himself a principal instrument; opposed by the lope, and by Philip II. of Spain (his brother-in-law), looth of whom were favourable to the claims of Guise; with Henri of Navarre in the seld, and his brother the Duc d'Alençon disaffected; fulminated
against by the Sorbonne; assailed by one of its doctors, in a pamphlet endeavouring to prove the necessity of his deposition; Henri, with his crown tottering upon his head, still maintained an exterior of the same casy indifference, abandoned none of his pleasures, or his devotions (for devotion with him took the semblance of amusement-and the oratory and the ball-room were but a step, asunder-the mass and the masquerade each the division of an hour) -turned a deaf car to the remonstrances of his counsellors, and could only be awakened, like the Assyrian monarch, from his luxurious trance, when the armed hand was put forth to grasp his sceptre. Then, indeed, for a briel space, he showed himself a king.

It is not, however, with this portion of his reign that we have to do; but with that in which this Sybaritic prince was altogether sunk in indolence and dreamy enjoyment.

On the night in question, he had gathered together, within his gorgeous halls, the loveliest and the proudest of his capital. Catherine de Medicis was there with her brilliant bevy of beauties. Marguerite de Valois, the fair Queen of Navarre, then in her seven-and-twentieth summer, and glowing in the noontide warmth of her resplendent charms, was present, attended by her train ; nor were the gentle Louise de Vaudemont, and her demure and disereet dames of honour absent. Ali that Henri's court could boast, of grace, wit, youth, beauty, or distinction, were assembled.

Perfumes exhaled from a thousand aromatic lamps ; fragrant exotics, filled the air with sweets; music, solt and low, breathed from a band of unseen minstrels; lofty plumes waved to the cadences of the melody; small elastic fect twinkled in the varied elastic movements of the figure-now attuned to the rapid whirl of the bransle-now to the graceful and majestic pauses of the Spanish pavane, or to the grave, slow, and dignified deportment of the Italian pazzameno.

It was a masked fete, and all, save the monarch and a few of his privileged followers, wore the vizard. The costumes were endless and diversified, but chosen rather with a view to display the person of the wearer to the best advantage in a guise different from his wont, than with that hizarre taste which characterises a carnival. Bright eyes, not less bright that they were seen pecping like stars through the dusky loopholes of the pretty velvet mask called the couret de nez, which gave additional piquancy and effect, when none was needed, to the ruby lips and polished chin of the wearer, rained their influence around. Of all favourers to flirtation, commend us to the mask. Beneath its shadow a thousund random darts may be shot that would fall pointless, or never be aimed at all were it not for the friendly covering. Blessings, therefore, upon him that invented the mask, who has thereby furnished the bashful and timid lover with a shield to fight under.

The splendid company dispersed throughout the long suite of gilded saloons-listening to the ravishing notes of a concert of harmonious
voices-gathering round the tables where vast sums were lost at trictrac, primero, and other forgotten games of hazard-pausing beneath a scented arcade of flowers-loitering within the deep embrasure of a tapestried window, or partaking of the stmptuous banquet set forth within the great hall of carousal. The laugh and the jest were lond and high ; the love speceh and its response faint and low.

Amidst the eflittering throng might be discerned a group who had laid aside their masks, and who held themselves slightly aloof from the proceedings of the assemblage. More mirth, however, might be cbserved amongst his party than otherwise. Their laughter was heard above the conversation; and few were there, whether dames or seigneurs, who passed in review before them, if their gait or features could be detected, but were exposed to a galling fre of raillery and sarcastic remark.

One amongst their number was treated with marked deference and respect by the others; and it would appear that it was for his amusement that all these witticisms were uttered, as, whenever a successfinl hit was made, he bestowed upon it his applanse. A man of middle height, slender figure, with a slight stoop in the shoulders, he had a countenance charged with an undefinable but sinister expression, something between a sneer and a smile. His features were not handsone; the nose being heary and clubbed, and the lips coarse and thick; but his complexion was remarkable for its delicacy and freshess of tint; neither were his eyes deficient in lustre, though their glances were shifting, suspicions, and equivocal. He wore short moustaches curled upwards from the lips, and a beard à la royale tufted his chin. From either ear depended long pearls, adding to his effeminate appearance, while, in lien of plumes, his black toquet, placed upon the summit of his head, and so adjusted as not to disturb the arrangement of his well-curled hair, was adorned with a brilliant aigrette of many-coloured gems. Around his neck he wore a superb macklace of pearls, together with a chain of medallions intermingled with ciphers, from which was suspended the lesser order of the Saint-Esprit radiant with diamonds of inestimable value. In fact, the jewels flaming from his belt, the buckles, and the various fastenings of his magnificent attire, were almost beyond computation. On one side this girdle sustained a pouch filled with small silver flacons filled with perfumes, together with a sword with rich hilt and velvet seabbard, and on the other, a chaplet of death's heads, which, ever mindful of a vow to that effect, he constantly carried about his person, and which indicated the strange mixture of religion, that, together with depravity, went to the composition of the wearer's character. Adorned with the grand order of the SaintEsprit, and edged with silver lace, his chestmut-coloured velvetmantle, cut in the extremity of the mode, was a full inch shorter than that of his companions. His ruff was of ampler circumference, and enjoyed the happiest and most becoming don de la rotomede. Fitting as ciose to the figure as loops and buttons could
make it, his exquisitely worked and slashed pourpoint sat to a miracle, not less studied was the appointment of the bailoon-like hose, swelling over his reins, and which, together with the doublet, were of yellow satin.

Far be it from us to attempt to portray the exuberant splendour of his slecve; the nice investiture of the graceful limb, with the hose of purple silk, or the sharp point of the satin shoe. No pare of his attire was left unstudied, and the élégant of the nineteenth contury may aspire in vain to emulate the finished decorative taste of the royal exquisite of the sixteenth.

Henri III., for it was the morareh whom we have endeavoured to describe, conferred, as before stated, infinite attention upon the minutix of the trilct, and caricd his consideration of dress somewhat to an extreme. Upon the solemnisation of his espousals with the Queen Louise, so much time was oecupied in the arrangement of hir reelf and his spouse for the ceremonial, that mass conld not be cel brated until five o'clock in the evening; and the Te Deum was in consequerice neglected to be sung, an omission whieh was regarded as a most unfortunate aucury. Of his personal appearance, moreover, he was excessively vain; and so anxious was lie to preser ve the delicacy and freshness of his complexion, and the smoothn ss of his skin, that during the night he always wore a mask, and gloves prepared with unguents and softening pastes. Few ladies of his court could compete with him in the beauty and smallucss of his hand; a personal graee which he inherited from his mother, and which was enjoyed in common with him by Marguerite de Valois.

Upon the present oceasion he had withdrawn one glove, of silk, woven with silver tissue, and pinked with satin, in colours of white and incarnadine; and suffered his small and snowy fingers, loaded with sumptuous rings, to stray nealigently through the luxuriant ears of a little lap-dog, sustained by the jester Chicot, who stood by his side. Of dogs, Henri was so passionately fond, that he generally drove out with a carriage full of the most beautiful of the species, and took possession of any others that pleased his faney in the course of the ride. Of his foreible abduction of their farourites, loud complaints were made by the nuns, the convents being the best eanine store-houses, in the days of this great "dog-fancere;" and frequently resorted to by him for fresh supplies.

Scarcely less splendidly equipped than their sovereign, were the courtiers stationed around him. Upon the right of Henri, who supported himself upon the shoulder of his chief valet, Du Halde, was placed the portly person of the Marquis de Villequier, surnamed "le jeune et le gros," though now laying little claim to the former epithet, near to whom was his son-in-law, D'O., superintendent of the finance, occupied in the childish amusement of the bilboquet, then in vogue with all the courtiers, in consequence of their monarch's partiality for it. Even the gallant Joyeuse, and
the stately D'Epernon dịsained not to indulge in this frivolous pastime; and both of them carried long silver sarbacanes in their hands, with which, like the modern lialians at a carnival, they oceasionally pelted the masquers with confectionery and sugarplumbs, dieplaying infinite quickness of aim.

Engaged in converse with D'Epernon, was François D'Epinay de Saint Lue, Baron de Crèvecocur, another favourite of Hemri, and equally distinguished with his companions for a courage, which, in its wild and fieree display, amounted almost to ferocity. Saint Lue was accounted the landsomest man of his time, and miversally obtained the epithet of le beau. Many pages and lacqueys, in the sumptuous liveries and emblazoned array of their lords, were in attendance.
"Joyeuse," said the king, addressing the young vicomte, in a soft and melodions tone, "canst inform me whose lovely face lurks beneath yon violet mask? -for lovely'tis, or else the lips and throat belie it-there, within the train of her majesty, our motherthou seest whom I mean?"
"I do, sire," replied Joycuse ; " and I quite concur in your majesty's opinion, that the face must be divine which that envious mask shrouds. The throat is superb, the figure that of a Venus. But as to the angelic owner, though I flatter myself I am sufficiently aequainted with the dames of her majesty's suite, to offer a correct conjecture as to nine out of ten of them, let them be ever so carefully disguised, I own I am puzzled by this fair incognita. Her gait is charning. Yive Dieu ! with your majesty's permission, I will ascertain the point."
"Stay," said the king. "'Tis needless. Saint Lue will resolve our doubts at once; 'twas she with whom he danced the pavane. How name you your fair partner, baron?"
"I am equally at a loss with yourself, sire, as to her name," replied Saint Luc, "my efforts were in vain to obtain a glimpse of the features, and with the tones of the voice I was wholly unacquainted."
" Nadame la baronne may well be jealous of her handsome husband," said the king, smiling, (the baroness, according to the memoirs of the time, was " bossue, laide et contrefaite et encore pis," if worse can be well conceived); "but if thou, Saint Luc, hast failed in making an impression upon the fair unknown, which of us shall hope to sueceed? It camot be, though the figure somewhat resembles hers, the Demoisclle de Chastaigneraye, or the fiair La Bretesche, Villequier would be able to peer through any disguise she might assume; nor Sugères, Ronsard's divinity, nor Teligni, nor Mirande-Mort-dien!-not one of them is to compare with her. She floats in the dance, as if she moved on air."
"You appear interested, sirc," said Eaint Luc, smiling, to show his superb tecth, "are we to infer that the damsel may plume herself upon a royal conquest?"
"The damsel hath already made another conquest, upon which she has more reason to plume herself," said Chicut.
"Indeed!" exclaimed Saint Luc. "Who may that be?"
"Nay, it refers not to thee, beau Francois," returned the jester. "Thou, like our dear Henriot, art the vietim of every passing glance; and neither of ye are a conquest upon which a damsel inight especially congratulate herself. Now, he whose love she hath won is one of whose homage a damsel might be proud."
"Ha !" exelaimed the king, "thou art in the seeret, I perecive. Who is the damsel, and which of my gentlemen is her admirer ?"
"All appear to be so, sire," returned Chicot ; "but were I to point out the most devoted of her admirers, I should indicate your majesty's jester ; if the most audacious, Saint Luc; if the most fickle, Joyeuse ; if the most grave, D'Epernon ; if the most overweening, $\mathrm{D}^{\prime} \mathrm{O}$; if the most bulky, Villequier ; if the most impezious, your majesty-"
"And the most successful, thou shouldst add," interrupted Henri.
"No," replied Chicot. "In love affiurs kings are never successful. They have no bonnes fortunes."
"Wherefore not?" asked Hemri, smiling.
"Because their success is due not to themselves but to their station," returned the jester, "and is therefore wholly unworthy of the name good furtune. Can it be termed a triumph to obtain that which may not be refused?"
"My ancestor, the great Francis, found it otherwise," returned the king. "He at least was tolerably successful, even in thy sense of the word."
"I doubt it," replied Chicot. "And so did my ancestor Triboulet. Poh! kings are always detected. Did you ever find it otherwisc. Henriot?"
"I shall not make thee my confessor, compère," said Hemri; "kut what wouldist thou say were I to hazard the experiment in the case of yon fair unknown? What wager wilt thou hold, that I do not succeed en masque?"
"Never throw away the best card, gossip," returned the jester, "that were poor play, indeed. Approach her en roi, if you would be assured of triumph. Even then I have my doubts. But I will stake my sceptre against yours that in the other case your majesty is foiled."
"I may put it to the proof anon," replied the king, "I am not accustomed to defeat. Meantime, I command thee to disclose all thou knowest concerning the damsel in question."
" All I know may be told in a breath, gossip."
"Her name?"
"Esclairmonde."
"A fair beginning. The name likes us well-Esclairmonde do -give me the surname?"
"Le diable m"emporte! there I am at fault, sire-she has no surname."
"Sang-Dieu! be serions, compère."
"By your father, the great P'mangruel-an oath I never ejaculate without due reverence-I swear to you, sire, I am serious. The lovely Esclairmonde hath no patronymic. She hath little oceasion to consult the herald for her escutcheon."
"How, sirrah! and one of the attendants on our mother?"
"Pardon, sire. You require information-and I an literal in my replies. There is a tritting mystery attached to her birth. Esclairmonde is an orphan-a Huquenot."
"A Huguenot!" exclaimed the king, with an expression of disgust, and hastily crossing himself. "Pardicu! thou must be in error:"
"The daughter of a Huguenot, I should have said," returned Chicot. "No one would look for heretics in the train of her most Catholic Majesty, Catherine de Medicis. They would flee from her as the fiend from holy water. Martin Lather or John Calvin have few disciples within the Louvre."
"Heaven forbid!" cjaculated the monarch, fervently grasping his chaplet of mort-heads. "'Tis strange," he added, afier a moment's pause, "that I have never before heard of this ginl, or of her story. Are you sure you are not amusing us "ith some silly fable?"
"Does Madame Catherine tust you with all her secrets, gossip?" demanded Chicot. "I trow not. But attend to me, and you shall lave the story of Eselairmonde in the true style of a chronicler. Immured within her chamber, carefully watehed by her Majesty's attendante, suffered to hold no intercourse with any of the palace, and above all no commmion with any suspected of heresy, Esclairmonde until within these few days has led a life of entire seclusion. Whoever her father may have been-and that he was of ramk, and a veritable IIuguenot, cannot, methinks, be doabtedhe perished by the edge of the sword at the day of Saint Barthélemy, of blessed memory. While yet a child she was placed within the hands of your royal parent, by whom she hath been reared in the truc Catholic and Apostolic faitl, and in the mamer I have related."
"Mort-Dicu! the tale is curious," replied the king; "and I now remember somewhat of the details thou last given, though they had long since escaped my memory. I must see and converse with the fair Eselairmonde. Our mother hath not ueed us well in neglecting to present the damsel to us."
"Your royal mother hat usually good reason for her actions, sire, and I will answer for it in the present instance she had the best of motives for her apparent neeglect."
"Beshrew thy ribald tongue, sirrah," returned Henri, laughing; "I have yet, however, another question to put to thee. Ilave a care thou answerest it not lightly. Of what particular cavalier
nath Esclairmonde made conquest? Of which of these gentlemen? Take no heed of their glances, but reply without fear."
" I should not fear to speak, were it to any of them that I alluded," replicd Chicot ; "but it was not so. Le't these gentlemen withdraw a few paces, and thou shalt learn thy rival's name."

At a gesture fiom the king the courtiers retired to alittle distance. "'Tis Crichton," said Chicot.
"Crichton!" echoed the king in surprise-" the peerless-the Admirable Crichton, as he hath this day been surnamed-who hath vanquished our university in close conllict-he were indeed a rival to be feared. But thou art wrong in naming him, gossip. Crichton is ensnared within the toils of our sister of Navarre, and she is as little likely to brook inconstancy as any dame within the land. We are safe, therefore, on that score. Besides, he hath no thought of other beauty. A-propos of Crichton, it now occurs to me that I have not seen him to-night. Will he not grace our festival? Our sister Margucrite languishes in his absence like a pining floweret, nor will she foree a smile for Brantôme's sprightliest sally, or Ronsard's most fanciful rhapsody. What hath become of him?"
"I am wholly ignorant, sire," replied the jester. "He started at full speed from the College of Navarre after our affray with those disloyal seholars, ces bons rustres, as mine uncle Panurge would call them; several of whom, as I already informed your majesty, are saffely lodged within the Grand-Châtelet awaiting your disposal. But what hath since befallen him I know not, save that he may by accident have thrust his hand into the hornet's nest."
"'Thou speakest in riddles, compère," said the king, gravely.
"Here cometh one shall read them for you, sire," returned Chicot: "One more learned than CEdipus-Le Ramoneur d'Astro-logie-you will hear all from him."
"Ruggieri!" exclaimed the king. "Is it indeed our astrologer, or hath some masker assumed his garb?"
"A circumstance not very likely," replied Chicot, "unless the wearer has a fancy for being poignarded by accident, as will, in all probability, be the case with Ruggieri, provided he escape the stake. What hath happened, father?" asked the jester, surveying Rug. gieri with a malignant grin. "Are the stars overcast-is the moon eclipsed-or hath a bearded comet risen in the heavens?- What prodigy hath oceurred? Have thy philters failed-are thine images molten-or hast thou poisoned a friend by mistake?-Hath thy dwarf eloped with a succuba or salamander-thy gold turned to withered leaves-thy jewels proved counterfeit-thy drugs lost their virtues?-By Trismegistus, what hath gone amiss?"
"Can I have an instant's speech with your majesty?" said Ruggicri, with a profound obeisance, and disregarding the taunts of the jester. "What I have to say imports you much."
"Say on, then," replied the king.

Ruggieri looked at Chicot. Henri waved his hand, and the jester reluctantly withdrew.
"I warrant me it is to speak of Crichton and the Gelosa that the accursed old owl hath quitted his roost," he muttered. "Would 1 could catch a syllable of his speech. Methiuks I am afllicted with a more than wonted deafness, or the cralty knave hath practised the art of talking in in under-key to some purpose. His majesty looks wonder-stricken, yet not displeased. He smiles; what pretended seeret can the lying old misereant have to make known?"

Henri, me:mwhile, listened with evident surprise to the communication of Ruggieri, but offered no interruption beyond an occasional exclamation of astonishment, accompanied by a slight shrug of the shoulders. As the astrologer concluded, he mused for a moment, and then addressed him.
"I have observed that mask, luggieri," he said, smiling, "at the Hôtel de Bourbon, but little thought whose visage it shrouded. Mort-dien! thou hast let me into a pretty confidence. I have sufficient, methinks, to answer for in my own indiscretions, without making myself responsible for those of others. However, this young galliard shall have my assistance. Hath he seen the Duc de Nevers ?"
"No, sire," returned Ruggieri ; "and whatever may betide, into whatever perils his youth and hot blood may lead him, I implore your majesty to maintain his secret and afford him your protection."
"Fear not. You have our royal word. Corbien! I delight in mysteries and intrigue of all kinds, and will lend him a helping hand with pleasure. Hie is a youth after my own heart, to engage in such a madeap frolic. I am charmed with his story, yet I own I can scarce comprehend how a player-girl like this can occasion him so much trouble. Our actresses are not wont to be so hard-hearted-ha, ha, especially to one of our masker's consequenceeh, Ruggieri? This is new, methinks."
"There is magic in the case, sire," replicd Ruggieri, mysteriously; "he is spell-bound."
"Mary Mother !" said the king, crossing himself revoutly. "Shield us from the devices of the evil one! And yet, Ruggieri, I must own I am somewhat sceptical as to these imaginary temptations. More witcheraft resides in the dark eyes of that Gelosa than in thy subtlest compounds. But from whatever source her attraction originate, it is clear that the charm is sufficiently potent to drive our mask to his wits' ends, or he would never have committed such extravagancies in her pursuit."
"Sire, I have now fullilled my mission," returned Ruggieri. "I have put your majesty upon your guard against what may be urged by Crichton. Have I your permission to depart ?"
" Stay!" said the king, "a thought strikes me. Du Halde,"
he exclaimed, motioning to the chief valet, "say to the queen, our mother, that we would confer an instant with her; and add our request that her majesty will, at the same time, take an opportunity of presenting the Demoiselle Esclairmonde."

Du Halde bowed and departed.
"I have my mystery, likewise, luggieri; and, singularly enongh, this Crichton is in some way mixed up with it. For the first time this evening I have discovered that a beauty of the first order has been nurtured within the Louvre, whom no one knows, but with whom Crichton is in love. Scarcely have I recovered from the surprise into which I have been thrown by this incident, when thou comest to tell me that the pretty Italian singing boy, with whose canzonettas and romances I have been so much delighted, and who has been the life and soul of our comedies, turns out to be a girl in masquerade, who, pursued by an ardent lover, flings herself into Crichton's arms. What am I to think of all this, knowing, as I do, that this very Crichton is the favourite of our sister Marguerite, who for him has abjured all her old amourettes, and who watches over him with a jealous frenzy like a first passion? What am I to think of it, I say?"
"That Venus smiled upon his nativity, sire," replied Ruggieri, with a profound inclination of his head. "Little is due to him-self-much to the celestial influences-he is predestined to success. By Nostradamus! 'tis fortunate for your majesty that you are not placed in a similar predicament with our mask. Had your affections been fixed upon the same damsel with Crichton, I fear even your chance, sire, would have been a slight one."
"Sang-Dieu!" exclaimed Henri, "they are all of one opinion. These are Chicot's sentiments exactly. Nark me, Ruggieri. As concerns Esclairmonde I have my own designs. In this matter of the Gelosa, thou and thy mask may calculate upon my countenance. In return I shall require thy assistance should any unforeseen obstacles present themselves in my own case. As to Crichton, we will leave him to the vigilance of our sister Marguerite. A hint will suffice with her. She will save us a world of trouble. In affairs of gallantry we shall see whether even the Admirable Crichton can cope with Henri de Valois."

Ruggieri shrugged his shoulders. "'Tis vain to struggle with the stars, sire, Che sara, sara."
"But the stars say not that Esclairmonde shall be his, eh, Ruggieri?"
"His destiny is a proud one," replied Ruggieri; "that, at least, they have foretold."

At this moment Du Halde approached, announcing Her Majesty Catherine de Medicis, and the Demoiselle Esclairmonde.

Both were unmasked.

## CHAPTER II.

## ESCLAIIMONDE.

La Rerne-Mère aroit ordinairement de fort belles et honorables filles, arec lesquelles tous les jours en son antichambre on conversoit, on discouroit, on devisoit, tant sagement et tant modestemer t que l'en n'eust osé faire autrement.

## Buaniome-Dames IRustres. Discours II.

Henri III., though perfectly heartless, was the politest monarch in the world. With all the refined courtesy of manner, therefore, for which he was so eminently distinguished, he gracefully advanced towards Esclairmonde, and, as she tendered to him her homage, he gallantly raised her hand to his lips, and with his most captivating smile, proceeded to eulogise her beauty in those soft periods of adulation which kings know so well how to turn, and no king better than Henri; cxerting himself so well to relieve her embarrassment, that his efforts were not long unsuccessful. To a monareh's attention, indeed, few female hearts are insensible.

Surprised at the sight of Ruggieri, for whose unbidden appearance at the fête she felt unable to account, and who in vain, by sundry significant gestures, sought to convey to her some notion of his errand to the Louvre, Catherine de Medicis, ever suspicious of her confidants, could not, or would not, be made to comprehend his hints; but regarding him with a look of displeasure during the brief ceremonial of presentation, she motioned him aside, so soon as etiquette permitted, and procecded to question him as to the cause of his presence. Seeing his lynx-eyed mother thus occupied, Henri, not slow to profit by the opportunity which her present distraction affurded him of assailing the heart of her lovely maid of honour, proffered Esclairmonde his hand, and gently drew her towards the deep embrasure of a magnificent window where they might converse unobserved.

Though not habitually sincere in his expressions of admiration, Hemri, on this occasion, must be aequitted of any attempt at dissimulation. He was greatly struck, as indeed, he could not fail to be, with the loveliness of Esclairmonde. Acenstomed to the blazo of beauty by which his court was encireled; with a heart little susceptible of any new emotion, and with a disposition to judge somewhat too nicely each attribute of female perfection, he could not help admitting, that not only were the charms of Eeclairmonde without parallel, but that there was no point either of her countenance or person, or what was of equal importance in his eyes, of her attire, which his critical eye did not pronounce to be faultess.

Alas! how inadequate are mere words to convey a notion of the beauty sought to be portrayed. 'The ereation of the poet's fancy fades in the evaneseent colouring he is compelled to empley. The pen cannot trace what the pencii is enabled so vividly to depict: it cannot accuratcly define the exquisite contour of the face, neither can it supply the breathing hues of the cheek, the kindling lustre
of the eye, the dewy gloss of the lip, or the sheen of the hair, be it black as the raven's wing, glowing as a sunbeam, or fleecy as a summer cloud. The imagination alone can furnish these details.

Imagine, then, features moulded in the most harmonious form of beauty, and chiselled with a taste at once softencd and severe. The eyes of a dark deep blue, swimming with chastened tenderness. An inexpressible charm reigns about the lips; and a slight dimple, in which a thousand Cupids might bask, softly indents the smooth and rounded chin. Raised from the brow so as completely to display its snowy expanse, the rich auburn hair is gathered in plaits at the top of the head, crisped with light curls at the sides, ormamented with a string of pearls, and secured at the back with a knot of ribands ; a style of head-dress introduced by the unfortunate Mary Stuart, from whom it derived its name, and then universally adopted in the French court. The swan like throat is encircled by a flat collar of starched muslin edged with pointed lace. Rich purple velvet of Florence, constitutes the material of the dress, the long and sharp boddice of which attracted Henri's attention to the slender shape and distinctly defined bosom of the lovely demoisclle.

In passing, it may be remarked, that the rage for the excessively attenuated waist was then at its highest. Our tight-laced grandmothers were nothing to the wasp-shaped dames of the court of Catherine de Medicis. Fitting like a cuirass, the corset was tightened around the shape till its fair wearer, if her figure happened to exceed the supposed limits of gracefulness, could scarcely gasp beneath the parasite folds, while the same preposterous sleeve which characterised the cavaliers of the period, likewise distinguished the dames. Nor had Esclairmonde neglected due observance of this beauty-outraging mode, or despite her personal attractions she would scarcely have found favour in her sovereign's eyes. Those prodigious coverings of the arms were stuffed out, and sustained by a huge pile of wool, and were of such amplitude and width that they would casily have contained three or four of our modern sleeves. Edged with pointed lace, starched like that of the collar, a ruff of muslin completed the gear of the arm. Around her neck was twined a chain of bronze medallions, and a single pear-shaped pearl descended from the acute extremity of her stomacher.

Tall and majestic in figure, the carriage of Esclairmonde was graceful and dignified; and as he contemplated leer soft and sunny countenance, Henri thought that, with one solitary execption, he had never beheld an approach to its beauty. That exception was Mary of Scotland, whose charms, at the period when she was united to his elder brother, Francis the Second, had made a lively impression on his youthful heart, some sense of which he still re. tained, and whose exquisite lineaments those of Esclairmonde so much resembled, as forcibly to recall their remembrance. There
was the same sleepy languor of the dark, blne eye-the same ineflable sweetness of smile-the same pearly teeth displayed by the smile-the same petit ne: retroussé (that prettiest of all feminine features and well meriting La Fontame's admiration-

> Nez troussé, c'est un charme encore selon mon sens,
> Cén est meme un des plus puissans-
though perhaps it may evidence a slight tendency to coquetry on the part of the owner) the same arehed and even brow-in short, there were a hundred traits of resemblance which Hemri was not slow to discover. In a fuw minutes he became desperately in love; that is as moch in love as a king could be under the circmmstances, and moreorer such a blase king as Hemi.
" By Cupidon! belle Esclaimonde," he said, still retaining possession of her hand, "I am half disposed to charge my mother with leze-majesté in so long denying me the gratification I now experience in welcoming to my masque the loveliest of my guests. MortDieu! ardent admirer as she knows I am of beauty, her majesty's omission savours of positive cruclty ; nor should I so readily overlook the fault, did not my present satisfaction in some degree reconcile me to the previous disappointment."

- Your majesty attaches more importance to the circumstance than it merits," returned Lischamonde, wently chdeavoming to disengage her hand. "Flattered as I an by vom notice, it is an honour to which I had no pretension to aspiac."
"In faith, not so, fair demoiselle," replied the king. "Beanty has a claim upon my attention to which all other recommendations are secondary. I were no truc Valois were it otherwise. You will not refuse me your hand at the banquet," he added, in a lower tone, and with an empressement of manner which could not be Qustaken.
'I he colour momnted to Fisclairmonde's checks.
"Sire!" slie retumed, with a thrill of apprehension, "my hand is at your dispozal."
"But not your lieart?" asked the king, in an impassioned whisper.
Esclaimonde trembled. She saw at once the danger of her position, and summoned all her firmmess to her assistance. "Sire"" she replied, with her eyes fixed upon the ground, and in a tone which struggled to be fim, "my heart is not my own. It is deroted to amother."
"Mort-Dicu!" exclaimed the king, unable to control his displeasurc. "Y'ou ayow it-you love-"
"I said not so, sire."
" How !-:and deroted to another?"
"I "m betrothed to Meaven; my destiny is the cloister."
"Is that all"" said Henri, recovering his composure. "I half suspected there were other ties that bound you to carth. But a cloister-no, no-tlis must never be, mignonne. No monastery shall cntomb so fair a saint, while I cam hinder it. Such


[^3]sifts are not lightly bestowed, nor should they be heedlessly thrown away ; and I shall fulfil a duty in preventing such an immolation at the shrine of mistaken zeal, as would be your imprisonment in a cloister. If the resolution proceed from the queen mother, my authority shall be interposed to restrain her intentions, for, by our lady ! I cannot believe that you, child, have any such dissatisfiction with the world as to wish to withdraw yourself from it, when its gayest prospects are opening before your view; when your path is strewn with flowers, and when all the chivalry of France, with their monarch at their head, are cager to contend for your smiles."
"It is your royal mother's will that I accept it," replied Esclairmonde, timidly glancing at Catherine de Medicis, who, still engaged in deep conference with the astrologer, was too much absorbed to observe her look. "From her majesty"s resolves there is no alternative. She will dispose of me as she sees fitting."
"But not without my concurrence," returned the king. "MortDicu !-her majesty trifles with the seeptre till she fancies it is her own hand that sways it. I must convince her to the contrary. How she can entertain a notion so absurd as to think of burying. one of the loveliest of her attendants within the gloom of a conrent, passes our comprehension. Had it been our Queen Madame Louise de Vaudemont, who ever carries a missal within her gibecière, I could understand it; but that our mother, who, though zealons as ourselves at her vespers and masses, has no particular fanaticism, should contemplate an act so preposterons, seems unaccountable. Morbleu ! she must have some motive."
"Her majesty has no motive save zcal in the cause of her religion."
" So it may appear to you, mignome; but our mother's reasons lie not on the surface. Be they what they may, you need no longer apprehend her interference. Unless prompted by your own inclinations, you will never utter the vows which will bind you wholly to Heaven to the neglect of all on earth."
" Upon my knees, sire," replied Esclaimonde, " would I thank you for the precious boon you promise me, would thanks suffice; but I feel they would not. I cannot misunderstand your looks. Gratitude, devotion, loyal affection towards your majesty will ever influence my bosom; but not love, exeept such as a subject should feel towards her sovereign. My life, my destiny is at your disposal; but seek not my heart, sire, which is neither mine to bestow, nor yours to solicit."
"If not your own," said Henri, somewhat maliciously, "to whose keeping have you intrusted it ?"
"The question is ungencrous-monorthy of your majesty."
"You need not answer it, then," returned the king; "the rather," he added, with a meaning smile, "that the secret is mine already. Few whispers breathed within these walls fail to reach
my ears; nor were those of the Admirable Crichton so low as in escape our attention. Nay tremble not, child, I betray no confidences. There is one person, however, against whom I must put you upon your guard. You know her not as well as I do. Fate grant you never may."
"To whom does your majesty allude ?" asked Esclairnonde, with an expression of uneasiness.
"Have you no suspicion? Docs not your heart prompt you? I' faith, you are not so much taken with this Crichton as I imagined, or else, which I can scarcely believe, you hare little jealousy in your composition."
"Of whom would your majesty have me entertin a feeling of jealonsy? A crainst whom would you put me on my guard?"
"Whom you see yonder-the star queen of the revel, round whom all the leseer orbs revolve,--who attracts all within her sphere, and who sheds, as such stars generally do, her rays on all alike!"
"Your majesty's sister, the Queen of Navarre?"
"Precisely; and it is of her I council you to beware."
"I do not understand your majesty."
"Mort-Dicu! that is strange. You do not mean to say, that, in alluding to Crichton's amourette with the Queen of Navarre, we tell you any thing new. Why, the whole court rings, or did ring, with it; for, in fact, the scandal is somewhat stale, and no one now concerns himself about it. Our sister changes her gallants so often that her constancy is the only thing that excites a moment's marrel. A short while ago it was Mar-tigues-then La Mole-then le bear Saint Lue-then Monsicur de Mayeme, 'bon compagnon, gros et gras,' as our brother Henri of Navarre calls him-then 'Turenne, a caprice-then Bussy d'Amboise, a real passion. After Bussy, arpeared Crichton, who, having disarmed D'Amboise, till that time deemed invincible, became the reigning favomite-making the grand corollary to these pleasant premises. So the affair stands at present. How long it is likely to continue, rests with you to determine. Marguerite will never brook a rival; and can you suffer him you love to be the slave-the worshipper of another?"
"I knew it not. And does he-does the Seigneur Crichtonaspire to her affections?"

Henri smiled.
"He has deceived you," said he, after an instant's pause, during which time he intently watched the workings of her comatenance. "Revenge is in your power. His perfidy demands it. The game is in your hands-play off a king against his queen."
" Never."
"The cloister, then, awaits you."
"I vill die rather. I am of the reformed faith, sire."
" Damnation!" (jaculated Ifenri, recoiling, telling his bead. ${ }^{\prime}$
and sprinkling limself with perfume from one of the flacons at his girdle; "a Huguenot, Mort-Dicu!-I shall expire-a heretic in our presence! It is an affront to our understanding-and the girl is so pretty, too-Diable ! ' Indulgentiam absolutionem et remissionem peccatorum tribue, Domine! '" he continued, devoutly crossing himself; "I am stricken with horror-pah!'Ab omni phantasiồ et nequitiâ vel versutiâ diabolica fraudis libera me, Domine!'" And he recited another paternoster, performing a fresh aspersion, after which he added with more composure: "Luckily, no one has overheard us. It is not too late to recant your errors. Recall those silly words, and I will endeavour to forget them."
"Sire," replied Eschairmonde, calmly; " I cannot recail what I have asserted. I am of the faith of which I have already avowed myself a member. I reject all other creeds save that which I believe to be the truth. In that I will live-in that, if need be, die."
"Your words may prove prophetic, demoiselle," returned Henri, with a sneer; "are you aware of the peril in which this mad avowal of your opinions might place you?"
"I am prepared to mect the doom. which in the same caluse, made martyrs of my father and all my family."
"Tush! you heretics are ever stubborn. This accounts for your non-compliance with my wishes. However," he muttered, "I shall not give up the point thus readily, nor for a scruple or so in point of conscience, baulk my inclinations. Besides, I remember I have an indulgence from his Holiness, Gregory XIII., providing for a contingency like the present. Let me see, it runs thus: for an affair with a Huguenot, twelve additional masses per week, to be continued for three weeks; item-a rich coffer for the Sacristy of the Innocents; item - a himdred rose-nobles for the Ursulines, and a like sum for the Hieronimites; item-a procession with the Flagellants; and then I have the condonation of his Holiness. The penance is light enough, and were it more severe, I would willingly incur it. 'Tis strange-a Huguenot perdue in the Louvre-this must be inquired into. Our mother must be in the sceret. Her mystery-her caution-proclaim lier acquaintance with the fact. I will inquire into it at my leisure, as well as investigate all particulars of this girl's story. A Huguenot! MortDieu! From whom," he added, alond to Esclairmonde, " did you derive these abominable doctrines, demoiselle?"
"Your majesty will excuse my answering that question."
"As you please, mignonne. This is neither the time nor the place to enforce a reply. Your story and your conduct alike perplex me-but, time will unravel the affair. Now mark me, demoiselle. As yet I have approached you as a himble suitor, desirous in that capacity to win your regard. I now resume the king, and remind you, that your life, your liberty, your person, are at my disposal; nor shall I forget the interests of your soul, in which good office I may call in the assistance of some of my most zealous ecelesiastics. If my measures appear harsh, you may thank your
own perversity. My wish is to be lenient. Ohedience is all I require. 'Till midnight, therefore, I give you to reflect. On the one hand, you will weigh my favour, my love-for I still love you; on the other, Crichton's infidelity, a cloister, perchance a darker doom. Nake your own election. After the banquet I shall expect an answer."
"My answer will still be the same," returned Eeclaimonde.
At this moment, a loud clapping of hands was heard at the further end of the hall, and the musie replied to the acclimations in loud and joyous strains. 'To Eselaimonde the notes sounded wild and dissonant, and the laughing buzz of gaiciy pealed like the din of some infernal concourse. The glittering saloon and its gay and ever-changing throng of maks and revellers vanished from her sight, and before her, like a ghastly vision, rose the cowled inquisitors, the stern and threatening judges, the white-robed sisterhood, in whose presence she secmed to stand with hair unbound, and with a thick black veil thrown over her face! She shrank as for protection, and recovered her senses only to encounter the libertine gaze of Hemri.

Again the music sounded joyously, and the torelies of the bransle being lighted, the giddy dancers passed them in a whin of flame.
"Ma foi, we lose time here," said the king. "Not a word, demoiselle-as you value your life or his, of our converse, to Crichton-should he still, as is not zanlikely, make his appearance at our revel- Resume your mask and maintain your composure. Soh, 'tis well."

Though searecly able to command herself, Eselairmonde, in compliance with the king's request, placed her violet-coloured mask upon her face, and yielded, not without a shudder, her hand.

As they issuch from the recess in which their conversation had aiken place, the jester Chicot advanced towards the monareh.
"What wouldst thou, gossip?" said Hemri. "Thy wise zountenance is charged with more than its usual meaning."
"A proof I am neither in love nor dronk, compere," replied Chicot; "as in either case our timily resemblance bccomes the stronger, your majesty being always either the one or the other, and not unfrequently both. The superabundance of my meaning, therefore, you will lay to the charge of my sobricty and discretion."
" Bah! -this jesting is ill timed."
" Then it is in keeping with your majesty's love-making."
" Be silent, sirrah, or say what brings thee hither!"
"What shall be done to the man whom the king delighteth to honour ?"
"And who is the man, gossip ?"
"He who threatens, more than Hemri of Lorraine, or Hemri of Navarre, or Philip of Spain, or, despite the Salic law, your royal mother to depose you, sire-see how your loyal suljects quit your side. If your majesty decline the ollice, permit the Demoiselle Esclairmonde to oficr him welcome."
"Ha! I begin to comprehend thee. It is the Admirable Crichton whom thou wouldst announce."
"I took the precaution to warn your majesty of his coming, as I would apprise a friend of a jealous husband's return."
"Crichton!" exclaimed Esclairmonde, roused from her stupor by the mention of the name; "he here! May I crave your permission to rejoin her majesty ?"
"By no means, mignonne," replicd Henri, coldly ; "I would not deprive you of the pleasure of witnessing my interview with this phomix of schoolmen. You will, therefore, remain near meand neglect not," he added, in a tone only calculated for Eselairmonde's hearing ; "the caution I have given you. You shall have proof enough of his inconstancy anon. Messeigneurs," he added, aloud, addressing the lords in attendance; " approach. The victor of the miversity is at hand. It is not often that it falls to a king's lot to number a scholar amongst his courtiers. You may remember, messeigneurs, at our last jousting, I foretold Crichton's distinction, and promised him a boon. To-night I will redeem the royal pledge. Joyeuse, bid her Majesty of Navarre attend upon me. To her, no doubt, my welcome will possess peculiar interest. Madame, my mother, if your conference be ended with Ruggieri, your presence will lend additional grace to the reception. Be seated, I pray you. I would welcome the Admirable Crichton as a king should welcome him."

Scating himself upon a richly-ornamented fauteuil, brought by his attendants, Henri was instantly encompassed by his couttiers, who formed a brilliant semicircle around him.

Catherine de Medicis, whose conference with the astrologer had been long since ended, remarked Henri's attention to Esclairmonde with some dissatisfaction. Accustomed, however, rather to encourage her son's wayward inclinations than to check them (and therein lay the secret of her rule), she allowed no expression of displeasure to escape her, but took her seat majestically by his side. Behind Catherine, crouched Rugrieri, uneasily shuffling to and fro, with the glare and the slufting movement of a caged hyona.

Nearer to the king, and clinging to his throne for support, was placed Esclairmonde, now almost in a state of distraction.

Chicot reclined himself familiarly at Henri's feet, with his marotte in hand, and the monarch's long-cared, large-eyed, favourite on his knce, its long ears sweeping the floor. Poor Chatelard! As the gentle animal submitted to his caress, Henri thought for an instant of her from whom he had received him as a sister's remem-brance-he thought of Mary of Scotland-of her captivity-of her charms-and of Esclairmonde's strange resemblance to her-and this brought back the whole tide of passion. "Singular, most singular," he mused; "would she had been a Jewess, or a Pagan! There might then have been some hope of her-but a Huguenot —ouf !"

## CHAPTER III.

## MENRI III.

> Don Carlns. A genoux, duc! reçois ce collier - sois fidele!--
> l'ar Saint Etienne, duc, je te fais clevalier.-
> Victor Hego. Hernuni, Acte IV., Scene V'I.

Ceichtox's arrival at the revel had created an extraordinary sensation. His brilliant achievements at the miversity, which, coupled with his rallant and chivalrous and any thing but scholastic character, excited universal astonishment, formed the ehief topic of conversation, and every body expressed surprise as to the time when he acquired the wondrous store of erudition which had eonfounded all the wisdom of the land. How could he have attained such boundless information! He had beesi at the chase, the hall of arms, the carousal, the fête-in short, he had been everywhere, but where he might be supposed to be, alone and in his study. He had been the life of every thing-dashing at all, and suceceding in all ; rejecting nothing in the whole round of pleasurable amuse-ment-now swayed by the smile of beauty-now attracted by the beck of the gamester, whose dice seemed obedient to his will-now pledging toast for toast with the rotary of Bacchus, whose glowing cups seemed to have for him no incbriation. He had been all this and more ; and yet this reckless, heedless voluptuary, who pursued enjoyment with an intensity of zeal unknown even to her most ardent followers, had excelled the leamed and laborious denizens of wisdom's ehosen retreat.

All was animation on his entrance. The report flew along the saloon on wings, swifter than those of scandal. "He is arrived," was echoed from mouth to mouth. The songsters were deserted, though the band was Catherinc's choicest Italian company-the batlet was abandoned, though it had only just commenced-though the danseuses were the most graceful imaginable, and à moitié mues-the bransle-des-flambeaux was neglected, though the perfumed torehes had reached the point when their blaze was to make one giddy whirl of many-coloured flame-the stately pavamne broke into a quick movement-the grave pazzameno lost all bounds-the commotion became general-the infection irresistible. Eyes, brighter than the jewels of their wearers, rained their influence upon Crichton as he passed, and odorous bouquets fell at his fect as if they had dropped like manna from the skics. Human nature could not resist homage so flattering, and the handsome Scot appeared for an instant almost overpowered by it.

The same richness of taste that characterised Crichton's costume of the morning, distinguished his erening attire. He wore no mask-nor, what was then generally adopted, a toque or cap
with a panache of gay-coloured feathers-neither had he assumed any fanciful garb. His dress was a rich suit of white satin slashed with azure, the jerkin and hose fitting without a crease to the modelled limbs. Having divested himself of his Spanish cloak and plumed cap in the entrance-hall, nothing interfered with the exact display of his symmetrical person; and as, with a step clastic and buoyant as that of a winged Mercury, he passed through the crowded groups, he appeared like an impersonation of fabulous grace and beauty.

Not a trace of the fatigue which might be supposed incident to his prolonged intellectual conflict, was discernible in his proud, steadfast features. High emotions sat upon his lofty brow-his countenance was radiant-and a smile sat upon his lip. With chivalrous and courteous grace, he returned the congratulations and compliments showered upon him, neither appearing to avoid nor yet court attention, but essaying to pass on to the upper end of the saloon.

Presently Du Halde made his appearance; and, sensible that all eycs were upon him, that mirror of courtliness performed his task to admiration.

When Henri's intimation became known, a new impetus was given to the assemblage. In vain the almost bewildered $\mathrm{D}_{\|}$Halde raised high has fleur-de-lis-covered rod of office. In vain he shrugged his shoulders, and made the most pathetic remonstrances, and to remonstrances added entreaties, and to entreatics, threats. The tide would not be repressed; but, like that of the scholars of the morning, pressed forward quite resolved, it would seem, to be present at Crichton's audience with the king. Deference, however, for the royal presence withheld them from advancing too close. The royal guard of halberdiers, pages, and lacqueys, placed themselves in front, and formed a dense phalanx round the throne.

The clamour subsided, as, preceded and amnounced by Du Halde, Crichton approached the king, and made a graceful and profound obeisance. The music also ceased, there being no longer any reason for its continuance. The distant minstrel strained his neck to gaze towards the royal circle, and the attendant at the refreshment-table took the opportunity of pledging his companions in a brimmer of Cyprus.

Meanwhile, the royal group had been increased by the arrival of the lovely Marguerite de Valois, and her scarcely less lovely maids of honour, La Torigni, Françoise de Montmorency, surnamed La Belle Fosscuse, and La Rcbours ; the two latter of whom have been immortalised by Sternc.

The Queen Louise, with her discreet dames, had just withdrawn, it having been whispered to her majesty that her august spouse had betrayed symptoms of a new passion.

Henri was wholly unprepared for, and not altogether pleased
by, the rapturous admiration cxcited by Crichton ; but he was too much of an adept in dissimulation to suffer any symptom of displeasure to escape him. On the contrary, he received the laurelled scholar with his blandest and most deceptive smile, graciously according him his hand; and, apparently not content with this inark of lis friendship, instantly atter raising him from his kneeling posture, and, cordially embracing him.

An irrepressible murmur of applause following this act of gracious condescension, showed that Hemi had not misealculated its effect upon the enthusiastic minds of the spectators. In fact, despite his malevolence, he could not be entirely insensible to the influence of the scene ; and, in common with all present, felt and recognised the majesty and might of mind, and its wondrous combination in the present case with personal advantages. He knew he was in the presence of one of the master spirits of the age; and for an instant, forgetting Esclaimonde, half persuaded himself he was in reality the gracions monarch he was proclamed by his courtiers.

There was one, however, who viewed his conduct in a different light: but she was mute.
"Vive lo Roi !-Vive notre bon Hemriot!" cried Chicot, who had withdrawn himself on Crichton's approach, addressing the Vicomte de Joyeuse, who stood near him; "The grande Rue Saint-Jacques appears to be the high road to his majesty's favour. Hencelorth, we shall all become scholars, and I may exchange my fool's bauble for a folio, my cockscomb for the cappia rotunda, and my surcoat for the prescribed tabului seu houssice longe of the college of Navarre. How say you? It is only a year or two since our dear Hemriot took to the study of Latin in the grammar of Denon. It is never too late to learn; and if the good Pantagruel propounded nine thousand, seven hundred, sixty-and-four conchusions, as his historian, Maitre Alcofribas Nasier, affirmeth, why should not I offer a like number for controversy ?"
"Nay, I see no reason to the contrary," replicd Joycuse. "Thy conclusions will, in all probability, be as intelligible and irrefragable as those of the sophists; and, as extremes meet, thou mayst be as near to Crichton as the line of intersection which divides the heights of folly from the depth of wisdom will permit. Meantime, pay attention to thy liege and master ; for methinks he is about to bestow a gift on Crichton not unworthy of himself or of the acceptor."

And so it proved. Commanding Crichton to kneel, Henri detached the lesser collar of the Saint Esprit from his throat, and placing the glittering badge around the scholar's neek, umsheathed his sword from its crimson-velvet scabbard, and touching him thrice with the blade upon the shoulder, added, "In the name of God and of our lord and patron, Saint Denis, we create thee, James Crichton, knight commander of the holy and honourable order of
the Saint Esprit! We do not say, support its statutes and maintain its splendour without spot. 'That were needless. The name of Crichton is sulficient to preserve its glory untarnished."
" Your majesty has bestowed upon me a boon which I should have esteemed more than adequate reward for long and zealous service, or for highest desert," replied Crichton, rising. "But as I can call to mind no such service, ean discern no such desert, I must esteem myself wholly unworthy of your distinction. This consideration, however, while it amnihilates all fancied claim to favour, enhances my gratitude; and we shall see whether that feeling prove not a stronger stimulant than interest or ambition. Devotion is all I can offer your majesty. I have a sword, and I redicate it to your cause; blood, and it shall flow in your defence; life, and it shall be laid down at your bidding. Emulative of your own great decrls at Jarnac and Moncontour, beneath your banner, sire-beneath the Oriflamme of France, it shail be my aim to make the holy and illustrious order with which you have invested me, the proudest guerdon of knightly enterprise."
"I accept your devotion, Chevalier Crichton." returned Menri. "I rejoice in your professions, and, by Saint Michael! I am as proud of my knight as my good grandsire, Francois I., was of his fellowship in arms with the fearless and reproachless Bayard. The ceremonial of your installation shall take place on Friday, within the church of the Augustines, where you will take the oath of the Order, and subscribe to its statutes. After the solemnity, you will dine at the Lourre with the whole assembled fraternity of the kniohts commanders, and in the meantime, that nothing may be omitted, our treasurer will have it in charge to disburse to your uses our accustomed benefice of eight hundred crowns."
"Sire, your favours overwhelm me."
" Tut!" interrupted Henri, " I would not be outdone by my subjects in the expression of our admiration. Besides," he added, smiling; " my conduct, after all, may not be so disinterested as at first sight it would appear. Under any plea, I am glad to include within my newly-instituted and cherished Order, such a name as that of the Admirable Crichton-a name which reflects more lustre on us, than knighthood can confer upon you. Freely as it was made, I acsept your pledge.-I may, anon, take you at your word, and require a service at your hands."
" Ask my lifc-'tis yours, sire."
" Enough-I am well content."
As Henri spoke, a half-stifled sob was heara, proceeding fromi some one near him. The sound reached Crichton's ears, and smote, he knew not why, like a presare of ill upon his heart.

Henri could searecly conceal his exultation. "I will no longer detain my guests," he said, " this audience must be dull work to them; and, in sooth, I am tived by it myself. Let the ballet proceed."

Accordingly, the king's pleasure being made known, the musicians instantly struck up a lively strain, the maskers dispersed to comment upon the seene they liad witnessed, and the ball recommeneed with more spirit than before.

## CHAPTER IV.

## C.ATHERINE DE MEDICIS.

Voilà pourquoi j’ai par quelque temps fait conscience d'écrire cet échantillon de la vie et des aetions de Catherine de Moricis :- pour ce que cette femme est un matif tablean et exemplaire de tyrannic en ses deportemens publies, et de toutes sortes de vices en ses plus privés.

Hexm Etiense. Discours Merreillour de lu Vie de Catherine de Médic:s.
"Par la mort dieu! mon cher Crichton," said Henri in a languid tone, helping himself to some of the perfumed confectionery which he carried in his escarcelle, "I am quite taken with the brilliancy and whitences of your collin. I thought my Courtray gauderomeurs inimitable, but your artist far exceeds those Flemish pretenders. I am critical in such matters, you know-Heaven havine endued me with a taste for costume."
"'True, gossip," replied Chicot. "It is not for nothing that you have acquired the titles of Gauderomeur des Collets de votre Femme, et Mercier du Palais."
"Corbien, messicurs!" continued Hemi, heedless of the interruption, and apparently struck with a bright idea, "I abandon for ever my pet project, the plat Saiut Jean, and direct you henceforth to assume the collar à la Crichton!"
"Your majesty will then do manifest injustice to your own inrention," saic Crichton, "loy so styling my poor imitation of your own surpassing original; and I pray you not to alter the designation of a vestment which appears to have some importance in your eyes. Let it bear the name of him alone to whom the merit of the conception is duc. I can by no means consent to hold honours which do not belong to me; and no one would think for an instant of disputing with your majesty the eminence you have so justly attained."
" You flatter me," replied Henri, smiling; "but still I must retain our opinion. And now a truce to compliment. Do not let me detain you, mon cher, nor you, messeigneurs, I know you love the dance. The Navarroise is just struck up. That figure has always attraction for our sister Marguerite. Pray ye, solicit the farour of her hand."

With a smile like a sumbeam, the royal Circe extended her hand to Crichton, as he advanced towards her. 'That smile went like a dareger to the heart of Esclairmonde.
"An instant, madame," said Crichton. "Ere I quit his majesty's presence I have a suit to prefer:"
"Say on," replied Hemri.
"W Were my intercession in your behall needful, you should have it," said Marguerite de Valois, "but your interest with the king our brother is greater than my own."
"Still let me have your voice, madame," returned Crichton, "for my solicitation refers to one of your own sex. My life wals saved this morning by a disguised Venetian girl, and I have since ascertained that her life is threatened by the trator Ruggieri."
"'Traitor !" cechoed Catherine de Medicis, starting to her feet, and fixing a fierce glance upon Crichton-" ha ! consider well what you advance, messire-this pertains to me-Ruggieri a traitor!-to whom?"
"To his sovereign, madame-to the king, your son," answered Crichton, resolutely returning Catherine's gaze.
"By Notre Dame! this concerns me, it would seem," said Henri. "Nay frown not, madame. Since his reported medication of my brother Charles's beverage, I have ever misdoubted your Astrologer ; and, to speak truth, I wonder not at Crichton's charge ; for the countenance of Ruggieri carries treason in every wrinkle. But I will not judge him unheard. But first let us know more of this Venetian girl. How is she threatened by Ruggieri ?"
"She is his prisoner, sire," replicd Crichton, "confined within the turret, belonging to her majesty, near the Hôtel de Soissons. I have myself penetrated the turret, where I heard moans, and saw her through the bars of her cell--"
"And you dared to force your way thither!" exclaimed Catherine-"by my right hand, messire, you shall repent your temerity!"
"The girl risked her life for mine, madame,-my head shall be the price of her deliverance."
"I take you at your word, messire. You shall have the girl if you will adventure ", again within my tower."
"Beware, beware," whispered Marguerite de Valois, pressing Crichton's hand tenderly; "as you value my love, say no more. See you not, she smiles; one step more, and you tread upon your grave."
" It matters not," replied Crichton, withdrawing his hand from the clasp of the Queen of Navarre. "Your Majesty's threats," he added, addressing Catherine de Medieis, "will hardly deter me from the exceution of an enterprise in which my honour is at stake."
"Ha! braved!" cried Catherine
"No, no,", said Marguerite, imploringly-" He does not brave you, mother."
"I only uphold the oppressed," said Crichton. "My head bo the penalty of my failure."
"Be it so," answered Catherine, reseating herself.
"And en attendant, Chevalice Crichton, you withdraw the charge of treason which you preferred against Ruggieri ?" said Henri.
"No, sire," replied Crichton, "I accuse Cosmo Ruggieri, Abbé of Saint-Mahé, of high treason and lèze-majesté, and of machinations against the state. These charges I will substantiate against him by proof unquestionable."
" By what proof "" demanded Henri.
"By this seroll, sire, set forth in alchemieal characters; unintelligible it may be to your majesty, or to any one here assembled; but which my acquaintance with its cypher enables me to interpret. This seroll, exhibiting a scheme for the destruction of your life, scized within Ruggieri's retreat, upon his own table, with the traces of his own ink searce dried uponit, furnishes proof incontrovertible of a dark conspiracy against your safety, of which this accursed astrologer is the chief instrument. Let his person be secured, sire; and, difficult of comprehension as the mystic letters of this document appear, I undertakc to make them clear and evident as his guilt is black and damning to the tribunal before which he shall be arraigned."

Henri looked for an instant irresolutely towards his mother. Ruggieri was about to east himself at the King's fect, but at a gesture from Catherine he remained stationary, regarding Crichton with a scowl of bitterest animosity. "Your boasted powers of logic, Chevalier Crichton," said the Qucen Mother, "might have taught you that from unsound premises false conclusions must come. If you have no further proof against Ruggieri than that adduced from this document, your charge falls to the ground."
"Not so, madame; this eypher implicates a higher power than Ruggicri."
"It does proceed from a higher source than that of Ruggicri," replicd Catherine. "That scroll is my contrivance."
" Yours, madame!" exclaimed Henri, in surprise.
" Question me not further, my son," returned Catherinc. . Be assured that I wateh over your interests with maternal solicitude; and that if I work in darkness, I have only ore aim-the maintenance of your glory and power. Hereafter you shall know the real purport of this scroll. Leave the eares of rule to me."
" I'uero regnante, fomina imperante,' whispered Chicot.
"'This hair-brained youth has marred one of my best-laid plans," continued Catherine, scomfully; " but I pardon his indiscretion, for his zeal in your behalf, Henri. But let him use more caution in future. Zeal over much becomes officiousness, and will as such be punished."
"'The zeal you reprobate, madame," replicd Crichton, proudly, " prompts me, at the peril perhaps of my life, to tell you, that eren you are the dupe of Rugegieri. 'This scroll is not what you suppose it."
"Ina!" cxclaimed Catherine.
"From its tenor I am satisfied it is not the document he had your authority to prepare."
"Now, by our Lady! this insolence passeth all endurance," cried Catherine, firionsly. "Henri, your sire would have hewed off his best knight's spurs at the heel ere your mother's word had been doubted!"
"Do not irritate yourself, madame," replied the king, coolly. "The Chevalier Crichton's chief fault in your eyes appears to be his anxiety for my safety, for which I own I find it diflicult to blame. With all your subtlety, you are no match for Ruggicri. And I would willingly hear my advocate out ere I relinquish an investigation which appears to involve such important consequences to my safety."

Catherine grew pale, but she spoke with calmness.-" Proceed, sir," she said, addressing Crichton, "the king wishes it. I will answer you."
"To prove to you, madame," said Crichton, "how muel you have been deceived, I will ask you whether it was by your authority this image was prepared ?" And Crichton drew forth from his pourpoint a small waxen figure representing the king.
"Par Notre Dame de Bon Secours," stammered Henri, growing white, in spite of his ronge, with choler and affright, "an image of myself-ha!-"
"Pierced with a poignard to the heart, sire," replied Crichton "" Behold where the puncture is made!"
"I see it-I see it," ejacalated Henri. "Ave Maria!"
"Sire," exclaimed Ruggieri, flinging himself at the King's feet, "hear me-hear me-"
"Away, infidel dog!" cricd Henri, spurning Ruggieri from him: "thy touch is pollution."

Exclamations of horror burst from the group immediately around the king. Swords flashed from their scabbards; and had it not been for the interference of Catherine de Medicis, to whose knees the affrighted astrologer clung in mortal terror, he would have been slaughtered on the spot. "Back, messeigneurs!" exclaimed Catharine, rising and spreading her arms over" Ruggieri; "strike lim not-he is innocent-on your allegiance I charge you, sheathe your swords!"
"Be tranquil, gentlemen," said the king, who had by this time collected himself-" Par la Mort-Dieu! I will deal with thi; traitor myself. A waxen figure, forsooth! Let me look at it nearer. By my faith! the lnave has canght my lineaments far better than my sculptor, Barthélemy Prieu!!-a dagger in the heart-I have felt a strange pain in my side these three days. Is this accursed image the handiwork of Ruggicri?"
"Undoubtedly, sire," replicd Crichton.
"'Tis false, sirc. I had no hand in its manufacture. By my salvation, I swear it," cjaculated the affrighted astrologer.
"Thy salvation!" cchoed Chicot, with a scream of" derision"ha! ha! thou hast long since lost all chance of salvation! Rather swear by thy perdition, miscreant abbé."
"I found it within his chamber," said Crichton. "Your majesty will treat the superstitious device with the scorn such a futile attempt agrainst your safety merits. But this consideration will not relieve Ruggieri from the charge of treasonable practices against your life. For like attempts, La Mole and Coconnas were adjudged to the block."
"And on the scafiold he dies," replied the king, " if this offence be proved agrainst him. The question shall enforce the truth. After this, madame," continued Henri, addressing his mother, "I think you will seareely seek to advocate further the conduct of your astrologer."
"W Were I satisfied of his gruilt, assured̀ly not, my son," returned Catherine. "But what proof have we that the whole of this accusation is not a contrivance of this fair-spoken Scot, to rid himself of a foe, for such he confesses Ruggieri to be?"
"You speak the truth, madame," cried the astrologer, "I will satisfy lis majesty of my innocence-and of the seigneur Crichton's motive for this aceusation. Grant me but time."
"I have said that a higher power than that of Ruggieri was implicated in this matter," returned Crichton. "I hat power is - "
"Forbear!" cried the astrologer, "lead me to the rack; but utter not that name ; you know not what you would do."
"Villain!" exclaimed Crichton; "you find I am too well acquainted with your crimes. I have read the secrets of your heart. I would confront you with him you have betrayed. Would he were here to confound you with his presence!"
"He is here," replied a masked figure, stepping suddenly forward.
"The mask!" exckaimed Crichton.
"As I live, the mask in person!" said Henri. "I begin to have some insight into all this mystery."

A momentary pause suceceded, during which no one spoke. The mask at length broke silence. "The charge you have brought against Ruggieri, Chevalier Crichton," he said, sternly, "is false, unfounded, and malicious; and that you have made it wilfully, and knowing it to be such, I will approve upon you by mortal combat; to which, as Ruggicri's voluntary champion, I here defy you."
"And will you undertake the felon Ruggieri's defence? Will you draw your sword in his behalf ?" asked Crichton, with a look of incredulity and surprise.
"King of France," said the mask, dropping upon one knee before Henri, "I beseech your majesty to grant me right of combat i $l$ 'ontrance with all weapons, and without favour agrainst the Chevalier Crichton."

Henri hesitated.
"Nay, my son," replied Catherine, "this is my quarrel-not Ruggieri's- 1 am glad to find I lave one sword ready to start from its scabbard in my behalf. Yon cannot refuse this appeal."
"You have our permission, then," returned Henri.
"I here, then, repeat my defiance," said the mask, rising haughtily, and hurling his glove to the ground. "I challenge you, Chevalier Crichton, to make good your accusation with your life."
"Enough," returned Crichton," I accept the challenge, and I counsel you, sir, not to throw aside your mask when you draw your blade in a cause so infamous. I am well content that Ruggieri's fate be left to the decision of my land. Joyeuse," he continued, " may I calculate upon your scrvices in this matter?"
"Most certainly," replied the vicomte, "but will not your adversary favour us with his name or title? As a commander of the Saint-Esprit you are aware you cannot fight with one of inferior rank?"
"If I am satisfied, Monsieur le Vicomte," replied the mask, haughtily, "to waive that consideration, a cadet of fortune like the Chevalier Crichton will have little need to take exceptions. We mect as equals only with our swords."

So saying, the mask disdainfully placed his ungloved hand upon the hilt of his rapicr. Crichton regarded lim fixedly for a moment.
"Sir mask," he said, at length, in a tone of cold contempt, " whoever you may be, and I have no desire to publish your incognito, whatever blood may flow in your veins, be it derived from prince or peer, I hold it cheap as water in the unworthy cause you have espoused; and were you base-born vassal, as I beiieve you to be honourable gentleman, and your quarrel the right, it would weigh more with me than noblest lineage, or proudest blazonry. Cadet of fortune I am, no doubt. Nevertheless, even the royal Henri might cross swords with me without degradation. On either side my ancestry is illustrious. My blood is that of the Stuart, my heritage, an untarnished name; my portion, a stainless sword. In God and Saint Andrew I place my trust!"
"Bravely spoken," cried Saint Luc.
"You are satisfied of your antagonist's rank: ?" asked Joyeuse of Crichton.
"I will answer for him," said Henrr.
The vicomte raised the glove, and thrust it in his girdle.
"Whom may I have the honour of addressing as your second, seigneur?" asked Joyense, in a tone of constrained courtesy.
"The Duke de Nevers," replied the mask, haughtily.
"Vive Dieu!" exclaimed the vicomte, "this is better than I anticipated. Monsieur le Duc, I shall be delighted to confer with you on this ducl."

At the mention of his mame, the Duc de Nevers, a grave and stately nobleman, wearing the full insignia of the order of the Saint

Esprit, stepped forward, in some astonishment, but, after having conversed an instant with the mask, he advancel, and with a formal salutation took Crichton's glove from the hand of the vicomte.
"Mort-Dien! messeigneurs," said Henri, "I had rather the whole seience of astrology were exterminated, together with all its idolatrous professors, than that you should battle to each other upon grounds so frivolous, and for a cause so unworthy of your swords. Howerer, since you will have it so, I will not oppose your inclinations. Let the combat take place at noon to-morrow, within thie hall of ams. My pleasure, however, is that in lieu of the duel with rapier and dagger,-which, remembering the end of Caylus and Mangiron, I interdict, - that you break a lance together in the lists. On the issue of the third comec, let the astrologer": fate depend. I will not have the life of a valiant cavalier, or of one dear to me, sacrificed in this worthless disputc. Meantime, Ruggieri shall be placed under the safeguard of the walls of the Châtelet, to abide the issue of the encounter, and may God defend the right!"
"I will answer for Ruggieri's attendance," said Catherine de Medicis. "Let him be escorted to my turret. I will place my own guard over him."
"As you please, madame,", returned IIenri, " but have a care you produce him at the lists."
"Fear me not, my son."
"And now, sir mask," said the king, turning round. "MortDicu, vanished!-"
"And now for the Navarroise," said Crichton, taking the hand of Marguerite de Valois.
"I thonght you had forgotten it," replied the quecen, smiling ; "but let us go-I am wearied of this erowd. We shall, at least, be alone in the dance."

And, all eyes following their majestic figures, they swept down the saloon.

While this was passing, Catherine motioned Ruggieri to approach her. 'The astrologer threw himself' at her feet, as if imploring compassion. "I would question thee ere thou depart," she said, aloud, adding in a whisper, "this combat must never take place."
"It must not," returned the astrologer.
"I will find means to prevent it. Give me the phial thou hast ever with thee-the Borgia tincture."
". That were too tardy, madame:- this potion you will find more eflicacious. It is the same deadly mixture as that prepared, by your majesty's orders, for the Admiral Coligni, which you entrusted to his valet, Dominique D'Albe."
"No more-I will find a surer agent than that timid slave," said (hatherine, taking the phial which Rurgieristipped into her hands; " 1 must see the mask to-night," she continued. "Give me the
key of thine inner chamber in the turret-I will instruct him how to come thither unperceived, by the subterranean passage from the Hôtel de Soissons."
" 'The key is here, madame," replied the astrologer.
"Let Ruggieri be removed," said Catherine, aloud; " and a triple guard placed at the portal of our hotel. Suffer none to go forth, nor to enter, save at our order."
"Your highness's commands shall be obeved," said Larchant, advaneing towards Ruggieri, and surrounding him with some halfdozen halberdiers.
"And your devilish schemes cireumrented," added Chicot, gliding from the fauteuil of the queen-mother, whither he had crept unperceived; " and, now to apprise Crichton of his danger ! -Mort-Dicu!-I tremble lest our Jezebel should find an opportunity of effecting her accursed designs."

Full of apprehension for Crichton's safety, the jester was about to follow the course taken by the Scot and his illustrious partner, but he found them surrounded by such a crowd of eager spectators, that approach was next to impossible. Ho was constrained, therefore, to remain stationary. Presently, a lively flourish of music told that the Navarroise had commenced ; and all the jester could discern was the tall and majestic figure of Crichton revolving with that of the queen in the rapid circles of the dance. Round after round they whirled-the music each instant increasing the rapidity of its movements, till Chicot's brain began to spin like the giddy measure he witnessed.

Suddenly, the strains ceased. "Now is my opportunity," exclaimed the jester, preparing to dart forward.

At that instant he was arrested by a voice behind him. It was that of the king, with the hand of a masked maiden within his own. Hemri stood by his side. "Follow me, compère," whispered the monarch, "I have need of thy assistance. I shall require a mask and domino, and a hat with plumes, unlike those I am accustomed to wear. Follow me!"
:" An instant, sire, $\qquad$ "
"Not a second! Keep near me; I will not have thee quit my sight. Come, demoiselle," added Henri, with a triumphant look at his companion ; "you shall now be satisfied of your lover's perfidy."

Chicot did not hear the words; but he saw the lady tremble violently, as the king dragged her on.
"Malediction!" mentally he exclaimed. "Escape is now impossible! Crichton must take his chance."

## CHAPTER V.

## MALGUEIITE DE VALOIS.


#### Abstract

Ah! que le temps est hien changé à celuy que quand on les royoit danser tous deux en la grande salle du bal, d'une belle accordance, et de bonue volonté. Si l'un avoit belle majesté, l'autre ne l'avoit pas moindre.

Brantòme: Dames Illustres, Dis. V.


Maheubite de Valois, consort of Henri of Navarre, afterwards Ifemi IV'., was now in the full éclat of her almost umrivalled bealty. Smitten by her nascent charms, Ronsard proclained her, in her fifteenth spring, La belle Charité l'asithée. Nor was the appellation unmerited. Chielled by the Apollonian sculptor, Aglaia never rose upon the view more surpassingly lovely. Some of her after-admirers distinguished her by the title of Vemus Urania; and we might follow in their steps, had we not been forewarned that such description-high-flown as it appearswas wholly inadequate to her matchles attractions. Hear what the Abbe de Brantome says on the subject :-" Encore croit-on," he writes, "que par l'adris de phusicurs jamais Déesse ne fut veue plus belle, si bien que pour jublier ses beautez, ses mérites, et ses vertus, il fandroit que Dieu allongeast le Monde, et haussast le cie! plus qu'il n'est!"-and he concludes his panegyric by averring, that by her side all the goddesses of old, and empresses, such as we see them represented on the ancient medals, however pompously arrayed, would appear little better than chambermaids-(que chumbrières an prix d'elle!') No wonder when her chmonicler sent this ćloge for Marguerite's inspection, she should return it, saying, "I would have praised you more, had you praised me less."

But due allowance being made for the worthy abbés warmth of style, which carried him a little into extremes, no doubt can be exist as to Margucrite's eminent personal attractions; and that she ranked as beautiful amongst the beautiful, even in the age that produced Mary Stuart.

Marguerite's eyes were large and dark, liquid, impassioned, Yoluptuous, with the fire of France, and the tenderness of Italy, in their beams. An anchorite could scarce have resisted their witchery. And then her features! How shall we deseribe their dascination? It was not their majesty-yet they were rajestic as those of her mother-(grace, in fact, is more majestical than majesty's self, and Marguerite was eminently graceful)-it was not their recrularity-yet they were regular as the severest judgment might exact-it was not their tint-though Margucrite's skin was dazzlingly fin- but it was that expression which resides not in form, but which, emanating from the soul, impurte, like the sun to the landscape, light, life, and loveliness. This it was that constituted she charm of Marguerite's featuras.

The Queen of Navarre's figure was full and faultless; or, if it had a fault, it might be deemed by those who think emboupoint incompatible with beauty, a little too redundant. But then if you complained of the Hebe-like proportion of her swelling shoulders, surely the slender waist from which those shoulders sprang would content you. The cestus of Venus would have spanned that waist; and didspan it for aught we know-Margucrite's fascination, indeed, would almost warrant such a conclusion. Her throat was rounded and whiter than drifted snow-"Jamais n'en fut vue," says her historian, "une si belle, ny si blanche, si pleine, ny si charnue." Her hands -the true Medici's hand-(Ronsard did well to liken them to the fingers of the young Aurora-rose-dyed, dew-steeped)-were the snowiest and smallest ever beheld-her feet were those of a fairy, and the ankles that sustained them, fine and fairy-like as the feet.

Of her attire, which was gorgeous as her beauty, we dare scarcely hazard a description. We shrink beneath the perilous weight of its magnificence. Brilliants flamed like stars thick set amidst her dusky tresses. Besprent with pearls, her stomacher resembled a silvery coat of mail. Cloth of gold constituted her dress, the fashion of which was peculiar to herself; for it was remarked of her that she never appeared in the same carb twice; and that the costume in which she was seen last, was that which became her most. Be this as it may, upon the present occasion, she had studied to please -and she who pleased without study, could searce fail to charm when it was her aim to do so. Around her fail throat hung a necklace of cameos, while in one hand mignonuement engantelé, as Rabelais hath it, she heid a kerchief fringed with golden lace, and in the other a fan of no inconsiderable power of expansion.

In accomplishments, Margucrite might vie with any queen on record. Gifted with the matual eloquence of her grandsire, Francis the First, her own Memoirs amply testify her literary attainments -while her unpremeditated reply, in elecrant latinity, to the Bishop of Cracovia, may be brought in evidence of the extent of her classical information, proving her no unworthy descendant, as she was the inheritress of the kingdom and of the name, of the amiable and virtuous Marguerite dic Valois, spouse of Henri d'Albert, King of Navarre, and authoress of the Heptancron, and of the Miroir dune âme Pecheresse, and sumamed ia Marguerite des Marguerites -or pearl of pearls. Margnerite was the friend of the arts, and cultivator of poesy; and if her predecessor could boast of the friendship of Melancthon and Clément Marot, she was not less fortunate in the devotion of Ronsard and Brantôme, besides a host of minor luminaries. But if she had many friends and panegyrists, she had likewise mumerous enemies and detractors; and to discover how busy seandal was with her reputation, we have only to turn to the pages of the Divorce Sutirique, published under the name and with the sanction of her husband, Henri IV.

Her life, a mixture of derotion and levity, presents one of those
singular amomalies of which her sex have oceasionally furnished examples; and which, without calling her sincerity in question(for Marguerite, though profligate, was not a dissembler, like the rest of her family)-can only be reconciled upon such grounds as those on which Shelley sceks to harmonise the enormities, and yet continuous prayers and prostrations, of the ruthless Cenci. "Religion," he acutely remarks, "in a Catholic has no comnexion with any one virtuc. The most atrocions villain may be rigidly devout, and, without any shock to cstablished faith, confess himself to be so. Religion pervades intensely the whole frame of society, and is, according to the temper of the mind which it inhabits, a passion, a persuasion, an excuse, a refuge; never a check." Marguerite, we have observed, was no hypocrite-her undisguised excesses attest the very reverse. With her, religion was a passion. One half of her existence was abandoned to a round of indulgences-the other to exereises of devotion, or to what would bear the name of devotion. She would hear three masses at day-une haute, les denx autres petites*-would communicate thrice a week, and perform sundry acts of self-intlicted penance; but this inordinate zeal offered no interruption to her irregularitics; on the contrary, it appeared to lend piquancy to them. Satiated with amusenent, she retired to pray with renovated fervour; and she issued from her oratory with a now :lppetite for sin.

With her after-sorruws we have no concern; nor with the darker period of her existence, when, in the tonching words of the poetical jesuit, Lemoine, she became-

> Epouse sans époux, et reine sans rovaume;
> Vaine ombre do passé, grand et noble fiutôme.

Our business is with the brighter portion of her carcer-cre care had stricken her, or sorrow robbed hee of a charm.

Of the errace and elegance of Margucrite de Valois in the dance, Brantôme has left us the most rapturous particulars. With loverlike enthusiasm he dilates upon her majestic carriage, and indeseribable fascinations; an' the vivid portrait he has taken of the lovely queen (sketehed at some such seene as that we are now attempting to describe) blooms, breathes, and stands before us in all its orginal beauty and freshness-a splendid "phantom of delight," sparkling within that gallery of high-born dames and gallant cavaliers which he has preserved for the gaze of the world.

With Crichton's supremacy in the somewhat tritling, but then highly estimated art which

> Teacheth lavoltas high, and swift corantos,
with his perfect mastership of all its difficulties-(for in those days, when Italy, Spain, and Germany, and almost cach province of France contributed their quota of figures and national peculiarities,
the dance had its difficulties) with his unequalled possession of all its graces, the reader, aware of the universal scope of his accomplishments, must be already acquainted. He was accounted the most proficient in the dance at a court, each member of which would probably have been considered in the same important light in any other in Europe. Henri III. was passionately fond of the amnsement, and largely indulged init. In earlier days, Catherinede Medicis had been no less partial to the dance, and Marguerite de Valois, as we know, held it in high esteem. All the courtiers, therefore, emulons of distinction in their sovereign's eyes, bestowed unremitting attention upon this accomplishment, and it was no slight merit to eclipse in skill performers of such consummare ability. As in the hall of arms, the arena of learning, the tourncy, the chace, or other excreises in which strength or dexterity is concerned-so in the ball-room Crichton outstripped all competitors. From the inimitable "constitution of his lee," it world seen, "that he was born under the star of a galliard." Terpsichore might have presided at his nativity.

It was Crichton's remarkable spirit, displayed in one of the wild and national dances of his own country, then little known, or regarded as semi-barbarian in the polite court of France, and perhaps seen there for the first time when he undertook it, that first attracted the attention of the Queen of Navarre towards him, and afterwards riveted her regards. With Crichton, it was indeed that poctry of motion, that inspiration of look and gesture (terms idly applied in these later days to the performances of the hired artist), cailed into play by the agency of the dance, and giving to that light and erraceful pastime its highest and most imaginative character. In him, the dance was not a medium for the display of brilliant and faultless execution of paces, and flourishing of limb. His action-lis impersonation, we might almost say, of the melody by which his movements were guided-was fanciful, inspiriting, harmonious, as the melody itself. We question whether the pyrrhic, or enoplian dance of old, or hyporchematic measure were ever executed with more fervour and inspiration, or produced more thrilling eflects upon the beholders than Crichton's performances. The same ease-the same unconscious grace, which accompanied his demeanour on the parade, followed him in the volte, the bransle, or the pazzameno. In each, like mastery was exhibited-in each were the varions involutions required preserved; bat, change the figure as often as he might, one expression pervaded ail--in that expression, mattainable by other aspirants, resided his superiority.

Whether upon the present oceasion Crichton felt inspired by the presence and acclamations of the vast assemblage-the gaze of which he felt was fixed upon him-or whether he was resolved to show how incxhanstible were his energies, we know not; but he appeared to surpass himself. Such was the springy lightness with
which he bounded through the rapid Navarroise (a species of waltz peculiar to the pleasint land from which it derived its name), that his foot searecly seemed to touch the floor, or if it did alight upon it, it was only as Antans acquired fresh vigour fom his mother earth, to gain elasticity from the momentary contact. A movement so rapid and whirling as to have turned the heads of any less practised than the admirable Scot and his royal partner, brought the dance to a epirited and striking conclusion.

All etiquette was forgotten. An irrepressible excitement took possession of the spectators-vicats and bravos resounded on all sides-the burnished roof of the grand saloon re-echoed with the plaudits, and the effect produced upon the courtly throng by the briliiant achierements of the distingnished couple, seemed to be precisely similar to that which results from the most electrifying eflects of the divinities of the ballet.

Never had Narguerite appeared so animated; even her dames of honour were surprised at her unusual elation. "Mon dien! I have never seen her majesty execute that dance with so much spirit since I first beheld it," said La Fossense, " when her partner was Henry of Navarre, and the occasion her own espousal."
"Her majesty has all the air of a bride now," returned La Rebours, pensively. This fair demoiselle, whom Margucrite in her Memoirs terms " mue fille maliciense. qui ne m'uinoit pus," became shortly afterwards the chicf favourite of Henri of Navarre. It might be presentiment.
"Poh!" replied La Torigni, "I remember the night La Fosseuse speaks of well. By my reputation, I have reason to do so. Henri of Navarre was a mere lump of rusty armour compared with the Chevalier Crichton, who vaults in the dance as if he had stolen the wings of Icarus. Nor does Madane Margucrite appear insensible to the change. She look like a bride, ma foi! you ought to know better La Rebours. Even if she have it not, your bride is sure to affect a bashfulness, and you camot lay any exeess of that sort to Madame Marguerite's charge at the present moment."
"Why no," replied La Rebours, " not exactly; but Henry makes a charming partner."
"As to the spirit with which she dances," continucd the sprightly Torigni, "her muptial ball was nothing to it. But what say you? Iou recollect that night, I dare say, Abbé de Brantome ?"
"Perfectly," replicd Brantome, with a significant glance, "then it was Mars, now Apollo and Venus are in conjunction."

While Marguerite de Valois remained panting within Crichton's arms with one hand retained within his own, and her waist still encircled by the other-with her eyes, to the neglect of all observers, passionately fixed upon lis gaze, a masked cavalier, enveloped in a black domino, and wearing a hat sumounted by sable plumes, accompanied by a dame whose features were concealed by a viuletcoloured vizasd, took up a position opposite to them.
"Do you note their looks? Do you mark their caressing hands ?" asked the cavalier of his compunion.
"I do-I do ?" was her reply.
"Look again."
"My cyes dazzle-I can sce no longer.
"You are satisfied, then ?"
"Satisfied, oh! my head burns-my heart throbs ahmost to bursting-horrible emotions possess me. Heaven give mestrength to conquer them-prove-prove him false-prove that-and-"
"Have I not proved it? No matter; you shall hear him avow his perfidy with his own lips, shall behold him scal it with his kisses. Will that content you ?"

The maiden's reply, if her agitation permitted her to make any, was unheard in the din of a fresh burst of music, which struck up in answer to a wave of Du Halde's wand. The grave and somewhat grandiose character of the strain, announced an accompaniment to the Pavanne d'Espagne, a dance not inaptly named after the strutting bird of Juno, which had been recently introduced from the court of Madrid into that of Paris, by the ambassador of Philip II., and which, in consequence of the preference entertained for it by Marguerite de Valois, was, notwithstanding that its solemn and stately pace harmonised more completely with the haughty carriage of the grandees of Spain than with the livelier bearing of the French noblesse, now greatly in vogue anongst the latter.

La Pavanne d'Espagne, which had some of the stiffness with more than the grace of the old minuet de la cour, presented a stroner contrast to the national dance that preceded it . In the one all was whirl, velocity, abandonment; in the other, dignity, formality, gravity. The first was calculated to display the spirit and energy of the performers ; the second exhibited their grace of person and majesty of deportment.

As, in accordance with the haughty prelude to the figure-a slow martial strain breathing of the proud minstrelsy of Old Castile, interrupted at intervals by the hollow roll of the Moorish atabal-he drew his lofty person to its utmost height, his eyes blazing with chivalrous fire, awakened by the vaunting melody, and his noble features lighted up with a kindred expression, the beholder might have imagined he beheld some glorious descendant of the Cid, or inheritor of the honours of the renowned Pelayo.

Advancing towards the Queen of Navarre with a grave and profound salutation, he appeared to solicit the honour of her hand, to which courteous request Marguerite, who, for the nonce, assumed all the hauteur and august coquetry of an infanta, disdainfully answered by conceding him the tips of those lovely fingers which Ronsard had likened to the rosy digits of the daughter of the dawn. Here began that slow and stately procession fiom which the dance
obtained its designation, and in which its chicf grace consisted. Hand in hand they sailed down the saloon
"Like two comparion barks on Cyndus' wave,"
a prouder couple nerer graced those festal halls. With a pace majestic as that of a king about to reccive the crown of his ancestry, Crichton pursued his course. Murmurs of admiration marked his steps.

Nor was Marguerite de Yalois without her share of admiration, though our gallantry may be called into question, if we confess that the meed of applanse was chicily bestowed on Crichton. With the fail Queen of Navarre, we have observed, this dance was an especial favourite; and justly so, for it was the one in which she most excelled. In its slow measure the spectator had full leisure to contemplate the gorgeous majesty and resplendent loveliness of her person; in its pauses, her surpassing dignity and quecnly grace were bronght into play; in its gayer passages-for even this grave dance had a pleasant admixture of spirit (the sunshine stolen from its clime)-her amimation and fire were shown; while in its hanghtier movements was manifested the fine disdain she knew so well how to express.
"By Apollo!" exclaimed Ronsard, as soon as the vivats which followed the conclusion of the lavame had died away, "the whole scene we have just witnessed reminds me of one of those old and golden legends wherein we read how valour is assailed by sorcery, and how the good knight is for a time spell-bound by the enthraling enchantress."
"Certes, la bella Aleina was but a prototype of Marguerite," said Brantome.
"And Orlando of Crichton," added La Torigni.
"Or Rinaldo," continued La Fosseuse. "He is the very mirror of chivalry."
"He must have more skill than Ulysses to break the snares of his Circe," whispered Ronsard.
"Truc," replied Brantôme, in the same tone. "It was not without good reason that Don Juan of Austria said to me when he first beheld her pecrless charms:- ' Your Queen's beauty is more divine than human, but is she the more likely to drag men to perdition than to save them!'"

Turning then to the maids of honour, the abbe added aloud"The mistake in all matters of enchantment appears to be, that your knight errant should ever desire to burst such agreeable bondage. To me it would be like awakening from a pleasant dream. Ah! were there some grood fairy left who would tempt me-you should see whether I would resist or seek to be disenchanted!"
"Well, of all agrecable dances commend me to the bransle," eaid La Torigni, as that figure was struck up.
"Apropos of temptation, I suppose," said Brantôme ; " for zoia
never look so captivating as when engaged in it, Signora Torigni. For my part I envy the Chevalier Crichton his success in the dance more than his bonnes fortunes. I never could accomplish a pas."
"A faur pas, I suppose you mean, abbé," whispered Ronsard.
"Indecd!" returned La Torigni. "suppose you take a lesson now. What say you to a turn in the bransle? 'That is the easiest figure of all. Our royal mistress has disappeared with her allaccomplished Scot, so my attendance will be dispensed with for the present. We shall be free from interruption. Never mind your being a little lame-the bransle is the best specific in the woild for the rheumatism. Come along. Monsieur de Ronsard, your gout I know will not permit you, or I would bid you give your hand to La Fosseuse ; but you can at least amuse her with a mot, or perhaps improvise a somet for her entertainment, upon the pretty sight we have just witnessed ; and the more you stuff it with loves and doves, kisses and blisses, gods, goddesses, and heroes, till like a cup of hydromel it overflow with sweetness, the better she will like it. Your hand, abbé." And, despite his remonstrances, the laughing Florentine dragged the reluctant Brantome to the bransle.

Slowly, meanwhile, glided along Crichton and the Queen of Navarre. Neither spoke-neither regarded the other-the bosoms of both were too full; Marguerite's of intense passion-Crichton's of very different emotions. He felt the pressure of her arm-the throbbing of her bosom, but he returned not the pressure, neither did his heart respond to those ardent pulsations. A sudden sadness secmed to overspread his features; and thas in silence they wandered along, inhaling new clouds of flattering incense from cach worshipping group they passed.

Their steps were followed at a wary distance by three other masks, but this circumstance escaped their notice. Marguerite thought of nothing save her lover, and Crichton's mind was otherwise occupied.

Anon they entered a small antichamber opening from the vestibule of the hall of entrance. This room, which was filled with the choicest exotics, and sung around with cages containing squirrels, parrots, and other gaily plumaged birds, was for the moment deserted even of the customary attendants.

Margucrite glanced cantiously around her, and seeing the room racant, applied a small golden key, which she took from her girdle, to a concealed door, in the side wall. The ralve yielded to the touch-thick tapestry then appeared, which being raised, the pair found themselves within a dimly-lighted chamber, the atmosphere of which struck upon their senses, as they entered, warmly and odoriferonsly. A pric-dien, cushioned with velvet, stood at the farther end of the apartment. Before it, was placed a grolden erucifix. Over the crucifix, hung a Madonna by Raphael; the glowing eclouring of which admirable picture was scarcely discernible by
the faint light of the two perfume-distilling lamps suspended on either side. This room was the oratory of the Queen of Navare.

Scarcely had the lovers gained this retreat when the valve was opened noiselessly behind them-again as cautionsly cosed-and three persons who had thus stealthily obtained admission to the chamber, posted themselves in silence behind the tapestry, the folds of which being slightly drawn aside, enabled them to diseern whatever might be passing within the oratory.

## CHAPTER VI.

## THEORATOMY.

Mare. Tu es jeme, il y a beancoup de belles femmes qui te regardent fort doucument, je le sais. Enfin, on se lase d'une reine comme dinne autre.

Victon Hugo. Marie Tudor.
"Chicutox, mon beau chevalier," exelaimed Margucrite de Yalois, rasing her beantiful head, and gazing fondly and inquiringly into his face, "why are you thus silent and pre-occupied? Amid the prying assemblage we have quitterl-with all eyes upon us and all cars eager to catch our lightest whisper-it were well to observe such caution ; but here this reserve is needless. Is it that your quarrel with the queen, my mother, gives you uneasiness? I cautioned you not to aronse her anger, but you were wilful, and would not listen to my entreatics. Catherine de Medicis is an enemy to be feared ; but younecd have no fear of her. Dread not her poignards-her poisons. I will wateh over your safety, and arrest the secret steel, slonld she point it at your breast. I will prove an antidote against the infected chalice, should its venom touch your lips. Be not afiaid."
"I am not afraid, Marguerite. I will trust to my own arm for deliverance from your mother's assassins, while, for preservation from her poisons, $\bar{I}$ ann content to rely upon forbearance from her banquets."
"That were a vain precaution. The scarf you wear, the flower you smell, the very atmosphere rou breathe, may become the arent of death. Even 1 might be the instrument of her vengeance."
" You, Marguerite!"
"Unconsciously, but you should not fall alone. I will save you, or share your fate."
"How can I repay this devotion?" replicd Crichton, in a tone as if he struggled with some decp and suppressed emotion; "I a:n unworthy of this solicitude. Believe me, I have no fears for my own safety-no dread of poisons, be they subtle as those of Parysades, or Locusta. I possess an assured saferguard against their baneful effects."
" So thought Lernardo Girolamo, yet he perished by the drugs
of Cosmo de Medicic. His was a light offence compared with yours. But a remedy does exist-a counter-poison. Henri and I, alone, possess it. I have sworn to use it only for the preservation of my own existence. You are my existence. You shall have the phial."
" You shall not break your vow, my gracions queen. Nay, I am resolute in this. For me, I repeat, your mother's wrath has no terrors. If it be the will of Heaven that I must fall by the assassin's dagger, or by more secret means, I shail not shrink from my fate, but meet it as beseems a brave man. But my destiny, I feel, is not yet fulfilled. Much remains to be accomplished. My aspirations, my energies, all tend towards one great end. Fate may crown me with success, or crush me in the outset of my carcer. I can have no fore-knowledge, though your mother's starry lore would tell you otherwise-nor, it may be, free-agency. No matter! My aim is fixed-and thus much of the future, methinks, I can read-I shall not perish by the hand of Catherine de Medicis."
"Is not your destiny accomplished, Crichton? Are not your brows bound with laurels? Have you not this day achieved more than man ever achieved before you? Are you not girt with honc urable knighthood? What more remains to be performed ?"
" Nuch-much--"
"Hare you not my love-my derotion-a queen's idolatry, Crichton? You are insatiate in your ambition, seigneur."
" I am insatiate, or how should my desires extend beyond this moment?"
"Crichton, yon no longer love me. Beware-beware; I love you fervently, but I can hate in the same degrec. I am by nature jealous. The Medicis' blood within my veins, fires me to love with desperation, or to resent as strongly. As yet I only love. But if I discover aught to confirm my suspicions-if I find you have breathed words of passion to another, my rival dies, though her destruction cost me my kingdom-that which I hold dearer than my kingdom-yourself. I am a queen, and if I am wronged, will have a queen's revenge."
" Why this sudden frenzy, Marguerite? -whose rivalry do you apprehend ?"
" I know not-I would not know. I look around in dread. At the fête I am beset with fears-here I am assailed with new agonies. My life is one long pang of jealousy. Have I a rival, Crichton? -Answer me-Oh! if I have one, let her avoid my presence."
"Calm yourself, Margucrite.-Banish these idle fancies-"
"Are they fancies, Crichton?-are they idle? Methinks I feel any rival's presence within this chamber-here-here."
"Shall I chide or smile at your folly, my queen ?"
"Again I ask you, are my suspicions groundless? Call to mind your attentions to the Demoiselle Esclairmonde-were they not
sufficient to awaken doubts as to your sincerity to me? Oh Crichton! I have been anxious-miserable since that might; but I am easier now."
" Right-right, sweet Marguerite-but, as you have alluded to her, may I, without reviving your apprehensions, inquire whether Eeclairmonde is at the féte to-night ?"
"She is," replied Margucrite, with a smile.
"I did not observe her," said Crichton, with affected indiffe:ence.
"Yet she was at no great distance from you."
"With the queen your mother?"
"With the king my brother."
"With him!" cjaculated Crichton.
"She stood by IIenri's side when he bestowed this decoration of the Saint Esprit upon you."
" The violet mask!"
"You have gucssed shrewdly."
"And she remained with the king when we quitted the grand saloon!"

Despite his efforts to control himself, Crichton was unable to conceal his emotion. With sarcastic levity Margucrite replied to his question. "Eselairmonde, I must inform you, has, upon her presentation to-night, achieved a conquest no less important than that of his majesty. He is evidently enthralled by her; and (jealousy apart) it must Je owned she is sufficiently charming to warrant his sudden fascination. With Henri it was decidedly love at first sight, which, ridicule it as one may, is the only true love after all. Since she tendered her hand to the king, he has never quitted it; and to judge appearances, he has alrcady made no inconsiderable progress in her affections."
"Ha!" cjaculated Crichton.
"She will have the post of honour at the banquet," continued Nargucrite, "and will be henceforth the reigning favourite, with power absolute over all the court. 'To speak truth, I am not sorry for it, as it nips a rival in the bud, though the queen, my mother. who, I suspect, had other intentions with the demoiselle, may not entirely approve of the arrangement."
"Marguerite, I implore you to return to the fête."
"Crichton, you love this girl," eried Margucrite, furiously.
"I would save her from dishonour. Hear me, Marguerite!Amicl the tainted atmosphere of this court, one pure fair flower blooms and is scen for a moment-the next, a rude hand grasps it -scatters its fragrance to the wind, and levels it with the weeds that grow rife around it. Esclairmonde is that flower--save her from the spoiler's hand. Have pity on her youth-her innocence She is untriended-alone. Be to her a preserver, my gracious queen. You know what Henri's love is-that he spares nought to "oratify his desires. Save her-save her!"
"For you-never-"
" Mistake me not-let not your jealousy confomed my apprehension for her safety with other feelings, which, even if I entertained them, would weigh little with me in comparison with my anciety for her preservation."
"I am sure you love her. Now hear me, Crichton. My husband, Henri of Navarre, demands my presence. This morn a messenger arrived from the camp at Pius. My reply depends on you. Will you form one of my escort? Say you will do so, and I will be myself the bearer of my answer."
"Marguerite, to what end should I go thither? I respect the bravery of Henri of Navarre-I admire his chivalrous character, his bonhommic, his frankness; but having pledged myself to your royal brother's cause, how cam I enlist under hostile bamers? I cannot quit the court of France."
" Do not equivocate, messire, you cannot quit Eschairmondeyou refuse to accompany me."
"'Torture me not thus, Marguerite; for pity's sake, if you will not go with me to the fête, suffer me to return alone."
"Go."
"Margucrite, farewell. I quit you but for an instant."
"For ever."
"For ever! Marguerite, did I hear aright ?"
"Stay!" cried the queen, after a momentary but fearful struggle with herself," stay I command-entreat you-return not to the fête. Have pity on me, Crichton."
"This delay is cruel-even now I may be too late to warn her of her danger. Hemri may triumph if I tarry longer. Margutrite, I the my leave."
"It is true!" exelaimed Margucrite, with a look of unutterable agony, " my frightful suspicions are confirmed. You have never, never loved me-ingrate-deceiver-never-never--"

Crichton would have spoken. Marguerite, however, impetuonsly interrupted him. "Do not forswear yourself. You cannot deccive me longer. Ah, Crichton! Is it possible you can have forgoten-or that you are willing to forget-my tenderness? Is it possible? but I will no longer indulge this weakness-leave me,-go-go !"

Crichton appeared irresolute. Margucrite continued in the same vehement tore "But dare not to approach your minion Esclair-monde-dare not, as you value her life, breathe aught of love or counsel within her ear, for, by my hope of Heaven, if you do so, she survives not the night. Now you are at liberty to departyet stay, you shall not go hence alone. After what I have said, I shall be curious to see how you will attempt to succour this distressed damsel."
"Mort Dieu! Margot, you shall not go far to witness it," sard Henri, thrusting aside the tapestry, and dragging Esclairmonde
forward. "Your own appointment, you perceive, has not. been without witnesses."
"Hemri !' ejaculated Marguerite, stemly, so soon as she recoverea her surprise.
"Eselairmonde!" exclaimed Crichton, recoiling in astonishment and displeasure.

A momentary panse ensucd, during which each party regardeỉ the other in doubt and silence. The king alone appeared easy and unconcerned. He was at home in seencs like the present, and hummed laughingly a light air. Crichton at length spoke.
"Is it crstomary, sire," lie said, in a tone of irony, "with the Fing of France to play the eaves-dropper? I have heard of such practices in Arabian story, but the incident is new to the annals of your reaim."
"In love and war all stratagems are fair," replied Henri, gaily, "and I have the sanction of precept and custom, if I cared for either, for my conduct. All that I desired was to satisfy Esclairmonde of your perfidy. Yon arras afforded us an excellent sereen -not a word of your téte-ìtêle, or of our sister's reproaches escaped us. I thank you for your good opinion of myself; I thank you for your kind intentions in respect to Esclairmonde, and I thank you still more for proving yourself so satisfactorily the inconstant she conceived you to be. Voili tout, chevalier!"
"I congratulate your majesty upon your address," returned Crichton. "few scruples appear to stand in the way of your inclinations."
"Pardien! compere," exclaimed Chicot, who formed part of the group, and who, with difliculty had hitherto restrained limself from interference, "our gossip, I' Ienri, is too great a king not to be exempt from vulgar weaknesses. Delicacy has never been classed amongst his foibles."
" And you, Esclairmonde," said Crichton, somewhat reproachfully, "you have condescended to this-"
$\therefore$ Meanness, you would say," interrupted Marguerite, scornfully. "Give her conduct its proper term-none else will suit it. My heart told me she was beside us. The instinct of hate never deceives."
"You have, then, overheard our converse, demoiselle?" said Crichton.
"I have," replied Esclairmonde, blushing decply.
"And your are aware of the peril in which you stand," added Crichton, looking significantly at Henri as he spoke. "One step more, and all is irretrievable."
" I know it," replied Esclairmonde, distractedly.
"Esclaimonde!" persisted Crichton, "by all that is sacred in your regards, I conjure you listen to my counsels-pause-reflector $y^{\prime}$ ou are lost for ever."
"There is something of the Huguenot about you after aii,


Crichton," interposed Henri. "You preach in a style worthy of an Anabaptist, or Antinomian, and not like the easy galliard I have hitherto supposed you. Esclairmonde is infinitely indebted to you for your agrecable diatribe; but she has had ample time for reflection behind yon arras, and her choice is made. The demoisclle prefers a royal lover, with a heart, a court, rank, title, power, almost half a throne to offer her, to one who has none of these gifts, not even an undivided heart to bestow. Are you answered, messire? ?
" Esclairmonde!" exclaimed Crichton.
"Beware, insensate madman!" eried Margucrite.
" Crichton!" exclaimed Esclairmonde, suddenly extricating herself from the king's grasp, and throwing herself into his arms. "To your protection I commit myself."
"And with my life will I defend you," returned Crichton, clasping her to his bosom.
"I tremble no longer to avow my love: I am yous for ever. I will brave all. We can at least die together !" exclamed Esclairmonde.
" It were bliss to do so," answered Crichton.
"Confusion!" exclaimed the king, "Chicot, our guard." The jester reluctantly quited the oratory.
" Be your wish gratified," exelamed Marguerite, in a tone of bitter derision; "perish together, since you wish it. Henri, I crave a boon from you."
" What is it, Margot ?"
"It is this," replied Margucrite, kindling into fury as she spoke: " that the work of vengeance may be intrusted to my hands; that I, who have witnessed their transports, may witness, also, their pangs. I must have blood, Henri-blood-his blood! Call in the guard. Leave me alone with them-I will see it done. It will gladden me to see a sword drawn."
" I doubt it not, Margot," replied Henri, who had now resumed all the indifference he had previonsly exhibited; "as Du Guast's epitaph can testify. I am in no mooil for butchery. If I should need an executioner, I will call in your aid. But the sword is scarcely required on this occasion. A word will resall the Chevalier Crichton to his senses."
"Be it as you please," repliced Margerite, fiercely. "My own particular wroner shall not pass unavenged."
"Chevalier Crichton," said Hemri, advancing toward the Scot, and, fixing a steadfast glance upon him, addressing him at the same time in a tone of high and prince-like courtesy; "need I remind you of your voluntary proffer of obedience to my mandates? The time is arrived when I hold it fitting to claim fulfiment of your pledge."
"What do you demand, sire?"
"Possession of this damsel."
"Crichton!", shricked Eechirmonde, clinging more closely to ser lurer, " kill me rather than yiele me to him."
"I have his worl," said tiemi, coldly.
"IIe has!-he has!" exclamed Crichton, in accents of desperation. "Take back your title-take back your honours, sire, if they are to be bought hy this sacrifice. 'Take my lifi-my blood -though it dlow drop, by drop-but do not exturt filfilment of a rash promise which, if you claim, you pronounce a sentence upon two heals far more terrible than death :"
"I am to understand, then, messire," returned Itenri, scomfnlly regarding him; "that your word, rashly plighted, is not held binding on your supple conscience. "Tis well. I now know how to procece."
$\therefore$ Would your majest $y$ have me break these elinging arms, and hurl her I love senseless at your feet? Call your ginards, sire, and let them unloose her clasp. I will not oppose your mandate."
". 'Twere better to do so," said Marguerite, " or I will stab the minion in his arms."
" l'eace," eried Itenri, " she relents even now."
" Crichton, your word is past," saicl Eschaimonde, " you camot Iroteit me."
". My arm is paralysed," replied her lover, in a tone of anguish.
"W"hen that vow was uttered," contimed Esclaimonde, with dreadful calmness; "I shuddered for its consequences. Nor was I deceived. Who wonld place his dagerer in the assassin's hand, and hope for merey? He to whom you pledged your knightly word exacts its fulfilment-and I know he is inexorable. Obedience is all that remains: and that you may, without remorse, obey him, I will voluntarily surrender myself. 'Think of me no more-you must not think of me, Crichton-and, by the love you have professed for me, I bescech you not to attempt my rescue."
"Did I not say she relented," exclaimed Hemri, triumphantly taking her hand." "As to you, Chevalier Crichton, I an really sory for your disappointment; but I trust the order you are gracel with will, in some degree, content you for the loss of your mistrese."
"W Well has it been said-place no faith in prinees!" exelaimed Crichton, tearing the jewelled badge of the Saint Lisprit from his neck, and trampling it bencath lis feet, "their gifts, like that of Nesesus, are bestowed only to destroy. Perish these accursed chains that fetter my soul's freedom, and with them perish all sense of oblication."
" (irand merci!" rejoined Hemri, coldly, "my favours must be of little worth if they can be thus readily set aside, but I shall take no offience at your want of temper, chevalier. A little reesction will make you calmer. You Scots are apt to be hot-I- aded, I have heard, and I now experience the truth of the
assertion. I make all excuses for you. Your situation is mortifying, but give yourself no further measincss, I will answer for the demoiselle's satety. Allons! 'To the banquet."

So saying, he applied a silver whistle to his lips. It the call, the valve was suddenly thrown open, the tapestry drawn aside, and through the door appeared the anti-chamber full of lights, with a file of valets and halberdiers arranged on cither sude of the entrance. At the same moment Chicot entered the oratery. A peculiar smile played on Henri's features.
"For what do we tarry ?" he asked, glancing cxultingly at Crichton.
"For my guidance, I conchade," replied Chicot, steppiner forward; "nothing but Folly will serve to direct your majcety"s coursc."
" Méchant," exclaimed Ifenri. And passing Esclairmonde's arm within his own, he quitted the apartment.

Ceichiton stood for some moments like one suddenly stumned, with his face buried in his hands. He was aroused by a light touch upon the shoulder.
"Marguerite," he exclaimed, returning the gaze of the Qucen of Navarre, with a terrible look, "why do you remain here?" Is not your vengeance complete? You have sacrificed virtue, pure affection, at the shrine of depravity-are you not content? Do you remain to taunt me, or do you pant for my blood? Take this dageer and plunge it into my licart."
"No, Crichton," returned Marcuerite, "I will have nobler vengeance. I will liberate this maiden from her thatdom."
"Amazement."
"I will free her from Inenri's snares. But if I do this, you must swear by the Virgin who regards ns,", pointing to the Madonna, "never more to regard her as a lover."

Scarcely were the words ntiered, than Chicot appeared.
" His majesty commands your instant presence at the banquet," he said, almost breathless with haste.
" Hence!" exclaimed Marguerite.
"Uer majesty, the queen-mother-" added the jester, in an under-tone.

And as he spoke, Catherine de Medicis abruptly entered the oratory.
"Daughter," said Catherine, "I have sought you throughout the grand saloon. Why do I find you here, and this attended!"
"Madane," interposed Margucrite.
"I would speak with you alone-dismiss this gentleman," continued Catherine, glancing haughtily at Crichton.
"Leave us, Chevalicr Crichton," said Marguerite, and she added, in a lower tone, "remember what I have said."

Crichton had scareely gained the antichamber when he perceived Chicot. A few hasty words passed between them.
"And thou apprehendest the abduction of the Gelosa ?" said Crichton. "The guard report, thou sayest, that Ruggieri's tower has been invested by an armed band requiring her deliverance to them? Diflicultics multiply-no matter, I would be equal to any emergency. Where is the mask?"
"As well might you pick out a domino in carnival time as discern him amilst yon crowd of revellers. No one noted his approach, nor did any one, that I can learn, wituess his departure. For my part," added Chicot, pointing downwards, "I think he disappeared as another black rentleman is said to be in the habit of taking his departure. Were I you, gossip, I would have my sword blessed by some holy priest ere I ventured to engage with him on the morrow, or carry a scapulary, an Agnus Dei, or other sacred relic beneath my pourpoint."
"Pshaw!" exclaimed Crichton. "He is a mere mortal foc. But hence, good gossip-to the banquet hall-account for my absence in the best way thou canst to his majesty: I will be there anon."
" Make yourself easy on that score, gossip; I will divert his in-quiries-but when you do appear at the banquet, bear in mind what 1 said respecting Catherine's kind intentions towards you."
"I shall not fail to do so, and in the meantime am greatly indebted to thy zeal."

And with this he quitted the antichamber.
Chicot looked after him an instant, and shook his head. "Sang de eabres!" he muttered, "it has turned ont precisely as I anticipated. No good ever comes of making love to two women at the same time, especially when one of them has the fortune to be a queen. But, not content with this, this galliard, forsooth, must saddle himself with a third. I wish him well of it! But if he get clear of all these scrapes, and escape from the poisoned bowl of Queen Catherine, he will richly deserve his title of the Admirable Crichton. Corhleu! I have never seen such a picture of jealous rage as our own Qucen of Navarre has just exhibited since I beheld the Sieur la Mole devour the plumes of his hat for very fury, and Clermont D'Amboise break a bottle of ink upon his mistress's cyebrow with which she had indited a billet to a more favoured lover. After all, her jealousy is absurd. She has already had lovers enough to content an Isabel de Bavière, or a Marguerite de Bourgogne. What says our chronicle?" And Chicot hammed. the following ditty : -

## ftlaraucrite.*

## I.

Warguerite, with early wiles-
Margnerite
On light Charins and D'Antragues smiles $-\boldsymbol{+}$
Margot, Marguerite.
Older grown, she lavours then, Smooth Martignes. + and huff Tureune.

The latter but a foolish pas.
Margot, Marguerite con bas.y
But no more these galliards please,
Marguerite.
Softly sues the gallant Guise,
Margot, Marguerite.
Guise surceeds, like God of war, Valiant Henri of Navare;

Better stop, timan further gc ,
Margot, Marguerite enhaut.

## II.

Londly next bewails La Mole,]
Marguerite,
On the bloek his liead must roll,
Margot, Marguerite.
Soon consoles herself aqain,
"ith Brantume, Bussi, ${ }^{\top}$ and Mayenne,**
lion companions gros el gras,
Margot, Marguerite, on bas.
Who slall next your shrine adore,
Marguente?
You lave but one lover more,
Margot, Marguerite!
Crichton comes-the prinx, the wise, You may well your conquest prize;

Beyond him you cannot go,
Margot, Marguerite en haut.
Chanting these libellous strains as he went, Chicot slowly sought the banquet-hall.

Scarcely another moment clapsed when Catherine de Medicis, and Marguerite, issued from the oratory. The features of the latter were pale as death, and their expression was utterly unlike that which they habitually wore. Catherine was ummoved, majestical, terrible. "Must it indeed be so, mother?" asked Margucrite, in a broken roice.

[^4]"It must," replied Catherine, with deep emphasis. "Henri will, no donbt, as he is wont, carouse till dawn. By that time the draught will have done its cluty. But if he survive, Maurevert and his band will await Crichton's coming forth from the Lourre, and will complete the work. Shrink not from thy task. Our honour is at stake."

They then separated. Catherine rejoined her attendants, and took the direction of the hall of entrance. Margucrite almost mechanically returned to the grand saloon.

As Catherine pursued her course, she perecived a masked figure single itself from the erowd at her approach. Its stature was that of Crichton's challenger-the plumes were his-the sable cloak in all respects the same. C'atherine paused. The figure pansed likewise. "" 'lis he!" thourht the queen-mother, and she despatehed one of her pages to bid him to her presence.
"What would your highness with me?" said the mask, adrancing with a profound and courtly salutation, and addressing Catherine in Italian.
"I was not deceived," thought Catherine; "it is the voice. I lave sent for you, signore," she added, in a bland and gracious tone, and addressing the mask in the same language, "in order to expres to you ere I quit the feete, the lively sense of gratitude I entertain for the important service you have rendered me. Assure yourself, your zeal shall not be overlooked. I am neither unwilling, as Hearen be praised, I am not wholly unable to requite it."
"Were your majesty aware of the nature of the service I have rendered you, you would scarecly deem it deserving of your thanks," replicd the mask.
"Do you rate your adversary thus lightly then?" asked Catherine, complaisantly.
"I hold myself assured of conquest," returned the mask.
"'The migniard Crichton dupes himeelf with Iike belicf," rejoined the queen-mother, "but not with like assurance of sucecss. The God of battles, I trust, will grant you victory, and enable you to overthrow your enemy."
"Amen!" returned the mask.
"Fall back, messieurs," said Catherine, to her attendants, "I lave much of moment to communicate to you," she added, assuming a more confidential manner.
"'I'onching the Gelosa :" inquired the mask, anxionsly-" speak madane."
"Not here," replied Catherine, " non può bene deliberar chi non è libero-I am about to return to my palace. You must not accompany me, nor quit the revel at the same time. 'Too much caution camnot be observed. 'The palaces of princes are all eyesall cars."
"Your glove, madame," interrupted the mask, stooping to raise
the richly embroidered gauntlet, which Catherine let fall as if by accident.
"Kecp it," replied the queen-mother, smiling, " within its folds you will find a key, the use of which I am about to explain to you. That glove, I may premise, displayed upon your cap, will obtain you admission to the Hotel de Soissons. Exchange no words with the attendants, but pursue your way alone. Einter the gallery. Within a niche you will observe three statucs. The central tigure, that of my father, Lorenzo de Medicis, Duke of Urbino, revolves upon a pivot. Totich the spear within its grasp, and you will perceive a subterrancan passage leading to my turret of observation. Apply the key I have given you to a door which will impede your further progress, and you will find yourself in langicri's laboratory. An hour hence I shall expect you there."
"And the Gelosa ":"
"She is in my charge. Crichton's idle boast I see weighs with you-but trust me neither foree nor stratagem will gain him entrance to that fower: Santa Maria! so easy do I feel on the score that I will give him the girl if he finds means of reaching her prison."
"Yet he has adrentured there already, madame," returned the mask, cagerly, " and should he take you at your word, would you part with your charge upon such casy terms ?"

Catherine smiled.
"Your majesty wonld almost appear to favour your enemy's designs," continued the mask, jestingly.
"Non per amor ma per vendetta," returned Catherine, in the same tone. "Crichton will never mose venture there, signore, unless," added she, smiling, " he come thither under your guidance. You shall know more of his destiny an hour hence. Meanwhile, I must conclude our interview-we are observed. The banquet, too, awaits you. One caution on parting I bequeath you. Ilis majesty hold his revels late. and it is often his custom to detain his guests. Should he issue his commands to close the doors of the oval chamber, you will find bencath the suit of hangings which represents Diana and her nymphs, a sliding door."
"I understand, your majesty."
"A rivedersi, signore."
"I kiss your majesty's hand," replicd the mask, with a profound obeisance. The figure then mingled with a group of revellers who approached them, and who were joyously hurying towards the grand hall of banquet; while Catherine, ushered forth by a concourse of pages and lacqueys, entered her sumptuous litter and departed from the Louvre.

## ChAITER VII.

## TIIE IBEZOAL.

Maffio. Oh! l'on conte des choses bien étranges de ces soupers de Borgia! Ascunio. Ce sont des débanches effrénées, asaissonnées d'empoisonnemens. Victor Hego. Lucrice Borgia.
Tres thick folds of the magnificent crimson hangings, heightened with arabesques and Heur-de-lys of cold, that served in lieu of folding doors to separate the chief banqueting-hall from the grand saloon, lad meanwhile, at a signal from the major-domo, been drawn aside; and the long and glittering board, arrayed with all the costly appliances of the royal feast, was suddenly exhibited to the view of the assemblage.

The coup d'œeil was charming. Far as the eye could reach appeared walls festooned with flowers fragrant and blooming as if the season had been latest spring. Mirrors, wreathed with Provençal roses, reflected the lustre of a thousand flambeaux, and multipliced the gleaming plate and star-like erystal with which the board was loaded. But the object on which the eye chiefly rested-not merely because it was the principal feature of attraction to the expectant guests, but by reason of its proud pre-cminence-was the table itself. It was a fitting place for the celebration of the combined rites of Ceres and Bacchus. Reared upon a massive platform -six fect at least above the floor-approached by a triple flight of steps-covered both as to its mimic stairs and summit, with cloths of dazzling whiteness (fort minnomement dumassé, as we learn from a contemporary authority)-this mighty table, extending the whole length of the vast hall, looked like a mountain of snow, or, perhaps, to wary the simile, like a prodigious frosted cake baked in the oren of Gargantua by the skilful Fouciers de Lemé, the culminating point of which cake or mountain was formed by a cloudy representation of Olympus, in which Henri and his favourites figured as presiding divinitics.

A nearer approach to the table showed that the surface of its damakk covering was, according to the fashion of the court, ribbed in fanciful and waving plaits, so as to resemble the current of a stream crisped by a passing brecze. This stream bore upon its bosom a proud array of gold and silver vases, crystal goblets, and cups, all of rarest workmanship, and many wrought by the hand of the matchless Benvenuto Cellini during his visit to Francis the First at Fontainebleau. In the words of brave Ben Jonson, thace were

> Dishes of agate set in gold, and studded With emeralds, sapphies, lyacinths, ind mbies.

Nothing could exceed the magnificence of the repa-t.

The material of the feast was worthy of Apicius or Lucullus. Every dainty that the most consumnate epicure of the time could require, was to be met with in profusion. Fincy ran riot amid the countless covers, and the endless varieties of piquant viands displayed on their removal. Pyramids of confectionery-piles of choicest fruit appeared at intervals; while, scented from afar like the aromatic groves of Lebanon, appeared anticue-shaped urns steaming with the rich produce of the grapes of Crete, Cyprus, or Syracuse; wines being then, for the most part, drunk hot and spiced, or, as we should say, mulled. Here and there might be seen the ushers and chamberlains with their fleur-de-lys-covered wands of office-butlers with embosed flagons and salvers-troops of valets and pages-and, distributed at certain stations of the board, servitors, caeh with a napkin on his shoulder, and an enormous knife in hand, seemingly impatient for the signal of attack.

Amid loud fanfares of trumpets, blended with the gentler notes of the hautboy and viol, Henri, accompanied by Eselairmonde, led the way to the banquet. The monarel, however, tarried not within the hali we have described. His orgies were held in a smaller and more retired salle-ì-manger, opening from the grand festal chamber, and separated from it by an arched door-way; within which was placed a line of high gilded railing, an unequivocal evidence of exclusiveness on the part of the monarch, that called forth much sarcastic remark from his subjects; and, amongst other pasquinades, gave rise to the following quatrain affixed to the offensive partition -

> Puisqu'Henri, roi des Francois, N'eu aime que quatre oul trois, Il fant que ses trois ou quatre Aillent ses euncmis combattre.
'Co the king's private table his favourites only, and their favourites, were admitted. Ushers of the feast were stationed at the door with a list of the guests expected. No others were allowed to pass. Towards this room Henri now repaired, followed by a jocund troop of dames and revellers. He was in the most buoyant spirits, and descanted with the greatest animation on all that passed. A singular change seemed to have been wrought in the demeanour of Esclairmonde. She replied to Hemr's lover-like assiduities with a vivacity bordering almost upon levity, which a nicer observer might have imputed to distraction and despair, but from which Henri drew a farourable augury. Her check was flushed, and her eye shone with unvonted lustre. Once only, as she entered the oval chamber, of which some rumours had reached even her cars, she started, and a slight sliver ran through her frame. But she instantly recovered herself.

The oval chamber was a retreat fitted for a voluptuary. Heavy
with perfume, the atmosphere struck upon the senses of the cruests as they entered, producing a soft inebriating eflect. Pages, equipped in fancifnl attire, sustained torehes, the odorous wax of which shed a warm light upon the richly painted arras, charged with the glowing legends of antiquity; in which in the guise of nymphs and conderses of old, were represented the ehief beanties who had bloomerl within the atmosphere of the Lourre. In this suit of tapestry the lovely Diane de Poitier was represented, as the goddess her namesake, disporting after the chase :-in that, Venus Anadromene sparkled from the sea-fom in the shape and lineaments of La belle Feromiere-the gallant Framer.s. Dlowing his wreathed concla as an attendant Triton. Here the fascinating Françosede Fonix bloomed as Egeria, Francis appearing again as Numa -there the captivating Marie Touchet, whose anarram "Je charme tout," so well described her, was given as Callirhoei; her lover, Charles IN., being drawn as the hunter Eurimedon; while in the last compartment figured our bon Henri, who was represented, strangely enough, as Ulyses sumendering himself to the blandilhenents of Cirec, the features of the enchantress bearing evident resemblance to those of his first mistress, la belle Chateauneuf. Upon the frescoed ceiling were depicted the silver fountains and dragon-watehed fruit of the Hesperides.

The supper to which Henri sat down was the trimmph of his chef -the inimitable Berini-a cook, whose name deserves to be associated with that of Luther, Calvin, Kinox, and other great reformers of the sixteentl century, the spirit of which stirring age he represents as strongly as the great Ude stamped the character of our own time. The signal revolution which took place in the science of cookery at this remarkable epoch may be clearly traced to the anwearying efforts of Berini. Comprehending the growing wants of his species, with the prescience of a true philosopher, he saw that a change must be effeeted, and he accomplished it. He overthrew many old and tongl abuses; and if he increased the demand for grood cheer, he did not diminish the suppiy. To him, amongst a thousand other gifts, mankind is indebted for the fricandean, a discovery which his biographer judicionsly remarks, required me gramie force de tite! She projected sauces so savoury that terms of alchemy were required to express their stimulative eflects upon the system. These sances, however, we regret to say, modern science has pronounced injurious. And, finally, he trampled down popular prejuliees which still remained in favour of the finger, and introduced the fork.

The only stain attached to the memory of Berini is, that he was an instranent of Catherine de Medicis-in other words, that he oceasionally mingled other compounds with his satuces than were preseribed by the recipes of his art. For the sake of so great a prolessor of so wreat a science we hope this is mere scandal. No wonder, with dishes so exquisite placed before him, that a great
man should occasionally die from indigestion ; but surely the cook is not to be blamed for an occurrence so very natural. Rather let ns look to the goblet as the origin of ill. We have mentioned that the wines were at this time generally drunk mulled and spiceda practice which, while it presented abundant facilities for the insidious admixture of poisonous drugs, completely baflled all precantions of the drinker. Leaning, therefore, to the side of genius, we are inclined to discredit this charge against the gifted Berini, and impate the criminality of these transactions to Catherine's eup-bearer, whose name is deservedly buried in oblivion.

The repast, we have said, was Berini's trimph. In conception -in execntion it was perfect. The eye of the gommand Marquis de Villequier glistened as he gazed upon the dainty fare. Ronsard insimuated that with such ragouts before him, it was easy to understand how Vitellius and Heliogabalus exhausted an empire ; a remark which, luckily for the poet, did not reach the cars of the king. Henri, in fact, was too much engrossed by Esclairmonde to attend to the pleasantries of his guests. So soon as his majesty and the demoiselle, whom he honoured with his smiles, were served, the monarch gracionsly expressed his pleasure that the company, whom etiqutte had hitherto kept upon their feet, should be seated.

The caronse now began in earnest. The guests were few in number, consisting merely of some half dozen of Henr's favourites, the dames of honour of Marguerite de Valois, one or two of Catherine's pretticst attendants, the Abbé de Brantóme, and, as we have just hinted, the poet Ronsard. The latter, who was by no means indifferent to good cheer, as his gout testified, was trimsported into a seventh heaven of delight with a ragout of ortolans with which the considerate $\lambda$ bbe had loaded his plate; Villequier had fallen to with equal industry and zeal. Esclairmonde was placed at his majesty's right land. On his left, two seats remained unoccupied.

Behind the royal chair stood Chicot, and next to him another buffoon, whom we have hitherto omitted to notice: a strange malicious wight, yclept Siblot, infinitely more disliked by the courticrs than his companion in folly, Chicot, inasmnch as his jests were chiefly practical ones, and his hits for the most part made with his marotte. In face-in figure, and in agility, he resembled an ape. His head was elothed with sleck, sable, shining hair, like the skin upon a mole's back. His nature was so snarling and malignant that, when seized, he would smap and bite like an emraged cur, and even severest chastisement was found incffectual to change or restrain his mischievous propensities. Siblot's costume only differed from that of his brother buffoon in its hues. Embroidered on the front and at the back with the royal blazon, the surcoat was of sable, slashed with white: his marotte was of cbony. Siblot was a favourite with Hemri, who being a genuine lover of mischief,
was diverted with his monkey tricks; and he would often laugh till the tears ran down his cheeks at the confusion created by the buttoon amongst the grave ambassadors, the searlet-capped ecclesiastics, and stately cavaliers, who attended his audiences.

Meanwhile, the feast proceeded. Henri contimued unremitting in his attentions to Esclaimonde, who, though she could not be prevailed upon by all his importunities to partake of the banquet, maintained an exterior of perfect calmness and composure. Beneath that mask of smiles was hidden acute suffering. The demoiselle was, however, an object of ensy to the other dames of the party, who attributed her indifference to the monarch's gallant regard to mere coquetry.
"By my faith, monsicur le vicomte," said the gay Torigni to Joyense, who was placed on her right hand, "the Demoiselle Esclairmonde is a finished coquette. Her coyness is admirably assumed. Where she can have acquired such arts I camot imagine. But some people are born with a gemius for their vocation-and conquest is hers, I suppose. She would have the kiner believe she has a perfect horror of his freedoms. I need not tell you that I have had some experience in the art of entanglement, and I declare upon my reputation, I could not have phayed the part better myself."
" I am quite sure of it," replied Joyense, "because I think his maje:ty's attentions are not su perfeetly to her taste as you might conceive they woukd be to yours. Mer thoughts, I suspect, are wandering upon Crichton.'
" P' h!" rejuined La Toricni, "no such thing. She is not such a simpleton. Why should her love for Crichton prevent her bestowing an occasional smile elsewhere? He is not a mirror of constancy, whatever lie may be of chivalry; nor wholly insensible, as you know, to the supreme attractions of our royal mistress. 'The thing is quite natural."
"Your reasoning is perfectly convincing, demoiselle."
"' The Chevalier Crichton is very well in his way-but a king, you know-"
" I irresistible. You have found it so, demoiscl'c."
" You are impertinent, monsieur le vicomte."
"A la bome heure. You have prodigiously fine eyes, demoiselle. Italy boasts the darkest eyes in the world-Florence the darkest eyes of Italy, and the lovely Torigni the darkest eyes of Florence. I pledre them in a bumper of Cypus."
" Your France is a nation of courtiers," replice La Torigni, laurhine, " and the Vicomte de Joyeuse the most finished courtier in France. I return your pledge, inonseignemr. After all," continued the lively Florentine, in a tone half jest, half earnest, "I should not oljeect to be in Exclairmonde's situation."
" Indeed!" replied Chicot, who happened to overhear this latter exclamation.

At this moment Mar ruerite de Valois entered the room. Some
slight ceremony was observed at her appearance, Dut the fair queen took her place at Henri's left hand, without attracting his notice.
" Your majesty suffers from some sudden indisposition," observed Brantome, in a tone of sympathy, remarking the haggard looks of the queen.
"No, no," returned Marguerite, "I an perfectly well, Abbé."
"Will your highness allow me to recommend this coulis ì la cardinal to your attention," said Villequier. "Ronsard pronounces it thoroughly Catholic, and I were an heretic to doubt him. Suffer me, madame-"

Marguerite declined the tempting offer of the marquis, and suffered her eyes to stray over the company. Crichton was not amongst the number.
"Thank Heaven, he is not here!" exelaimed the queen, giving involuntary utterance to her thoughts, and sighing deeply as if some heavy oppression were removed from her bosom.
"Who is not here?" asked Henri, turning quickly round at the exelamation.

Chicot stepped suddenly forward.
"Methinks," said he, familiarly placing lis hand upon the king's shoulder, "methinks, notre oncle, you are in need of some excitement, you lack somewhat to give a fillip to your spirits - a spice to your wine-what can we direct you to? Shall it be a song? I have a rare charivari on Madame the Duchess d'Usez's third espousals-a Pantagruelian legend on Pope Joan's confinement before the conclave-or a ditty on the devil's exploit, at Pope Feagueland-at your service. Or if you like not this, shall I bid my gossip. Siblot smack the rooy lips of all the coyest dames at table, beginning with the Demoiselle Torigni, and afterwards cut a lavolta on the board itself to the blithe accompaniment of ringing glass? Or if a gayer mood possess you, will it please you to command Maitre Samson to bring forth that quaint drinking cup, the merry devices and playful grotesques whereof are wont to excite so much amusement, and such mirthful exelamations from our dames of honour-and which cup, moreover, is so much to the fincy of our grave and discreet gossip, Pierre de Bourdeille?"
"Cousin of Brantôme," said Henri, smiling; " our jester libels you."
" Nay," replied Brantôme, laughing, " I care not to own that the goblet of which the knave speaks has afforded me ammement, though I must, on the seore of propricty, venture to oppose its introduction upon the present occasion."
"Propriety!" echoed Chicot, derisively; "propriety sounds well in the lips of the Abbé de Brantôme; ha, ha, which of the three shall it be, gossip-the song, the kiss, or the cup ?"
"A song," returned Henri, "and see that thy strains lack not spice, gossip, or look for no hippocras from the hands of Samson as thy meed."
"Epice!" reperatel Chifot, with a droll grimace; "my straing shall smack of pimento iteelf." And assuming the air of an improvisatore, the jester delivered himedf as follows:-

## RIl ミpicr, or त ミpicc of $\mathfrak{R l l}$.

True people endure all,
The men-at-arms cure all, The farourites sway all, Their reverence, flay all, The citizens pay all, Our good king aftimem all, The senate conlimis all, The chancellor seals ali, Quen (atherine conceals all, Queen Louse instructs all.
Queen Margot conducts anl,
The leagners contrive all,
The Jacobins shrive all,
The Lutherans doubt all,
The Zainglians scont all,
The Jesuits Ilout all, The Sorbomnists rout all. Brother Hemri believes all, Pierre de Gondy receives all,* Ruguieri tletiles all, Had Siblot reviles all, The bilboguets please all, The sarbacane, tase all, The l)uc de (xuise tries all, Rare Crichton outvies all, Atbe Brantome retails all. Bussy D'Amboise assails all, Old Ronsard reants all, Young Jodelle enchants all, Fat Villequier crams all, His Holiness damms all, Esclairmonde bright outshines all, And wisely declines all, La Rebonrs will bless all, La Fossense confess all,
La Guyol will fy all,
'Torigni deny all', John Calvin missuide all, Wise Chicot deride all, Spanish llhilip may crave all,
The Bearnais $\ddagger$ Drave all,
Tife Deval will mave all!
" Cramercy," said Hemri, as Chicot came to a pause ; more, it would appear, from want of breath, than from lack of material for the continuance of his strains; "thou hast fairly carned thy hip-

$\dagger$ 1"inip 1F. $\ddagger$ licnri of Navare, afterwards Menri IV.

pocras, were it only for the justiee rendered to the lovely Esclairmonde, wl:o, as thou truly sayest, outshines all. But, ly our lady, messeigneurs, we must not neglect the service of Bacehins for that of Apollo. Samson, thy choicest Cyprus-a health !"

Every glass was raised-erery cye bent upon the king. "To her," continued Henri, draining lis goblet; "who in her own person combines all the perfections of her sex-la belle Eschairmonde!"
" La belle Eschairmonde !" echoed each guest, enthusiastically clashing his glass against that of his neighbour.

Amidst the confinsion incident to this ceremony, Crichton catered the room. For an instant his gaze rested upon that of the demoiselle; and, momentary as was that glance, a world of sad and passionate cmotion was conveyed to the hearts of both. He then took the seat which had been reserved for him, by the side of Marguerite de Valois. Conversation in the meantime procecded. "I would fain inquire from your majesty," said Brantóme, ju a tone which showed that the Cyprus he had quafled had not been without its effect upon his brain; " what are the precise notions which you entertain respecting beanty. For, with a due appreciation of diaphonous orbs and hyacinthine tresses, I camot entirely," and here the abbé cast a look, incbriate as that of Septimins on Acme, upon Margucrite de Valois; "I camnot, I say, admit their supremacy over eyes black as night, and locks dark as the raven's wing. Both styles have merit, no doubt; but surely your majesty cannot be aware of the 'thirty requisites, or you would never assign the palm of perfect beanty to a blonde."
"'Thou art a heretic, cousin," replied Henri, laughing; " but we plead ignorance as to thy 'thirty requisites.' Let us hear them; we shall then see how far our own opinions correspond with thine."
"I had them from a fair dona of Toledo," replicd Brantome, "a city where there are many gracious dames; and though I have never, except in one instance," he added, again glancing at Marguerite; " met with a combination of such excellencies, yet I may fairly enough assert that I have encountered them all in detail."
" The requisites, cousin !"' said Henri, impatiently.
"Your majesty will excuse my rhymes," replicd the abbé, with becoming modesty; "I am no poet, like lionsard. 'Thus they run-

## Tbe ©birtu Requisitcs.*

'Thirty points of perfection each judge understands, The Standard of feminine beauty demand.

[^5]> Tiree white:-and, without further prelude, we know "Ihat the skin, hands, and teeth, should be pearly as suox. Three black :-and our standard departure forbids From dark eyes, darkome tresses, and darkly-fringed lids. 'Thee red :- and the lover of comeliness secks For the hae of the rose in she lips, naik, and cheeks. Three long :- and of this yon, no doubt, are aware? Long the body should be, long the hands, long the hair.
> Three short:-and herein nicest beanty apparsleet short as a lairy's, short teeth, and short ears. Three large - -and remember this rule as to size, Embances the shoulders, the forehead, the eyes.
> 'Three narrow:-a maxim to every man's tasteCircum!erence small in mouth, ancle, and waist Three romet:-and in this I see intinite chan mlionnded fulness apparent in leg, hip, and arms. Three tine :- and can anght the enchantment eclipe, Of tine tapering lingers, tine hair, and fine lips?
> 'Ihree small :-and my thirty essentials are told-
> Small head, nose, and bosom, compact in its monld.
> Now the dame who comprises attractions like these,
> ibill require not the cestus of Vemus to plase,
> While he who has met wish an mion so rare,
> Has had better luck than has fall'n to my share."

Drantóme's song was excecdingly well received, inasmuch as it enabled the gallints to offer various compliments, direct and indirect, to the fascinations of their fair companions. Neither did Hemri fail to take advantage of the plea it afforled him, of scrutinisiner the charms of Esclairmonde, as the particular features of beanty passed in review before the abbé.

Crichton looked stemly on. His bluod boiled within his veins, and his indignation might have carried him to some extremities, if Esclairmonde's imploring looks had not restrained him.

Amidst the laughter and acclamations of the guests Marguerite's voice shouted hollowly in his ear, "I have watched your glances, Crichton. In your kindling eyes I read your thoughts. Your minion is wholly in Henri's power. You camot deliver her."

Crichton's reply was interrupted by a wild scream of laughter proceeding from the buffoon Siblot, who, regardless of the confusion he created, or the risk which the costly ressels on the board might incur from his antics, suddenly whirled himself into the sery centre of the table, taking up a position on the cover of a vase supported on three feet, upon the knob of which he described various rapid circles with the dexterity and ease of the most perfect posture-master. No sonner was this leat accomplished amidst the laughter and astonishment of the guests, than bounding-without injury to the economy of the banquet-over enamelled dish and plate, with a velocity which left little time for consideration, he

[^6]brushed with his shaggy beard the fair cheeks of every dame he passed, not excepting even Marguerite de Valois, and only paused when he arrived at last before Eselairmonde. He then chuckled and nodded at Henri, as if consulting lisiselinations, as to whether the demoisclle should be submitted to the same disgusting ordeal as the others, but recciving no signs of encouragement from the monareh, he retreated to his vase, where, like a priestess of Apollo upon her tripod, after a brief prelude of gyrations, with a rapidity of utterance alinost as bewildering as his antic mazes, and an intinitude of grotesque gesticulations, he burst into the following arphi-gomi:-

## The Tomptation of 玉t. ※Mtionu.*

## I.

Saint Antliony weary
Of hermit cell dreary,
Of penance, and praying,
Of orisousaying,
Of mottificalion,
And fleshly wexation, By good sprites fursaken, By sill overtaken,
On flinty couch lying,
For death, like Job, crying, Was suddenly shrouded
By thick mists, that clouded
All objects with vapour, And through them, like taper,
A single star shimmered,
And with blue flame glimmered.

## II.

What spell then was mattered
May never be uttered;
Saint Amhony prayed not -
Saint Anthony stayed nut-
But down-diown descending
Throngh cancurs uncreding,
Whose lahyrinth trave?
May never umavel,
By ihundening tor:cht,
By roppling erag horrent,
All perils mbeedon,
As levin swift sperdiug,
Ilabakink ont-rying
On seraph-wing thing,
Was borne on fiendl's pisiur:
To lleli's dir's dominion.

[^7]
## III.

Oh! rare is the revelry
Of 'Tartarus' devily!
Ahove him-aronnd him-
On all sides surromid him-
With wildest grimaces
Fantastical faces !
Here hage bats are twittering,
Strange winged mice flittering,
Great horned owls hooting,
Pale lissing stars shooting,
Red fire-drakes careering
With harpies are fleering.
Shapes whizzing and whirling,
Weird Sabbath-dance twirling,
Round bearded goat scowling,
'Their wild refrain howling-
" Alcarcmonos Alegremos
Qurgent nus ba tencmos."*

## IV.

Here Lemures, Lares, 'Trolls, foliots, filiries, Nymph, gnome, salamander, In frolic gronps wander. Fearful shapes there are rising, Of aspect surprising,
Phantasmata Stygia, Spectra, Prodigia!
Of aspect horrific,
Ol' gesture tervitic.
Where cauldrons are seething, Lithe serpents are wreathing,
And wizards are gloating
On pois'nous scum floating, While skull and bone placed out
In circle are traced out.
Ilere witches air-gliding
On broomstichsare riding.
A har a fawn chases,
A nin Pan embaces.
Here nimice tights waging,
Hell's warriors are raging;
Each legion commanding
A chief is seen standing.
Beelzebub gleammg,
like Gentile god seeming-
Prond Belial adrancing,
With awful ire glanemg ;
Asmoters the cunning.
A baddon, light shuming,

[^8]Dark Moloch deceiving, His subtle webs weaving ; Meressin air-dwelling, Red Mammon gold-telling.

## V.

The Fiend, then dissembling, Addressed the saint trembling " These are thine if down bowing。 Unto me thy soul vowing, '1'ly worship thon'lt offer."
" Back, 'Tempter, thy profl With scorn is rejected."
"Unto me thon'rt subjected,
For thy doubts, by the Eternal!"
Langhed the Spirit Infernal.
At his word then compelling.
Fortla rushed from her dwelling
A slape so inviting,
Futicing, delighting,
With lips of such witchery,
Tongue of such treachery,
(That sin-luriug smile is
The torment of Lilis, )
Like Eve in her Eden,
Our father misleading.
With locks so wide-flowing,
Limbs so bright-glowing,
That Hell hath bewrayed him,
If Heaven do not aid him.
"Her eharms are surrendered
If worship is rendered."
"Sathan, get thee behind me!
My sins no more blind me-
By Jesu': temptation!
By lost man's salvation!
Be this vision banished!'
And straight Hell evanished.
And suiting the action to the phrase, at the conclusion of his song, Siblot threw himself head over heels from the table, and vanished likewise. Acelamations were heard on all sides. Whatever the festive assemblage might think of the jester's song, they were infinitely amused by his summerset. By this time, too, the generous wines, with which each goblet was constantly replenished, had begun to do their duty. Every eye grew bright-every tongue loud, and a greater degree of licence reigned throughout. Crichton alone partook not of the festivities.
"Par la Mort-Dieu, mon brave Ecossois," said Henri, with a
smile of exultation, " you are not in your usual spirits to-night. You have not a smile for a fiil dame-you do but indifferent justice to Berini's supper (and Villequier, or your brother bard, Ronsard, will tell you it has merit)—and you wholly neglect Samson's goblets, though this Syracuse hath potency enough to turn the blood to flame. 'Try it, I pray of you. Your thoughtful visage assorts ill with our sprightly associates. Let your spirits sparkle like our wine, like the eyes around us, and drown your despondency in the flowing bowl."
"An excellent proposal, sire," said D'Epernon; "Crichton is either in love or jcalous-perhaps both-lie eats not, talks not, drinks not, signs intillible."
"Pshaw," replied Joycuse, " he has lost a favomite hawk, or a horse, or a thousand pistoles at play, or-"
"He thinks of his duel with the mask," added Saint Lue ; " he has confessed and received the Holy Commmion, and the priest has enjoined a night of fasting and repentance."
"He has lost a supper, then, which, like Brantome's beauty, has every requisite," said Villequier, with his mouth full of marchpanc. "I pity him."
"Or his appetite," said lionsard, "without which even a supper at the Lourre would be thrown away:"
"Or a rhyme," said 'Torigmi ; "a loss to make a bard look sad, ch, Monsieur Ronsard?"
"Or a sarbacane," suid Chicot.
"Or a bibloquet," said Siblot.
"Or a toy of less moment than either," lices:ped Brantome"a mistress."

Here a loud laurg was raised. "A truce to raillery," said Hemri, laughing with the rest; "Crichton is a little out of sortsfatugued, naturally enongh, with his disputation of the morning, and his exertions in the ball-room-however, I trust he has not entirely lost his voice, but that he will favour us with one of those exquisite chansons-ì-boire, with which of old he was wont to enliven our waissalry."
"A song!-a song!" echoed all the symposiacs, laughing louder than ever.
"My strains will scarcely harmonise with your revel, sire," replied Crichton, gloomily; " my livelier thoughts desert me."
"No matter," replied IIenri, "be they sad as those of Erebus'twill give a sharper edge to our festivity."

In a voice then which, as he procceded, gradually hushed all disposition to mirth, Crichten sang:-

## Cbe Thre ©raies.

## I.

In banquet hall, beside the king, Sat prond Thyestes revelhing.
The festal boird was covered fair, The festal meats were rich and rare; Thyestes ate fill daintily, Thycetes langhed full lustily ; Bui soon his haughy visage fellA dish was brought-and, wo to tell!
A gory head that charger bore!
An infan's look the features wore!
Thyestes shipked-hing Atreus smiled -
The father had devoured lis chitd!
Fill the goblel-fill it ligh-To Thyestes' evelyy. Of blowl-red wines the h, ighlest clacose, The glo inus grope of Syracuse:

## II.

For a victory obtained
O'er the savage Getæ chained,
In his grand Cexarean hall
Domitian holds high festival.
To a solemn feast besonght
Thither are the semate brought.
As he joms the stately ciowd,
Smiles each pleased patrician proud,
One by one each guest i; led:
Where Dumitian's feast is spread;
Each, ; ecoiling, stares aghast
At the ominons repast:
liound abacus of blackest shade
Black triclinia are laid,
Sable vases deck the board
With dark-coloured viands stored ;
shaped like tombs, on either hand,
Kows of darsk pillars stand;
G'er each pillar in a line,
late sepulchal lychini shine ;
Cinerary urns are seen,
Carved eacli with a name, I ween,
By the sickly radiance shown
Every guest may read his ow:!
Forth thenissue swarthy slaves,
Each a torch and dager waves ;
Some like Manes habited,
ligures phastly as the dead!
Some as lemmres attired,
Larw some, with vengeance fired,
See ihe throat of every guest
lis \& murderous gripe is prest!
Wh:ite the wretch, with horror dumb,
Thinks his latest hour is come.'
l.ond then langh'd Domition,

Thus his solemn feast began.

> Fill the goblet-fill it higt:
> To Jomutim's uvely.
> Lel our glowing goblil be,
> Crownid uilh "in. of sicily

## III.

Borgia* holds a papal fite. And Zizime, with heart clate, W'inh his chiefs bartharian Sceks the gerveons Vatuen.

- I is a wondrous sight to see

In Cliristian hall that company
But the Othman warriors soon
Scout the precepts of Mahomn.
Wines of Sicily and Spain,
Joyously thore paynime dram;
While Borwiats word heir langleter stir.
" Bibimus I'rqualiter !"
At a sigual-prow three, With gold goblets, bend the knee-
borwia pours the purple stream
"Till beads upu it suface sleam.
"Do ns a reason, moble guest,"
Thus Zizime the pontif pressed:

- By onr triple-crown there lies,

In that winc-cap l'aradise!'
High Zizime the goblet raised-
Lond Zizime the Cyprus praized -
To each gues in order slow,
Nevt the felon pates go.
lach in turn the Ceprus quaffs.
Like Zizime, each wildly lankns,
langhter horrible and strange!
Quick ensues, a fearful change,
Stifled soon is every ery,
Azract is standing by.
Glared Zizime-hut spake no more:
Boryia's fatal feast was ơer!
Fill the goblet- fill it ligh-
Withe the wines of Italy;
Borgin's urords out laugher stir-
Bibimus l'apuliter !
"Bibimus regaliter!" exclaimed Hemri, as Crichton's song ecncluded. "Dieu Merci! we have no dread of such a consummation at our orgies. A reveller might well stand in awe of the bowl, if after his nocturnal banquet he should awaken in Elysium. You must now perforce pledge us, mon Ecossois, or we shall think you hold our feasts in the same horror as those of Borgia-a cup of Cyprus-you will not refuse us?"

[^9]
"He will not refuse me," said Marguerite de Valois. "Give me a goblet, Loisel."

A page approached with a flagon of groid. "Fill for me," said the Queen. And the wine was poured out. "To our remion," whispered she, drinking. "La forza d' amore non risyuarda al delitto."
"I pledge you, madame," answered Crichton, raising the goblet.
Marguerite's eyes were fixed upon him. All trace of colour had deserted her cheeks. "How is this?' exclaimed Crichton, laying down the goblet untastel. "Poison! Do Borgia's drugs find entrance here?"
" Poison!" cchoed all, rising in astonishment and dismay.
"Ay-poison!" reiterated Crichton. "See the ruddy bezoar in this ring has become pale as opal. This wine is poisoned."
"I have drunk of it," said Marguerite, with a withering look. "Your own faint heart misgives you."
"Some poisons have their antidotes, madame," observed Crichton, sternly. "The knife of Parysades was anointed on one side only."
"Bring Venetian glass," cried Henri, "that will remove or confirm your suspicions. Sangdieu! Chevalier Crichton, if this interruption be groundless, you shall bitterly repent it."
"Give me the Venice glass," said Crichton, "I will abide the issue."

A glass was brought, bell-shaped, light, clear as crystal. Crichton touk it and poured within it the contents of his own goblet.

For a sccond no change was observed. The wine then suddenly hissed and foamed. The glass shivered into a thousand pieces.

All cyes were now turned on the Queen of Navarre. She had fainted.
"Let her be cared for," said Henri, affecting indifference, "Miron must attend her-he will understand-" and the king whispered a few words to Du Halde. "Fair dames, and you, messeigneurs," added he to the guests, who looked on aghast, "this incident must not interrupt our revel. Samson, we appeint thee our taster-wine-wine."

## CHAPTER VIII.

## THE JESTER.

> Le Marchant. Vous estes, ce croy-je, le joyculx du Roy? Pamurge. Voire.
> Le Marchant. Fourchez là.

Rabelais. Pantagruel. Liv. IV. Ch. Vİ.
The effect of the occurrence, just detailed, was visible in the altered complexion and demeanour of the dames, and it required all the gallantry and attention of the cavaliers, in any degree, to
restore their graiety. Conversation, however, soon became more iree and discursive. Each galliard boasted, in his turn, of his prowess in arms-of his dexterity in horsemanship-of his unerring aim with the pistol-of his fatal stroke with the poignard-of his ability with the rapier-in short, of his perfect acquaintance with the whole "theoric and practic" of the duello-a subject which neecssarily involved the discussion of Crichton's approaching combat. The discourse began to take a very mimated turn, many speculations being hazarded as to the rank and name of the challenger, a subject upon which the dames appeared singularly eurions, and even Esclaimonde manifested anxiety; when, as if brought thither to gratify their wishes, the sable mask suddenly presented himself at the entrance of the banquet-chamber.

Henri instantly commanded admittance to be given to him, and the mask was, in consequence, ushered to the seat which Marguerite de Valois had abandoned, thus bringing him into immediate contact with his adversary Crichton. Their situation appeared to be agrecable to neither party; but it was now too late to remedy the mistake, and Henri laughed it off in the best way he could.
"Nothing can be further from my intention than to interrupt the harmony of your majesty's table," said the mask, in reply to the king's apology, "and, I trust, I shall not incur the censure of your brave gentlemen, by offering a second offence to one, whom I have already defied to the combat. I am no faith-breaker, sire. But I crave your pardon for trespassing on your patience. I came not hither to join your revels.
"'Fore Heaven, then, mon cousin !" replied Hemri, regarding the mask with some astonishment, "if not to festivity, unto what hath your risit relation?"

The mask looked with some anxiety towards Crichton. The Scot instantly rose.
"I am in the way, sire," he said. "Your counsels will be more securely carried on if I quit the banquct."
"No, by our Lady!" cricd Henri, rising, and with great courtesy motioning Crichton to resume his seat-"this shall never be. If any one must suffer inconvenience, it shall be ourself. I am at your service, mon cousin, though I must need say you have chosen a strange scason for an audience."

So saying, the monareh reluctantly led the way towards an embrasure-
"Chicot," he said, in an under tone as he passed, " do thou assume our seat for the nonce? We must not attend to the interests of others to the entire exciusion of our own-and hark yc, gossip, as you value your cars, suffer not a syllable to pass between Crichiton and our mignonne, Esclairmonde-you understarel."

With a mock dignity, infinitely diverting to the guests, Chicot instantly installed himself in lienris vacant chair ; his first pro-
ceeding being to place his marotte between the lovers, which he laughing termed " his ambassudur's sword, whereby they were to understand they coldu only speak by proxy." His next, was to call upon Ronsard for a song. The bard would willingly have declined the jester's invitation, but the voices of the revellers were against him, and he was necessitated to promise compliance.
"Fool," muttered Crichton, stemly, who had already taken advantage of the king's absence to hazard a whisper to Esclair-monde-" wilt thou mar this opportunity afforded us, by chance, of devising means fir her escape? Why should she not fly now? I alone will withea ad every attempt at pursuit."
"And who will then be the focl?" replied Chicot. "No-no, my addle pate hath hatched a scheme worth two of yours. Set yourself at ease. Borrow a sarbacane from the Vicomte de Joyense; and meanwhile suffer the 'law-giver of Parnassus," as his flatterurs term him, to proceed with has roundelay. See you not that it diverts the attention of the guests, and leaves us at liberty.-Fool, quotha!-recant that appellation, brother."
"I cry thee mercy, gossip," rejoined Crichton, "thou art, indeed, a very miracle of wit. Joyeuse," he added, addressing the ricomte; "l prithee, lend me thy sarbacane."
"To despatch a billet to some distant fair one in the outer banquet-hall; ah! galliard; here 'tis." And with this, Joyeuse sent his page with the long tube of chased silver resting by his side, to the Scot.

Ronsard, meanwhile, commenced his song, which, if it should not be found to equal in merit some better known lyrics of the badd, "qui, en Irançus, parla (irec et Latin," its failure must be attributed to the supper he had eaten, and the Cyprus he had swallowed (both, according to his former patron, Charles IX., untavourable to the Muse), and, in some degree, to the quaintness of the measure he selected.

## Cye 並ccend of Eralde\%.

I.

Tris night:-fouth Valdez, in distuise, Hies;
And his visage, as he glides, Hides.
Goes lie to yon church to pray? Eh!
No, that fane a secret path Hath,
I.eading to a neighbouring pile's Aisles;
Where mums lurk-by priests cajoled Old.
Thither doth Don Valdez goOh!
Thither vestal lip; to taste Haste.
11.
＇Neath yon ach，whe doth he sta：d？
And
Haps it that he lingers now
110w：
Suddenly cowlil priests appear
Here．
Vonces chant a dirge－like dim
Hymu：
Mutes a sable cotfin drear
Rear；
Where a monmment doth lie High
＇Scutcheons proud Death＇：dark parade sid．
Valder sees，with fiesh abaras，
Arms．
Which his own－（Entes cross and star！）
Are．
111.

An hour－and yet lie hath not gone On；
Nei ber can he strengh to speak Phe．
Hark！he cries，in fear and dount， （）IIt，
－Whom inter re is that tomb？
＂hom：－＂
＂Yaldez！－He：3l he，are wedve honrs，
Onに！
Wait ue for lio fimem
All！＂
11.
＂Monk：thou bringet，if risis he tran＇， linth！＂
Valdez his own fite will dread Read．
Question none lie uthered mure；－ O＇er
＂ivas；and he doth peacefully I．ie
In the tomb he saw，thas crazed， lansed．

## 前’Enbon。 <br> flomento fitori－life＇s a stale Tale．

During the progress of Ronsard＇s song，the jester had not remained idle．Amidst a thonsand absud erimaces，intended for the amuse－ ment of the company，he had contrived in varicus ways to make known the natne of his intentions respecting Esclairmonde＇s deliverance to Crichton，and the latter，struck，apparently，with the feasibility of his plan，traced a huried line on the paper－
covering of a dragée, which he took from a pile of confectionery before him, and then applying the sarbacane to his lips, winged with dexterous aim, the sugared missive into the lap of the Demoisel! ' 'Iorigni. 'This incident, if it attracted any notice at all, passed for a mere picce of gallantry, a supposition abundantly confirmed by the conduct of the fair Florentine, whose sparkiing eyes and throbbing bosom, as she perused the paper, as well as her nod of aequiescence, while she finally crushed it within her hands, sufficiently attested the nature of her feelings. Brantôme, who was her neighbour, hemmed significantly. 'Torigni erimsomed to the temples; but nothing more passed upon the matter.
"Bravo!" exclaimed Crichton, who, flushed with the antieipated success of his scheme, had now entirely recovered his spirits, and joined enthusiastically in the applanses bestowed upon Ronsard's performance; though it may be suspected, from the warmth of his praises, that not a word of the song had reached his ears. " Bravo!" he cried, with well-feigned rapture ; " the strains we have listened to are worthy of him who has won for himself the proud title of the "Poite Frangos, par Excellence; of him who will cnjoy a kindred immortality with the Teian and Noonian bards; of him whom beauty has worshipped, and sages honoured ; and to whom one fairer than the fairest nymph of antiquity-the loveliest pearl of Scotia's diadem hath inseribed her priceless gift.

## A Rovsard l'Apollon de la sonrce des Muses.

Happy bard! upon whom such a queen hath smiled. Not Alain Chartier, upon whose melodions lips, when closed in sleep, Margaret of Scotland impressed a burning kiss; not Clement Marot, the aspiring lover of Diane de Poitiers, and of the royal Marguerite, was so much to be envici. Happy !-happy bard ! upon whom all lovely things smile."
"Except the lovely Torigni," interrupted Chicot, " and she alone, who smiles on all, frowns upon him. For my part, I have the bad taste to prefer my own verses, or those of Mellin de Saint Gelais, our 'French Ovid,' or the elegies of my cousin, Philippe Desportes, (our 'Tibullus,' if Ronsard is to be our' 'Anacreon'bah!) !, s comnets are worth all the erotic poesy indited

By lionsard on these ladies three, Cassandra, Ilelen, or Marie."
"Peace!" said the Scot, "and to confound thee and all such unbelievers, I will, if my memory serves me, recite an ode recently written by the bard thou hast traduced, worthy to be classed with the most fervid strains ever poured out by him who sang of old, of love, and of the vine. Attend!" And addressing the poet, whose handsome countenance glowed with satisfaction, and who acknowledged the compliment (for your bard is never insensible to flattery) by kissing bis wine-cup, Crichton, with the grace and fervour of an Alcibiades, delivered himself of the following ode.

## Anacreontí.*

I.

When Bacchus' gift assai!s my brair, Care flies, and all her gioomy train; My pulses throb, my youth returns, With its odd tire my bosom bums; Betore my kindling vision rise A thomand ghrions phantasies! Sulden my emply coffers swell, With licher inconsumable ; And mightier treanures 'round me spring Than Cioons owned, or Phrygia's hing.

## 11.

Nought seek I in that frenzied hour, Save love's intoxicating power; An arm to guide me in the dance, An eye to thrill me with its glance, A !ip impas-ioned words to breathe, A hand my temples to enwreathe : lank, honour, weath, and worldy weal, Scomful, I emsh beneath my heel.
III.

Then fill the chalice till it shine Bught as a gem incarnadine! Fill ! - till its fums lave freed me wholly From the black phantom-Mc!ancholy : leater incbriate tis to he, And dying live, than living die!
"Trinquons, mon cher," cried Ronsard, holding out his ceoblet as Crichton concluded; "my verses aequire a grace from you, such as they never possessed before."
"Forget not the rhymes of the good Pantagruel," said Chicot-
"Et ven quill est de celveau phanaticque,
Ce me seroit acte de trop picqueur,
Penser mocquer ung si noble trincqueur."
At this moment the Vicomte de Joyeuse slightly coughed, and dirceting a glance of intelligence at Crichton, volunteered and executed, with much vivacity and spirit, the following-

## Dírar of Bourbon.

## I.

When the good Count of Nassan Saw Bourbon lie dead.
" By Saint Barbe and Saint Nicholas! lorward!'lhe said.
11.
" Mintter never praver o'er him, For liter ne cor halt;
But somid lond the tumpetSomed, sound to assault!

- Paraphrased from lionsard's Ode.-Lorsque Bucchus entre chez moi, jr.

> III.
> " Bring engine-bring ladder, Yon old walls to scale; Al Rome, by Saint Peter! For Bourbon shall wail."

And now, to follow the king and the mask.
"We would willingly serve you in this enlevement of the Gelosa," said Henri, continuing a conversation with the unknown, the carlier part of which it is not necessary 'o repeat ; " willinglybut shall I own to you a weakness !-I have apprehensions-
"Of Crichton?" asked the mask, scareely able to repress his scorn.
"Of my mother, caro mio. I hold it a rule never to interfere with her plans, unless they interfere with my own, and in this instance I see not how our interests can be mised up with your wishes. Besides, to speak plainly, I have an affiir on hand at this moment which may not improbably excite her displeasure ; and I am unwilling to hazard aught that may occasion serious grounds of difference between us. Why not tarry till to-morrow?"
"Because-but I have already stated my reasons for this urgency -it must be to-night-"
"You have as little reliance on Ruggieri as I have, mon ccusim," laughed the king.
"I am as little accustomed to baulk my inclinations as your majesty," replied the mask, impatiently-"The prey is stricken. Shall I hesitate to seize it? By Saint Paul, no. I detain you, sire. Suffer me to quit the presence. Since you decline giving me your authority I will act upon my own responsibility."
"Stay," replied the king, vacillating between the awe in which he stood of Catherine's resentment, and his anxicty to serve the mask, " the guard stationed round the Hotel de Soissons refused you admittance, you say. This ring will obtain it for you. Take it, and take the girl, and Ruggieri, too, if yon list. So that you rid us and our good city of laris of him and his accursed waxen images, I care not. If you encounter the queen-mother I leave you to make your own exenses. Take care not to compromise me in the matter. You need fear no interruption on the part of Crichton. He is safe within this chamber, and I will give instant orders that the doors of the Louvre be closed till dawn."
"In an hour that caution will be needlces," exclaimed the mask, trimmphantly. "Ere that space be past, my views will be accomplished."

And with a haughty salutation the unknown departed.
The king remained an instant in conference with Du Halde. Chicot, who, upon the departure of the mask, had vacated his seat, approached them. Our iester had a strong penchant for 'eaves-dropping.
" Let the portals of the Louvre be instantly closed," said Ifenri,
＂not al guest must go forth till cawn－above all，the Chevalier Crichton．＂

The chief ralet bowed．
＂I have further commands for thee，＂continued the king，lower－ ing his tone－＂at my wonted signal thou wilt extinguish the lights．＂

A scarcely perceptible smile played upon Du Halde＇s courtier－ like countenance．
＂Ha！funs it so？＂said Chicot，drawing nearer to the group． Aml here we leave him to return to the lovers．
＂lisclammonde，＂whispered the Scot，as the buffoon quitted the table，＂place your trust unhesitatingly in that man．He is your safeguard．Confide in him，and fear nothing．＂
＂I do not fear，Chevalier Crichton，＂replied the demoiselle，in the same low tone．＂In my extremity I have one friend who will not fail me－the good Florentin Chrétien．＂
＂You have one who will perish for yon，or with yon，＂re－ turned Crichton．＂We shall meet again？＂
＂Perhaps，＂answered Esclaimonde ；＂and yet I know not－the future is a gulf into which I dare not gaze．If possible I will quit this palace－this city－on the morrow．One tic alone can detain me，if I am frec from this hateful bondage．＂
＂And that is－？＂
＂Henri de Valois，＂rejoined a voice．

## CHAPTER IX．

## Tルた SAにBACAN゙に．

Te dis，et je le seai que le Roy ayant pris une merveillense frayeur de ces choses， dès le tems de la Warbacane，devint enfin si peureux qu’il trembloit à la vûe du moindre éclair．

Confession de Sancy．
The king，whose quick ear caught the last words of their con－ versation，had approached the lovers imperecived．In vain did the jester attempt to warn them by slightly coughing．Henri was too rapid in his movements to ailow him to proceed，and he was fearful of a wakening suspicion by any overt display of his sym－ pathy with their situation．
＂Chevalier Crichton，＂said the monarch，angrily regarding the Seot，＂I would not have to remind you a second time of your plighted word．＇Take heed how you rouse my choler．I have something of the Medicis in my composition，though it may not often manifest itself．＂
＂And I，＂returned the Scot，fiereely－

> " Le monde est un bouffon, l'homme une comédie, L'un porte la marotte, et l'antre est la folic,"
chanted Chicot，adding in a whisper to Crichton，＂Your intempo－ rate Scotch blood will ruin all－bethink you what yon do．＂
＂You talk boldly，chevalier，＂said Henri，＂and I trust you
will demean yourself as stoutly on the morrow with your sword. Your adversary of the mask threatens to rob you of your laurels, and to put a stain upon the spotless order, with which I have invested you."
" The modest precepts of chivalry teach us, sire," replied Crichton, " that to vaunt is not to vanquish-

Un elievalier, n'en dontez pas, Doit férir haut, et parler biss.
I shall abide the issuc-content to rely upon a sword which has never yet failed me, and a cause which I maintain to be the right."
"Enough," replied Henri, whose petulance was readily dissipated. "I have bidden Du Halde give orders for the proclamation of the jousts at noon upon the morrow, within the lesser gardens of the Louvre, and I bid ye all, fair dames and puissunt knights, to grace it with your presence-

> Servans damours, regardez doulcernent Aux eschaffaux anges de Paradis: Lors jousterez fort et joyeusement Et vous serez honorez et chéris."

As Henri sung this refrain of an old bailad of the Tourney by Eustache Deschamps, with much taste and some feeling, his features assumed, for a moment, the expression which might have animated them, when, flushed with the promise of a glorious manhood, his youthful valour had achieved the victory of Montcontour.
"Ah, Crichton !" he sighed, as he concluded; " the days of Tannegui Du-Chatel, and Gaston de Foix are past. With my brave father, Hemri de Valois, chivalry expired!"
"Say not so, sire," replied Crichton, "while yourself can yet wield a lance, and while a Joyeuse, a D'Epernon, and a Saint-Luc, yet live to raise their banners."
"To say nothing of a Crichton," interrupted Henri, "whose name will gild our reign hereafter, when others are forgotten. With the Béarnais in the field-the Balafré coquetting with my crown, and my brother of Anjou in open revolt against me, I have need of loyal hearts and true. Joyeuse, mon enfant, I heard thy voice just now-hast thou not some stirring strain of knightly days, to chime with the chord which chance has struck within my breast ?"
" If such be your pleasure, my gracious liege," replied Joyense, " you shall have the lay of the truest knight that ever served monarch of your realm-the valiant constable, Bertrand Du Guesclin."

With a fire and spirit which evinced how completely the glorions prowess of the warrior, whose brave deeds he celebrated, was in unison with his own ardent aspirations after chivalrous renown, doyeuse then sang, in a rich melodious voice, the following

## 

1. 

A siber＝hichd＝quire did wheld，chatged wath an eagle himek． With talon ted，and two－fold head．whe followed on the track If the hert knighs that cre iti fight hurled mace，or conched the lance， Du Guesclin named，whu tuncheon clamed as Constable of France． II．
In Brittany，where Rennes $\dagger$ doth lie．Dn Guesclin first drew breath ；
Bom for emprize－in commed wise hrave，loyal unto death．
With hand and sword，uhb heart anu word，served well this haron bold
The azure scutcheon that di－played three fleur－de－lis of gold．+
111.

I ike Gueselin bold of warriors old in prowess there was none， ＂Mid peers that stood iombd Arthur geod，Baldwin or brave liouillon； Nor，as I weem，hanh hioghthood seren a chief more puissanty II ith staff advance the flower of France＇eainst hosule chivalry．

## IV．

－Guesclin is dead！and with him feed the hravest and the best， That ever eet，by foe beset，mat：ataned fair Gallia＇s crest！ His sonl（ied shive！－were he alive，his spear were eonched again ＂Fo guard the three gold filies from the white cross of Lorrain：s
＂I Caren rest the sonl of the valiant constable＂．＂sighed J Ienri， as Joyeuse brought his ballad to a close．＂Would he were living now ！－but wherefore，＂he adrled，glancing affectionately at the vicomte，＂should I indulge the wish while thon，my grallant D＇Arques，remainest to me？－With thee by my side，＂he con－ timued，smiling，＂I need have little anticipation of the third rown which the Duchess de Montpensier promises me－Poland＇s diadem I have already bornc－that of France I now possess－ but the monk＇s tonsure－＂
－Will become her brother，the Balafré better than ron，my gracious liecee，＂interupted Joycuse，＂to＇Tartams，with the felon eross of Lormin and its supporters．＂
＊A free version of an＂olde gentil＂Breton lay of the ace of Charles V．of France，a stanza is subjoned，that the reader may have a taste of its freshness and simplicity．The ballad，it may be observel，has remaned wholly inedited， until the publieation by M．Crapelet，of the golden mannserint of the Combat des Irente，extracted from the Bibliotheque du Roi．

## 五e Distic Dz AlonE．Bertran De Glasgum．


A．if．testes ct．ま，roge baston pourtoist li preur Is ballant conrestahle Qui of Clasguin Eeman anoist a nem
 ¥うreux et hardi couragenx cume．ま．tor Qui tant serui of loulial cuer et of bon Ferscu majur a．iij．flours in lis vor．
－The Chattean de la Motte－Broon，near liemes．
$\pm$ The royal arms of France．
S The cognizance of the homse of Guise．The doulle Cross of Lorrain ras admptel as an ensign by the Leaguers，of whom the Dike of Guise，was the frime mover：－a circumstance which gave rise to the following sareastic and sumewhat irreverent quatrain．quite in the spirit of the times ：－

Mais，dites moi，que signifie
Que les Tigueurs ont double croix？－
（＂est qu＂en la ligne on crucifie
Jisus thrist encore ane fois．
" An ! Joyeuse-my brother," said Henri, smiling affectionately, "thou art, indeed, as brave as Du Gueselin, as loyal as Bayard."
"Bayard!" exelaimed Crichton, " my heart leaps up at that name, as at the clarion's call. Would that my life might be like Bayard's, and," he added, fervently; " my life's close likewise!"
"To that prayer, I cry amen with my whole soul," said Joyeuse, "But while our hearts are warmed with the thoughts kindled by such glorious recollections, prithee, Crichton, clothe somewhat of thei: gallant deeds in thine inspiring verse. Thou art a minstrel worthy of Bayard. Even my friend, Philippe Desportes must yicld the palm of song to thee."
" Joyeuse is in the right," said Hemri. "A nobler subject for the bard could not be found, nor better bard to rehearse such subject. Three well beneficed abbeys were the meed of as many sonnets from Desportes, I know not how I shall requite your rerformance, mon cher."
"Bestow not such unmerited praise on me, I beseech your majesty," replied Crichton, " or I shall searce adventure my lay on a theme 1 cannot dwell upon without deepest emotion."
"First let us pledge the memory of the reproachless chevalier," said Henri, "and then embalm his deeds in song."

The goblets were filled-and drained. Crichtor pronounced his pledge with devotion, and quaffed the sparkling contents of his wine-cup to the dregs.

In a tone, then, which showed how deeply his own sympathy was enlisted in the subject-matter of his strains-with an unstudied simplicity of manner perfectly in unison with the minstrel measure he had chosen, and with much knightly fervour-he sang the following ballad:-

## Tye

## I.

"A boon I crave, my Cayard brave :"- -'twas thus King Francis spoke;
"The field is won, the baitle done,* yet deal one other stroke.
For by this light, to dub us knight, none worthy is as thou,
Whom nor reproach, nor fear approach, of prince or peer we trow:"

## II.

"Sire !" said the knight, "yon judge not right, who owns a kingdom farr.
'Neatl! his command all knights do stand-no service can he share."
"Nay : by our fay!" the king did say, " lo ! at thy feet we kneel,
Let silken rules sway tiltyard sehools, our laws are here of steel."

## 111.

With gracions mien did Bayard then, his sword draw from his side ;
"By God! Saint Michael! and Saint George ! I dub thee knight!' he cried.

[^10]" Arise, good king! weal may this bring-such grace on thee confer,
As erst hrom blow of Charles did flow, Roland or Oliver!"
IV.

With belted blade, the king arrayed- whe kight the spur applied,
And then his neck with cham did deck-and accolade supplied-
"Do thy devoir at ghosty choir-maintain high courtesie,
Aud fiom the fray in wars array, Goll gramt thou never flee!"
V.
"Certes, good blade,"* then Bayard said, his own sword waving high,
"'Thou shalt, perdie, as relic be preserved fill carefully!
Right fortunate art thou, good sword, a king so hrave to knight?
And with strong love, all arns above, rest honoured in my sight.
VI.

And never more, as herctofore, by Curistian chivalry,
My trenchant blade, shalt thou be rayed, or e'er endangered be!
For l'aynm foes reserve thy blows-the Saracen and Moor
Thine edge shall smite in bitter tight, or merciless estour?" $\dagger$
VII.

Yeare, since that day, have rolled away, and Bayard hurt to death, "Neath gray Rebecco's walls ontstretclid, exhales his latest breath. ()a Heaven he cried, or ere le died-but cross had none, I wist, save that good sword-hilt erncilorm, which with pale lips he kissed $\ddagger$ VIlI.
iinight : whom reproach eould ue'er approach, no name like unto thine, With honour bright, unsullied, white, on Fames prond scroll shall shine!
But were it not to mortal lot denied by grace divine,
Should Bayard's life, and Bayard's death, and his good sword be mine.
"Bravo!" exclaimed Joycuse, "may the same spirit which animated Bayard animate you on the morrow!

> A bien jonster gardez votre querelle
> Et vous serez honorez et chéris,
as rums the old refrain. 'Souvins toi,' as the poursuivants-at-arms are wont to cheer us at the tourney, "de qui tu es fils, et ne forligne pas!' "
"My father's sword will, I trust, be grasped by no degenerate hand," replied Crichtom, smiling, "and prove as fortunate to me as Orlando's resistless blade Durandal, or thy namesake Joyeuse, the trenchant weapon of Charlemagne. I shall neither forget of what worthy gentleman I am the son, nor," he added, glancing at Esclairmonde, " of what fair dame I am the servant."
"Will not the dame you serve," asked the vicomte, smiling, "in accordance with the good old practice of chivalry, too much

* "'ru es bien henrense davoir anjourdhui, à un si bean et si puissant roi, donne lordre de chevaleric. Certes, ma home epée, vous serez comme reliques gardee, et sur tont autre honore :"-Précis de la Chevalzrie.
+ Extour-a grand málec.
$\ddagger$ "'This sword has been lost. Charles Emanuel, Duke of Savor, requested it of Bayard's heirs. One of them. Charles du Motet, Lord of Chichiliane, sent him, in default of it, the hattle-axe of which Bayard made use. The duke told the Dauphinese genteman, when he wrote to thank him for the present, 'That in the midst of the pleasure he felt at beholding this weapon placed in the worthiest part of his gallery, he eonld searee el:oose, but regret that it was not in such good lamis as of its original owner.' "-Champier.-Sce also the account of Dayard's death in the Chronicte of the Lonal Serment.
nerlected, I grieve to sav, now-a-days, bestow some token or favour upon you? The dame De Fluxas gave her sleeve to Bayard, when he gained the prize of the tourney at Carignan."
"I have no other token but this to bestow," said Esclairmonde, blushing, and detaching a knot of ribands from her hair, "which I now give to the Chevalier Crichton, and pray him to wear for my sakc."

Crichton took the gage, and pressing it to his lips, exclaimed with fervour,
" I will bear it upon my lance ; and if my adversary boast like token of his lady's favour, I trust to lay it as an offeringe at your feet."
"No more," interrupted Hemri, impatiently. "I, myself, will break a lance in your behoof, belle Esclairmonde, and here appoint youl Queen of the Lists. Remember, messcigneurs, the heralds will proclaim the joust to-morrow. I, myself, will enter the barriers, which I have appointed with more than usual magnificence. Thus much I owe to the combatants. Do thou, Joycuse, array fourten of thy followers in white scarves, and thou, D'Epernon, the like number of thy Quarante-Cinq, in yellow. I will have the courses, ì la foule, take place by torehlight, as was the custom of my chivalrous father-at which time, also, I will make trial of my Spanish jennets in the new Ballet des Chevaux, devised by my chief equerry. Par la Mort-Dien! if my reign be remembered for nothing else, it shall be referred to for its ceaseless festivities."
" And now," he added, gallantly, "that we have listened to the lay of preux chevalier, I trust the response of gentle dame will not be denied us. The fair Torigni, I know hath a witching skill upon the lyre, but the voice I chicfly desire to hear is that of my lovely neighbour. Nay. fair demoiselle, I am peremptory, and will take no refusal. She whose lightest tones are music, cannot be held excnsed on plea of want of skill. You need but to link your voice with the words of some simple legend, and I will engace that your performance shall exceed in attraction the most finished effort of the choicest Italian cantatrice, even though your opponent should be (with a glance at Crichton) the divine Gelosa herself, whose notes attracted all our good citizens to the Hotel de Bourbon."

Aware that remonstrance would be unavailing, with the best grace she could assume, and in a voice, the tones of which, as Henri justly remarked, were perfectly musical, Esclairmonde, without hesitation, complied with the king's request, and with much natural and touching pathos, executed the following Spanish romance:-

## Musef and Zoranda.*

## I

Throunh the Vega of Granada, where the silver Darro glidesFrom his tower within the Alpuxar-swift-swift Prince Y'usef ides. To her who holds his heart in thrall-a captive Chistian maidOn wines of fear and doubt he flies, of sore mischance afraid. For ah! full well dorh Yusef know with what relentless ire, His love for one of adwerse faith is noted by his sire:
" \%orayda mine," he cries aloud-on-on-his courser straine-

* Zorayda mine!-thine Yiset comes!"-the Alhambra walls he gains


## II.

Through the marhle Court of Lions-throngh the stately TocadorTo Liudaraxa's bowers he goes-the Queen he stands before; ller maidens round his mother gronp-but not a word she speaks. In sain amid that lovely throng, one lovelier form be seeks; In vain he tries 'mid orient eyes, orbs di. rker far to meet; No form so light, no eyes so hright, as hers his vision greet, " Zorayda mine-Zorayda mine! ah whither art thon fled?" A low, low wail returns his cry-a wail as for the dead.

## III.

No answer made his mother, but her hand gave to her sonTo the garden of the Generalif together are they gone; Where gushing fountains cool the air-where scents the citron pale, Where nighringales in concert fond rehearse their love-lorn tale, Whare roses link'd with myrtles make green woof against the sky, llalf hidden by their verdant screen a sepulchre doth lie; "Zorayda mine-Zoravda mine!-ah! whetefore art thou flown, To gather flowers in Yemen's bowers while 1 am left alone !"

## IV.

Upon the ground kncels Yusef-his heart is like to break ; In vain the queen we ull comfort him-no comfort will he take. His blinded gaze he tur is upon that sculptured marble fair, Embossed with gems, and glistening with coloured pelbles rare ; led stones of Ind-black, vermeil, geen, their mingled hues combine, With jaciuth, sapphire, amethyst, and dianond of the mine.
" Zorayda mine-Zorayda mine !"-thus ran sad Yuset"s cry,
" Lorayda mine, within this tomb, ah! sweet one! dost thon lie?"

## V.

Upon that costly sepulchre, two radiant forms are seen, In sparkling alabaster carved like crystal in its sheen; The one as Yusef tashoned, a golden crescent bears, The other, as Zorayda wronght, a silver crosslet wears.

[^11]And ever, as soft zephyr siglis, the pair his breath obey,
And meet within each other's arms like infants in their play.*
" Zoraydn fair-Zorayda fair"-thms golden letters tell

- A Chiristian maid lies buried here-by Moslem loved too well.


## VI.

Three times those golden letters with grief sad Yusef reads,
To tears and frautic agony a fearful calnu succeeds-
"Ah! wo is me ; Zonayda mine-ah; would the self-same blon
That laid thee 'neath this mocking tomb, had laid thy lover low;
Two faithful hearts, like ours, in vain stern death may strive to sever-
A moment more, the pang is o'er, the grave mites us ever, Zorayda mine-Zorayda mine-this dagger sets me free-
Zorayda mine-look down-look down-thus-thus I come to thee $!^{n}$

## VII.

" Hold ! Ynsef, hold !" a voice exclaims, " thy loved Zorayda livesThy constancy is well approved-thy sire his son forgives.
Thine ardent passion doubting long-thy truth I thas have tried, Behold her whon thy faith hath won-receive her as thy bride!"
In Yusef's arms- to Yusef's heart, Zorayda close is pressd,
Half stiffed by a flood of joy, these words escape his breast:-
"Zorayda mine-Zoravda mine!-ah! dubly dear thou art
Uninterrupted bliss be ours, whom death has failed to part !"
The monareh's loud applauses at the close of the song were reiterated to the echo by the assemblage. Crimsoning with shame, Eslairmonde ventured a glance towards her lover, whosesilent admiration was of more value in her eyes than the courtly compliments which were so freely lavished upon her efforts.
"And now for the lay of the belle Torigni," said Henri, " her songs are wont to be of a more sprightly description-ah! Signorina mia! Shall we suc in vain?"

Torigni needed little pressing; but with much archness and spirit, complied with the king's request in the following ballad:-

## Yolande. $\dagger$

A golden flower embroidering, A lay of love low murmuring ; Seclided in the eastem tower Sits fair Yolande within her bower:
Fair-fair Yolandel

- This circumstance is thus depicted in the French Romances

En la tombe et quartre tuiaus Aus quartre cors bien fait et biaus. Es quiex liquartre vent féroient Chascuns, ainsi com'il ventoient. Quant li vens los enfans tochoit, L'un beisoit l'antre et accoloit ; Si disoient, par nigromance ve tout lor bon, de lor enfance.

Flone et Blanchefloro
$\dagger$ A very free adaptation of a sparkling little romance by Audefroy-le Bastard to be found in the Romancero brançois, entitled Eele Yolans. Mueh liberty has been taken with the conemering hinma--izuced the song altogether buars but slight resemblance to its origimal
"By our Lady !" exclaimed Henri, laughing, " that ditty likes me well. Samson, a cup of Syracuse-messeigneurs, I pledge our fair minstrels-Ah!-par la Mort Dieu!-I have a feeling of such unwonted exhilaration in our heart, that I must perforce give vent to it in song. My Hippocrene is this fiery wine-my inspiration the lovely Esclairmonde."

This gracious intimation on the part of his majesty was received, as might be anticipated, coming from such a quarter, with acclamations.
"Hemri is certainly drunk, abbé," observed Joyeuse.
"Beyond a doubt," returned Brantome, shaking his hearl, and perfectly unconscious of his own condition, " wine speceilly assaults his brain-ha-ha! But do you not perceive, my dear vicomte, that the banquct draws to a close ?"
"Do you think so ?" asked Torigni-" my heart flutters very unaccountably. Monsicur le vicomte, bid your page give me the least possible drop of Cyprus. I have not entirely recovered the shock her Majesty of Navarre gave me."
"Or the effects of Crichton's billet," returned Brantóme, hemming signilicantly:
"Ilis majesty"s song," interposed Joyense.

With a taste and skill that showed how highly cultivated had been the musical talent he possessed, Henri then gave the following rondel :-

## 玍eclaímondr.

## I.

The crown is proud
That decks our brow;
The laugh is lond-
That glads us now.
The sounds that fall
Around-above
Are laden all
With love-with love-
With love-with love.

## II.

Heaven cannot show, 'Mid all its sheen
Orbs of such glow
As here are seen.
And monareh ne'er
Exnlting own'd,
Queen might compare
With Esclairmonde.-
With Esclairmonde.

## III.

From Bacchus' fount, Deep dranghts we drain;
Their spirits mount,
A nd tire our brain;
But in our heart
Of hearts enthroned,
From all apart,
Rests Esclairmonde-
Rests Esclairmonde
" Perfect!" exclaimed Ronsard.
"Perfect!" repeated every voice.
"His late majesty, Charles IX., never improvised strains more delightful," continued the bard.
"Never," replied Chicot, "Charles's unpremeditated strains being generally understood to be your composition, Monsieur de Ronsard. I think nothing of them. Mediocrity is the prerogativo of royalty. A good king must be a bad poet. But you have all praised his majesty's performance, now listen to the moral of the story-though morality I must own is a little out of fashion in the Louvre." And mmicking, so far as he dared, the looks and tones of the king, the jester commenced his parody as follows :

> The crown is proud, But brings it peace?
> The laugh is lond-
> Fuil zow iwn cease.

The sounds that fall<br>From lightest breath, Are laden all<br>With death-with death.<br>It ith death-with death.

" Enough, and too much," interrupted Henri, "we will not have our flow of spints checked by thy raven croaking. Be prepared,' he whispered, "with the signal; and now, messeigneurs," he continued aloud, "the night wears, the music sounds again, the new masque of 'Circe and her nymphs' awats you. Nay, mignonne," he added, in a low impassioned tone, and forcibly detaining Esclairmonde ; " you must remain with me."

At this lint from the monarch the guests arose; and each gallant taking a dame under his arm, left the banquet-hall. Criehton and Torigni were the last to quit the room. A significant look passed between the Scot and Chicot, as he lingered for an instant at the doorway, the meaning of which the latter appeared clearly to comprehend, for waving lis hand, as if in obdience to the royal command, the perfumed torehes were suddenly extinguished. Page, valct, usher, and buffoon, disappeared ; the tapestry was swiftly drawn together; the valves were closed; and Henri was left in darkness with the demoiselle.

All this was the work of a moment. The king was taken a little by surprise. Clicot had given the signal sooner than he intended.

Concluding himself alone with Esclairmonde, Hemri addressed a passionate exclamation to her, at the same time endeavouring to obtain possession of her hond. The demoiselle, however, with a cry of terror, cluded his grasp, and fled, so far as she was able to determine in the obscurity in which all was wrapped, towards the door.
"Ah, ah, fair bird! you camot escape me now," exclaimed llenri, exultingly, following in pursuit.

And as lie spoke, with outstretched hands he grasped at something which, in the darkness, appeared to be the flying figure of the damsel. The sudden prostration of his royal person, and the subsequent loud jingle of falling class, mised with the clatter of plate, soon, however, convinced him of his error; while a stifled laugh, proceeding, as he concluded, from the demoiselle, completed his mortification.

The king arose, but said nothing, and, suspending his own respiration, listened intently. For a moment not a sound was heard. Hemri then thought he detected a light step stealing towards the other side of the room, and directed his attention to that quarter. A noise, as of arras being raised, followed by a fant creak, such as might be produced by a sliding panel, was just audible. "Diable! the secret door-can she have discovered it :"" ejaculated Henri, rushing in the direction of the sound. "She may clude me after all."

A light laugh, however, issuing from a different part of the
chamber, and which, questionless, originated with his inamorata, satisfied him that she was still in the room. Gliding noiselessly forward, guided by the sound, ere another instant he had grasped a small soft hand, which he covered with a thousand kisses, and which, strange to say, palpably returned his pressure.

Hemri was in positive raptures.
" How much one may be deceived!" exclaimed the enamoured monarch; "this delightful gloom makes all the difference in the world. I was quite right to have the torehes extinguished. You, fair Esclairmonde, who, a few minutes ago, were all coyness and reserve-a a rery belle dame sans merci-are as amiable and complaisant as-(whom shall I say ?")-as the obliging 'Torigni."
"Ah, sire !" murmured a low voice.
" I'faith, fair demoiselle," continued the delighted Hemri, "so charming do I find you, that I an half tempted to become a heretic myself. On these lips I could embrace any faith proposed to us-"

At this moment, a hollow voice breathed in the very portals of his car, these words-"Vilain Herodes"-an magram framed by the Jacobins upon his own name-Henri de Valois.

The king started, and trembled.
It has already been stated, that Henri was bigoted and superstitious to the last degree. His hand now shook so much, that he could scarcely retain the fair fingers he held within his grasp.
" Did you speak, demoiselle ?" he aaked, after an instant's pause.
" No, sire," replied his companion.
"Your voice appears strangely altered,", returned Henri, "I seareely recognise its tones as those of Esclairmonde."
"Your majesty's hearing deceives you," returned the lady.
"So much so," replied Hemri, "that I could almost fancy I had heard your roice under similar circumstances before. This shows how one may be mistaken."
"It does, indeed," replied the lady; " lut perhaps your majesty found the voice to which you allude more agreeable than miae."
"By no means," replied Henri.
"You would not then change me for any other?" asked the lady. timidly.
"Not for my kingdom," exclaimed Itcnri, " would I have any one else in your place! She of whom I spoke was very diflerent from you, ma mia."
" Are you quite sure of that, sire ?"
"As of my salvation," replicd Henri, passionately.
"Of which thou art by no means assured," breathed the deep sepulchral voice in his cars.
"There-again-did you hear notling, demoiselle "" asked the king, in new alarm.
"Nothing whatever," rejoined the lady. "What odd fancies you have, sire!"
"Odd, indeed!" answered Henri, trembling. "I begin to think I acted wrongly in loving a Huguenot.-Par la Saint-Barthelemy! you must reform your faith, demoiselle."
"'Tis thou, Henri de Valois, who must reform," returned the sepulchral voice, "o or thy days are numbered."
"Averte faciem tuam ì peccatis meis!" exclaimed the terrified king, dropping on his knees, " et omnes iniquitates meas dele!"
"What ails your majesty ?" asked his companion.
"Hence-hence-fair delusion!" exclaimed Henri-"avoid thee !-Dosebo iniquos viers tuas, Domine!"
" Trouble not the virtuous Huquenot," continued the voice.
"In peccatis concepit me matcr," continued Henri.
"True," replied the roice, "or the memory of Fernelius hath been scandalonsly calumniated."
"Fernelins!" cchoed Henri, scarcely comprehending what was said to him, and fancying in his terror that the voice had acknowledged itself to belong to the shade of his mother's departed physician - "Art thou the spirit of Fernelius arisen from purgatory to torment me ""
"Even so," was the response, which seemed mingled with diabolical laughter.
"I will have nightly masses said for the repose of thy soul, unhappy Fernclius," continued the king-" so thou wilt no more perplex me. In l'aradisum detucant te Angeli! Suscipiant Martyres!"
"'Thou must do more," returned the voice.
"I will do any thing-every thing you enjoin, gracious Fernelius," said the king.
"Cherish thy jester Chicot," continued the roice.
"As my brother." answered the king.
"Not as thy brother-but as thyself," returned the shade of Eernelins.
"I will-I will," replied Henri. " What more ?"
"Abandon this vain quest of the virtuous Esclaimonde, and return to her whom thou hast abandoned."
"Whom mean you ?" asked the king, somewhat perplexed"to whom have your words especial reference, most excellent Fernelius-to my Queen Leuise ?"
"To the Demoiselle Torigni," rejoined the voice.
"Torigni!" echoed Henri, deepairingly-"any of my formes loves were preferable to her. Is there no other altemative ?"
"None whatever," sternly answered the spectre.
"Sooner then," replied Hemri, "will I incur-ha!-diable !a ghost indulge in merriment-this is some trick--" he exclaimed, suddenly recovering his confidence, and starting to his fect, while, with his right hand, he grasped at some object near him. "We have traitors here," he continn:se, as steps were heard retreating. "'This is no ghost-no Femelius-"

"What in the name of wonder has your majesty been talking about all this time ?" asked the lady with affeeted astonishment.
" You shall hear anon. 'Fore Heaven, demoiselle, you will have reason to repent this conduct-and your accomplice likewise will me his rashness. We can readily divine who is the author of this mistaken pleasantry. What ho! lights! lights!" And applying a whistle to his lips, the doors were instantly thrown open, and the attendants nushed in with flambeaux.

The torchlight fell upon the monarch and his companion. Abashed probably at the presence of so many spectators, the lady covered her face with her hands.
"Look up, demoiselle !" ejaculated Hemri, angrily-" Nay, I, will not spare your blushes, depend upon it. Our whole court shall learn the trick you would have put upon your sovereign :-our whole court shali witness your cxposure. Look up, I say-if your cffrontery could carry you thus far, it may bear you still further. A few moments back the laugh was on your side, it is now on omrs -ah!-ah!-P:ur Dieu !-I would not spare you this infliction for our best barony. Look up-look up, Demoiselle Esclair-monde-"

And forcibly withdrawing the hands of the lady, her features were revealed to the gencral gaze.

They were those of Torigni!
Despite the presence in which they stood, the courtiers found it impossible to repress a titter. "D Diantre !" exclaimed Henri, pet-tishly-" Duped !--deceived !-what-what has become of Esclairmonde?"

At this moment the crowd respectfully drew aside, and the Queen Louse stepped forward.
"The Demoiselle Esclaimonde has placed herself under my protection," she said, approaching his majesty.
"U Under your protection, Louise !" said the monarch, in amazement. "Do you afford sametuary to a Huguenot? By the four Evangelists! madame, we estecmed you too good a Catholic to hazard even the chance contamination of a heretic's presence."
"I trust I may sympathise with the distress of those whose opinions differ from my own without offence to Him who is in Himself all charity," replied Louse, midity; "and in this eace where imnocence and purity have sought refuge with me, I could lay little claim to the first of Christian virtuc's-Mercy-had I refused it. I have passed my word for her safcty."
"You have done wisely-very wisely-I must say, madame," exclained Henri, contemptuonsly, "and no donbt your father confessor will concur with your sentiments. We shall sce. I shall not argue the point now. There is one person, however, with whom we can deal. Where is the demoiselle's loyal servant? Where is Crichton? He has not taken shelter under your wing likewise. Your word we conclude is not passed for lim."
"The Clevalier Crichton has quitted the Louvre, Hemri," replicd Louise.
"Impossible!" exclaimed the king; "the gates are closed by an express order."
" He is rone, nevertheless," rejoined Torigni.
"Gone!" echoed Hemri. "By your contivance, madame," he added, looking angrily at the queen.
"No, Henri," replied Lonise, gently; "ncither had he a hand in Esclairmonde's liberation. The demoiselle sought me alone."
"How then did he contrive his llight!" demanded the king, turning to Torigni.

The demoiselle glanced towards the secret panel and nodded. Hemri understood her.
"Enongh," he said, "I sce it all, but where is your accomplice —the spectre?"
" Here-sirc--here," cried Sillot, drageing forth Chicot, whose feet he had detected peeping from under the table, " here is-""
"The Doctor Fernelims," replied Chicot, with a look of droll contrition, "pardon-pardon, sire."
"Thou Fernelius!" exclamed Henri, who, notwithetanding his displeasure, could scarcely forbear laughing at Chicot's grimaces, "How didst thon produce those awfill sounds, thou treacherous knave?"
"By this tube," replicd Chicot, holding up the sarbacane of the Ticonite de Joycuse. "You must own I piayed my part with spurit."
"A sarbacane!" exclaimed Itenri-" henceforth I banish all tubes of this description from the Louvre, and thou mayst thank our clemeney, deceitful varlet, that I do not banish thee with them."
"Surely your majesty would not pass a sentence of self-exile," returned the jester. "Sire you promised the worthy Fernelius to cherish me as yourself."
"Coquin," cried Henri, "I am half disposed to send thee to keep Fernclius company. But enough of this. Joyense," he added, "go with thy followers to the Hôtel de Soissons, and if thou encounterest this wayward Crichton or the mask within its walls place both under arrest till to-morrow. Lose not a moment on the way. Midame, I attend you."

## CHAPTER X.

## TIE HOTEL DE SOISSONS.

Voilà done son exécrable palais ! palais de la luxure, palais de la trahison, palais de tous les crimes!-

Victor Hugo.
Quitting the Louvre, its festivities, and its enraged and discontented monarch, and descending into the gardens of the palace, we shall now pursue the footsteps of a masked cavalier, who, wrapped in the folds of a sable domino, took his hasty way through its embowered walks and trim areades.

The whole of the space, at this time crowded by the courts and other buildings forming the offices of the Louvre was, at the period of our narrative, disposed in noble alleys bordered with exquisite shrubs-shadowed by tall trees-with here and there terraces and patches of the smoothest verdure-balustred with marble steps and low pillars-and watered by gushing fountains of the clearest crystal ; anon diverging into labyrinths and bowers, in which gleamed Faumus or Diana, or haply some "nymph to the battl addressed," and displaying throughout the luxury and magnificence of the monarch (Francis I.), by whom the plaisance had been laid out.

The moon shone clear and cold in the lighest heavens as the cavalier hurried swiftly through this region of beauty. For one instant he paused to gaze at the wing of the Louvre fronting the spot on which he stood. The casements were brightly illuminated with the torches of the fette-the music resounded blithely from afar-but the masker's cye rested not upon the festive lights, nor did he listen to the gay symphonies. His eye was fixed upon a lamp shining like a star from one of the higher towers of the period of Philip Augustus that flanked the palace, and his ear was strained to catch the faint sound produced by the closing of a lattice. He then plunged into a dark avenue formed by two rows of clipped yews before him.

The gardens of the Louvre were bordered on the one hand by the waters of the Seine, across which river-chains were dratro so as to cut off all approach in this quarter, while on the other, they were defended by a turreted wall and external moat, which separated it from the encroaching buildings of the Rue du Coq. Emerging suddenly from the alley in which he had disappeared, the cavalier stood beneath the shade of a spreading elm, whose branches overtopped the wall upon which he gazed.

The figure of a sentinel, with arquebuss in hand, was seen
slowly parading the rampart-walk, his steel cap and haberceon gleaming in the pale moonlight. To divest himself of his domino, underneath which appeared a rich satin ball-room costume-to swathe the folds of the cloak around his left arm, and with his right hand pluck his poignard from its sheath, and strike it decply into the bark of the tree, by which means he rapidly climbed it- to pass along its branches-to drop within a few paces of the astonished sentinci-and switt as thonght to place the wcapon at his thront, was with the cavalier little more than the work of a moment.

So mexpected had been the assault, that the sentinel searecly attempted any resistance, and was se closely gripect, as to be mable to raise a cry: his orquebuss was wrested from his hold, and hurled into the foss ; while his antagonist, having apparently accomplished his purpose in disarming him, bounded over the parapet of the wall, and, clinging to the rough side of a buttress, descended with the utmost velocity and certainty to the very edge of the water, where, taking advantage of a projecting stone, he contrived to bring both feet together, and with a single spring, cleared the wide deep moat, and alighted in safety on the other side-disappearing instantly afterwards in the fir-cast shadows of the gloomy line du Coq-and accomplishing what appeared in the cyes of the sentinel, who had watched his efforts from above, a marvellous and almost superhuman feat.
"Nille tomerres!" exclaimed the sentinel, who had made sure that the cavalier would have fallen midway into the moat, rubbing his eyes in astonishment as he beheld him arrive on the opposite bank, "it must be the fiend in person !" Whereupon he devoutly crossed himself, adding, "no man of mortal mould, save one, perchance, could have taken that leap, and he who might have done it, the Scottish galliand Crichton, people say, is something more than mortal. I recollect sceing him leap five-and-twenty feet in the hall of arms, but that was nothing to this moat, which, if it be an inch, must span nine yards, with searcely a resting-place for the point of a toe to spring from-to say nothing of at run. 'In-dien !-if it be the Chevalier Crichton, and he be not the devil, he has had a narrow escape of it to-night, in more ways than one; for had he passed through any gate of the Lourre, instead of down that break-neek wall, he had encountered the dagger of Maurevert, or some of Mtrdame Catherine's monchards. Notre-Dame! if it be Crichton, I am not sorry he has escaped, as we shall have the combat to-morrow in that casc. But peste! why did he throw away my arquebuss :"

With his vain lamentation, and his vain search for his gun, we shall leave the sentinel, and once more track the steps of the cavalier, who had no sooner gained the shelter of the houses, than he resumed his domino. Swiftly shaping his coure through the deserted streets, he glided along like a phantom, without cncountering so much as a stray serjeant of the guct royat, some of whom
were, for the most part, to be met with at all hours in this frequentea quarter, when, at the very moment he passed it, the door of a small tavern, the Falcon, situate where the Rue Pelican turns from the Ruc Saint-Honoré, was suddenly thrown open, and forth issued two roystering blades, members of the university, it would seem from their scholastic caps and gards, who had evidently been indulging in copious libations, and were now, in all probability, retreating to their place of rest for the night.

In figure, the one was tall, light, and not without a certain air of dignity in his deportment. Despite its uncertainty, his step was light and agile as that of a mountaincer, and about his shoulders light, long, yellow hair depended in great profusion. The second scholar was more squarely and stoutly built, and moved forward as if urged into his present quick movement by the energy of his companion. A small square cap surmounted a head of rough brown curling hair, shading an open manly countenance, lighted up by a keen gray eye, sparkling at this moment with unwonted fire. His whole appearance, while it betokened the possession of great personal strength, showed also that his vigour was united with a sluggish temperament. With a step almost as heavy as that of his master, a huge dog plodded at his heels, bearing undoubted marks of his English origin. And if any doubts could be entertained as to what country either dog or master might belong, the student settled that question by roaring at the top of a strenuous voice the following chaunt, in a tongue which requires no translation on our part to place it before the reader.

## Ale any ミark.

## I.

Your Gaul may tipple his thin, thin wine, And prate of its hue, and its fragrance fine, Shall never a drop pass throat of mise

Again-again!
His claret is meagre (but let that pass), I can't say much for his hippocrass, And never more will I fill my glass

With cold champagne.

## 1 I.

But froth me a flaggon of Euglish ale, Stont, and old, and as anber pale, Which heart and head will alike assail-

Ale-zile be mine!
Or brew me a pottle of sturdy sack,
Sherris and spice, with a toast to its back,
And need shall be none to bid me attack
That drink divine!
The reader will have been at no loss to discover in these
students his somewhat neglected friends Ogilvy and Blount. 'To the eavalier also they would appear to be equally well known, for he instantly joined them, addressing the former by his name.

Ogilyy at once came to a halt, uttering an exclamation of delight and astonishment. "You are fortunately encountered, Jasper," said the cavalier; "you can serve me."
"Show me but how!" cxcluined Ogilvy-" my arm shall second your wishes."
"If your head have discretion enough to guide it, I am assured it will," returned the cavalier; "but the enterprise on which I am bent requires coolness as well as courage, and you were better able to assist me had your libations been poured from the fountain rather than from the wine-flask."
"Our libations have been poured forth in honour of the victor of the University of Paris-of the admirable Crichton," returned Ogilvy, somewhat reproachfully, "and if blame is to be attached to our carouse, he who is the cause of it must be content to bear the burthen. My pulse beats quick 'tis truc, but my brain is calm enough—and if need be, I will plunge into the first well we encounter on our road."
"And I," said Blount, " have little to observe, noble sir, except that I will follow you wherever you list to lead me. 'The wines I have swallowed-as sour as Flemish beer, with (Heaven save the mark!) your honoured name upon my lips; and the stupifying herbe è la reine, as these Frenchmen call their tobacco leaves, which I have puffed away, may have muddled my intellects; but they have not extinguished my courage. I can if need be, put some guard upon my tongue, having no great fancy for talking at any time. And I can still (l would fain hope) wield staff or sword, as occasion may require, to some purpose. But if I should fail in my devoir, there is a follower at my heels, whose brain is at all seasons as bright as my own; who is no toper, and who will serve you loyally tooth and nail. What ho, Druid!"

A deep-toned growl from the dorg answered his master's call.
"Brave dog," said the cavalier, patting the animal's leathernside, "would thou couldst tro with me!"
" By Saint Dunstan! he shall go with you if you desire it, worthy sir," rejoined Blount.
"Will he leare, then, his master," asked the eavalier ineredulously.
"He will do aught I bid him," answered Blount. "Here, eirrah," and stooping for an instant, he muttered somewhat in Druid's car, accompanying hisintimation with an emphatic gesture, perfectly intellisible, it would seem, to the dog, who instantly quitted his side, and attached himself to that of the cavalier. "He will not quit you now till I recall him," said Blount, "Druid knows his duty as well as the most trusty retainer."
"His sagacity is indeed wonderful," said the caralier, "and I

thank you for your confidence in trusting me with so valucd a friend. But I pray you to recall your boon. The risk I run is imminent."
"I have given you my dog as a gage, noble sir," returned Blount, firmly, "and I may as well throw my own life into the bargain, secing I would alinost as soon part with one as the other. I give you both, therefore, freely. Be the result of this adventurewhither tending, to what concerning I know not-what it may, it matters not; my prayers are soon said; my tenure to this world is but slight, and I have never yet heard of the danger I would not confront. In which respect I am somewhat of honest Druid's opinion, who holds all antagonists unworthy of his teeth who will not rouse his ire ; and who will not turn his back on any beast that ever walked. Lead on, sir, I have that within me, that prompts me to be doing."
"And you, Jasper Ogrilvy ?"-
A tight grasp of the cavalier's hand was all Ogilvy's answer.
"Enough !" said the leader, hastening forward.
And as they proceeded with the same rapid pace as heretofore, the mask briefly developed his project. "And so the Geloso, whom that assassin Spaniard stabbed, turns out to be a girl after all," said Ogilvy.-"By Saint Andrew, the interest I felt in her behalf is not so unaccountable as I conceived it to be. Right gladly will I lend a hand to her deliverance from this cursed astrologer's roost, and from her persecutor. I marvelled much to see you in that mask and guise, but now 'tis all explained. You are in the right to undertake her rescue ; and were none other to be found, I would alone attempt it. A maiden-by my troth 'tis passing strange."
"Not so strange, friend Jasper," remarked the Englishman, laughing; "as the change which this metamorphosis, in point of sex, appears to have wrought in thy sentiments. This morning thou hadst a holy horror, worthy of John Knox himself, of every thing savouring of a player. Now, when a pair of bright cyes stare thee in the face, thou carest not to avow thine errors. Ah ! I fear thou art fallen into the wiles of the enemy. Those dark looks and dark eyes are but snares, Jasper, and her calling is a vain one."
"Tush," returned Ogilvy, "my abomination of her calling is not a whit diminished. And if I have expressed any concern respecting her, it is becaise-"
"She tinds favour in thine eyes - I am at no loss to perecive it," rejoined the Englislman.
"No such thing," answered Ogilvy, sharply; " and if you repeat that assertion, Master Blount, I shall think you desire to put an affiont upon me. I repeat I care not for the girl. Of a verity she hath charms. But what of that? Marian Graham, to whom I plighted my troth, hath a far sweeter smile:
though her eyes may not be so bright, or her tresses so near rival to the raven's wing. I care not for her-may, now I bethink me of her calling, were it not the pleasme of my patron and friend that I should accompany him upon this adrenture, she might even tarry with Ruggieri in his tower, for any elfort I would make to release her."
" Your want of interest in her occasions some slight discrepancy in Your sentiments, Jasper," returned Blount, laughing; " but since you dind the matter irksome, leave it to us, and return to the Leossils. We will accomplish the adventure alone, I warrant you."
" No!" exchamed Ogilvy, impatiently; "it shall never be said-" And he was proceeding with some warmth, when his speceh was cut short by the cavalier, who addeesed him with some conhes:-"It was not without reason, Jasper, that I told thee thy tongue was searcely under the control of thy reason. I may not accept of thy assistance, if I an to purchase it at the hazard of failıre."

Thus rebuked, the choleric Scot held his peace, and the party moved on for some moments in silence.

Arrived within the Rue des Deux-Eens, at that time shadowed by the tall trees which formed the avenues and groves of Catherine's statcly grardens, the cavalier, pointing out the hich Belvidere of the vast Palladian structure, constituting the Hôtel de la Reine, now distinctly defined against the fleecy clouds of the moon-lit sky, exclamed, "You now behold the eastle of the enchantress. I have not disguised the peril you will incur by entering it. Will you go on ?"

Both answered in the affimative. The party, therefore, turned the corner of the palace, and entering the adjoining Rue du Four, along one side of which its lofty walls ran, the principal front of the magnificent building, and its grand portal, erected by Bullan upon the model of the Furnese Palace at Caprarola (upon which an immense shield of marble displayed the blazon and cypher of the queen-mother), were at once brought into view. In that still hour, and in that mysterions light, there was something ominous in the appearance of the gigantic building which stood before them. l'erhaps, in no instance was the superstition of Catherine's character more strongly evidenced, than in the construction of this proud but needless palace-necdless, we say, becanse she had already expended vast sums upon the erection of the 'Tuileries, having after her husband's death abandoned the 'lumelles, when terified by the predictions of her astrologers, who forctold that she would perish in some place bearing the name of Saint Germain; and the Tuileries unfortunately happening to lee in the parish of Saint Germain l'Auxerrois-for this idle reason waly did she abandon the glorious edifice of her own construction, ilaidut an infinitude of trouble, accompanied by prodigious outlays,
required when her exhausted funds could ill brook such wanton expenditure, together with the secularisation of an abbey and the overturning of a numery (Les Filles Penitentes), for which purposes she had to procure bulls from the Pope ; on this account alone, we say, did she proceed to cumber the ground with this huge structure-not a stone of which is now left standing, with the exception of the column or observatory attached to its courts, toward which building we are shortly about to repair, and shall then more particularly describe. It may not, perhaps, be here altogether out of place to mention, as a sequel to the story, a circumstance which has been much dwelt upon by the supporters of judicial astrology, and which would almost seem to verify the prophecy of her soothsayer: viz., that Catherine, notwithstanding all her precautions, eventually expired in the arms of saint Gicrmain Faryn, Bishop of Nazareth, chief confessor to her son, Henri III.

The party now approached the grand portal, before which was arrayed a guard of some half-dozen musketecrs with their sergeant at their head-the royal blazon upon their doublets glimmering in the moonlight -who placed their long musketoons in the rests, and blew their lighted tow-matches as they drew nigh; while the sergeant, in a loud tone, commanded a halt.

A brief parley ensued. But, perceiving the queen's glove displayed upon the cap of the cavalier, the scrgeant immediately drew his men aside and suffered them to pass. The gate was unbarred at their summons, and as the porter somewhat slowly performed his office, the following remarks from the sergeant reached the ears of the cavalicr and his companions-
"Ventrebleu ! Chopin-we have a strange night of it. We are set here to prevent Ruggieri's escape, and it seems as if he had called all the fiends in Tartarus to his aid. First comes that mask and secks admittance : we refuse him. Anon he comes again with a crowd of imps blacker than himself, demanding the deliverance of a player girl. Then, for a third time he appears, with the king's signet, which we dare not disobey, and gains admission with his comrades. Well! no sooner do we think we are rid of him, than, by Proteus! here he is again, with a couple of familiars in the shape of scholars, and a dog the like of which I never saw before. Diable m'emporte! if I can maderstand it. One thing is clear, he has got the queen's license, and so we must not say him nay, but he must have the devil's wateh-word if he would return again, for, by holy Peter! he comes not forth without a bullet to try the proof of his pourpoint."
"Heard you not that ?" whispered the cavalier, " our foe is beforchand with us. Not a moment is to be lost."

The porter started, as he beheld the mask, and involuntarily placed his hand before his eyes to ascertain whether or not his vision deceived him. He bowed, however, to the ground as he
recomnised the ensign of the queen-mother, and the next moment the party found themselves within the court-yard of the palace.

Before them stretched a smooth parterre, in the midst of which, bathed in the moonlight, glimmered a lovely statue of the Queen of Love, the workmanship of the famous sculptor Jean Goujon, the restorer of the art in his own country, and surnamed the Phidias of France, who perished by the hands of Charles IX., at the massacre of Saint Barthelemy. But it was not to gaze on this miracle of art that the cavalier now paused. Neither was it to admire the gorgeous and illuminated windows of Catherine's embowered chapel-the then wonder of Paris-to listen to the choral hymn resounding from its shrincs, and breaking the midnight stillness aromed them-nor to note the majestic towers of Saint Eustache, which commanded the spot whereon they stood. Pointing out a tall column which might be discorned spiring from out a grove that skirted an extensive esplanade, and indicating the path that led to it through the gardens of the palace, the cavalier was about to quit his companions, when Ogilvy's quick eye detected figures gliding at some distance from them amongst the trees. "They are yonder, by Saint Andrew!" exclaimed the Scot, " there is yet time."

Scarcely had the words escaped him cre the cavalier disappeared ; and the two scholars instantly commenced a pursuit of the figures they had descried. Druid regarded his master wistfully for a moment, but receiving a fresh command from him to that effect, put himself upon the track of the cavalier.

The doors of the hotel were opened to the cavalicr's summons. Not a word was exchanged between him and the ushers, from one of whom he received a torch. Alone he passed through a magnificent hall, the ceiling of which was decorated with exquisite frescoes-ascended a vast stairease of carved oak, and entered a long and glorious gallery crowded with trophics and panoplies collected by the chivalrous Henri II., and streaming with painted glass, "blushing with blood of queens and kings." This qallery he swiftly traversed, and finally reached a recess, within which, as Catherine had informed him, were placed three bronze statues. Touching the spear of the central figure, it yielded to his pressure, disclosing a dark and tortuous passage, into which the cavalier unhesitatingly plunged

## CIIAPTER XI.

## THELABORATORY.

Foresight. But I have travelled in the celestial spheres, know the signs, and planats, and their names-can judge of motions direct and retrograde ; of sextiles, quadrates, trines, and oppositions, fiery trigons, and aquatical trigons.

Congreve. Love for Love.
Leaving the cavalier to pursue his subterranean path alone, we shall endeavour, in the meantime, to give the reader some idea of the singular scene that awaited his arrival in the laboratory of the astrologer.

Let him picture to himself a high vaulted chamber, cylindrical in shape, massive in construction, dungeon-like in aspect. Let him darken its gray granite walls with smoke-erect within it four pilasters, and decorate the fluted shafts of each with crowns, fleurs-de-lis, broken mirrors, horns of abuadance, and with the letters $\mathfrak{C}$. and 31. interlaced and surrounded with love-knots, devices emblenatic of the widowhood and queenly state of the builder of the turret. Let him next place within each subdivision of the wall, created by these pillars, talismanic effigies of superstitions import, and lest his fincy should not be wild or extravagint enongh to supply sculpture sufficiently grotesque, we will endeavour to give some direction to it. In the first compartment, then, let him imagine "a kingly and crowned shape" seated astride upon an eade ; grasping in one hand a thunderbolt, and in the other a sceptre; while a female tigure, beaked like the lbis, holds to his gaze an enchanted mirror. Let him surround this group with hieroglyphics and cabalistic characters, and engrave beneatlo it the word IDairl: the intelligence of Satan. In the next compartment let him place another female shape of rare beauty, with dishevelled hair, grasping in the right hand a serpent, and in the left a singularly formed knife-let him encirele this medallion with Hebrew and Chaldaic sentences, and inscribe at the head Zicormel -the spirit of Venus; and at the feet Asmodel-one of the twelve angelic governors of the celestial signs. We may add, also, that these talismans, esteemed of sovereign virtue, and of power to aid in the acquisition of mystical lore, were compcese of divers metals, molten when the constellations presiding cver the nativity of the queen, by whose command they were fabricated, held sway; and were soldered together with human gore, and the blood of goats. The third compartment is occupied by a group yet more fantastical. Here may be seen an altar of ivory, against which is placed a crimson cushion sustaining a huge crucifix of silver, inclusing a lesser cross of ebony. On cither side stands a satyr, wrought in bronze, supporting his rugged person with a
club, and bearing upon his shoulder a vase of pure and shining cry:tal, containing ecrtain unknown druss, destined, it would appear, for some impions oblation to the Evil One at the celebration of the Sorcerers' Sabbath.

Within the fourth and last compartment some mystery is evidently shronded beneatla the closedrawn folds of a thick and glomy curtain.
lingegeri's laboratory would have been incomplete had it wanted What, in the jargon of hermetic philosophy, wonld be termed the kenere of secrets, the producer of immortal fire, the athanor, or fimace. Behold it !-in shape round, as directed by the formula of the seience, capped and winged on cither side with a thin tube, with door and window, brazen phate, mattrass, and cucurbite complete. Tpon the furnace door, this profane application of the sacred text has been made--" Qucrite, querite et menietis, pulsate et "querietur cobis." Arome the square pane of the little window is traced the following enigmatical inseription, the solution of which must be left to the reader's ingenuity :-

> Nunc dimitlis Super fundamenta
> Fundamenta Super verba mea
> Verba mea Super dibam te
> Diligam te Super attendite.

Upon the furmace is placed a gourd-shaped, bolt-headed glass vessel, leermetically sealed, and filled with a red fluid, the label of which purports to be lac virginis. Next to this stands another cucurbite plunged in batuco, containing a specific prepared according to the recipes of Flamel, Artephins. Pontanus, and Zacharius, for the cure of all astral discases. Aflixed to the copper ressel, denominated Saint Mary's Bath, in which this bolt-head is deposited, is the following inscription:

> Maria mira sonat
> Qure nobis tallia donat Gummis clmo binis Rugitivum ingit inimis Horis in trinis, Tria sinclat fortia finis Filia llutonis Consortia jungit amoris.

On the floor near to the furnace is strewn all the heterogeneous lumber proper to the retreat of an adept: to wit, earths, metals, "vitriol, sal-tartar, argaile, alkali," gums, oils, retorts, alembies, "crosslets, crucibles, aul cucurbites." Nor must we omit a slab of black marble, on which are deposited certain drugs and small phials, together with a vizard of ergass, a circumstance sufliciently attesting the subtle and deadly nature of the tinctures sometimes extracted by the immate of the chamber.
! Iaving thens put the reader in possession of the features of the room, we shall now place before him its occupants.

At a table, quaint and grotesque in its character as the rest of the furniture, lighted by the dull red flame of a silver lamp, furnished with an hour-glass and a scull, with a mystical scroll stretched out before him, and apparently buried in deep calculations in a high-backed oaken chair, wrought with the same bizarre devices as the table, sat an old man in a black velvet garb with flowing sleeves-whose livid countenance and bald furrowed brow, clothed with a velvet scull-cap, proclaimed him to be the presiding influence of this weird abode. Beside Ruggieri sat another stately figure, in whose langhty, imperious demeanour and proud brow the reader, we apprehend, will have no dilliculty in recornising the queen-mother.

Underneath the table, and almost appearing with his broad, hunched shoulders to lend it support, glared the dwarf, Elberich; his red luminous eyes sparkling like phosphoric coruscations in the gloom. Nothing of the manmikin's swart and shapeless figure could be discerned in the obseurity, beyond the outline, which resembled that of a grisly bear. But his hand would seem to grasp the wheel of some lidden machinery, serving to raise a trap-door, carefully contrived within the floor of the turret. At the dwarf's feet was rolled, what appeared to be a round furry ball, Lut which, in reality, was a small black eat, of the civet species: an animal held in great request by the ancient necromancers for the confection and perfection of various charms, a certain pebble lodged beneath its tonguc, being supposed to confer the gift of vaticination.

At the moment when we raise the curtain of this picture for the reader's inspection, the group we have pertrayed was silent and motionless. Ruggieri pursued his calculations with earnest zeal; and the progress of his studies was watched "ith intense interest by the queen-mother. The dwarf remained immoveable as an ebon image. Nothing but the flashing of his eye-balls betokened animation.

Suddenly a slarp musical ring was heard vibrating in the air, like the sound produced by a glass vessel aceidentally stricken. The quecn-mother raised her eyes, and fixed them upon a curiously constructed astrological instrument, placed on a stand in her immediate vicinity. Framed according to the instructions delivered by the star-wise seers of antiquity, this machine represented seven figures symbolical of the planets (whom Merenrius Trismegistus calls the seven Governors of the World)-wrought with intinite labour and cost when each orb was in ascendance, of the most precious stones, earths, and metals, supposed to be under its especial influence. The figure upon which Catherine's gaze now turned was that of an armed man of ruddy brass, mounted upon a lion of the same metal, grasping in his right hand a naked sword, and in his left a trunkless head, earved in a blond-stone. Upon the helm of this mintial image flamed a beryl; and in
its slow aseent, the weapon within its grasp coming in contact with a bell-shaped glass above it, had given the alarum.
"The mask comes not," exclaimed Catherine, regarding the image with some dismay. "Bright Jove hath no more dominion, we are now under the rule of fiery Mavors-a planct of malignant aspect towards us."
"'True, my daughter," returned the astrologer. "And see the red orb ascends within the second face of Arics. Would he had arrived ese this conjunction had occurred! Our scheme will scarcely prosper."
"Say not so, father," replied Catherine, confidently: "If Crichtor: perish we shall have achieved much towards its accomplishment. And when did thy tinctures, or Maurevert's poignard finl us:"
"If the blow be dealt, or the potion swallowed, never, my danghter, but-"
"But what, father? Why these misgivings?"
"The heavenly configurations presage danger to the Scot, not death," answered the astrologer, gravely: "For, though in his horoscope the giver of life meets with the interficient at this hour ; though the lord of the fourth house is in conjunction with the lord of the ascendant in Aries, within the orbs of a square of Saturn; and Capricorn descendsupon the cusp of the cighth; yet there are other stroner and countervailing signs. He may escape us, daughter."
" 1 ia!" exelained Catherine.
"Methinks I see his star still shining in the heavens," continued Ruggieri ; "majestic and serene it traveres the skies. A halo of glory surrounds it. Malignant and cross aspects dart their bancful rays athwart its track. In vain they scowl. It pursues its course in splendour undisturbed."
"Does thine art tell thee this?" demanded Catherine, impatiently.
"My silent and unerring counsellors thus admonish me, my daughter," replied the astrologer, "I am but their interpreter."
"Say on, then," continued Catherine, coldly.
"The star has become a metcor," returned Rurgieri. "Its lustre is blinding."
" What more?"
"I gaze again. The heavens are void and dark: the meteor that dazzled ine has sunk-the star of Crichton has set for ever."
"And when will this occur?"
" Eire half" a lustre shall have elapsed, my daughter."
"So lone'. and how will his doom be accomplished ?"
"The sign is fiery, and Saturn the afllicting planet," returned .he astrologer. "Within his leaden sphere Hylech is cadent. The native will perish by the cdece of the sword."
"And if the unerring counsellors tell thee thus much concerning this Scot, what import do they bring tuching thine own fate?"
" Shall I erect a scheme, my daughter?"
" It were needless," returned the queen-mother, sternly, "I will read it for thee. Thy destiny is linked with that of Crichton. Or he or thou wilt perish. If he survive the night the stake will be thy portion on the morrow ; I will not stretch forth my hand, as heretofore, to redeem thee from the wheel."
" Ny gracious mistress !-"
"If the heavenly influences fail thee, wrest aid from darker powers. Summon to thy assistance by potent spells, such as thou boastest to have won fiom thy magical lore, a demon, like that which served the wise Cardan ; and bid him smite thine enemy. For, by my soul, if Crichton live to amnihilate my projects, thy ashes shall be strewn by the winds over the Place de Grève, ere night once again draw her veil over the city !"
"The gnome who served the wise physician you have named, replied Ruggieri, firmly, "had not power over life. Jeróme Cardan could foresce, but not avert ; and yet he was well versed in the language of the stars. When he foretold that your august spouse, Henri II., was menaced with a fearful and sudden death, he could not unfold the means of its avoidance; neither could his art turn aside the fatal lance of Montgomery. The end of the illustrious monarch was decreed on high. And when my long communing with the celestial intelligences informs me that your own great carrer will close within the limits of Saint-Germain, I can do no more than point to the term of destiny. It is not enough, that your majesty has abandoned the Tournelles and Tuileries; nor that you abstain from setting foot within the district bearing that name ; your destiny will infallibly be accomplished, despite your precautions. I have promised you length of days, power, and dominion ; and my prognostications will be fulfilled. But the means of their fulfilment rests with myself. I have shown you how your dominion may be maintained, your power extended, and by what means length of days may be ensured. If I perish, your honours, your rule, your sway over the king, your power will depart from you, and moulder like a worm-eaten truncheon into dust. Deliver me to my enemies, and ere a week have elapsed, I predict that Lonise de Vandemont will have absolute sway over her husband's affections. Joyeuse will be in power, the League destroyed, Guise and his partisans, who indirectly aid your schemes, crushed; Henri of Navarre and the Huguenots will regain their strength in Paris, and your majesty will be without a party, and perchance in exile with your son the Due D'Alençon. These results, which I foresee, my skill enables me to avert ; and when my dust whitens the pavement of the Place de Grève, and your foes exult in your downfall, you will then call to mind my warning."

Catherine uttered a single exclamation of displeasure, but she offered no interruption to the astrologer.
"To summon a spirit of darkness were matter of little difficulty," continued liugricri, who had entirely regained his contidence, "to him who poseceses the treasured hierorlyphics of Nicholas Flamel -who can draw the names of the evil angels from Holy Writ, as did the learned Hebrew Mecubals-who can search the ancient Chaldean sages for a genius in the rays of Sol or Luna-who understands the characters and seals of spirits, the kingly writing of the Malachim, that which is temed by the soothayers of the east 'the passing of the river,' and the Notariacon of the Cabalists. But a $=$ pirit invoked withont due preparation, like the extraction by yon athanor of the argent-vif, in which stange colours, called out of scason, endanger the maristerim, may, in lieu of assistance, bring destruction. Nevertheless, if your majesty desires it, I will prepare to raise a phantasm, proceding according to the directions of Apollonius, Triphonius, Albertus, and Ramundus Lallius, and shall make use of the signs given by the wiee Porphyrius in his occuit treatise ' De Responsis.'"
" I do not desire such evidence of thy skill," returned Catherine, coldly. "Choose some more convenient season for thy consultations with the powers of darkness. I would not have my own scul placed in jeopardy by such mhallowed intercourec. But if thou hast, in trath. a familiar spirit who serves thee, he should have grarded thee against thine enemy. Crichton should never lave found entrance here."
". Ciichton obtained admittance by stratagem, gracious madam -I wals at the moment engaged in tending the wounds of the Gelosa, and Elberich for the first time neglected his trust. The Scot hand seized the image and the scroll ere I could prevent him, or destroy them."
" Aud by his acquaintance with the character of that scroll, he is master of ali ourintrignes with the Guise and the Bourbon-of our communication with hins holiness, and above all, of the hidden purport of our mission to Mantua-"
"He is, madam?"
"And he is aware of this mask's comection with our plot-of the part which he was destined to play in aiding our son, the Due D'Alençon, to the throne of his brother Henry-all this thecu hads: set down in thy accursed document."
"It were vain to attempt to disguise my inadrertence from your majesty - I had done so."
"A And by consequence, he is aequainted with the name and rank of this mask."
" Thquestionably, marlam."
"And does my name-mark me, Rugresieri-answer, and equivounte not,--does my name, I say, appear in comection with that of the Iuc D'Alençon in the plot for Hemr's dethronement ?"
"No, madam." returned Ruiggicri, boldly.
"Art thou sure of this?"
"As címy existence."
"Cosmo Ringegeri, thou hast sealed thine own fate."
" How, madam?"
"The king requires a victim. I must make a virtue of neces sity. Justice must take its course upon the morrow."
"And your majesty will surrender me to the tribunal ?"
"If Henry demand it, I camot offer resistance."
"Have you reflected on the consequences of such a step, madam ?" returned Raggieri, with sullen audacity.
" The consequences-ha!"
"The question may enforce strange truths from me."
"Who will credit an aceusation from thee-and against me-if Witten proof exist not?"

The furrows upon Ruggieri's sallow brow were wrinkled into a bitter smile.
"But if written proof should exist, madam-if I can produce your own despatches-subscribed with your own hand, scaled with your own signet?"
" II !"
" If I can exhibit your own confessions that you have poisoned two of your sons, and are now conspiring to dethrone a thirdwhat appearance will the charge assume then, madam ?"
" Ifast thon not destroyed my letters ?" demanded Catherine, trembling with wrath-". but no-no-'tis falsc-thou triflest with me."
"Behold them !" cried Ruggieri, drawing a packet from his bosom.
"'Traitor!" exclaimed Catherine, " then hast preserved those papers to betray me."
"No, madan," replied Ruggicri-" but to protect myself. I have served your majesty faithfilly. I have betrayed no trust confided in me; and the rack shall tear me limb from limb ere it shall wrest word from me to your dishonour. Deliver me to Henri's tribmal. Surrender me to the Chambre Ardente-and do so fearlessly. Here are your papers."
"I was indeed mistaken in thee, Ruggieri," rejoined the quennmother, moved.-" While aught of power remains to me, not a hair of thy head shall be injured."
"I have ever found you a noble and generous mistress," cried the crafty astrologer, respectfully kissing the hand which Catherine extended to him.
"Commit this packet to the flames, my loyal servant," said Catherine, "it may fall into other and less loyal hands than thine."
"Before I do so, will it please your majesty to examine its contents?" returned Ruggieri. "There are certain papers which you may not choose to have destroyed."
"I know of nothing I should care to preserve," said Catherine,
musing. "Speak if there be aught I call not to mind, good father.'
"Amongst other matters, that packet contains the proofs of Esclairmonde's birth, which may be needful, should your majesty ever reinstate the fortunes of her house-or use her as a hostage against the Huguenot party-"
"True-true," replied Catherine, " give them to me-these proofs are needed now. I must lay them before Hemi. I must reveal to him the secret of her birth. I observed to-night, that he looked with eyes of devotion upon the demoiselle. Thy enchantments have wrought upon him in a quarter least expected. I must caution him against further advances."
"Ahreman grant your caution come not too late, madam," said luggieri; ""his majesty is greatly enamoured ; and he hath a rival, moreover, to give a spur to his passion."
"Indeed !" exclaimed the queen-mother, "who has dared to approach my protegée in the character of a lover?"
"He who dares every thing."
"Thou canst not allude to Crichton ?"
"I have his majesty's assurance that the accursed Scot is her favoured suitor," retumed linggieri.
"Insolent!" exclaimed Catherine; "and yet I might have gucssed as much from Margnerite's vindictive ravings, with which I thought Esclairmonde's name was strangely coupled."
"His majesty has, no donbt, carried his design into execution, and roused the suspicions of the Queen of Navarre," returned the astrologer ; "he threatened as much in my hearing."
"Doubtless he hath done so," answered Catherine; "and if jealonsy befriend us with Marguerite, little more is to be feared from Crichton. On that score we need entertain no further apprehension. Thy phial was entrusted to her-"
"'To Marguerite?" excaimed Ruggieri, measily.
"Upon a solemn pledge, which she dares not disobey. Be tranguil-Crichton will tronble us no more."
"A unmans will may waver," muttered Ruggieri, " of all your sex, your majesty is the only one I have met with possessing inflexibility of purpose."

At this instant a sound was heard within the wall of the apartment, as it a key were turned within the wards of a lock.
"He comes!" ciaculated Catherine, joyfully-" all is well."
And the next moment a door, so earefully concealed within the masonry of the turret as to be wholly undistinguishable, was thrown open, and the masked cavalicr stood before them. Druid followed at his heels



## CHAPTER XII.

## THE INCANTATION.

Voulez vous en être convaincu tout ì l'heure (reprit le Comte) sans tant de façons! Je m'en vas fitire venir les Syphes de Cardan. vous entendrez de leur propre thouche ce quils sont, et ce que je vous en ay appris.

Le Conte de Gabalis. Quatriome Intreticu.
A courteous grecting passed between the cavalier and the queen-mother ; but unequivocal symptoms of dissatisfaction were exhibited by the dwarf and his feline companion at Druid's intrusion into their domain. 13ristling, spitting, and erecting her back, the eat, like an enraged virago, scemed prepared to attack the stranger with tooth and talon, while the dwarf, no less offended, searched about for some more formidable weapon of offence. Druid, however, taking up his position at the feet of his new master, treated these hostile demonstrations with disdain, keeping his glowing eyes fixed upon the movements of the astrologer, in whom he appeared to recognise an enemy.

Catherine's first inquiries from the cavalicr were, whether he had been present at the royal supper ; and receiving a reply in the affirmative, she continued her interrogations; "and your adversary was there likewise," she asked, " was he not ?"
" He was. madam," answered the mask.
"Did he occupy the seat wont to be reserved for him by our〔.aughter Marguerite?" demanded Catherine, eagerly.
"The Chevalier Crichton was placed next to the Queen of Navarre," returned the mask.
"And she - she pledged him - did you ubserve so much, signor ?"
"I saw the wine poured out. I heard your danghter's whispered pledge. Crichton raised the eup to his lips-"
" Now the Virgin be praised !" exclaimed Catherine, triumphantly; "that draught has rendered him immortal. Ruggieri, the stars have deceived thee. Thine horoscope was false. Thy potion hath been swallowed. Our enemy is removed. You are right welcome, signor. You bring us glad tidings. I promised you you should learn more of Crichton's fate when you came hither. That cup-"
"Was poisoned," rejoined the mask ; "I know it, madam."
"Ha!-was its efiect, so sudden ?-Is he then dead ?"
"He lives."
" Lives!"
"A jewel within his ring gave him timely warning of his danger. The deadly potion did not pass his lips."
"Confusion!" exclaimed Catherine. "But though the poison
has failed, twenty porgnards invest the Lourre-he camot aroid them all."
" Crichton has quitted the Lourre, and is yet in safety." returned the mask; " he has hafled the vigilance of " your spies."
" Ny horoscope deceived me not, you find, good daughter." said Rugrieri, who, despite the ill success of their schemes, conld not repres his exultation at this testimony to his astiological skill. -" My apprehensions were not groundles."
" Peace !" eried the queen-mother, "when I requested your attendance here, signor, it wats to confer on matters of more moment than this Scot's escape, and 1 crave your pardon il I dwell too much upon it. I am not acenstomed to defeat. Mother of Ifeaven ! it would not now surprise me if this minion of fortune, deeming himself invincible, and pulted up by his suceess, should adventure liither and attempt the rescue of the Gelosa-as he vamted he would do, in the presence of my son's assembled court. Heaven grant he may carry his boast into execution. But no, even his andacity hath its limits."
"Your desires may be gratified, madam. Crichton, I doubt not, will fulfil his word. Are you sure he is not here already?"
"Signor!"
" Nay, madam, the qucstion is not irrelevant. He is arware of your appointment with mysell--he quitted the Lourre in a disguise in all respects like my own- he has escaped your guard-he has vowed to at:empt the Gelosa's rescue-why should not I look for him here "."
'. You forget, signor, that you alone posses our glove. Your enemy may have the same masquerade attire in all respects; but, without that passport, he could not gain entrance to our palace."
"My enemy possesses the king's signet, madam," returaed the mask, " which even your guard must respect."
"Ha! doth he so?" exclaimed Catherime, "this is news indeed. Rugrgicri, who waits without?"
". Some half-dozen trusty blades, with a Spaniard, and a son of Anak, whom I have taken this night into your majesty's service. Kinaves who fear not to use the stiletto; and who have, moreover, a wrong to arenge upon this Scot, being somewhile students of the University."
" Enough-summon them to my presence."
Ruggieri stamped upon the floor.
"Madam," said the mask, stemly; "I am accustomed to meet my adversaries in the field-sword to sword. I cannot sit by and see murder done."
" Murder!" laughed Catherine, derisively ; "that phrase suits not with the justice of a queen. What ho! Ruggieri, come they not?"

The words had scarcely eseaped her lips, when several dark figures ascended from the trap-door, the bolts of which were with-
drawn by the dwarf, and arranged themselves in silence before the queen. Amongst them were the Spanish student Caravaja, and the giant Loupgaton. These desperadoes appeared to be now in their native element ; and their fierec and reekless countenances well assorted with the nature of the occupation for which they were now apparently destined.
"Get behind yon carvings," said Catherine, motioning to the darkling group; "yet stay-let him who has the surest dagger remain isehind."
"Por la vida del Rey ! I claim that honour from your majesty," said Caravaja ; " my dagger hath never failed me."
"Let thy blow be dealt with more certainty, braggrart, than was his, who this morn aimed at the same breast-that of the Chevalier Crichton."
"Por l'alma de mi madre!" ejaculated the Spaniard; "is it Crichton whom your majesty-?"
" $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{i}}$ ! dost parley with us, knave? 'Take thy place above the trap-door-strike as he ascends."

Caravaja drew his dagger, and took the position indicated by the queen.
"He will not escape us now, methinks," exclaimed Catherine, trimmphantly.
"Is it possible, madam, you can witness this slanghterous deed ummoved?"
" You slall behold my calmness. You know me not, signor."
"I hear a footstep," exclaimed Ruggieri ; "he comes."
"Art ready ?" asked the queen of the Spaniard.
"My dagger thirsts for his blood," returned Caravaja; "I see the waving of a domino within the vaulted passage below ; it is a masked figure, your majesty-not Crichton."
" Be silent, fool, 'tis he."
"Madam," exclaimed the mask, firmly, " this must not be. No assassin's blow shall be struck while I stand by."
"Would you assist your enemy ?" said Catherine, scornfully: " an Italian, and forgive!"
"I do not ask Crichton's life of your majesty ; I sce well you are relentless. I entreat you only to delay the stroke till you have confronted him with me. Scize him, and stay his speech. But strike him not till I withdraw my mask."

A terrible smile played upon Catherine's features.
"Though you begred this boon upon your bended knee," said she ; "though my own soul were set upon the issue, I would not delay my vengeance one second. Are you answered, signor ?"
"I am," replicd the mask sternly, and laying his hand upon his sword.

A profound silence ensued. Not a breath was drawn. There was something so appalling in this momently-anticipated assassination, that the hearts of the spectators grew chill with horror, and
even Ruggieri's livid cheek took a more ghastly huc. Catherine alone was superior to this weakness of humanity. Her countenance was lighted with a glance of triumph-and she listened intently for the approaching footsteps. The sounds drew nearer, and the points of a sable feather could now be discovered, emerging from the trap-door.

Catherine motioned to Caravaja : the latter raised his dagger and drew back to give more certainty to the stroke. The new comer slowly ascended, uttering an exclamation as his eye rested upon the quech and her companions. At this moment the Spaniard's weapon gleamed in the lamp-light ; but he struck not-his arm was disabled and pinioned by the tecth of Druid, and his poignard rolled upon the floor. The new comer, whose attire and mask in all respects resembled that of the sable cavalicr, started and looked round irresolutely.
" Hence !" exelaimed the eavalier, "your plans are foiled-your stratagem is diseovered-your life entangered-hence!"
"My followers are within hearing," returned the mask, raising a call to his lips.

But ere sound could be emitted, the trap-door closed with a hollow clangour beneath his feet: the machinery having been suddenly turned, and the bolts shot into their sockets by the dwarf.

Catherine arose and fixed ber prereing eyes upon the cavalier.
"A moment ago I told you, signor, that you knew me not. Take heed you purchase not that knowledge too dearly. I forgive this indiseretion on the score of your youth-but beware how you incur my displeasure a sceond time. The proverb would tell you that the offender writes in sand--the offended in marble. My wrong is engraven in adamant. This man hath defied me, and by my father's head, he shall die the death."
"What am I to understand from this, madam ?" inquired the mask, in a voice so exactly resembling that of the cavalier, that the nicest car could not detect a shade of difference in the intonation, and even Catherine started at the sound.
"Now, by our lady of good succour," cried the queen, addressing the cavalier, "were I not assured of your identity, signor, I should almost doubt the evidence of my senses-the delusion is wonderful."
"No delusion is practised on my part," returned the mask, haughtily. "Your majesty is the dupe of other artifice."
"You bear yourself boldly, messire," returned Catherine, " but your confidence will not long avail you. Tear off his mask!"

At this command of the queen the men-at-arms, headed by Loupgarou, sprang from their concealment.
" Ha !-Siint Anthony to the rescue!-off!" cried the mask, ficrecly, putting himself' in a posture of defence. "He dies, who first advances."
"Soh!-you refuse to remove your vizard," said the queen ; "you are self-convicted, messire."
"To you, madam, I should not hesitate to reveal my features," replied the mask, "but before these rude assailants-never. You forget to whom you offer this indignity."
"By my soul, no-I forget it not," returned Catherine, scornfully; "I offer it to one who hath openly detied my power-who threatened to snatch a captive maiden from my grasp, and who voluntecred his own head as the price of his failure. He has failed, and think not I will omit the penalty."
"Those were Crichton's words, madam."
"And Crichton's are the features I would unmask."
"Then let your attendants tear off his vizard who stands beside you."
"Insolent!" exclaimed the queen, "I trifle-upon him, varlets -strike first-I shall have leisure to peruse his lineaments afterwards."
"Hold, miscreants," cried the cavalier, drawing his sword, and placing himself between the mask and the assailants-" hold, or-"
"Your blood be upon your own head," ejaculated Catherine, impatiently. "I have already warned you."
"On one condition, madam, I will sheathe my sword," said the cavalier.
"If that condition be the life of Crichton, you will in vain propose it," returned Catherine.
"I do not ask Crichton's life," rejoined the cavalier-" I ask you only to defer your vengeance. Grant me a few minutes conference with your majesty, and let the removal of my mask be the signal to your exceutioners to assail their victim."
"Be it so," replied Catherine.
And, at a gesture from the queen, cre he could offer any effectual resistance, the mask was disarmed and secured by Loupgaron and his crew, and his arms bound together by the leathern girdle of one of the men-at-arms. Caravaja by this time, not without the loss of much of his raiment, and somewhat of his skin, had liberated himself from Druid's teeth, and muttering deep execrations, retired crest-fallen amongst his comrades.
"Por la oreja sagrada de Malchos!" growled he to Loupgarou"that hound must certainly be a wizard. I may say, with old Cornelius Agrippa, 'abi, perdita bestia, qua me totum perdidisti.'"
"Hear me, madam !" exclaimed the mask, furiously, as soon as his choler allowed him utterance. "I repeat, you are the dupe of artifice. Let both vizards be removed, and you will then judge between us."
"I shall exercise my own pleasure upon that head, messire," returned Catherine--" away with him, varlets, to the guard-room. See that the doors are barred against his followers; and if rescue be attempted, tarry not for further orders."
" We understand your majesty," replicd Loupgarou, in a hoarse tone, inclining his enormous person towards the queen in such manner as a tall cedar might be bent by the desert blast towards some tree of meaner growth-the giant, we may remark, had been neontinently chosen (such is the reverence in which brute force and stature are held by the vulgar) to the command of this bravo troop. "Have you any further commands, madam?" asked the Titan, with a sccond obeisance.

The cavalier again interposed.
"Your majesty will, I trust," he said, " issue your commands,that your captive be treated with the courtesy and respect to which his condition entitles him. I have your promise that he shall receive no injury till I withdraw my mask. lyut I will rather remove it now, and bring his fate to an instant issue, than expose a gentleman to the debasing taunts of a felon band like this; whose insults, were I in his place, it would be more difficult to irrook than their dargeres' points."
"I see not wherefore we should respect his honour who regarded not mine, signor," returncd Catherine, sarcastically-" but be it as you desire. Remove the captive," she continued, addressing Loupgarou. "Treat him with all consideration consistent with his safe custody. It were well if he bestowed the few minutes of grace left him, in preparation for the eternity he will so soon renter upon. Look to him well-the lives of all shall answer for his life."
"Madam "" exclaimed the mask-"by my soul, you are deccived."
"Away!" cried the queen. And withoutallowing him time for further speech, the mask was hurried down the trap-door, and the iron valve instantly elosed over him.

The dwarf expressed his satisfaction at his disappearance by a multitude of ellin gambols. Catherine clapped her hands-her custom when greatly pleased-and turning to the cavalier, said, with a benignant smile,
"I will now come to the subject nearest your heart, signor, and speak of her whose deliverance this luckless Crichton was to have effected-the Gelosa. You may desire to behold her.:"
"I came hither for that purpose, madam," replied the cavalier.
The queen motioned to Ruggieri. Followed by the dwarf, the astrologer withdrew to that side of the chamber across which the curtains were drawn, and busied himself in deseribing certain lines with his Jacob's staff' upon the floor, while his companion proceeded to set fire to various spicy woods in a brasier, in which from time to time, he cast other odoriferous ingredients, presently filling the chamber with a cloud of vapour.
"Hath a magical ceremonial to be performed previous to her appearance ?" asked the cavalier, in a tone of impatience.
"Said I not there was sorcery in the case," returned luggieri-
" The girl is under the dominion of invisible but powerful essences, over whom these spells have control. l'ou shall not only behold her in person, but learn by what charms she has so long held your soul in subjugation."
"It needs no conjuration to discover the nature of those allurements," returned the cavalier impatiently. "She whose eyes shame the star Aldcboran in lustre, and whose form rivals that of the sylph Agla in lightness, need not resort to enchantment to hold her lover's heart in thraldom. I can divine whence her fascination arises without thine aid, good father."
"Can you likewise divine whence arises her repugnance towards your suit, noble signor? Can you tell by what power she is enabled to resist your passimate suit?"
"By that power, over which no art or enticement, human or superhuman, can prevail-that of virtue," returned the cavalier.
"Pish !" exclaimed Ruggicri, scornfully shrugging his shoulders -" the honour of man and the faith of woman, like trinkets used to decorate apparel, are excellent embellishments to discourse, but of little real utility to the possessor. I understand not the advantage of such ornamental qualities, and have no strong belief in their existence. Virtuc, however, has little to do with this girl's repugnance to you, signor. She prefers another; and has been, morcover, in possession of a charm, which, as I told you, I removed this morning from her neck. Take this key, signor, I have plunged it into a collyrium of such efficacy, that it camot fail to draw her love towards him who wears it. Her heart will no longer dwell upon Crichton, but upon you."

The cavalier took the key and cexamined its curious workmanship attentively. Ruggieri withdrew to continue his mysterious rites.
" While the astrologer is occupied with his suffumigation," said Catherine, assuming a confidential tone; " you shall learn the secret I have to disclose to you-a secret which, as I have already observed, nearly concerns yourself."
"A secret which concerns me, madam?" said the cavalier, whose cye was still fixed upon the golden key he held; "does it relate in any way to the Gelosa?"
"By our Lady !" exclaimed Catherine, scornfully, "Ruggieri was not far from the truth, when he said you were bewitched by this girl. Your thoughts run on nought else. But do you imagine, fair sir, I am equally the subject of her fascinations, that I should trouble myself with the affairs of a minstrel?"
"Your pardon, madam. But I thought yeu had made some discovery touching the condition of this girl. There is an inscription graven upon this key, from which I gather somewhat of her history."
"Indeed!" said Catherine, " what imporis it?"
"That she is the daughter of a dame of Mantua, of rank; her name Ginevra."
"How learn you this, noble signor ?" asked the astrologer, anxiously returning towards him.
"From the handle of this key, upon which these characters, revealed by the powerful acid thou hast applied, have becomo apparent- ' Ginevra, daughter of Ginevra Malatesta-Mantua.' "
"Taphthartharath!" exclaimed the astrologer, shahing as if a vision had passed before him.
" What ails you, father:" inquired the queen.
"Nothing, madam-nothing, stammered luggieri, desirous, it would seem, to conceal the interest he took in the cavalier's discovery; " but there is more, is there not, noble signor? Give me that key-why did I part with it from mine own keeping?"
"Of what avail had it been to thee ?" said Catherine, scornfully; "thy boasted art could not enable thee to detect those hidden characters. But what mean those mystic letters and that figure? Can you unravel this further mystery, signor?"
" The figure is that of the planet Saturn, under whose dominion the metal of which this key is wrought, is placed by the disciples of oceult philosophy. The letters are cabalistic characters, referring by numbers to those of the Hebrew alphabet; and forming, when placed together, a legend in that tongue, which may be thus interpreted:-

> Gold! who wert a father's bane,
> Gold ! who wert a mother's stain, Gold ! be thou a danghter's chain Of purity.
> Shield her breast fiom sword and fire, From intemperate desine; From a hearen-abandon'd sire, In charity!"
"A singular inscription!" exelamed Catherine, " and by my faith, signor, you have shown mo little ingenuity in its elucidation. I question whether my captive Crichton, who is said to be as well versed in the mysteries of the Cabala as Pico di Mirandola, could have rendered it more felicitously. But love is quick-sightel."
"Suffer me to behold that inseription, noble signor," said Ruggiere, trembling with agitation. "I would fain exumine those characters with mine own cyes."
"Not now-not now, good father," interrupted Catherine peremptorily; "this bauble has already offered too much interruption to my conference. What matters it to thee who was the sire, or who the mother this girl:"
" Every thing!" exelaimed the astrologer. eagerly, but correcting himself, he added-" that is, my charm would be more perfect if it possessed the talisman."
"'Tis plain thou didst not miderstand its use or virtue," returned the queen-" 'To thy task without more delay."

And Ruggieri, seeing opposition was useless, slowly withdrew, casting a lingering, longing glance upon the amulet which he had so heedlessly abandoned to another, and which, (now that he had parted with it) appeared to assume infinitely more importance in his eyes than it had done while it continued in his own possession.
"Your majesty had a disclosure to make to me?" said the cavalicr, as soon as the astrologer had retired-_" may I venture to recall your attention to the subject?"
"I have a secret to communicate not less singular than that you have just chanced upon," said the queen ; "but before I unfold my mystery, I must inquire from you whether amongst the beauties who thronged the Louvre to-might, you noticed one who held the chief place among our dames of honour, and who was for some time the favoured object of the king, our son's regard?"
"Your majesty cannot mean the Demoiselle Esclairmonde?" returned the cavalier, starting. "Is it possible your communications can have reference to her?"
"My disclosure has reference to Esclairmonde, signor," rejoined the quech-" you have lieard, perhaps, that there is a mystery attached to her birth."
"I have heard, madam, the court rumour, which runs that she is an orphan, the daughter of a Huguenot gentleman of distinction, but that her real name is carcfully concealed even from her own knowledge by your commands."
"The tale whispered abroad by my orders has reached your ears, I find," replied Catherine, "nor is it altogether wide of the truth. She is the daughter of a Huguenot leader-but that leader was Louis I. de Bourbon, Prince de Condé."

For a moment the Cavalier appeared to be lost in astonishment. Uttering a single exclamation of surprise, he maintained a perfect silence, as if overwhelmed by the queen's intelligence. Catherine regarded him fixedly.
"My news," she said, " excites your admiration. You deemed not that in my unknown attendant, Esclairmonde, you beheld the danghter of a house illustrious as your own."
"I am indeed filled with wonder, madam," faltered the cavalier -_" Esclairmonde a Princess of Condé !-can it be?"
"Look at these papers which authenticate her birth," returned Catherine, placing the packet given her by Ruggieri, before the cavalier, "Read that despatch from Tavannes, the captor of the infint princess-read those instructions from the Cardinal of Lor-raine-that memorial of the guard who seized her-this credential of her attendant, and my own letters of authority written at the period. Let your own eye glance over these documents, and you will at once satisfy yourself of the truth of what I have asserted."

With a hand trembling with eagerness, the cavalier took the packet. His eye wandered rapidly over its contents.
"I am eatisfied, madam," replicd he, as his hasty serutiny concluded. "And the secret of Esclairmonde's Dirth is of course, wholly unknown to the prince her brother ?"
"İenri de Bourbon believes that his sister perished in her infancy," returned the queen. "I will briefly relate to you how she fell into my hands, and you will then perceive his grounds for that supposition. During Lonis de Bourbon's flight from Noyers to Rochelle, an ambuscade, placed by my directions in the mountain passes near Sancerre for the purpose of intereepting the fugitives, surprised and attacked the litter in which the princess and her infant charge were conveyed. By miracle she and her son escaped: but a fair child-a babe-scaree weaned, was borne off in triumph by the assailants. Condé, at the head of his ritters, vainly sought to recover his treasure. His efforts were so desperate, that a stratagem was resorted to, to baffle his fury. A child snatched from one of his houschold, was hurled bencath his horse's feet, and deceived by the outery of his opponents-thinking that he had unwittingly contributed to the destruction of his own offspring-the prince in despair directed his attention to the preservation of his distracted consort, with whom, and with his son, he succeeded in effecting a secure retreat. From that day to the hour when his blood dyed the battle-field of Jarnac, Condé continued in ignorance ff his child's existence. She was to him as she had been no more."

A deep sigh burst from the cavalicr's breast as Catherine paused for a moment to ascertain the impression she had produced. Apparently satisfied, she proceeded with her marrative.
"A month after the event I have described," contimued the queen, "a fair-haired infant was brought to me at the Louvre, by a faithful emissary of Tavannes. 'The fawn is netted,' wrote the maréchal in the letter now lying before yon, ' the deer hath escaped our toils.' By the advice of the Cardinal of Lorraine, the wisest and most prescient of counsellors, the princess was reared in entire seclusion and in ignorance of her rank-and by the cardinal's advice also, the motives of which you will find there developed, she was secretly suffered to imbibe the Calvinistic principles of her family. Of late, in order the more effectually to mask my designs, I have given it out that I intend her for the cloister, and I have noted with satisfaction the effect which this announcement of my will has produced upen her. The period which the sage cardinal foresaw is arrived. Anjou's plot is ripe. The Hugnenota must be gained. With Esclairmonde I have the means of winning over their leader. With her I have an carnest of Condés fidelity, should he league his arms with ours-with her I can paralyse his efforts should he declare against us."
"A refined and subtle scheme, madam," replied the cavalier, who had with difficulty repressed his indignation during the latter part of the queen's recital, and whose vizard alone prevented the
wrathful expression of his countenance from being perceived, "and worthy of a discipline of Niccolo Macchiavelli, such as the Cardinal of Lorraine was known to be. But may I venture to ask, madam, whether you now propose to restore the princess to her brother? And, futhermore, what may be your majesty's motive in making me the depositary of so important a state secret as the mystery of her birth ?"
" Your questions are somewhat abrupt, signor," replied Catherine, with a slight expression of displeasure; "nevertheless, I will answer them as freely as they are put. Your alliance with Anjou - your devotion towards myself-entitle you to my confidence. Why I have entrusted you with a secret so dear to me as that of Esclairmonde's birth will presently appear. Meantime I will answer your first inquiry at once, by saying that I do not propose to restore the princess to her brother, till the full object of her detention shall be accomplished. I have other and more extended views respecting her. In a word, I have yet to dispose of her hand in marriage."

The cavalier started.
"How?" he exclaimed, with some impatience-" Will your majesty excreise the power which you have acquired over the destiny of this princess, to give away her hand without the consent. —without the knowledge-of her brother, Henri de Bourbon?"
"Without his consent-without her own," returned Catherime"'Think you the Prince de Condé's approval will be needed to ratify an alliance proposed and sanctioned by Catherine de Medicis? I shall bestow her upon him who serves me best, not on him who may please her fancy most, or that of Henri de Bourbon. The choice of the one might fall upon some hostile leader of the Huguenot party-the election of the other, were she consulted, might be declared in favour of some such arrogant adventurer as the young Scot, whose life now hangs upon my breath; and who, as II learn from Ruggieri, hath already dared to offer his suit to her."
"It was in ignorance of her rank that he did so," returned the cavalier, "for whatever opinion I may entertain of the scope and aim of Crichton's ambition, I camot think that, had he been acquainted with Esclairmonde's exalted birth, he would have ventured to aspire to her hand."
"He has already aspired to the favours of my daughter, Marguerite de Valois," returned Catherine frowning, "and he who will dare to soar so high in gallantry, will scarce content himself with a lowly flight in honest love. You are mistaken in your estimate of this Scot's character, signor. I read it more clearly than you do. His ruling passion is ambition. He aims at distinction in all things and were 1 to free him from his fetters, and to entrust him with the socret I have just now communicated to you, the first use he would make of his liberty would be to renew his suit with redoubled ardour to the princess."
" There, I am assured you wrong him, madam."
"No matter," cricd Catherine, "I shall not afford him the opportunity. Crichton is of an order of men who must be crushed ere they attain dangerous eminence. To elevate him would be to endanger our own power. Henri is ruled, as you well know, by his minions-the minions are ruled by Crichton. His mental acquirements-lis bravery, and his various and unequalled accomplishments have already obtained complete ascendency over a court, which of all others is most casily dazzled by such qualities."
"And are these the only faults you can lay to Crichton's charge, madam?" asked the cavalier.
"No," replied Catherine, " he has yet a greater fault."
" Besecch your majesty name it."
"He is of incorruptible honesty," rejoined Catherine, "had he been otherwise, he had been the fittest instrument I could have chosen for my purposes-as it is, he is only an obstacle-"
"Which will speedily be removed," supplied the cavalier, gravely. "Suffer me to change the subject, and to return to that from which we have wandered!"
"'The Princess of Condé-true," replicd Catherine; " you beheld her at the Louvre to-night, signor-I would gladly learn what is your opinion of her attractions! Is her beaaty equal to that of our dames, think you?"
"It is withont a peer in the world," sighed the cavalier.
Catherine smiled complacently:
"Mary Stuart," she said, "in the zenith of her youth and loveliness-when the walls of the Lourre resounded with the sighs of her thousand worshippers-and when the whole chivalry of Europe flocked to the court of France to bask in her smiles-was not so beautiful."
"I can well believe it, madam," returned the cavalier, in a tone of decp despondency, "I have myself seen the unfortunate Queen of Scuts, and her charms of person, wondrous as they still are, cannot, I think, have equalled the matchless perfections of Esclairmonde."

Catherine again smiled; and it was with some playfulness of manner that she now continued the conversation.
"She is indeed most lovely,-so lovely that, I think, if Anjou's suit fail, as it is not unlikely, with that experienced coquette our sister (as her years as well as her regal dignity entitle her to be termed), Elizabeth of England, I shall console him for his disappointment with the hand of the fairest princess of her time. What he loses in power he will gain in beauty. How say jou, signor? Does this alliance meet with your approval:"
" Besecch you, madam, press not that question upon me," replied the cavalier, in a troubled tone, "and to be frank with you, let me confess at once, that if the object of your conference be the consideration of an alliance between the Due D'Anjou and Esclairmonde, I am mysclf far too deeply interested in the fate of the fair princess,
to be able to offer an impartial opinion upon the policy or impolicy of the proposed union, and must, therefore, with your majesty's permission, decline its further discussion. Esclairmonde's charms would alone entitle her to the hand of the prondest prince in Europe, who might deem limself supremely blest in their possession."
"Say you so, signor ?" returned Catherine, gaily. "What if I change the title and designation of the bridegroom? What, if for Francois de Valois, Duc D'Anjou, I substitute that of Vincenzo di Gonzaga, Prince of Mantua-will that alliance please you better ?"
" Madame!" faltered the cavalier.
" Have I not read your heart aright? Do you not love this maiden?"
"More than my life."
"She is yours, then-I give her to you-and moreover, I will enrich her with a dowry from my coffers, such as neither the D'Este nor the Farnese could bestow."

A deep-drawn sigh was the only response made by the cavalier. Putting her own construction upon his silence, the queen continued: "Lend your aid with arm and counsel, to place Anjou upon his brother's throne, and Esclairmonde is your reward."
"And is the best blood of France," returned the cavalier, with bitterness, " to be bartered for treason ?"
" These are strange words from you, prince," rejoined Catherine, "can I have been mistaken in you? Have I fostered a secret foc-are your own despatches-are those letters delusive? Answer me, Vincenzo. Do I address an ally of Anjou, or a secret foe of Menri-the friend of an aspiring prince, or the tool of a falling monarch?"
"You speak to one who thinks, acts, and speaks freely and fearlessly, madam ; who aspires to honour by honourable means-and who would hurl from his grasp the sceptre of France, could it be attained only by treachery. Your plot against Henri, phrase it how you may, is treasonable."
"I will not quarrel with your terms, prince," replied Catherine, coldly. "Words are to us the cloak 'neath which the sword is hidden, and the more honestly they sound the less suspicion they are likely to awaken. You are welcome, therefore, to call our plot rebellious, so long as you can enact the part of an arch-rebel yourself. But enough of this. You say you love the Princess of Condé. Assist Anjou in his (if you so please to phrase them) treasonable designs. Place him upon the throne, and she shall be the meed of your services."

Catherine paused and fixed her eagle glance upon the cavalier, awaiting his reply. But he spoke not. Contending emotions seemed to agitate his bosom.
"What means this?" exelaimed the queen, rising in displeasure. "Do you reject my offer?"
"A fatal bar exists against its acceptance."
"Your passion for this girl-this Gelosa-is it so? By our Lady! there must be witcheraft in the case. Ruggieri, proceed with thine enchantments-we must dissolve the spell. Prince," she continued in a stern deep tone, "reflect upon my offer. I shall expect your answer on the morrow. Meanwhile, bury the secret I have committed to your keeping within the inmost recesses of your heart. Breathe it not even to your confessor. You can now conjecture why I desired this interview with you -why I selected you as the depositary of the secret of Esclairmonde's birth. You have perused those evidences of her illustrious origin. You have satisfied yourself she is the daughter of Henri de Bombon. I will now commit those documents to the secure custody of this coffer." Saying which, Catherine extended her hand to receive back the packet.
"An instant, madam, I bescech you," returned the cavalier, strll detaining the papers, while his eyes appeared eagerly to scan their contents.
"You will have more leisure for their perusal on the morrow," replied the queen, " in the meantime turn your thoughts to her who more immediately claims your attention."

At this juncture, and ere Catherine could possess herself of the packet, the chamber was plunged in darkness. Unobserved, during their conference, the dwarf had silently crawled near the speakers, and at a signal from Ruggicri, suddenly extinguished the lamp which hung above their heads.
"The letters," demanded Catherine, hastily. And as she spoke, What she conceived to be the packet was placed in her hands.

Suddenly a low and plaintive strain of music-whence proceedmg , it was impossible to determine-was heard, and at the same moment, a cool and refreshing odour addressed itself to the senses of the cavalier. The eflect of this subtle spirit combined with the rich and fragrant exhalations of the chafing-dish, induced an agreeable langour, against the overpowering influence of which it was vain to contend. It disposed the mind unresistingly to surrender itself to the delusions about to be practised by the sorecere Through the dense clond of vapour that now filled the apartment, nothing could be seen but the dull red fire of the brasier, and the symphony became each instant more faint, until it gradually died away. The voice of the astrologer was then heard chanting the following strains:

## Fancantation.

Lovely spirit, who dost dwell
In the bowers invisible,

By undying Hermes reared;
By Stagyric sage revered;
Where the silver fountains wander;
Where the golden streams meander:
Where the dragon vigil keeps
Over mighty treasure heaps;
Where the mystery is known,
Of the wonder working Stone;
Where the quintessence is gained
And immortal life attained-
Spirit !-by this spell of power,
I call thee from thy viewless bower.
The footstep of the astrologer was now heard to approach the brasier. A hissing noise, as of some fluid cast upon the fiery coals succeeded. Fresh volumes of smoke ascended to the ceiling, emitting vivid sparks as they arose, and Ruggieri, muttering some unintelligible sounds continued his spell.

The charm is wronght-the word is spoken,
And the sealed vial broken :
Element with element
Is incorporate and blent;
Fire with water-air with earth.
As before creation's birth;
Matter gross is parified, Matter humid rarified; Matter volatile is fixed,
The spirit with the elay commixed.
Laton is by azoth purged,
And the argent-vif disgorged;
And the bhack crow's head is ground, And the magistery found; And with broad empurpled wing Spring , to light the blood-red king.
By this fiery assation-
By this wondrous permutation
Spirit, from thy burning sphere
Float io earth-appear-appear!
For an instant all became dark. Even the cull glare of the chafing-dish was obscured. A fresh strain of music more soft, more plaintive than the preceding melody, was heard. A dazzling stream of light was seen to cut siriftly through the air, and to settle near the astrologer.

## CHAPTER XIII.

## TIIE MAGIC IING.

It was then perecived that the brilliant fiame flowed from a sword held by a female slape, robed in shining attire of almost gossimer texture. This sylph-like figure, so far as it could be discerned through the vapour, appeared of rare and almost unearthly loveliness. In her right hand the spirit bore a flaming brand; in her left a small vase of crystal, while in a thrilling voice she warbled the following strains:-

## Eond of the Epirit.

I.
Within the golden portal
Of the garden of the wise,
Watching by the seven-spray'd fountain
The Hesperian Dragon lies.*
Like the ever-burning branches
In the dream of holy seer;
Like the types of Asia's churches
Those glorious jets appear.
Three times the magie waters
Must the W'inged Dragon drain ;
Then his scales shall burst asunder,
And his heart be reft in twain.


#### Abstract

- The above lines are little more than a versification of some of the celebrated President D'Espagnet's hermetic eanons. with whieh the English adept must be fumiliar in the translation of Elias Ashmole. D'expagnet's Arcomum Philosophice Hermetice has attaned a elassieal celebrity among his diseiples, who were at one period sufficiently numerous. The subjoined interpretation of this philosophical allegory may save the uninitiated reader some speculation. "La Fontaine quel'on tronve à l'entrée du Jaidin est le Mercure des sages, qui sort des sept sources, parce quil est le principe des sept métaux, et qu’il est formé par les sept planetes, quoique le soleil senl soit appelé son pè̀re et la lune seule sa mère. Le Dragon qu’on Y̌ fait hoire est la putrefaction qui survientà la matière qu ils ont appelée Drayon, à cause de sa conleur noire, et de sa puanteur. Ce dragon quite ses vetemens, lorsque la couleur grise succède à la noire. Vous ne rénssirez point si Vénus et Diane ne vous sont favorables, c'est ì dire, si par la régime de feu, vous ne parvenez à blanchir la matière quil appelle dans cet etat de blancheur le règne de la lune." -Dichomaire Mytho-Mermetique. The mysterious influence of the number Seren and its relations with the planets is too well known to need explanation here. Jacques Bohow has noticed it in the enigma contained in his Aquarium Sapientium begimning-


Forth shall flow an emaration, Forth shall spring a shape divine, And if Sol and Cynthia aid thee, Shall the Charmed Key be thine.

## II.

In the solemn groves of Wisdom, Where black pines their shadows ding
Near the hanted cell of lleme-, 'Three lovely flow'rets sping:
The violet damask-tinted, In scent all flowers above;
The milk white restal lily. And the purple flower of love.
Red Sol a sign shall give thee Where the sapphire violets gleam,
Watered by the rills that wander From the viewless gohden stream,
One violet shalt thou gatherBut ah! --beware, heware:-
The lily and the amaranth
Demand thy chiefest care.*

## III.

Within the lake of erystal, $\dagger$ Roseate as the sun's first ray,
With eyes of diamond hinstre, $\ddagger$ A thousand tishes play.
A net within that water, A net with web of gold,
If cast where air-bells glitter, One shining fish shall hold.

## IV.

Amid the oldest mountains, § Whose tops are next the sun, The everlasting rivers Through glowing channels run.
Those momntains are of silver, Those chamels are of gold;
And thence the commtess treasures Of the kings of earth are roll'd;
But far-far must he wander O'er realms and seas mbnown,
Who seeks the ancient mountains, Where shines the 11 ondrous Srone:

* Vous ne séparerez point ces fleurs de leur racines-c'est-a-dire, quil ne faut rien ôter du vase. Par ce moyen on aura d'abord des violettes de conleur de saphire foncé, ensuite de lys, et enfin lamaranthe, ou la couleur de pourpre, quiest l'indice de la perfection du sonffre aurifique. Diet. Mytho-Herm.
$\dagger$ Les philosophes ont souveut donné le non du Lac à leur vase, et au mercure, qui y est renfermé. Dict. Mytho-Herm.
$\ddagger$ Lorsque la matière est parvenue à un certain degré de cuisson, il se forme sur sa superficie de petites boules qui ressemblent aux yeux des poissons. Dict. My thoHerm.
§ Quelquefois les Alchemistes ont entendu par le terme de Montagne leur vase, leur fourneau, et toute matière métalique. Dict. Mytho-Herm.

As the spirit concluded her song she presented the erystal vial to the astrologer, exclaiming:-

> In that mystic sase doth lie
> Life and immortality.
> Life to him who droops in death,
> To the sa-ping bosom breath.
> Immortality alone
> To linn to whom the "Word" is known.
> Take it-'tis a precious boon,
> Vouchsafed by Hermes to his son.

Ruggieri reverently received the gift. And, as if extinguished at a breath, the biue ilame playing upon the edge of the sword expired and the phantom ranished. The brasier once more became visible, and the magician resumed the performance of his mysterious rites. At a gesture from his master, Elberich brought a panier filled with sumdry magical ingredients, together with a ponderous volume fastened with brass clasps, and clothed in black vellum. From time to time luggieri took some herb or root from the basket and cast it into the brasier, when it crackled and fumed, and eventually burst into flame. Nothing was wanting to add to the effect of the ceremonial. The dwarf gibbered, the cat hissed, Druid uttered a deep; and prolonged howl. The suffumigation mounted in clouds-and the voice of Rugreieri, hoarse and broken, and half elooked by the vapour he inhaled, arose above the clamour. Thus ran his invocation:-

> On the smouldening fire is thrown
> Tooth of fox and weasel's bone,
> Eye of cat and scull of rat,
> And the hooked wing of bat,
> Mandrake root and murderer's gore,
> Henbane, hemlock, hellebore,
> Stibinm, stomax, bellim, borax,
> Ink of cutte-fish, and feaber
> Of ihe screechow, smoke together.

Witn his Jacob's staff, the astrologer then proceeded to trace certain figures upon the floor. and taking the black book from the dwarf, read aloud a mystical sentence, after which he closed the volume and resumed his spell:-

On the ground is a circle traced ;
On that circle a seal is placed;
On that seal is a symbol graven ;
On that symbol an orb of heaven;
By that orb is a figure shown;
By that fignre a hame is known.
Wandering witch it is thine own ! -
But thy name must not be naned, Nor to mortal ears proclaimed.
Shut are the leaves of the Grimoire dread ;
The spell is mutered-the word is said, And that word, in a whisper drowned, Shall to thee like a whirlwind sound.

Swift through the shivering air it flies-
Swiftly it traverses earth and skies ;-
Wherever thou art-above-below-
Thither that terrible word shall gue
Art thon on the waste alone,
To the white moon making moan?
Art thon, luman eye eschewing,
In some cavern philters brewing?
By familiar swart attended-
By a triple charm defended-
Gatherest thou the grass that waves
O'er dank pestilential graves? -
Or on broom or goat astride,
'To thy Sabbath dost thou ride?
Or with sooty imp doth match thee?
From his arms my spell siall snatch thee.
Shall it seek thee-and find thee,
And with a chain bind thee; -
And through the air whirl thee,
And at my feet hurl thee!
By the word thon dreadst to hear!
Nameless witch!-appear-appear!
Scarcely were the words pronounced, when a rushing sound was heard, and the figure of a hideous hag suddenly stood before the astrologer. About her withered neek and shoulders, the witch's wintry locks hung in wild disorder ; her apparel was loathly and forbidding as her features. For a moment she remained with one arm leaning upon a staff, and with the other, smeared, it would seem, with blood, stretched out towards Ruggieri.
"Whence comest thou ?" demanded he.
"From my Sabbath-revel at Montfaucon," replied the hag"Wouldst hear how we have passed the night? Wouldst learn the pranks we have played beneath the moon-how Sathan hath piped for us-how the dead have danced with us-how we have boiled infant's flesh-brewed philters-and confected poisons-ha! -ha!-attend!"

And in a harsh discordant tone, the hag sang the following wild rhymes

## Tye 玉outcrer's 玉abbath.*

## I.

Around Montfaucon's mouldering stones,
The wizard crew is flitting :
And 'neath a Jew's unhallowed bones,
Man's enemy is sitting.

[^12]Terrible it is to ste
Such fintastic revelry !
Terrible it is to hear
Sonnds that shake the soul with fear!
Like the chariot wheels of Night Swiftly round about they go;
Searce the eye can track their flight,
As the mazy measnres flow.
Now they form a ring of fire;
Now a spiral, funcral pire:-
Mounting now, and now descending,
In a circle never ending.
As the clonds the storm-blast scatters-
As the oak the thunder seatters-
As scared fowl in wintry weather-
They huddle, groan, and scream together.
Strains unearthly and forlorn
Issne from yon irinkled horn,
By the bearded demon blown,
Sitting on that great gray stone.
Round with whistle and with whoop,
Sureep the cver-whiling troop:
Strenms of light their fiotstops trait,
Forked as a comet's tail.
"Her Sabut!- Sabat !-" they cry.—
An ablurs joins their compuny.

## II.

Sullenly resounds the roof, With the tramp of horned hoof:Rings each iron-girdled rafter With intolerable lambter:
Shaken by the stumning peal, The chain-hung corses swing and reel.
From its perch on a dead-man's bone,
Wild with fright, hath the raven flown :
Fled from its feast hath the flesh-gorged rat ;
Gone from its roost is the vampire-bat ;
Stareth and screameth the screech owl old, As he wheeleth his flight through the moonlit wold;
Bays the garbage-ghuted hound,
Quakes the blind mole underground.
lissing, glides the speckled suake;
Loathliest things their meal forsake.
From their holes beneath the wall,
Newt, and toad, and adder craw!-
In the Sabbath-dance to sprawl!
Romed with whistle and with whoop,
Sucep the ever-whirling troop;
Louder grows thir fiantic glee-
Writher yet their revelry,
"Her Šabat!-Sabat!'-" Hey cry,
A young girl joins their company.
moisture, boil it up fit to drink, and hy that means are admitted to participate in the ceremonies of Bacchuc. It is also alleged the mane Sabbath is given to these assemblics of conjurers, because they are gencrally held on Saturilays.-Monsieur Oufte :-Deseription of the Subbath.

## III.

See that dark-hair'd girl advances-
In her hand a poignard glances;
On her bosom, white and bare,
Rests an infant passing fair :
Like a thing from heavenly region,
'Mid that diabolic legion.
Lovelier maid was never seen
Than that ruthless one, I ween $\cdot$
Shape of symmetry hath slie,
And a step as wild-doe free.
Her jetty lair is all unbound, And its long locks sweep the ground.
Hushed in sleep her infint hes-
" Perish! child of sin," she cries,
"To fiends thy frame I immolate-
To fiends thy sonl I dedicate !
Uubaptispd, unwept, unknown-
In hell thy sire may claim his own."
From her dark eyes fury flashes-
From her breast lier babe she dashes.
Gleams the knife-her brow is wriakled-
With warm blood her hand is sprinkled!
Without a gasp-without a groan,
Her slumbering infant's soul hatli flown.
At Sathan's feet the corse is laid-
To Sathan's view the knife display'd.*
A roar of langhter shakes the pile-
A mocking voice exclaims the while :-
"By this covenant-by this sign,
False wife! faise mother! thon art mine !
Weal or wo, whateer betide,
Thy doom is sealed, infanticide !
Shall nor sire's, nor brother's wrath,
Nor hushand's vengeance cross thy path :
And on him, thy blight, thy bane,
Hell's consumiag tire shall rain :"
Ronnd with whistle and with whoop,
Sucep the ever-uhirling troop;
In the caldron bubbling fast,
The babe i, by it mother cast!
"Eman hetun!" shout the crew,
And their fienzied aiance renew.

## IV.

The fiend's wild strains are heard no more-
Dablled iu her infant's gore,
The new-made witch the caldron stirs-
Howl the demon-worshippers.
Now begin the Sabbath rites-
Sathan marks his proselytes ; $\dagger$

- Sathan will have an ointment composed of the flesh of unbaptized children, Chat these innocents, being deprived of their lives by these wicked witches, their poor little souls may be deprived of the glorics of Paradise.--De Lancre.
t The devil marks the sorcerers in a place which he renders insensible. And this mark is, in some, the figure of a hare ; in others, of a toad's foot. or a black cat.-DuLVio, Disquisitiones Magica.

> And each wrinkled hag anoints
> With ungnents rank lier withered joints.
> Unimayinable creeds-
> Unimagimable deeds-
> Foul, idolatrons, malicions,
> laaletul, hlack, and superstitious,
> Every holy form protining,
> Every sacred symbol staining,
> Each enacts, fultils, observes,
> At the feet of him he serves.
> --Here a goat is canonised,
> llere a bloated toad baptized;
> Bells aromed its neck are hung,
> Velvet on its back is flung;
> Mystic words are o'er it said,
> Poison on its brow is shed.*
> Here a cock of showy plume, Flutters o'er the caldron's fume; By a Hehrew Moohel slain, Muttering spells of power amain $\dagger$
> -- There within the gromed is land An image that a foe may fade, Priest moholy, chanting faintly Masses weird with visage saintly ;
> While respond the howling eloir
> Antiphons from dark grimoire, $\ddagger$
> Clonds from ont the caldron rise, Shronding fast the star-lit skies. Like ribs of mammoth through the gloom, Hoar Montfancon's pillars loom; Wave its dead-a. grisly rowIn the night-breeze to and fro,
> At a beck from Sathan's hand, Drop to earth that charuel band,Clattering as they tonch the ground With a harsh and jarring sound.
> Their fluttering rage, by vulture rent, A ghastly spectacle present; Flakes of flesh of livid hue, With the white bones peeping through.
> Blue phosphoric lights are seen
> In the holes where eyes have been
> Shining through each hollow scull,
> Like the gleam of lantern dull!

- As the sabbath toads are baptizel, and dressed in red or black velvet, with a bell at their neek, and another at each foot, the male sponsor holds their head, the female their feet.-De Lancre.
$\dagger$ The sacrifice of a snow-white cock is offered by the Jews at the feast of the reconciliation. This was one of the charges brought against the Marechale 1) Anere, condemned under Lonis XIII. for soreery and Judaism. Another absurd acensation, to whieh she pleaded guilty, was the eating of rams' kidneys ! Those kidneys, however, we are bound to state, had been blessed as well as deviled. From Cornclins Agrippa we learn that the blood of a white cock is a proper suffumigation to the sun; and that if pulled in pieces, while living, by two men, according to the ancient and approved practice of the Methanenses, the dispecta membra of the unfortunate bird will repel all mfavourable breezes. The reader of " Rabelais" will also call to mind what is said respecting le coeq blanc in the chapter of Gargantura, treating " de ce quest signitié par les couleurs blanc et bleu?"
$\pm$ The "Black Book."

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_Hark! they shake their manacles-
Hark! each hag responsive yells!
And her freely-yielded waist
Is by fleshless arms embraced,
Once again begins the dance-
How they foot it-how they prance!
Round the gibbet-cirque carcering,
On their grimning partuers fleering,
While, as first amid their ranks,
The new-made witch with Sathan pranks.
——Furious grows their revelry, -
But see!-within the eastern sky,
A bar of gold proclaims the sun-
Hark! the cock erows-all is done!
    Hith a whistle and a whoop,
    Vanish straight the mizard troop;
    On the bare and blasted ground,
    Horned hoofs no more resound:
    Caldron, goat, and broom are flown,
    And Montfaucon claims its oum.
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"Thou hast sent for me," said the hag, as she coneluded her song; "what wouldst thou? Be brief. Ashtaroth hath called me twice; the third summons I must obey. There are mortals here whose presence frets me? They are not marked with the sign, or baptized with the baptism of hell. Besides, I am in haste to rejoin the revel I have quitted. My aching bones are unanointed, and the caldron boils over. Speak, and let me go."
"Daughter of darkness ; foul hag that thou art," eried Ruggieri, in a voice of thunder; " was it to hear thine accursed strains that I summoned thee hither? -no, thy master may call thee, but I will detain thee at my pleasure." So saying, he sprinkled some liquid upon her face. "Now," he continued, as the witch howled with pain; "art thou content to tarry?"
"What wouldst thou ?" demanded the hag, fiercely.
" I would have the potion which thou alone of all thy brood of Tartarus canst prepare," returned the astrologer ; "the draught which will turn love to hate, and hate to love. Hast thou that philter by thee? If so, give it to me, and thou art free to depart."
"I have that will serve thy purpose better," responded the hag, drawing from her girdle a silver ring fashioned like a wreathed serpent; "this enchanted hoop-thou shalt have it-but take heed upon whom thou bestowest it ; thy boon may prove unlucky to thysclf: for

> Liutle thrift Hath the witch's gift.

IIa, ha!"
"Leave that to me," cried Ruggieri, impatiently.
"Ah! there again," exclaimed the witch," Ashtaroth calls, his tone is wrathful. A moment, master, a moment, and I come. The wizards are shricking, the fiend is piping, the unguent is seething ! Well, well, I will be there anon. Take it-take it,

> With a blight and witly a ban
> On love of maid, aud fainh of man--

Take it with the witch's benison, or malison, which you will, end listen to me-

> When the moon was in lier trine,
> And the star of lowe benign;
> When a purple gleam was sent
> Fronı red Mars beneficent:
> And one ray from Saturn flowing,
> Struck the ensp of Scorpio glowing :
> Wis this wizard ring confected,
> Arad the potent charm perfected.
> Gathered at propitions hour
> Stone and herb of sovercign power,
> Gray retites, coral white,
> lasper green, and chrysolite ;
> Vevain. violer, and myrrh,
> And all flowers that fremzer stir,
> 'Throngh this ing were swittly passed,
> And in heaps aromend it cast.
> And the fragrant pile was lighted,
> And a magic verse recited,
> And the slarry sign, were sought,
> And their mystic symbols wrought.
> lonond with spell - inseribed with sign -
> Take this charmed ring-tis thine;
> He who wears it need not woo.
> Woman's will 'twill swift subdue."

And with a wild scream of laughter the witch vanished.
The cavalier, meantime, had witnessed Ruggieri's magical ceremonials with impatience, somewhat curbed by astonishment. Prepared to treat the whole performance as the juggling exhibition of a charlatan, he was, nevertheless, greatly struck ly the extreme ingenuity displayed by the astrologer in his contrivances-nor less surprised at the extent of his resources and the nature of the confederacy required to give due effect to his impostures. But when he reflected upon the length of time which Ruggieri had supported the character of a magician, and that the turret he inhabited had been erected under his own direction, his wonder at his skill diminished, and his impatience to bring the scene to a close, returned with greater vehemence than ever. The delay which occurred was, in one respect, accordant with his wishes. as it enabled him to revolve over some means of extricating himself from the perilous situation in which he was placed, or, at least, of accomplishing the purpose now dearest to his heart-that of communicating to Esclairmonde the secret of her birth. For some time he was lost in painful speculation. Suddenly a plan occurred to him-the expedient was hazardous-but it was the only one which could be adopted, with any probability of success. 'Taking a packet from his bosom, he unfiastened his scarf, in the folds of which he placed the letters together with the knot of ribands given
to him by Esclairmonde, and then calling Druid towards lim, contrived in the gloom, unperceived, to swathe the bandare firmly rarird the body of the dog. This done, with heart elate, he arose, and advanced towards the astrologer. At this juncture it was that the witch disappeared. Ruggieri heard his step, and, in a voice in which rage struggled with terror, exelaimed-
"Retire-retire-signor-back, or you endanger soul and hody -tread not within that magic circle-the girl is yours-be patient an instant. Take this ring-the witch's gift-it will render your suit resistless-and withdraw, or by Orimasis, I will exert my art to enforce compliance with my injunetions."

So saying, Ruggieri thrust the ring upon the cavalier's finger, and stamped upon the floor. The latter uttered an exclamation of impatience, but at that moment his mantle was seized behind with such unlooked for energy, that he was involuntarily dragged several paces backwards. Placing his hand upon his poignard, the cavalier was about to free himself from his assailant, who, he doubted not, was the dwarf, but his design was checked by the relinquishment of the grasp, and by the sudden opening of a curtain diselosing to his view, within a small recess, the sleeping figure of the Gelosa.

## CHAPTER XIV.

## THE TWO MASİS.

One of these men is genius to the otherWhich is the natural man, And which the spirit?- Who shall deeypher them? Comedy of Errons.

Suspended over the pallet upon which she lay, a lamp threw a faint light upon the features of the unfortunate singer. Her countenance was deathly pale ; and though her slumber was calm, it was evidently not the repose induced by " nature's best nurse," but the torpor occasioned by some medicated potion. Escaped from their confinement, her raven tresses wandered over her person, still clothed in the boyish garb of the morning ; and their dusky hue contrasted strikingly with the exceeding fairness of her neck and throat, now partially exposed by the disorder of her habili. ments. Something there was in her situation so touching as powerfully to enlist the sympathies of the eavalier in her behalf; and (shall we injure himin the esteem of our fair readers if we confess so much ?) something so resistless in her beauty as to awaken in
his bosom a momentary emotion more akin to love than to pity. In palliation of this brief disloyalty we may add that Catherine de Medicis, hitherto a stranger to the attractions of the Gelosa-as she reçarded her features with some attention was so struck with her beanty, that she no longer felt any surprise at the extravagant passion with which she had inspired her illustrious admirer.
"By our lady !" she exclaimed, "the grirl is fairer than I thought her. Is it possible that that lovely creature can be lowly born ?"
"It would seem not from the amulet I hold," replied the cavalier.
"Permit me to examine that key more narrowly, signor," said Ruggieri, advancing towards them, "I may be able to resolve her majesty's question. Meantime I pray you take this phial. The damsel slecps, as you perecive, but let her breathe from this flagon, and her slumbers will at onee be dissipated."
"'Twere better she should awake no more than to dishonour," murmured the cavalier, as he took the phial, and restored the golden key to Ruggicri. "Poor girl !" he mentally ejaculated as he approached the couch,-" my chance of rescuing thee from persecution, and from what is worse than death, is now slight indecd. But the attempt shall be made. I have vowed to accomplish thy rescue, and I will aceomplish it or perish in the effort!"

And with these musings he employed the phial as directed by Ruggieri, nor had he to wait long for the result of his application. The Gelosa started and melosed her cyes; but as her gaze fell upon the cavalier's sable mask, with a seream of terror she hastily averted her head.
"He here again," she shricked,-" mother of merey, shield me from this demon!"

The cavalier bent his head orer the shrinking maiden, and in a low tone breathed in her ear her name-" Ginevra."

Not more suddenly does the falcon turn her wing at her master's call, than did the Gelosa start at the cavalier's voice. 'Trembling from head to foot, she raised herself upon the couch-she bent her gaze upon his figure-she peered into the holes of his mask as if to seck some further confirmation of her hopes--she dashed aside her blinding tresses, passed her fingers rapidly across her brow, as if to collect her seattered senses, and in a low tone, exelaimed-" That voice-do I still dream? -that voice coupled with that hideous phantom-methinks I heard my own name pronounced by tones, so loved, so tender ; but it must have been a dream-how should he know my name? Oh! I am very faint." And she again sank backwards."

The cavalier regarded her with deep commiseration ; but scarcely knowing how far in her present state of excitement it would be prudent to trust her with a knowledge of his plans, he deemed it
advisable to resume the disguised tone of voice he had adopted in his conference with Catherine. "For whem do you take me, Ginevra?" he asked.
"For whom?" exclaimed the maiden, -"I took you for an angel of light, but I find you are a spirit of darkness. Hence and leave me. Torture me no longer with your presence. Have I not already endured agony at your hands? Mtist dishonour likewise be my portion.-Never. I have resisted all your efforts-your blandishments-your entreatics-your forec-and I will continue to $x$ esist yon. I can yet defy your power, as I defied you in your palace at Mantua. Woman's love may be iickle, but her hate is constant. I hate you, prince, and I will die a thousand deaths rather than yield me to your embraces."

As Ginevra spoke, she became, for the first time, aware of the disordered state of her apparel. If her complexion had been heretofore as white as that of the mountain snow, its hue was as suddenly changed as that of the same snow when it is tinged by the purpling sunset. Neek, cheek, and throat were turned to crimson by the hot and blushing tide, while shame, mingled with resentment, was vividly depicted upon her glowing countenance.
"Ah! false and felon knight," she ericd, bitterly, "thou hast done well to steal upon a maiden's privacy-upon her slumbersbut get hence, or by the Virgin I will tear off this bandage from my wound and breathe out, my life before thine eyes. Ah! why was not that blow more surely aimed-why did I not perish in saving Crichton!"
"And do you love Crichton thus devotedly?.' asked the cavalier.
" Do I love him ?" repeated Ginevra-" do I love heaven-adore its saints-hate thee?-Love lim!" she continued, passionately"he is to me life-nay, more than life. Understand me,-thou whose dark heart can only couple love with desire-the affection which I bear to Crichton is that of the devotee for the saint. He is my heart's idol, its divinity. I aspire not to his love. I ask for no return. I am content to love withont hope. It were happiness too much to die for him: but having failed in that, think not I will live for another."
"Then live for him!" said the cavalier in an under-tone, and resuming his natural voice.

To describe the effect produced upon the Gelosa by these words, and by the sudden change of tone, were impossible. She passed her hand across her brow-she gazed upon her masked companion in doubt and amazement, and then exclaimed under her breath, and with a look, as if her life hung upon the issue of her inquiry —" Is it?"
"It is," returned the cavalicr. And her head declined upon his shoulder.

Catherine was not more surprised at this sudden change in the Gelosa's manner than the astrologer.
"Thy spell begins to work, grood father," she said, "the girl relents."
"Maledizione!" returned Ruggieri, furiously.
"How!-art thon not satisfied with thine own handiwork?" demanded Catherine, in surprise, " thou art distraught."
"'Iis because it is mine own handiwork that I am distraught," returned the astrologer. "My gracious mistress," he continued, throwing himself at the qucen's feet, who viewed his conduct with increased astonishment, "I have served you faithfully-"
"Go to-what wouldst thou?"
"I ask a boon in requital of my long services-a light request, madam."
"Name it."
"Suffer not yon girl to quit the chamber to-night. Or, if she must go henee, let me accompany her."

Catherine returned no answer, but clapping her hands together, the dwarf, in obedience to her signal, rushed to the trap-door.

To return to the eavalier. His efforts, seconded by his kindly words, speedily restored the Gelosa to consciousness. Gently disengaging herself from his embrace, and casting down her large eyes, as if fearing to meet his gaze, she thus, in a low tone, addressed him: "Pardon me, noble signor, my late freedom of speceh. My lips have betrayed the secret of my heart, but on my soul I would not so have spoken had I deened that my words would ever have reached your ears."
"I need not that assurance, fair Ginevra," returned the cavalier, "and it pains me to think that your love is fixed upon one who can only requite your devotion with a brother's tenderness. But listen to me. With this key you will pass, by a subterramean outlet, to the Hôtel de Soissons. Escape will then be easy. Tarry withont its walls, on the quarter nigh the church of Saint Eustache, for an hour. If in that space I join you not, depart, and go upon the morrow to the Louvre. Seek out the Demoiselle Esclairmonde, - do you mind that name, Ginevra ""
"I do-" gasped the Gelosa.
"You will find her amongst the attendants of the Queen Louisc. Bear to her this paper."
"'Tis stained with blood," cried Ginevra, as she received the letter.
"'Tis traced with my dargger's point," rejoined the cavalier. "Will you convey it to her?"
"I will."
"And now," continued the cavalier, " collect all your energies, fair maiden. You must leave this chamber alone."
"And you-?"
"Hecl me not ; a fate dearer than mine hangs upon that paper
-upon your safety. You have said you love me. You have approved your devotion. But I claim a further proof. Whatever you may hear or see, tarry not. When I bid you, go. You have a poignard-ha?"
"What Italian woman is without one?"
"It is well. You who dread not to die, need fear nothing. Your hand. I am once more the mask. Be firm-ha-it is too late."

The latter exclamation was uttered as the cavalier perceived the trap-door open, and Catherine's guard ascend. One by one the dark figures stepped upon the floor. At last the mask appeared bound, and conducted by Loupgarou and Caravaja.
"What means this ?" inquired the affrighted Gelosa.
"Ask not, but follow me," replied the cavalier, advancing quickly towards the queen.
"Madam," he exclaimed, " before this execution takes place, I pray you suffer this maiden to withdraw. Let her await our coming forth within the corridor of your palace."
"Be it so," returned Catherine.
" Go," whispered the cavalier to Ginevra-" you have the key -there is the masked door."
"She stirs not hence," said Ruggieri, seizing the maiden's arm.
"What mean'st thou, old man," cried the cavalicr. "What right hast thou to oppcse her departure ?"
"A father's right," returned Ruggieri-" she is my child."
"Thy child!" screamed the Gelosa, recoiling-" oh no-nonot thy child."
"Thou art the daughter of Ginevra Malatesta-thou art like. wise my daughter."
"Believe him not, dear signor," cried the Gelosa, clinging to the cavalier-" he raves-I am not his daughter."
"By my soul I speak the truth," ejaculated Ruggieri.
"My patience is exhausted," exclaimed the queen; "let the girl tarry where she is. I have not done with her. Crichton's execution shall no longer be delayed."
"His execution !" cried the Gelosa, with a thrilling scream. "Is it Crichton whom you would put to death?"
"Be calm," whispered the cavalier-" Heed not me-but in the confusion make good your own escape."
"Thou hast said it, maiden," returned Catherine, sternly smiling
-" that mask conceals thy lover's features-"
"That mask !-ha!"
At this moment Catherine again clapped her hands. There was an instant movement amongst the men-ait-arms. Quick as thought the mask was dragged forwards. A block of wood was placed upon the ground by Caravaja. The sword of Loupgarou gleamed in the air.

The cavalier placed himself between Catherine and the executioners. His hand was laid upon his vizard.
"You have said the withdrawal of your mask should be the signal of Crichton's doom," cried the queen, addressing the cavalier, " are yon prepared, signor ?"
"I am prepared, madame," replied the cavalier, calınly, "to mect my own fate. Not aqainst yon mask, but against me, must your rengeance be directed."

And as he spoke, he withdrew his vizard.
"Malediction." exclaimed Catherine, as she beheld the features of the Scot, "traitor!-have we then been thy dupe all this while - have I been betrayed into the aromal of my most secret schemes-into the commission of a grierous and scarce pardonable indignity to my nearest and dearest ally? Have I - but thy cunning shall avai! thee little-Dieu merci !-thou art still in my power. Don Vincenzo," she continued, turning to the mask, whose vizard having been in the confusion hastily removed by Caravaja, discovered dark and haughty lineaments, inflamed with choler, but strongly impressed with the lofty and peculiar character proper to the southern noble- (a character which the reader will at once understand if he will call to mind the grave and majestic Venetian faces of Titian)-" Don Vincenzo," said Catherine, addressing the prince, who stili remained surrounded by the guard -" what reparation can I offer you for the affront I have thus unintentionally put upon you ?"
"One only reparation will I accept," cried Vincenzo, proudly shaking off the grasp of Loupgarou, and advancing towards the queen.
"Give me to understand your wishes," returned Catherine.
"I claim the life of my adversary," returned Gonzaga.
"Now, by my soul, prince," saici Catherine, in a decp whisper, " you have asked a boon I camnot grant. Crichton's life is necessary to my safety-to your safety. He must die."
"He shall die, madam, upon the morrow," returned Vineenzo, in the same tone: "but the blazon of Gonzaga were for ever stained,-my honour as a knight for ever spotted, if he, whom I have defied to mortal combat, should be assassinated in my presence. He must be set free."
"Never," replied Catherine, " his death will lie at my door. He is in possession of my schemes-of Anjon's plot-and of a secret of vital import, which I deemed I had communicated to yourself; no, he must die."
"I had rather perish upon the block, by the hands of those miscreants, than suffer my honour to be thus sullied," exclaimed Gonzaga. "Hear me, madam," he cricd, aloud. "Sufier him to depart, and I will erage my princely faith that the Chevalier Crichton betrays no sceret-reveals $n 0$ plot. The laws of honour, im-
perative on me, are not less binding upon him. Let him depart without fear, and intrust the work of vengeance to me. To-morrow we meet as mortal enemies-to-night we part as fair foemen."
"Gage not your faith for me, prince," said Crichton, who with sword and dagger fiercely confronted his assailants, "I can neither accept life nor frecdom upon the terms you propose. If I depart hence, the secret I have oltained will be revealed-may, if my voice be silenced in death, my last gasp will be checred with the conviction that other tongues than mine will breathe it for me."
" Ha !" exclaimed Catherine.
"My vengeance will survive me, madam," continued the Scot; "you may float this chamber with my blood-may hew me limb from limb-but that secret will cecape you-nay, it has already eseaped you. I may never behold her more, may never exchange word with her again, but, ere to-morrow's sun shall set, the proof of her birth will be laid before the Princess of Condé."
"Thou liest!" eried Catherine.
"Where are the despatches of Tavannes, the letters of the Cardinal of Lorraine, your own written authority?" demanded Crichton.
"Ha !" exclaimed Catherine, hastily glancing at the packet she held within her hand-" Traitor! where are they ?"
"On their way to the Louvre," replied Crichton.
" Impossible !"
"I have found a faithful messenger-"
"En verdad, sa magestad, this braggart's only messenger can have been the great dog who accompanied him," exclaimed Caravaja. "The accursed brute dashed down the trap door as we ascended, and I remarked that he had a scarf twisted round his throat."
"That scarf contained the letters," said Crichton, with a smile of trimmph.
"And the hound escaped you ?" demanded Catherine, of the Spaniard.
"It is no dog, but a fiend in bestial shape," replied Caravaja ; "the phantasm was out of sight in a moment."
"Chevalier Crichton," said Catherine, advancing towards him, and speaking in an under-tonc, "those papers are of more value to me than your life. I will capitulate with you. Upon the conditions offered to you by the Prince of Mantua, you may depart frecly."
"I have said that I reject them, madam. Bid your assassins advance. To Heaven and Saint Andrew I commit my causc."
"I will die with you," murmured Ginerra.
" Rash girl, thou hast no part in this fray," cricd Ruggicri; "hence with thy father."
"Never," shrieked the Gelosa, "I will never quit the Signor Crichton's side-the blow which is his death, shall be mine likewise.

Let me go, I say. I am not thy child. Thou hast invented this story to betray me."
"Here me, Ginevra-I have proofs--"
"No, I will not lis'en to thec. 'Thon wouldst have bartered my honour for the Prince of Mantua's gold. Was that a father's love? But if thou art my father, leave me, and draw not my blood, as well as that of my mother, upon thy head; for, by our Lady of Pity! I will plunge this steel to my heart rather than yicld to thy licentious master."
"Ginerra, I would free thee from him. In merey listen to me." But ere he could proceed, the fiery girl drew her dagger, and extricating herself from his grasp, once more took refuge by the side of Crichton.

Catherine, meantime, despite the indignant remonstrances of Gonzaga, who, being unarmed, could take no part in the conflict, had commanded the men-at-arms to assault the Scot.
"Upon him, knaves," she cried, "what do you fear ?-he is but one-strike! and spare not."

Crichton breasted their fury, as the rock resists and hurls back the breakers. The gleam of their swords flashed in the cyes of the Gelosa; the clash of sterl resounded in her ears. The stuife was terrific. But amidst it all the Scot remained uninjured; not a thrust could reach him, while several desperate wounds were received by his antagonists. The vociferations, the clamour, the trampling of feet were deafening. Suddenly the noise ceased. Catherine looked to see if her enemy had fallen, but she beheld him in an attitude of defence, calmly regarding his antagonists, who had drawn back to take breath and consider upon some new plan of attack. Mortified and dismayed, the queen began to apprehend the issue of the combat might yet determine in favour of Crichton, when she beheld a dark figure stealing behind him. It was the dwarf. With stealthy steps she saw him approach the Scot. He bounded forward-a dagger was in his grasp-when at that moment he was felled by the stiletto of the Gelosa. Catherine could not restrain an exclamation of displeasure.
"Cravens," she cried, "ye lack the nerves of men-give me a sword, and I will show you how to wield it."

Thus exhorted, the ruffian band renewed the conflict, and with better sucecss than lefore. A few blows only had been exchanged, when Crichton's sworl, a light rapier, intended more for omament than use, was shivered, and with the exception of his poignard, a feeble defence against six trenchant blades, he lay at their mercy. A savage yell was raised by his opponents. A few moments more they saw would now decide the fight. Resolved, however, to sell his life dearly, Crichton darted forward, and seizing the foremost of the crew by the throat, plunged his dagger into his breast. The wreteh fell with a deep groan. His comrades pressed on to avenge him. With his cloak twisted round his arm, Crichton contrived for some moments to ward off their

blows and rid himself of another foe. But it was evident what must be the result of a contest so unequal: nevertheless, the Scot's defence was so gallant as still to leave his enemies in doubt, who, as he seconded a feint with a thrust at Loupgaron, his foot slipped upon the floor, now floating in blood, and he stumbled. Swilter than thought Ginevra interposed her own person between Loupgarou and Crichton, and the blow intended for him must have transfixed her, had not a loud cry from Ruggieri arrested the hand of the giant.
" Spare my child! - spare her! my gracious mistress!" ejaculated the distracted astrologer.

But Catherine was deaf to his entreaties.
"Spare neither," she said, sternly
Crichton, however, had recovered his feet. A word even in that brief interval had passed between him and the Gelosa. Ere his intention could be divined, he had flown together with the maid to the recess-and the eurtains failing at the same moment to the ground, concealed them from view. An instant afterwards, when these hangings were withdrawn by Caravaja and Loupgaron, they had disappeared. A masked door within the wall, half open, showed the means by which their flight had been effected. "Sangre de Dios!" cried Caravaja, as this door was suddenly closed, and a bar, as was evident from the somnd, drawn across it on the other side, "our purpose is frustrated."
"Cap-dé-diou!" ejaculated Loupgarou, "whither doth that outlet lead?"

As he spoke, the giant felt his leg suddenly compressed by a nervous gripe, while, at the same time, a noise like the hissing of a serpent sounded in his ears. Starting at the touch, Loupgaron beheld the red orbs of Elberich fixed upon him. The unfortunate manikin, mortally wounded, had contrived to crawl towards him. The stream of life, flowing in thick and inky drops from his side, was ebbing fast-but the desire of vengeance lent him strength. Directing the giant's attention towards a particular part of the wall, he touched a spring and another but a smaller door flew open. Through this aperture the dwarf crept, beckoning Loupgarou, who with Caravaja and his two remaining followers instantly went after him.

Scarcely had the party disappeared, when the door through which Crichton had approached the turret from the queen's palace, revolved upon its hinges, and the Vicomte de Joycuse, accompanied by Chicot, and attended by an armed retinue, entered the chamber. He cast a quick glance round the room, and his countenance fell as he beheld the bloody testimonials of the recent fray.
"Monseigneur," he said, advancing towards Gonzaga, who remained motionless with his arms folded on his breast, "I have it in his majesty's commands to assure myself of your person till the morrow."
"A prisoncr!" exelamed Gonzaga, his hand vainly searching for his sword,-" know you whom you thus address?"
"I know only that I address one whom I hold to be a loyal cavalier," returned Joyeuse, quickly, " but when I gaze around this chamber, and behold these marks of butchery, doubts arise in my mind which I would filin have removed. Whom have I the honour to place under arrest?"
"The Prince of Mantua," replied Catherine ; " the king's arrest cannot attach to him."
"Vive Dieu!" exelamed the vicomte, "I am indeed much honoured. But you are mistaken, madam-his majesty's arrest docs attach to the prince. Messicurs, to your charge I commit his highness. My duty, however, is only half fulfilled. May I crave to know where I shall meet with the Chevalier Criehton, if he be, as I conjecture, within this turret?"
"You will scarce need to assure yourself of lis person, monscigneur," replied Catherine, smiling; " my attendants have already saved you that trouble."
"How, madam !" exclaimed Joyeuse, starting.
"Outcries and footsteps resound from this doorway," cjaculated Chicot. "Methinks I hear the voice of Crichton-there againto the rescue, Monsicur le Vicomte."
"Prince," cried Joyeuse, "you shall answer to me for the life of the Chevalier Crichton. In his quarrel with you I was chosen his parrain, and by Saint Panl, if he have perished by assassination in your prescnce, I will proclaim you felon and craven, throughout every court in Christendom."
"Monsicur le Vicomte, you do well to threaten a prisoner," replied Gonzaga, haughtily. "But a season will arrive when you shall answer to me for these doubts."
"And to me likewise," added Catherine, haughtily. "Monsicur le Vicomte, I command you and your followers to withdraw, on pain of incurring my deadliest resentment."
"I am his majesty's representative, madame," returned Joycuse, proudly, " and invested with his authority to seek out and detain a noble cavalier, somewhile distinguished as 'the mask,' together with the Chevalier Crichton, during his sovereign pleasure. You are best aware what account you will render of the latter to his majesty."
"To the rescue! to the rescue! monscigneur," screamed Chicot, "I hear a female voice."
"My daughter! my danghter!" ejaculated Ruggieri.
"Some of you take charge of yon caitiff," exclaimed Joyeuse, pointing with his sword to the astrologer; "he is concerned, I doubt not, in this foul transaction-and now follow me who may ? Montjoie! Saint Denis !-on !-"

So saying, he dashed through the narrow portal, and sprang swiftly up a dark and winding staircase, down which the echoes of oaths and other vociferations now distinctly resounded.

## CHAPTER XV.

## rfile column of Catirerine de medicis.

On luy attachoit ung cable en quelque haute tour pendant en terre : par icelluy aveeques deux mains montoit, puis devaloit si roidement, et si asseurément, que plus ne pourriez parmy ung pré bien eqallé.
labelais. Gargantua. Liv. I. Ch. xxiii.
Opposite the Rue de Viarmes, and reared against the circular walls of the Halle-au-Blé-with its base washed by a fountain, its shaft encircled by a cylindrical dial, and huge gnomonic projection, and its summit surmounted by a strange spherical cage of iron -stands, at this day, a tall, fluted, richly decorated, Doric column; bearing upon its aspect the reverend impress of antiquity. The fountain and dial are of modern construction; the spherical crest is ancient. Tradition assigns this observatory, for such it is, to Catherine de Medicis. From hence she is said to have nightly perused, within the starry scroll of heaven, the destinies of the great city stretched out at her feet-while, from the same situation, Ruggieri is reported to have gathered the lore by which he was enabled to avert the stroke of danger, and strengthen and consolidate his mistress's power.

The iron cage alluded to, and which is supposed to have some recondite allusion to the mysteries of astrology, was, in all probability, contrived by the Florentine seer. Its form has given rise to much speculation. Consisting of a circular frame-work of iron, crossed by other circles, and supported by a larger hemisphere of iron bars ;-" des cercles et des demicercles entrelacés," says M. Pingre ;-the object of which it is difficult to conceive, unless they were intended as types of the science, to the uses of which the structure was devoted; and erected after the designs of the celcbrated Jean Bullan, this pillar situated, at the period under consideration, in the angle of a lateral court of the Hôtel de Soissons, is the sole remnant now existing of that vast and magnificent edifice. Its history is remarkable-but it may suflice to say, that it was preserved from the general demolition of Catherine's palace by the generosity of a private individual, Le Sicur Petit de Bachaumont, by whom it was redeemed at the price of 1500 livres. The effect of the observatory is materially injured by its contiguity to the Halle-au-Blé, and its symmetry destroyed by an horologiographical contrivance, as well as by a tasteless tablet placed above its plinth ; lut notwithstanding these drawbacks-viewed either in connexion with its historical associations, or with the mysterious and exploded
science of which it is a relic, -the column of Catherine de Medicis can scarcely be regarded with indifference. Within its deeply-cut chamfering, now almost effaced by time, are still to be traced emblematic devices, similar to those heretofore mentioned as adorning the walls of Rugqieri's laboratory. The elevation of the pillar from the ground is nearly a hundred feet, and its diameter somewhat more than nine fuet.

When Crichton and the Gelosa disappeared through the recess, their course was for a few moments shaped along a low, narrow passage, evidently contrived within the thickness of the wall, which, after a brief but toilsome ascent, conducted them to what appeared, from the increased height of the roof, and greater space between the valls, to be a sort of landing-place. Whether there was any further outlet from this spot, the profound darkness in which all was involved, left them no means of ascertaining; but as they tarried for an instant to recover breath, Crichton took advantage of the occal ion, warmly to express his thanks to his fair companion for the surcour she had so opportunely afforded him.
" But for you," he said, "fair Ginevra, I had perished bencath the dagrers of Catherine's assassins. 'To you I owe my life a second time,-how-how shall I requite your devotion ?"
"By suffering me to be your slave," cried the impassioned girl; bathing his hand with teare,-" to remain ever near you."
"You shall never leave me," returned the Scot, kindiy, carrying his gratitude to a scarce allowable length; for as he spoke, his lips sought the buming mouth of the Gelosa, while his arms pressed her closely to his bosom.
"Santa Madonna!" exclaimed Ginevra, hastily drawing back her head, decply abarshed at the impulse to which she had yielded, " our pursuers are at hand."

At the same moment, also, Crichton became aware of the sound of hoarse voices, and approaching footsteps.
" There is-there must be a further outlet-this chamber communicates with the queen's obscrvatory," cried the Gelosa, "I remember I was dragged to some such place as this, by him who falsely calls himself iny father, a fow hours ago. Each wall in this frightful turret is perforated, like a state dungeon, with secret passages. Step forward, sweet signor, and you will find the outlet."

With outstretched hand Crichton guided himself rapidly along the wall. The aperture was instantly discovered. His foot was on the flight of steps.
"Follow me, Ginevra," he cricd, extending his hand in the direction of the dausel. But a grasp was laid upon her, from which she could not extricate herself. At the same moment a hissing laugh prockaimed her captor to be the vindictive dwanf. With supernatural force the mannikin twined himself round hero
person. The maiden felt herself sinking. His hot breath was upon her face-his horrible mouth approached her throat. She experienced a sharp and sudden thrill of pain. The vampire having no other weapon, sought to fix his teeth in her neck. In this extremity, as she gave herself up for lost, Elberich's grasp relaxed, and the monster sank an inert mass to the earth. Crichton's poignard had freed her from her foe; while his arm bore her up the spiral stairs, just as Loupgarou and his crew reached the landingplace. The giant heard the struggle between Ginevra and Elberich -he heard also the fall of the latter, and with a bound sprang forward. He was too late to secure his prey, and stumbling over the prostrate body of the dwarf, impeded with his huge person the further advance of his followers. Muttering decp execrations, he then arose and began to ascend the column. After mounting some forty or fifty steps, a dull light, admitted through a narrow slit in the pillar, cheered his progress.
"By my fuy," cried Loupgaron, as he gazed through this loophole upon the gardens of the Hôtel de Soissons, just visible by the uncertain light of a clouded moon, "we are within her majesty's observatory-those are the royal gardens-and yonder are the old towers of Saint Eustache."
"En verdad compañero," replied Caravaja, thrusting forward his risage, and surveying in his turn the scene, "thou hast said it. It must be the structure 1 have so often gazed at from the Rue des Etuves, with the cage in which folks say Ruggieri keeps Señor Sathanas confined. Many a time have I scen that sooty imp, whose carcase we have left in the room below, practise a thousand fantastic trickeries upon those iron bars. There used to be a rope from which he would fling himself headlong from the summit, and swing backwards and forwards like an ape or a juggler, to the terror of all pious observers.-Ha !-What means that clamour and clashing of swords? 'There are others at work besides ourselves. Vamos camarada!"
"Softly," replied the lethargic giant, pausing to take breath" we do not need hurry ourselves, quo magis properare studeo, eo me impedio mayis-as we say in the schools! We are certain our Scot is in this turret-we are certain, moreover, that he cannot descend without passing us-we are furthermore certain, that we are four, and that he is but one ; ergo we may safely reckon upon his head-and upon our reward."
"Concedo consequentiam," returned Caravaja, " but proceed, most redonbted Goliath, or this puissant David may prove too much for thee after all. Ha! hear you that shot? Some one has discovered him from below-mount !--despatch!"

Thus urged, Loupgaron recommenced the ascent. Another and another loophole showed him the elevation he had attained, and at length his mighty head came in contact with a plate of iron,
which proved to be a trap-door opening upon the summit of the column, but which was now fastened on the other side. Here was an unexpected difficulty thrown in their path, not entirely, however, to the dissatisfaction of the ciant, who, despite his bulk and sinew, like all other men of rast proportions, was of a somewhat craven nature at, bottom, and regarded the approaching struggle with considerable misgiving. He deemed it necessary, however, to conceal his gratification under a mask of oath and bluster, and seconding his words with a show of resolution, applied his shoulder to the trap-door with so meln good-will, that, to his astonishment, it at once yielded to his eflorts. To recede was now impossible. Caravaja and his comerdes were swearing in the rear; so putting a bold face upon the matter, he warily emerged. What was his surprise, and we may say delight, to find the roof deserted. In proportion to his security his choler increased.
"Hola !-my masters," he roared, "we are tricked-dupeddeceived. This Crichton is in league with the fiend. He has made himself a pair of wings, and flown away with the girl upon his back-Cap-de-dion ! we are robbed of our reward."
" San diablo!" exclaimed Curavaja, as he also emerged from the trap-door. "Gone!-ha-higados!-I perceive the device."
'To return to the Scot and his fair charge. Sustaining the terrified girl, who was so much exhausted as to be wholly unable to assist herself, withim his arms, Crichton rapidly threaded the steps of the column. Arrived at the summit, he gently deposited Ginevra upon the roof, and steod with his dagger in hand prepared to strike down the first of his assailants who should appear at the month of the staircase. The cold fresh air now playing upon her cheek in some degree revived the Gelosa. She endeavoured to raise herself, but her strength was unequal to the effort. At this moment an outery was heard below. It was the voice of Biount calling to his don. Crichton uttered an exclamation of delight. The packet had reached its destination-it would be delivered to Esclaimonde. Scarcely had this thought passed through his mind, when the sudden report of an arquebuss was heard-succeeded by a deep howl. Blount's shouts, mingled with those of Ogilvy, arose loud and stunning. The clash of swords succeeded. Crichton could no longer resist the impulse that prompted him to glance at the combatants. He leaned over the edge of the pillar, but all that he could discern was the Englishman engaged in sharp conflict with several armed tigures partially concealed from his view by the intervening shrubs of the garden. Druid was by his side, foaming, furious, and with his teeth fastened upon one of his master's assailants. The searf was gone. But whether or not it was in Blount's possession, he was mable to ascertain. As he turned in doubt and some dejection towards the trap-door, his eye chanced upon a coil of rope attached to one of the links constituting the larger hemisphere of
iron bars by which he was surrounded. A means of escape at once presented itself to his imagination. Swift as thought he tried the durability of the cord. It was of strength sufficient to sustain his weight ; and of more than sufficient extent to enable him to reach the ground. He uttered an exclamation of joy ; but he suddenly checked himself. 'The plan was relinquished as soon as formed. He could not abandon the Gelosa.

Ginevra divincd his intentions. Collecting all her canergies, she threw herself at his feet, besceching him to avail himself of the opportunity that presented itself of safety by flight.
"And leave you here to fall into the hands of your pursuers-of Gonzaga-never," replied Crichton.
" Heed me not--heed me not-moble and dear signor," replied the Gelosa. "I have my means of escape likewise-go-gro-I mplore of you. What is my life to yours? By the Virgin!" she continued, with passionate carnestness, "if you do not obey me, I will fling myself headlong from this pillar and free you from restraint, and myself from persecution."

So saying, she advanced to the brink of the column, as if resolved upon putting her threat into instant execution.
"Hold, hold, Ginevra," exclaimed Crichton, "we may bot'n avoid our focs. Give me thy hand, rash girl." And ere she could advance another footstep, the Scot detained her with a powerful grasp. Ginevra sank unresistingly into his arms. Crichton's next proceeding was to make fast the trap-door, the bolt of which presented such feeble resistance to the Hercu lean shoulders of Loupgarou. He then threw the cord over the edge of tine column, and advanced to the brink to see that it had fallen to the ground. As he did so, he was perceived and recognised by Ogilvy, who hailed him with a loud shout, but as that doughty Scot was engaged hand to hand with a couple of assailants, he was not in a condition to render his patron any eflicient assistance. Having ascertained that the cord had dropped in the way he thought desirable, Crichton again assured himself of the firmness of the knot, and placing his dagger between his tecth, to be ready for instant scrvice on reaching the ground, and twining his left arm sccurely round the person of the Gelosa, whose supplications to be abandoned to her fate were unheeded, he grasped the rope tightly with his right hand, and leaning over the entablature of the column, pushed himself deliberately over its ledge.

For a moment the rope vibrated with the shock; and as she found herself thus swinging to and fro in mid air, Ginevra could scarcely repress a scream. Her brain recied as she gazed dizzily downwards, and perceived the space intervening between her and the earth. Her head involuntarily sank over her shoulder, and she closed her eyes. Had her safety depended on her own powers of tenacity, she had certainly fallen.

The rope, meanwhile, continued its oscillations. With one arm only disengaged, and the other encumbered by his fair burden, it was almost impossible for Crichton to steady it. The architrave and fricze crowning the capital, projected nearly two feet beyond the body of the shaft. For some time he could neither reach the sides of the pillar so as to steady his course by its fluted channels, nor venture to trust himself to the guidance of the shifting cord. His peril appeared imminent. The strain upon the muscles was too great to be long endured. But Crichton's energies were incxhaustible, and his gripe continued unrelaxing. At length, after varions incffectual efforts he succeeded in twining his legs securely round the rope, and was about to descend, when an incident occurred that rendered his situation yet more perilous.

Filled with astonishment at the daring attempt they witnessed, as Crichton launched himself from the column, the combatants be-neath-friend and foe, as if by mutual consent-suspended hostilities. It was a feat of such hair-breadth risk, that all gave him up for lost. But, when he had made grood his hold, their admiration knew no bounds. Blount loudly hurraed, and threw his cap into the air. Even the adverse party uttered a murmur of applause. Ogilvy rushed forward to seize and secure the rope-and all had been well, but at the same moment he was grappled by one of his antagonists, and in the struggle that ensued, the cord was so violently shaken that Crichton had need of all his vigour to maintain his position. The rope whirled round and round ; but contriving, anid the gyrations, to insert the point of his foot in the fluting of the pillar, he once more reganed his equilibrium.
"Villain," cried Ogilvy, as he threw his enemy to the carth, and plunged his dirk within his bosom; "thou, at least, shall reap the reward of thy treachery. Ah, what is this?" he cried, as from the folds of a scarf, which had dropped from the man's grasp, a packet of letters met his view. He was about to pick them up, when his attention was diverted by a loud cry from Blount.
"Ha! have a care, noble Crichton!" shouted the Englishman, "have a care, I say! St. Dunstan and St. Thomas, and all other good saints protect thee!-Desist, craven hound, what wouldst thon do? The curse of St. Withold upon thee!" 'The latter part of Blount's ejaculation was addressed to Loupgarou, whose huge person might now be discovered leaning over the architrave of the pillar, and who was preparing to hew the rope asunder with his sword. "Oh for a sling!" roared Blount, "to smite that accursed Philistine betwixt the temples."

Directed by these outcries, and, at the same time, perceiving the effect of a blow upon the rope, Crichton looked upwards. He behcld the malignant and exulting aspect of Loupgarou, who, it is needless to say, through the agency of Caravaja, had discovered
the mode of flight adopted by the Scot, and instantly resolved upon the only revenge in his power. It was evident from his gestures and ferocious laughter, that the giant had resolved to exercise his utmost ingenuity in torturing his enemy. Before he attempted to sever the cord, he shook it with all his force, jerking it vehemently, first on the right hand, and then on the lelt; but, finding he could not succeed in dislodging the tenacions Scot, he had recourse to another expedient. Jaking firmly hold of the iron bar, by dint of great exertion he contrived to pull the cord up several feet. Uttering a loud yell, he let it suddenly drop. Still Crichton, though greatly shaken, maintained his hold. Loupgarou then proceeded slowly to saw the cord with his sword. Crichton gazed downwards. He was still more than sixty fect from the ground.
" Ho, ho!" bellowed Loupgarou, " not so fast, fair sir--qui vult perive pereai-ho, ho! You shall reach the ground without further efforts of your own, and somewhat more expeditiouslysternitur exanimisque tremens procumbit humi-ho, ho!-"
" That fate shall be thy own, huge ox," screamed the shrill voice of Chicot in his rear; " ho, ho!' laughed the jester, as the giant, whom he pushed forward with all his might, rolled heavily over the entablature ; " not so fast, not so fast, iny Titan."
"Quién adelante no miru, atrás se queda," exclaimed Caravaja, springing upon the jester with the intent of throwing him after the giant; "thou shalt reverse the proverb; look first and leap after." The words, however, were scarcely out of his mouth, when he found himself seized by the Vicomte de Joyense, who suddenly appeared on the roof of the column.

Loupgarou made an effort to grasp at the architrave of the pillar as he was precipitated over it, and then at the rope, but he missed both. His great weight accelerated his fall. He descended head foremost. His skull came in contact with the sharp, projecting edge of the plinth, which shattered it at once ; and his huge frame lay without sense upon the pavement of the court just as Crichton and his now senseless burthen alighted in safety upon the ground.
"By my bauble!" cried Chicot, as he hailed Crichton from the summit of the column, "the great gymnastic feats of Gargantua equal not your achievements, compère."

But Crichton was too much occupied to attend to the jester. He had now to defend himself against the assault of Gonzaga's followers, whose object was to possess themselves of the Gelosa.

At this moment the call of a trumpet sounded from the summit of the pillar, and the next instant some dozen men in arms, in the livery of the Vicomte de Joyeuse, made their appearance at its base.
"Down with your swords, in the king's name," cried the sergeant of the guard. "Chevalier Crichton, in the name of his most Catholic majesty, Hemi III., you are our prisoner."
"Where is your leader ?" demanded Crichton, sternly, " to him alone will I yield myself."
"He is here, mon cher," cricd Joycuse, from the top of the pillar, " and rejoices to tind you in safety. I will join you, and render all needful explanations. Meantime, you must, perforce, contimue my prisoner. Your adversary, Prince Vincenzo, hath yielded himself without demur."
"'Tlis well ;" replied Crichton, throwing down his poignard.
It is needless to describe the rapturous congratulations of Ogilvy and blount. The former appeared so anxious to relieve his patron from the burthen of the fair singer, that he at length committed her to his care. The diseiple of Knox gazed at her with admiration, and his bosom heaved with strange but inexpressible emotions as he held the lovely player-girl in his arms.
"Ha !" exclaimed Crichton, turning hastily to Blount, "thy dog-hath he reached thee "?
"He is here," replicel Blount, patting Intuid, " he has been slighty hurt in this fray, poor fellow, the ball of an arquebuss hath grazed his side-"
"' There was a searf twined around him-thoa hast it?" demanded Crichton.
"I saw nothing," answered Blount, staring in astonisliment at the question.
"A scarf," cjaculated Ogilvy, "did it contain a packet?"
"It did." rejoined Crichton. " IIave you seen it?"
"'Tis here," answered Ogilyy, springing forward, and once more committing the Gelosa to his patron. "Ha! here is the sash," he cried, "and a knot of ribands-but the packet is grone."
"Search!" said Criehton-" it may have escaped thy recrards."
"It is nowhere to be foumd." replied Ogiler, after a vain quest.
"Ah!" exclaimed Crichtom, in a tone of anguish, "all my exertions then are fruitless. The prize is lost as soon as obtained."

## צOOK THE THIRD.-CHAPTER.

## IIIC IIBITUR。

Or, dist Pantagruel, faisons ung transon de bonne chicre, et betwons, je vous
en pric, enfans-car il faict bean boire tout ce mois. en prie, cufans-car il faict beau boire tout ce mois.
liabelais. Gurgantut. Lie. II. Ch, xxx.
On the day succeeding the events previously related, and about two hours before noon, the interior of the Falcon in the Rue Pelican, presented a scene of much bustle and animation. The tables were covered with viands; the benches with guests. The former consisting of every variety of refection, liquid and solid, proper to a substantial Parisian breakfast of the sixteenth century; from the well-smoked ham of Bayonne, and savoury sausage of Bologna, to the mild potage de lecrier, and unctuous soupe de prime. The latter exhibiting every shade of character, from the roystering student (your scholars have always been great tavern hunters,) and sottish clerk of the Basoche, to the buff-jerkined musquetecr: and strapping sergeant of the Swiss guard.

The walls resounded with the mingled elatter of the trencher, the flagon, and the dice-box-with the shouts of laughter, and vociferations of the company, and with the rapid responses of the servitors. The air reeked with the fumes of tobacco, or, as it was then called, herbe à la reine, pimento, and garlic. Pots of hydromel, hippocras, and wine, served to allay the thirst which the salt meats (compulsoires de beurettes, according to Rabelais) very naturally provoked, and many a deep draught was that morning drained to the health of Dame Fredegonde, the presiding divinity of the Falcon.

In saying that the wines of Dame Fredegonde were generally approved, we merely repeated the opinion of every member of the University of Paris, whose pockets were not utterly exhausted of the necessary métal ferrugiué, and in averring that her charms were the universal theme of admiration, we reiterated the sentiments of every jolly lansquenet, or Gascon captain of D'Epernon's ' Quarante Cinq,' whose pike had at any time been deposited at her threshold, or whose spurs jingled upon her hearth.

Attracted by the report of her comeliness, half the drinking world of Paris flocked to the Falcon. It was the haunt of ail lovers of good cheer, and a buxom hostess.

## Ah! comme on entrait <br> Boire à son cabaret!

Some women there are who look old in their youth, and grow young again as they advance in life : and of these was Dame Fredecgonde. At eighteen she did not appear so young, or so inviting, as at eight-and-thirty. Her person might be somewhat enlargedwhat of that? Many of her admiress thought her very cmbonpoint an improvenfnt. Her sleek black tresses, gathered in a knot at the back of her head-her smooth brow, which set eare and time, and their firrows, at defiance-her soft dimpled chin-her dark laughing eyes, and her teeth, white as a casket of pearls, left nothing to be desired. You could hardly distinguish between the ring of your shlver real upon her board, and the laughter with which she received it. To sum up her perfections in a word-she was a widow. As Dame Fredegonde, notwithstanding her plumpuess, had a very small waist, and particularly neat ancles, she wore an extremely tight boddice, and aparticularly short vertugardin; and as she was more than suspected of favouring the persecuted Huguenot party, she endearoured to remove the impression by wearing at her girdle a long rosary of beads terminated by the white double cross of the Leagne.

Among her grueste, upon the morning in question, Dame Fredegonde numbered the Sorbonist, the Bernardin, the disciples of Harcourt and Montaign, and one or two more of the brawling and disputatious fraternity, whose companionship we have for some time abandoned. These students were regaling themselves upon a Gargantuan gammon of ham, and a flask oî malroisie. At some distance from this party, sat Blount, together with his faithful attendant Druid, who with his enormons paws placed upon his master's knees, and his nose familiarly thrust upon the board, received no small portion of the huge chine of beef destined for the Englishman's repast. Next to Blount, appeared Ogily, and next to the Seot, but as far removed from his propinquity as the limits of the bench would permit, sat a youth whose features were concealed from view by in broad hat, and who seemed, from his general restleseness and impatience of manner, to be ill at ease in the society in which accident, rather than his own choice, had thrown him.

Passing over the remainder of the company, we shall come at once to a man-at-arms of a very prepossessing exterior, who had established himself in close juxta-position with the buxom hostess. There was nothing very remarkable in the costume of this hero. A stout buff jerkin, a coarse brown serge cloak, a pointed felt hat with a single green feather, a longe estoe, and buff boots with great spurs, -this was the sum total of it. But there was an ease and grace in his deportment, a fire in his eye, and a tone in his voice, that scemed scarecly to belong to the mere common soldier, whose garb he wore. His limbs were well proportioned-his figure tall
and manly-his complexion ruddy and sumburnt-his bearing easy and umestrained, and his look that of one more accustomed to command than serve. He had immense moustaches-a pointed beard-a large nose slightly hooked, and eyes of a very amorous expression, and taken altogether, he lad the air of a person born for conquest, whether of the fair sex or of kingdoms. His way of making love was of that hearty straightforward kind which carries all before it. Assured of success, he was, as a matter of course, assuredly successful. Dame Fredegonde found him perfectly irresistible. Her last lover, the strapping Swiss sergeant, who saw himself thus suddenly supplanted, was half frantic with jealonsy, and twisting his fingers in the long black beard that deecended to his belt, appeared to meditate with his falchion the destruction of his fortunate rival.

So far as splendour of aceontrements went, the Swiss hed decidedly the advantage. No magpic was ever finer. His casaque, which gave additional width to his shoulders, already broad enough. was slashed with red and blue stripes, and girded with a broad red band, tied in a knot and hanging down in points. One of his stockings was red, the other white. A red garter crossed his knec. His barret cap had a projecting steel neb like that of a modern chasseur, with a tuft of scarlet-dyed horschair dangling behind. Around his throat he wore a huge ruff, down which his beard flowed like a dark river. His sword resembled a Moorish scimitar, while against the table by his side rested a halbert with a doubleaxe head. But neither his parti-coloured raiments, his beard, nor his gestures could draw from Dame Fredegonde a single smile of encouragement. She was completely monopolised by the invincible owner of the buff jerkin.

Meanwhile, the scholurs had finished their malvoisic, and were calling loudly for a fresh supply. "Hola! pulchra tabernaria -queen of the cellar!" shouted the Sorbonist, drumming on the table to attract Dame Frederonde's attention. "More wine here -Bordeaux, I say-ex templo! Leave off love-making for awhile -tear yourself from the arms of that jolly gendarme, if you can, like Helen from the embraces of Paris, et nolie proma finde Fulerna mamí. To the cellar, good dame-sine Cerere et Bacchu--you know the rest; et amplioram capacem fer citu. Draw it neat and stint not: respice personam, pone pro dun; bus non est in usu, as the good Grandgousier saith. We are in a great hurry, and as thirsty as sand-beds. Sang de Cabres! compaings, our hostess is deaf. The combat we came to see will be over before we have done breakfast. Hola!-holat-ho!"
"And we shall look as foolish as we did yesterday," added the Bernardin, thumping upon the board with allhis might, "when we found ourselves on the wrong side of the gate of the college of Navarre, during Crichton's disputation. Body of Bacchus! I faint
like a traveller in Arabia the Stony. Have compassion, speciosissimu Fredegonda-your cups are as far apart as the tricteric orgics. The toumey was proclaimed by the heralds to take place at noon, and it is now nine o' the clock. By the love you bear the Béjaunes of the University, use some despateh, or surrender to us the key of the cellar."
"The seafioldings are erected, and the barriers raised," cried Hareourt. "I saw the carpenters and tapestry-makers at work: the whole façade of the Louvre looking towards the grardens blazes with silk and scutcheons. Cavaliers and pages are thronging thither in all directions. 'Twill be a glorions sight! I would not miss it for my bachelor's grown."
"Nor I," rejoined Montaigu-" Mordicu! we shall see how Crichton comprorts himself to-day. It is one thing to war with words, and another with swords. He may find the brave l'rince of Mantua a better match for him than our sophisters."
"He has only to deal with Gonzaga, as he dealt with some dozen of your classes yesterday," observed Ogilvy, in a scornful tone, "to ensure himself as cheap a victory as he then obtained."
"Ah !-are you there, mon brave Ecossois," cried the Sorbonist -"I did not notice you before. But one has only to whisper the name of their patron saint, Crichton, and up starts a Scot, when one least expects such an apparition. However, I am glad to see you, Sieur Ogilvy-we have an account to settle together."
"The sooner we arrange it then, the better," cried Ogilvy, drawing his dagger, and springing across the bench. "I thought you and your rascal rout had met with your deserts at the scourge of the hangman of the Petit Chitcelet; but I care not if your chastiscment be reserved for my hands. Defend yourself, villain."
" Not till I have eaten my breakfast," replied the Sorbonist with considerable phlegm-"As soon as I have finished my meal, I will assuredly do you the honour of cutting your throat. Sede interim, quaso. We are not now in the Rue de Feurre, or the Pré-aux-Clercs, but in the jurisdiction of the Provost of Paris-and under the noses of the watch. I have no intention of baulking your humour, Messire Ecossois, but I have no fancy for exhibiting myself in the Pilori des Halles to please you."
"Dastard," cried Ogilyy, "will not a blow move you ?" And he was about to deal the Sorbonist a buffet, when Dame Fredegronde, who had witnessed this altercation with some alarm, suddenly flung herself between the disputants.
" Holy Saint Eloi !" she cricd, in a lund tonc-" a brawl at this time of the day-and in my reputabl? house too. I can scarecly credit my senses. Put up your swords instantly, messires, or I will summon the watch, and give you ali into its charge. Ah! you think I only threaten-you slall sce. Mátre Jacques," she added,
addressing the Swiss sergeant, "this is your business. Let tranquillity be restored."

Maitre Jacques, somewhat gratified to be at length calicd into notice by his inconstant mistress, stretched out his hand, and without altering his position, dragged Ogilvy towards him, and instantly disarmed him with as much case apparently as another would lave taken a stick from a child, or removed its sting from a wasp. Blount, who was a great admirer of feats of strength, could not refuse a murmur of epprobation at the sergeant's singular exhibition of vigour.
"You shall have your sword again when you have recovered your temper," said Maitre Jacques. "By my beard," he added, scowling at the scholars, "I will brain with my halbert the first of you who draws his sword."

Ogilvy regarded the athletic Swiss for an instant, with eyes glowing with indignation, and as if meditating a reprisal. But a gentle voice from the bench recalled him to his seat ; and tranquillity was once more restored.

The soldier, who had watched the dispute and its issue with much nonchalance, now addressed Dame Fredegonde, as she returned to his vicinity.
"What tourney is this, ma mie!" he said, " of which these brave scholars have just now spoken? You know I am only just arrived in Paris with the King of Navarre's envoy, and know nothing of court news. Who is this Crichton? What doth the Prince of Mantua, if I have heard yon student aright, in Paris? And above all, what are the grounds of quarrel between the combatants?"
"Do you expect me to answer all those inquiries in a breath, messire?" replied Danc Frederonde, laughing. "You need not assure me you are a stranger in Paris, since you question me about the Scigncur Crichton. Who is he? He is handsome enough to be a prince. But I believe he is only a Scottish gentleman. He is, however, the fincst gentleman eyes were ever sct upon. The Scigneurs Joyeuse, D'Epernon, and Saint-Luc, and others of his majesty's fivourites are not to be compared with him. He is as witty as he is handsome, and as wise as he is witty. Yesterday he had a great disputation with the heads of the University, and they have not had a word to say for themselves since. To-day he jousts with the Prince of Mantua in the gardens of the Louvre at noon, and I warrant me, he will come off victorious. In short, he has but to speak and you are dumb-founded-to draw his sword, and his enemy drops at his feet-to look at alady, and straightway she falls into his arms."
" Of a verity, a most accomplished cavalicr," said the soldier, with a smile, " but you have not yet told me the occasion of his difference with the young Prince of Miantua. What is their cause of quarrel, sweetheart? Tell me that?"
"No one can tell to a certainty," replicd Dame Fredegonde, mysterionsly; " but the challenge was riven last night at the Louvre. Some say it is about an Italian mistress-(here the youth near Ogilvy was observed to start)-some that the Seigneur Crichton has discovered a plot against the king's life, in which Cosmo Ruggieri, and a great lady-whom nubody dares to name-together with this prince are concerned, and that in consequence the Prince of Mantua, Vincenzo, who has been for some time at the court in disguise, has defied him to mortal combat. Certes, there were strange doings at the Hôtcl de Soissons last night, as the Chevalier du Guet informed me when he made his rounds. But that's no business of mine. 'They do say, also, that the Seigneur Crichton's life was twice endangered-first at the banquet by the jealousy of another great lady who is in love with him, and who poured a dose of poison into his wine."
"What great lady do you mean, ma mie? Surely not the queen-mother!"
"Holy Virgin! no," cried Fredegonde, with a scream of langhter ; "the Scigneur Crichton is hardly likely to be in love with her."
". Who then?"
"You are very inquisitive, messire. How can it concern you to know in what way queens and other great dames revenge themselves on their lovers' infidelities?"
"Ventre-saint-gris! It may concern me more nearly than you imagine. You know I am from the court at Pau-from Henri of Navarre. You do not mean his queen?",
"I do not mean the Quecn Louise, and you may, therefore, form a shrewd gucss whom I do mean," replied Dame Fredegonde, significantly. "There you will have a pretty piece of scandal to take back to your monarch. And, as I live, he could not look more blank than you do at the intelligence-ha-ha-ha!"
" Peste!"' exclamed the soldier, biting his lip. "And it is for this adventurer that Margucrite refuses to leave her brother's court, and to rejoin her husband."
"To be sure!-she would find your psalm-singing Béarnais rather dull after the gay galliard Crichton. But you look serious, messire?"
"Your sex is enough to make one so," replied the soldier, forcing a laugh.

> " Femmes sont secretes En amour discretes Doulees mygnonnettes Et tant bien parlantes, Mal sont protitables, Et fort variables Y sont tous les diables.

Our good IVenri will care no more about the matter than I do

And hark!-those scholars are still clamorous for wine. Allow me to attend you to the cellar? You will want some help to carry that mighty flagon."

To return to Ogilvy and his companions. Blount continued sedulous in lis attentions to the chine; but the Scot's appetite was gone. He swallowed a deep draught of wine, and becgan to hack the table with a kuife. 'To a casnal remark, addressed to him by the Englishman, he returned a sullen response. It was evident he was deeply offended. But Blount did not take his petulance in umbrage, but continued his repast in silence, ever and anon bestowing a morsel of fat upon his dog. The Gelosa now drew nearer to the wrathfinl Scot, and laid her hand gently upon his arm. Ogilvy turned his inflamed cheek towards her,--
" What would you?" he asked.
"I would quit this place," said Ginerra, "a presentiment of misfortune, which I camot shake off, oppresses me. The clamour distracts me, and I am fearful those reckless scholars may recognise me. Besides," she added, with somewhat of reproach in her accent, "you but ill fulfil your patron's injunctions-you were to protect me-not to endanger my safety by provoking hostilities."
" Pardon my rashness, fair maiden,' replied Ogilvy, with some confusion; "I was wrong in giving way to this foolish display of passion; but where the honour of Crichton is concerned, my feelings are irrepressible."
" I honour you for your devotion," returned the Gelosa ; "and let not any thought of risk to me deter you from its manifestation. Conduct me hence, and return, if you see fitting, to avenge yourself upon yon insolent scholar."
"Impossible!" replied Ogilvy, "the esenrt from the Vicomte de Joyeuse which is to conduct you beyond the gates of Piris, and place you on the route to the frontiers of Italy, is not yet arrived. We must await its coming. It was the Chevalier Crichton's desire that we should do so. Fear nothing, fair maiden. I will defend you with the last drop of my blood; nor shall you again have to reproach my intemperate zeal in my patron's behalf."
"My heart misgives me," replied Ginevra, " but since it was his wish, I will remain here. I feel as if I were not yet out of the power of that terrible Gonzaga. And then," she added, timidly, and blushing deeply as she spoke, " shall I confess to you, signor, that I would willingly hazard my safety by remaining in Parisnay, within the precincts of the Louvre, to witness this tourney. If Vincenzo fall, I have nothing to fear."
"But from Ruggicri-from Catherine you may still apprehend peril," returned Ogilvy, "besides know you not that the king has commanded a combat à plaisunce and not $\grave{a}$ outrance? The prince
may be worsted, therefore-but not slain. Your danger will not be diminished by the result of this eonfliet."

A burst of noisy merriment from the scholars here broke upon them, and the following irreverent Bacchanalian lay was chanted at the top of his voice by the Sorbonist; the other students joining in chorus.

## 

I.

Venitc, jowial sons of Hesper, Who from matin unto vesper, Roam abroad sub Domino; Benedietine, Carmelite, Quaff we many a flask to-night

Salutari nostro
If the wine be, as I think,
Fit for reverend lips to drink
Jubilemus ci.
Ecce bonum vimum, venite potcmus!
II.

IIodic, when eups are full, Nut a thought or eare should dull

Corda restra-
Eat your fill-the goblet quaff, Sufficient is the wine thereof

Sceundum diem:-
What care 1 -if huge in size
My panneh shond wax :-it testifics
opera mea.
Vinite potcmus!

## III.

Quadragnta years and more I've seen ; and jol!y souls some score Proxmmssimi
And life thronghont, have ever thonght, That they, who tipple ale that's naught,

Errant carte:
Yea, in my choler waxing hot, I sware sour beer should enter not

In s сquicm merm.
Ecce bomm rinum, venite potemus!
The re-appearance of Dame Fredegonde, and the soldier bearing a capacious stoup of claret, had given rise to this effusion of the Sorbonist; and as cach goblet was now filled to the brim, after having been previously cmptied, general hilarity prevailed among the thirsty scions of the university. The Bernardin insisted upon the soldier taking a seat beside him, and the Sorbonist deemed it

[^13]incumbent upon him to present a flaron of the ruby fluid to Maitre Jacques, who drained it in a breath.
"Lans tringue!" cried the scholar of Harcourt, slapping the soldier on the shoulder, "I drink to thee. Thou hast given us good measure and good wine, i'faith. May our buxom hostess never want such a cellarist-nor ourselves sach a drawer-haha!

> Remplis ton verre vuide Vuide ton verre plein."
> "I will not refuse thy pledre, comrade," replied the soldier, "though my brain will not brook many such strong assaults so carly in the morning. Here is to thy election to the dignity of chaplain at the next Fête des Fous."
"Jest not with me, compaing, but drink," retorted Harcourt, angrily, "it were thy safer course. Ah! thou refusest. I disecrn something of the Huguenot about thec. I heard thee tell our hostess just now thou wert from the head-quarters of the Béarnais. One might guess as much from thy neglect of the flask, and devotion to the petticoats-dignum patella operculum. Ah! if it were ever to oceur that thy master should be King of France, a pretty time we should have of it! The good old days of Francois I. would be revived with a vengeance. Not a husband in Paris could rest in his bed. The saints defend us from such a consummation. Well, I bear him no ill-will-here's to Alcandre."
"Maranatha!" exclaimed the Sorbonist, " that must not pass. We will be Catholic even in our cups. Thy pledge is heretical and schismatic. Rather let us drink confusion to the Bearnais, the Reform, and the Church of Geneva; and success to the League, the true Chureh, and the brave Balafré!"
" 'To the Holy Union!" cried the Bernardin.
"'To the Pope!" shouted Montaigu.
"To Beelzebub!" roared Harcourt. "I will hurl my wine-cup in his face who refuses my pledge-Henri of Navarre, and the Huguenot cause!"
"By the mass, I scent heresy in thy pledge, and refuse it," returned the Sorbonist. The words were scarcely out of his month when he received the contents of the scholar of Harcourt's flagon in his face.

In an instant all was confusion. Swords were drawn and crossed, and the table nearly upset in the confusion that ensued; but, by the united efforts of Blount, who had now formed one of the party, and the Swiss scrgeant, the combatants were separated, and tranquillity for the second time restored. The cause of the disturbance, meantime, our nonchalant soldier, so far from taking any share in the struggle, leaned back in his chair, and indulged in an immoderate fit of laughter.
"How now, thou insensible varlet!" cricd Harcourt, whose
furious countenance and ruffed demeanour presented a singular contrast to his companion's apathy; " hast thou never a sword to draw in thy sovereign's behalf, or grace enough to thank him who is ready to fight thy battles for thee? By my soul, I was wrong. Brother of the Sorbonne, thy hand. Thou wert in the right to object to my rascal pledre. Ventre-saint-Quintin! from a Huguenot one gets neither aid nor acknowledgment."
"The quarrel was of thine own seeking, comrade," returned the soldier, with increased merriment; "I pressed thee not, into my service-the good canse of the Reformed Faith needs no such blustering advocate as thou; and the Béarnais will not laugh a whit the less loudly because one sot drinks to his success, and another to his confusion."
" Fairly spoken," cried Montaigu, "for a Huguenot our reformado hath the air of an honest fellow. A truce to raillery, comrades! Favete linguis. These brawls interfere with drinking. Let us have a song to restore us to harmony. Chantons, beuvons un! motet, as grgorious old Rabelais hath it."
"Entomons," cried the others, laughing.
"What shall it be?" asked the soldier.
"Le chanson de la 「eronelle, La vie de Monsicur Saint Françoys, La Confiteor des Angloys,
or the merry burden of some farce, sotie, or joyous discourse?"
"La Réformeresse, for instance," retorted Montaigu, vociferating at the top of his roice-
" To Paris, that good city, Navarre's young king is come, And flock forth the damsels pretty, At the beating of his drum. But the fairest 'mid the crowd, sirs, The loveliest of the lot, Is a nymph, who cries alond. sirs, To the church, sire, you go not, Huguenot!
"E'en give us what thou wilt, my puissunt Hector: so thy strains savour not of the masal melodies of Théodore Beza, or the canticles of Clément Maro., they will be right welcome."
"Lend me your voices in full chorus, then," replied the soldier, "and respond to my litany." And, in a deep tone, he sang as follows:-

From all men, who, connsel scorning,
To the tavern hie at moming
With latiu base their talk adorning,
Libera nos Domine.
From all those, who night and day, Cards and raiment cast away, At cards and dice and other play, Libera nos Dominc.
" Satis superque," shouted Montaigu, "thy rogation toucheth me too nearly, as testificth the tattered state of my expomibles, to be altogether satisfactory-Hei milit!

Alea, vina, Venus, tribus his sum fuetus egcmus.
Sed parum est. I have still a few liards left, and when my pouch is utterly evacuate, I can turn Huguenot or hang myself-it matters little which. In the meantime;" and here the reckless youth once more broke into song:-

## Eong of the Expolar.*

## I.

A jolly life enough I lead-that is sempor quam possum: When mine host inviteth me, I answer ecce assum!
Women, wine, and waissailry lubens libenter colo, And after meals to pass the time chartis hudisque volo, Uuluckily these games are not omnino sine dolo.

## 11.

Wine to tipple I conceive quod fui gencratus, Treasure to amass, indeed, I donbt if I was natus, Never yet with coin enough was I loeupletatus, Or, with a superflnity, vehementer excilatusDespice divitias si vis animo esse beatus.

## III.

Whither are my raiments fled? amice mi !-si quaris? Quaffed they were in flowing cups in tempore (heu!) veriss Thus am I obliged to roam subhorvidus per vicos, Herding amidst truand rogues et rlius iniquos:
Cum fueris felix nullos numerabi, amicos !
" Bellissime !" eried the soldier, "thy case is a hard one, I must meeds admit, comrade. But thou art a likely lad, and I promise thec, if thou wilt accompany me to the King of Navarre's camp, whither I set out this morning, and wilt forswear thy roystering habits, and cmbrace the true doctrine, I will put thee in a way of lining thy pouch with weightier picces than any it now holds, and of replacing thy threadbare apparel with the haequetoon and habergeon of the Bourbon."
"Weighty blows are said to abound more than weighty pieces in thy king's psalm-singing camp," returned Montaigu, "and I must be bribed by present payment if I vend my soul to Messire Sathanas. But come," he added, filling his goblet; "let us drink between our songs, and sing between our draughts. Aedipol! my

[^14]jolly missioner ad partes infidelium, thou hast the throat of a nightingale, and warblest a song divinely; and as thou art chary of the flask, wilt have the more leisure to divert us with another stave."
"Ventre-saint-gris," muttered the soldier, smiling to himself; "could my faithful Rosni have foresen, that, during his absence, I should play the lover to a buxom aubergiste, the buffoon to a pack of losel scholars, and the rebel to myself; I had not escaped a lecture as long as ever John Calvin pronounced from his pulpit at Geneva. No matter: the monotony of life must be reliered; and he is a wise man who makes the most of the passing moment."

With this philosophieal reflection, he yielded to the scholar's importunities. It has been observed before, that his countenance was remarkable for its frankness and cordiality. It had, besides, an indescribable expression of comic humour, which broadened and brightened as he proceeded withi his rocal performance, into a glow of such irresistible drollery, that his auditors were almost convulsed with laughter; and, as real mirth is always contagious, the infection was speedily communicated to every guest of the Falcon, the pensive and dolorous Ogilvy not exeepted.

## Tbe Cbronicle of Gargantua:

ghowing how he took away the gheat bells of notre-dame.

## I.

Grandgousier was a toper boon, as Rabelais will tell ye,
Who. once upon a time, got drunk with his old wife Gargamelly :
light. royally the bout began (no queen was more punctilions
'Thin Gargamelle) on chitterlings, botargos, godebillios ! ${ }^{\text {g }}$
三ing, Carumari, carimara! golpnoly, golpnolo!

## II

They licked their lips, they cut their quips-a flask then each selected; And with good Greek, as satin sleek, their gullets they humected. liang stave and jest, the flask they pressed-but cre away the wine went, Occurred most unexpectedly Queen Gargamelle's confinement!

末ing, Carimari, sarimata! gulpnoly, golnnolo!

## III.

No sooner was Gargantua born, than from his infant throtile, Arose a most melodions ery to his unse to bring the bottle! Whereat Grandgonsier much rejoiced-as it secmed, unto his thinking, A certain sign of a homour fine for most immoderate drinking?

Eing, Carimari, carimata! golynoly, golpuolo!

[^15]IV．
Gargantua shot up，like a tower some city looking over！
His full－moon visage in the clonds，leagues off，ye might discover！
His gracious person he arrayed－I do not mean to langh at ye－
With a suit of clothes，and great trunk hose，of a thousand ells of taffety．
末ing，Carimari，carimara！golpnoly，golynolo！

## V．

Around his waist Gargantua braced a belt of silk bespangled， And from his hat，as a platter flat，a long blue feather dangled； And down his hip，like the mast of ship，a rapier huge descended， With a dagger keen，stuck his sash between，all for ornament intended． まíng，Carimarí，carimara！golynoly，golynolo！

## VI．

So learned did Gargantua grow，that he talked like one whose turn is
For logic，with a sophister，hight Tubal Holofernes．
In Latin too he lessons took from a tutor old and seedy，
Who taught the＂Quid Est，＂and the＂Pars，＂－one Jobelin de Bridé！
三ing，Catimari，carimara！golpnolp，golınolo！

## VII．

A monstrous mare Gargantua rode－a black Numidian courser－
A beast so droll，of filly or foal，was never seen before，sir！
Great elephants looked small as ants，by her side－her hoofs were cloven！
Her tail was like the spire at Langes－her mane like goat－beards woven！
Eing，Carimari，rarimara！golpnoly，golpnolo！

## VIII．

Upon this mare Gargantua rode until he came to Paris， Which，from Utopia＇s capital，as we all know，rather far is－
The thundering bells of Notre－Dame，he took from out the steeple，
And he hung them round his great mare＇s neck in the sight of all the people！ Sing，Carimani，rarimara！golpmoly，golynolo！

## 1X．

Now，what Gargantua did beside，I shall pass by without notice， As well as the absurd harangue of that wiseacre Janntus； But the legend tells that the thundering bells Bragmardo brought away，sir， And that in the towers of Notre－Dame they are swinging to this day，sir！ Eing，Carimara，narimari！golgnoly，golpnola！

## X．

Now the great deeds of Gargantua，－how his father＇s foes he followed－ How pilgrims six，with their staves and scrips，in a lettuce leaf he swallowed－ How he got blind drunk with a werthy monk，Friar Johnny of the Funnels，－ And made huge cheer，till the wine and beer flew about his camp in runne＇s－ Eing，Catmari，sarimara！golgnolg，golnnolo！

## XI.

How he took to wife, to cheer his life, fat Badebec the moper ; And by her begat a lusty brat, Pantagrnel the toper! And did other things, as the stury sings, too long to find a place here, Are they not writ, with matchles wit, by Alcofribas Nisier:**

Eing, Carimari, carimaxa! golgnolg, golpnolo!
As the soldier brought his song to a close, amid the thundering applause and inextingrishable luughter of the seholars, his own exhitaration was considerably damped by the sudden appearance of two new comers, who had entered the cabaret, unobserved, during his performance; and with looks sufficiently expressive of their disapprobation of his conduct, held themselves aloof until the termination of his strains, when they slowly approached the table.

The foremost of these personages was a man of middle age, and severe aspect, fully equipped in the accoutrements of a military leader of the period; but his breast-plate, thongh of the brightest Milan steel, was wholly destitute of ornament, and resembled rather, in its heavy and cumbrous form an antique cuirass, of the age of Bayard and Gaston de Foix, than the lackered and embossed armour worn by the knighthood of the court of France. A tall plume nodded upon his morion, and a longtwo-handed sword, called in the language of the tilt-yard a gugne-pain, was girded to his thigh. The hand, able to wield such a blade with case, could not, it was evident, be deficient in energy. From his right hip hung the long and trenchant dagger, termed, from its use in combat, a miséricorde. His companion was habited in the black Geneva cloak and band, constituting the attive of a preacher of the Reformed Faith. He was a venerable man. with silver hair streaming upon his shoulders from beneath his black silk calotte. His figure was bent by age and infirmities, and his steps needed the support of a staff; but the fire which yet blazed in his deep-seated gray eye, showed that the ardour and enthusiasm of his youthful spirit was still unextinguished.
"Diable!" mentally exclaimed the soldier, pushing aside his seat and rising to greet the strangers, "Rosni here-and my old preeeptor Doctor Florent Chrétien. Parbleu! their arrival at this juncture is unlucky. But I must put the best face I can upon the matter." And, as these thoughts passed rapidly through his mind, he reverently saluted the minister, and exchanging a significant look with the knight, the party adjourned to a more retired part of the cabaret.
"I did not expect to find your majesty thus occupied," observed Rosni, in a tone of reproach, as soon as they were out of hearing $n$ the company. "Methinks the wise and valiant Hemri of Navarre might have more profitably as well as worthily employed his

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leisure, than by administering to the amusements, and sharing in the pastimes of these unlicensed and idolatrous brawlers."
"Tush, Rosni," replied Henri of Bourbon, "I am not a monareh with these revellers; and were I to vouch any explanation to thee, with whom I am a king, I could offer such reasons for my conduct as would convince thee, that what I have done has been without impeachment of my 'valour and wisdom,' and was merely undertaken to sustain my character as a soldier.,"
"Your character as a soldier would have been better sustained by repressing licence than abetting it, sire," returned Rosni, bluntly. "Had I been in your majesty's place, and these riotous Edomites had pressed me to make music for them, I would have treated them to a psalm, such as our pious Calvin hath himself appointed for the recreation of the faithful, or to one of those mournful ballads so displeasing to the enemies of our religion, wher in their own sanguinary atrocities are sternly set forth, and the sufferings of our martyrs painfully recorded."
"And have been laughed at for thy pains," said Henri. "Trust me, my expedient was the wiser one."

At this moment the voice of the scholars again rose loud in song; and the following chorus reached the ears of the King of Navarre and his companions:-

> A merry company are we
> Who spend our lives in revelry, Self-nick-named Enfansoms suci! Cric, cooc, coic, cruc, la, la!
" Ohé ! soldier of the true faith," shouted Montaign, " another song before we start for the tourney! Heed not thy captain's reprimand. We will bear thee harmless."
" 'ihou hearest," said Henri, smiling, " those enfans-sans-souci, as they not inaptly term themselves, are clamorous for my return. Ventre-saint-gris ! Rosni, I am half disposed to send thee to them as my substitute. I would crladly see what effect one of thy doleful ditties would have upon their high-flown spirits. Wilt take my seat at yon table!"'
"I will obey your majesty's behests," replicd Rosni, gravely"but I wash my hands of the consequences."
"Go then," replied Hemi, laughing, "thou deservest some punishment for thy imprudence. What, in the devil's name, indaced thee to bring old Chrétien to this ' meeting of the mockers,' and 'seat of the scomful,' as he would call it? Thy former experience might have led thee to expect some such untoward aecident as the present ; and it should be rather thy business to draw a veil over thy sovereign's foibles than to betray them."
"I shall observe more caution in future," returned Rosni, in a tone of irony, " but after his own involuntary promise of amendment, it ill becane me to doubt my sovereign's maintenance of
his word. Doctor Florent Chréticn, whom I chanced upon at the Protestant consistory in the Faubourg Saint-Germain, this morning, hath a matter of importance to communicate to your majesty's private ear, and to that end I ventured to bring him hither."
"Thou hast done well, Rosni," replied the king, " nevertheless, I cannot pretermit the punishment I have imposed on thee. Hark! my comrades call thec-go and join them."

Again the chorus of the scholars arose above the general clamour; and the Sorbonist was heard vociferating the following verses:-

## Eoma of the Eorbonist.

> Death to the Mugnenot! fagot and flame!
> Death to the Muguenot! torture and shame!
> Death! Death!

Heretics' lips sue for mercy in vain, Drown their loud cries in the waters of Seine!

Drown! Drown!
Hew down, consume them with fire and with sword: A good work ye do in the sight of the Lord!

Kill! Kill!
Inurl down their temples! their ministers slay! Let them bleed as they bled on Barthélemy's day !

Slay! Slay!
A roar of insolent laughter followed this effusion. Henri of Navarre bit his lips.
"Go," he said, frowning, " leave me with Chrétion."
"By the holy evangel! I will make these accursed mass-mongers such sport as Sampson showed the Philistines," returned Rosni. "But before I quit your presence, sire, I must acquaint yout that your escort is in readiness at the Porte Montmartre, and that two of my followers with your steed await your coming forth at the door of this cabaret."
" Let them wait," answered the king, sharply, "I shall not set out upon my journey till the evening."
" How, sire?" asked Rosni.
"It is my intention to attend the jousts held this morning at the Louvre."
"But your majesty-"
"Is resolved to have my own way-so thou mayest spare me further remonstrances on that head. Rosmi. Not only will I witness this tourney, but break a lanee at it myself in honour of the queen my sponse; though I freely confess she deserves no such at-
tention at my hands, after her refusal to join me where she deems I now am, at my court at Pau. But let that pass. There is a Scottish cavalier, who hath boasted, as it seems to me, somewhat indiscrectly, of Marguerite's favours towards him, whether truly or not signifies little, as I hold secresy to be the first duty of a gallant. I have a fancy for lowering this prattling mignon's crest, the rather that he is reputed an expert tilter, and as such not unwortlyy of my lance. And it may chance if Marguerite sees her favourite laid low, sle may change her mind as to seturning with me. At all events I shall attend this tourncy in the quality of a knight-adventurer. Thou shalt ride forth with me anon, and procure me suitable equipments. My own steed will bear me bravely through the day."
"Your majesty shall commit no such folly," replied Rosni, bluntly.
"Baron de Rosni," exclaimed Henri, haughtily, "we have honoured thee thus far with our friendship-but there are limits to our good-nature which even you shall not exceed."
"Pardon my bluntness, sire," returned Rosm, " but at the hazard of forfeiting your favour I would step between you and the peril to which you expose yourself thus rashly. When your faithful counsellors reluctantly consented to your coming hither on this fruitless embassy to a queen who loves you not, but who partakes of the perfidious and inconstant nature of her family--when, I say, they consented to your accompanying your own messengers, in disguise, my life was pledged for your safe return. That life is nothing. But upon your security, sire, hangs the fate of a kingdom, and the prosperity of a pure and holy faith of which you are the defender and champion. Betlink you of the cause in which you have embarked-of your zealous fullowers--of the whole Protestant world, whose cyes are fixed upon you-bethink you also of the risk you run-of the inevitable consequences attendant upen a discovery of your presence-of your long captivity in the walls of the Louvre from which you have so recently escaped. Think of all this, and blame (if you can?) the zeal which prompts me to speak thus boldly."
"Leave me, sir," replied Henri, "I would speak with my old preceptor. You shall know my determination anon."

Rosni bowed, and took the place assigned to him by the monarel at the table of the revellers. His arrival was grected with loud laughter, and many muttered allusions from the reckless crew to his Huguenot principles.
"Hark ye, messires," said Rosni, "you have prevailed upon one of my troop to sing for you, and in return have favoured us with one of those ferocious melodies which your brethren howled to the thundering tocsin of the bloody day of Saint-Barthelemi. Ye shall now have my responsc. But first I charge ye let your
g,blets be filled to the brim, and drink the pledge I shall propose to you-' The downfall of Antichrist, the extermination of the Leagne, and the miversal establishment of the True Faith.' Ha ! you hesitate. By the erangel ! messires, I will thrust my poignard into his throat who refuses my pledge." So saying he drew his dagger and glanced fiercely romd the group.

A stern silenee succeeded this speceh. The mirth of the seholars was suddenly checked. Each one glameed at his neighbour, as if he expected he would resent the insult. But no one dared to do so openly.
"I am with you, Sir Knight," exclamed Blount. "I will see that all obey you."
"'The pledge!"" said Rosni, seizing the scholar of Harcourt by the throat, and forcing him to pronomee the hateful words, and afterwards to wash them down with a deep draught of wine.
"By Saint Thomas, thou escapest not," cried Blount, grappling with the Sorbonist.
" Not one shall escape me," said Rosni-" he shall drink it, or die the death."

Accordingly, sceing resistance was in vain against armed force like that of the knight, the scholars sullenly complicd.
"I have not yet done with you, messires," said Rosni, in a tone of mockery-"I will not insult the religion I profess, by allowing blasphemers, like yourselves, to take part in its holy psalms; but as you have rung in my ears the death-knell of our slauglitered saints, ye shall listen to the judgment called down from on liggh for that offence upon the head of the late treacherons and bloodthirsty sovereign, Charles IX. Stir not, neither offer any interruption, is ye would avoid a sudden and specedy doom."
"Lend me your dagger, Sir Knight," said Ogilvy, unable to control his choler, and springing towards the table; "and I will compel as attentive andience to your strains as ever was accorded to the sermons of our pious Knox."
"And as willing," said the Benardin, with a sneer.
"Take that in earnest of the chastisement I will inflict upon him who shall disobey the knight's commands," said Ogilvy, bestowing a sounding buffet upon the scholar's cheek, adding ficrecly, as he received the miséricorde from Rosni, "the first of you who speaketh a word of offence breathes his last."

Amid the glances of defiance and suppressed rage cast upon him by the scholars, the knight, in a deep stern tone, sang the following ballad :-

## Charles Ex . at $\mathfrak{f t l o n t f a t c o n . ~}$

## I.

"To horse-to horse !" thus spake King Charles," to horse, my lords, with me Unto Montfancon will we ride-a sight you there shall see."
"Montfancon, sire!" said his esquire-" what sight, my liege, how mean ye?"
" The carcase stark of the traitor dark, and heretic Coligni."

## II.

The trumpets bray, their chargers neigh a lond and glad réveiltéAnd plandits ring, as the hanghty king from the Lonvre issues gaily On his right hand rides his mother, with her dames-a gorgeous train-On his left careers his brother, with the prond Duke of Lorraine.

## III.

Behind is seen his youthful queen - the meek Elizabeth* -
With her damsels bright, whose talk is light of the sad, sad show of death:Ah, lovely ones !-ah, gentle ones! from the scoffer's judgment screen ye!Mock not the dust of the martyrd just, for of such was good Coligni.

## IV.

By foot up-hung, to flesh-hook string, is now revealed to all, Mot:ldering and shrunk, the headless trunk of the good old admiral: Gash-visaged Guise the sight doth please-fierce lord, was naught between ye? In felon blow of base Poltrot $\dagger$ no share had brave Coligni.

## V.

"Now, by God's death !" the monarch saith, with inanspicious smile, As langhing, group the reckless troop round gray Nontfancon's pile; "From off that hook its founder shook-Euguerrand de Marigni-f But gibbet chain did ne'er sustain such burthen as Coligni."

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## VI.

" Back! back! my liege," exclamed a page," with death the air is tainted, The snn grows inot, and see you not, good sire, the queen has fanted." "Let those retire," quoth Charles in ire, "who think they stand too nigh: To us no scent yields such content as a dead enemy."*
VII.

As thus he spake the king did quake-he heard a dismal moan A wounded wreteh had erept to stretch his boues beneath that stone : "Of dying man," groaned he, "the ban, the Lord's imointed dread, My curse shall cling to thee, 0 king!-much righteons blood thou'st shed."

VIIT.
"Now by Christ's blood!-hy holy Rood!" eried Charles, impatiently; [die." "With sword and pike-strike. liegemen, strike !-God's death! this man shall Straight halhert crashed, and matchlock flashed-but ere a shot was tiredWith langh of scom that wight forlom had suddenly expired.

## IX.

From the Lonvre gate, with heart elate, King Charles that morn did ride; With aspect dern did he return, quenched was his glance of pride :Remorse and ruth, with serpent tootl, thenceforth seized on his breastWith bloody tide his conch was dyed-pale visions broke his rest ! $\dagger$

As the Baron de Rosni concluded his sons, a sullen murmur amongst the scholars, deepening as it procceded, until it took the character of an angry groan.
"Par la Porte d'Enfer, which once conducted the neophyte to our halls," muttered Harcourt, "I would as soon die with the Confession of Augsburg upon my lips as listen to such another ditty. Coligni's own epitaph would make a sprightlier lay:-

> Cr gist, mais cest mal entendu,
> Ce mot pour luy est trop honneste, Icy 1 Adminal et pendu Pair les pieds il faute de teste!"
"Pas les pieds it faute de tête !" chorussed the others, with a roar of derisive laughter.
"Peace, on your lives," cried Ogilvy, with a threatening gesture.
"By the memory of the good Thomas Crucé, who slaughtered eighty of these schismaties with his proper hand," whispered the Sorbonist to the scholar of Harcourt; "I will wash out the affront put upon us, in the blood of that accursed Scot-affensam ense vindicato."
"My blade shall second you," returned Harcourt in the same tone.

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## CHAPTER II.

## THE HUGUENOT.

> Shaque mot qu'il disait était un trait de flamme, Qui pénétrait Henri jusqu'au fond de son âme. Il quitte avec regret ce vieilhrd vertueux; Des pleurs en lembrassant coulerent de ses yeux.

Voltahe. Menriude: Chart. 7.
No sooner had Rosni quitted his sovereign's presence than the venerable Florent Chrétien, approaching Henri, took his hand and pressed it fervently to his lips. As the king withdrew his fingers from the old man's grasp, he perceived they were wet with his tears.
"Nay, by my faith, my excellent friend," he said, in a tone of great kindness," this must not be. Tears from such eyes as yours are reproaches too cutting for endurance. I had rather you would chide me in the harshest terms you could employ, than assail me with the only weapons against which I am not proof. What would you have me do?"
"Does not your own great and generous heart, my licge," returned the minister, "which prompts you to interpret the overflowing of an anxious breast into rebuke, tell you what course you ought to pursue? Does it not point out to you that your life, precious in itself-but oh! of inestimable value to all members of our pure religion, to whom you are as Joshua or Maccabrus, may not be lightly imperilled by your own act without manifest departure from that ligh course, which the King of kings hath appointed you to run; and which in due season, if you remain truc to yourself, and to your cause, you will doubtless gloriously accomplish. Well and truly hath your faithful follower the Baron de Rosni, spoken, when he averred that on your safety depends that of the true Chureh of Christ ; and not in rain will my tears have been shed, if they awail to turn you from these vanities, and recall your nobler nature. Better I should lament than your enemies rejoice. Better one should blush in secret than a whole kingdom be turned to shame for its sovereign's defection. Cast off this slavery of the senses. Yield not to the devices and snares of the Prince of Darkness. You are our guardian, our bulwark, our tower of strength. Pause ere you wantonly expose our decimated flocks to the further ravages of these devouring wolves."

As he spoke, the old man's eyes glistened, and his looks kindled till his glowing countenance wore an air of apostolic fervour that produced, more than his words, a strong impression upon the king.
"Rest assured, my good friend," replied Hemri, "I will in no way compromise my own security, or that of the church over whose welfare I wateh, and in whose behalf I have raised my barner. I have other and stronger motives than the mere love of such a
pageant which attract me to these jousts, but I give you my word as a kinw, that I will place neither my life nor my personal safety in needless jeopardy. And now," he added, with a smile, "thanking you for your admonitory counsels, which, as you well know, are seldom pleasant in royal ears; and having scarce leisure for a longer homily, or even for further conference at this moment, let us turn to your own peculiar concerns. If you have any communication to make, delay it not. I am impatient to know how I can serve you."
"It is not in my own behalf that I would claim your majesty's services," rejoined the preacher, "but in that of one in whom you yourself are nearly interested. Know, sire, that a sister of the Prince of Conde is at this moment a captive in the hands of the bloody Jezabel of France. It is for her deliverance from thraldom and oppression that I solicit your aid; and if you are resolved to expose yourself to needless risk, let it be to cffect the liberation of a princess of your own royal blood, a zealons believer in our creed, and in the eyes of a sareher of knightly adventure, for as such I must regard your majesty, a distressed and forlorn damsel."
"If this, indeed, were as you represent it, my good friend," replied Hemri, " you should have my instant aid, even though it were needful to bear her from the Louvre with my handful of men. But you have been deceived by some false statement. Our cousin of Conde has no sister at the court of France."
" The prince believes she perished in her infancy, sire," retumed the preacher, "but her preservation from the sword of those fierce Amakekites, who beset the grood Louis de Bourbon on his flight to Rochelle was little less than miraculons, as you will find when I relate to you the history of this unfortunate princeses, as it was delivered to me by one of the attendants of the queen-mother, who hath recently become a convert to our faith."
"Your information is derived from a suspicious quarter, messire," returnerl the king with a smile of incredulity. "Catherine's cameriere are as deceitfil to the full as the daughters of the Philistines. I know them of old. Your proselyte may prove a Delilah after all, and her specious stery only a snare laid to entrap you. Our unele, Louis de Bourbon, it is true, hath often spoken of the hapless fate of his infant daughter in the mountain defiles near Sancerre, but he believed, nay, was assured, that she perished."
"Credit me, sire, she lives," replied Chrétien. And he then succinctly detailed such particulars of Esclaimonde's story as are already familiar to the reader-adding that the princess had been hitherto kept in ignorance of her illustrious origin from a fear lest some inadvertence, not unnatural on the part of one so young and inexperienced, should betray her conscionsness of her real rank and condition to the suspicions of Catherine, and militate against any plans formed for her deliverance. The preacher likewise stated
that he had been summoned at an early hour on that morning to the Louvre by Annunziata (the attendant from whom he had obtained his knowledge of this important secret), to visit Esclair-monde- that she had revealed to him, without reserve, the events of the preceding night-imploring him to free her from the persecution of her royal lover, who, it appcared, had despatehed a bullet, stating that if she offered further opposition to his passion he would denounce her as a heretic to theinquisition of the Catholic priesthood. "She was bathed in tears when I entered the chamber," said Chrétien, "and at first refused to be comforted, but decming the proper period arrived for its disclosure, I acquainted her with the illustrious stock from which she sprang, and besought her to comport herself like a descendant of that royal house."
"Ha!corbleu! how received she the intelligence ?"
"Like a daughter of the race of Bourbon," replied Chrétien"her grief was at once checked, and she conferred calmly and deliberately with me upon the means of her evasion. One circumstance alone appeared to give her uneasiness-but I doubt whether I am at liberty to mention it to your majesty."
"Do not mention it, then, my good friend," returned the king, "if it is aught the princess would not wish to be divulged to me."
"It is, however, desirable, I think, that your majesty should be acquainted with the state of her heart, the rather that you may form a judgment-"
"Whether the alliance be suitable, ha! messire. What cavalier has been so fortunate as to ingratiate himself into the goed opinion of this captive princess?"
"A Scottish gentleman, my liege, who hath greatly distinguished himself at the court of your royal brother of France-the Chevalier Crichton."
"Mort de ma vie!" exclaimed Henri, angrily; "doth he aspire to her hand?"
"Your majesty forgets that he knew her only as one of Queen Catherine's maids of honour."
"True," replicd the king, sternly, " but she is now our cousin, and as such no mate for an adventurer."
"It was her sense of this change in her condition, my liege, and of the impassable bar placed between her and her lover that gave her so much pain: nor was her uneasiness diminished, when she learnt, as she shortly afterwards did, from a missive conveyed to her from the Chevalier Crichton, that he had by accident made the discovery of her exalted origin, and at the peril of his life wrested the proofs of it from Catherine's own hands; but in his endeavour to transmit the packet to her, while he was yet in the power of the queen-mother, it had been irrecoverably lost."
"Ventre-saint-gris!" exclaimed Henri; "were there such proofs ?"
"The Chevalier Crichton affirmed that the packet contained
letters from the queen-mother, the Maréchal de Tavannes, and the Cardinal of Lorrainc."
"Diable!" cried the king, with vivacity, "those letters were well worth the risk of a life, and would have obviated the necessity of bring forward the saree credible statement of your prosclyte Ammoziata. Heaven grant they have not fallen again into Catherine's clutches! It was a bold deed to tear her prey from the lioness, and this Criehton hath proved himself a cavalier of no mean prowess. One question more, good Chrétien, did not this Scottish knight promise to finish his adventure by delivering our captive cousin?"
"Of' a verity, my liege, he did so," returned the preacher with some reluctance.
"I knew as much," said Henri, smiling; "Esclairmonde is now at the Louvre ?-ha!"
"In the train of" Queen Louise, whom she accompanies at noon to the lists, where, by liis majesty's commands, she presides as sovereign arbitress. 'To-night there is a new fète and masque at the Louvre. Before that time she must be delivered from thraldom, or her fate is sealed."
"Before that hour she shall be delivered," replied the king, " or I will myself proclaim her rank before Henri and his assembled court. But time presses, good Chrétien, and I must to the tilt-yard."
"Your majesty-"
"Is peremptory-headstrong-what you will? But waste no more words upon me. Tarry here till the jousts are over, and I will rejoin you."

As he spoke, the king made a sign to the Baron de Rosni, who, with a glance of incffable disdain at the menaeing gestures of the scholars, instantly rejoined him, and after a little further conversation with the preacher, and a valediction, which greatly scandalised the good old man, proffered to his buxom hostess, Henri and his follower quitted the cabaret.

They were about to mount the steeds awaiting their coming forth, at the door of the tavern, when a band of equerries, pages, and gentleman-ushers in superb liveries of erimson velvet, slashed with yellow satin, accompanied by a crowd of trumpeters and hant-boy-players blowing lond flourishes, rode furionsly down the Rue Pelican, shouting as they passed "Make way for the queen-mother -stand back-stand back." Hemri drew his cap closely over his brow at this intimation, and appeared to busy himself about the saddle of his charger. Presently Catherine appeared mounted upon a beautiful Spanish jemet, and attended by her "petzte bande des dames," all on horseback, on their way to the Louvre. It was impossible to conceive a gayer or more attractive sight than this brilliant troop of youthful dames, each attended by a page habited in her colours, presented. All were masked in demi-vizards of various dyes, and the beholder therefore could do little more than guess. at the loveliness of their lineaments. But the brightness of the orbs

fashing through the apertures of those witching tourets de nez-the splendour of their attire-the grace they displayed on their steeds -the waving of their silken tresses-the elegance and lightness of their figures, left him in little incertitude as to the charms of fature thus enviously concealed from view. In spite of the risk incurred by such a proceeding, Hemri could not resist the temptation of stealing a glance at the fair equestrians as they passed in revicu before him ; and as the person of one, who seemed to be more exquisitely proportioned than her companions attracted his ardent gaze, the damsel (it was Lar Rebours) remarked to her companion"Sainte Marie! La Fosscuse, only see how much that soldier resembles the King of Navarre !"
"Nenni !" returned La Fosseuse pertly, "I discover no likeness -or if there is any, the soldier has decidedly the advantage over the monarch-his shoulders are broader."
"Perhaps so," sighed La Rebours; "but the resemblance is very remarkable." And as she turned her head to satisfy herself of the fact, the king had disappeared. "How very singular!" she thought, musing on the circumstance as she rode along.

We will now return to the cabaret and inquire after the Gelosa. With difficulty the unhappy maiden mastered her terror when she perceived Ogilvy engaged in a second brawl with the scholars, and found herself deserted by both her protectors; bat her alarm was greatly increased, when after the departure of the Baron de Rosni, the menaces of the scholars assumed a more determinately hostile shape, and the Scot was loudly threatened with death on all sides. Neither could the strong arms of Blount and the Swiss sergeant, nor the peaceful interposition of the preacher, avail to allay the storm. 'They cried out loudly for his blood, and swords and dargers were drawn-tables and benches overturned-glasses brokendeep and vindictive oaths uttered; and a sanguinary conflict must have ensued, had not the Chevalier du Guet and his two lieutenants armed with partisans, and accompanied by several other personages in sable dresses, whose sallow countenances as well as certain peculiarities in their costume, proclaimed them to be Italians, suddenly entered the tavern. The chief of the watch commanded peace in the king's name; and apprehensive of the consequences of a refusal to obey his order, the combatants were compclled to sheath their olades. But in the mean time another event occurred, which gave a new turn to the affair, and scrved to re-awaken their suspended animosity. As her eye rested upon the new comers, Ginevra could not repress a faint scream, and attracted by the sound, one of the foremost of their number instantly rushed towards her, and ere the hapless maiden could offer any resistance, she found herself in the power of the followers of Gonzaga. To rush to her assistance, to extricate her from the grasp of her assailant, was with Ogilvy the work of a moment. But his assistance was ineffectual. Ginevra only escaped from one hand to be retaken by the other. The

Sorbonist twined his arms round the form of the fiying girl and bore her back to her captors. Ogilvy meanwlile had not relinquished the grasp he had fixed upon the Italian. In the struggle that succeeded, a packet fell from the doublet of the latter. The Scot recornised it at once.
"Ah!" he exclaimed, setting his foct uper the papers," to the rescue, Blount-to the rescue-there is the object ot' our patron Crichton's seareh-the documents establishing the Princess Esclairmonde's birth-to the rescae-to the resene!"
"Gracious heaven !" exclaimed the preacher, " to his aid, young man. I would fain wield a sword in such a cause mysolf-help!help!"

Blount needed not this incitement to draw sword. He threw himself resolutely upon the ltalians, whose weapons were all directed against Ogilvy's breast, and struck the foremost of them to the ground. But his purpose was checked by a sudden and fital issue being put to the combat. One of the followers of Gonzaga, watching his opportunity, plunged his stiletto decply into Ogrilvy's breast. Without a groan, though he felt himself mortally womded, the Scot now stooped down, and receiving, as he did, mumberless wounds from his adversaries, obtaincd possession of the packet.
"'Take it," he said, as with a dying effort he reached the Englishman's side, "you know its destination-heed me not-away-my strength will net avail me to fly, but my heart goes with you and to my patron-tell him-but I cannot speak-go-go."

Uttering these words, he committed the packet to Blount's enstody, and suddenly turning, confronted his adversaries with a look so fieree and desperate, that the boldest of them shrank back appallect.
"Follow me, messire," whispered Dame Fredegonde, who, under cover of the protecting arm of the Swiss sergeant, had ventured to approach the combatants, "follow me," she said, plucking Blount's sleeve, "and you too, worthy sir," addressing the preacher, "you can render little assistance to that dying man, and your presence will only incite these murtherous students to further aets of violence. Holy Virgin!-blessed Luther, I mean-but I scarcely know what I am saying-that such a fray as this should dishonour my dwelling. Maitre Jacques, look to their swords-mercy upon us! -ward them off-I will find means to requite your valour-come along, messires-quick-quick, this way-this way."

Blount looked irresolute.
"By Saint Ben'et," he said, "I never yet turned my back upon an enemy; and I see not why I should fly for the first time when I have a friend to avenge."
"If thou wouldst indeed avenge me, tarry not," cricd Ogilvy. And as he spoke, the sword of one of his antagonists was thrust through his bory, and the Scot fell to the earth.
"Let them not wholly triumph," gasped the dying man,-"an :
he escapes," he cried, turning his glazing eyes in tle direction of Blount, who defended by the nervous arm and huge falchion of the Swiss, as well as by the dreaded fangs of his dog Druid, and guided by the friendly hostess, speedily effected his retreat, together with the preacher, through a small doorway, not hitherto observed by the guests. As this door was closed and barricaded by the stalwart person of Maitre Jacques, a smile of exultation lighted up Ogilvy's features: "I die content," he murmured.

At this moment a piercing shriek rent the air. It proceeded from the Gelosa. Her captors were about to bear her off, but finding her outeries continued, one of them twisted a scarf round her throat in such a manner that it was impossible for the wretched maiden to utter further sound. This done, regrarding neither the entreaties of Dame Fredegonde, nor the impotent threats of Ogilvy, they disappeared with their prey. At the same time the Chevalier du Guet and his attendants quitted the tavern.
" Recreants," cried the Scot, who had raised himself upon one arm-" will none lend a hand to the rescue ?-will none help her? -That youth, as you deem him, is a maiden in disguise,-will ye stand by and see wrong done to a woman-to the rescue if ye be men!"
"'Think you we will defend thy leman, fool," said the Sorbonist, with a derisive laughter, as he passed him; "our vengeance is now fully complete-thou art robbed of life and thy mistress-ha-ha. -Come, comrades, let us to the lists. This augurs well. This Seot's countryman may chance to meet a like downfal. We shall sce. And hark ye, messires, if we can lay hands upon that heretic preacher, we will see if there is a fagot to be found in the Pré-auxcleres:

> Death to the Huguenot!-fagot and flame!
> Death to the Huguenot!-torture and shame!

> Death !—Death!"

And all joining in this menacing chorus, the scholars quitted the cabaret.

Scarcely had the reckless troop gained the street, when a band of men, wearing the livery of the Vicomte de Joyeuse, entered the chamber.
"Where is the youth whom we are to conduct from Paris?" asked their leader, glancing around in astonishment and alarm.
"In the hands of ——," gasped Ogilvy.
But ere he could complete the sentence, the brave Scot becarce for ever silent.

## CHAPTER 11 .

THE PHOCESSION.

> Genets, coursiers, riches bardes, houssures, I'lumars remplis d'orphaveries fines, Chamfrains dores à grams entrelassures, Armets luysans, bicquoquets, capelines, Bucques de pris, tres riches mantelines-
> Andie de la Vigne. Le Vergier a'Honneur.

As the hour for opening the lists drew nigh, all the avenues and approaches of the Louvre were thronged with eager and curious crowds hurrying from each quarter to behold the chivalrous parcant. This concourse consisted of every class of society to be found in the vast and miscellaneous population of Paris, from the sedate citizen and his demure spouse, to be distinguished by propricty of gear, (costume being then regulated by sumptuary laws), down to the rough half-clothed boatmen who plied upon the Scine, and the sturdy artisan who haunted its banks. Nor must we omit a host of Jews, beggars, truands, and other nondescript vagabonds who usually formed the mass of a Parisian crowd at the period of our narrative. Amongst these the magistrates of the city, the provosts of the merchants, the echevins and their followers, in bipartite robes of crimson, and tawny-coloured stuffs embroidered with a silver ship (the civic cognizance), the sergeants, archers, cross-bowmen, and arquebusiers of the town-guard cut a conspicuous figure. As usually happens, however, where a crowd is collected, the softer sex predominated. For one steel or felt cap there were ten coifs of silk or linen. Nor were the members of the various religions fratemities wanting: the gray or russet frock-the cowl, or shaven head-and the long staff-might be detected amid the dense assemblage. Cordeliers, Carmelites, and Minims were mingled with the higher dignitaries of the church. The students of the university, ever on the alert when a spectacle was about to take place, herded thither in vast bands. Here came a courtly abbé-it was our acquaintance, Pierre de Bourdeille-upon a mule with its superb housings, followed by a train of richly-clad lacqueys.

The nob doffed their caps as Brantôme ambled on. Next appeared what in our own time would be regarded with much merriment, but which was then a matter of too frequent occurrence to excite either surprise or ridicule, a couple of gaily-attired youths mounted upon the same steed-then a cavalier and dame, likewise on horseback, the latter seated on a velvet pillion, her features concealed, as was the universal mode with the ladies when out of doors, by a demi-mask. The housings of the
charger were unusually superb; his broad martingal and widereined bridle being of crimson leather richly ornamented with gold. Next followed a company of singly-mounted cavaliers, with a host of valets and attendants arrayed in the extremity of the court fashion, with nodding feathers and fluttering mantles ; the curveting of their coursers, and the blows of their houssines, as they dashed recklessly onwards, occasioned considerable confusion amongst the foot-passengers ; and the smiles and compliments they lavished upon the fair citnyenues and their daughters, hardly compensated with the bluff burgesses for their own sprained shoulders and broken heads. Nerertheless, in spite of the jostling and hustling, the striving, straining, and squeczing, the utmost good humour prevailed ; but this, indeed, might be attributed to the presence of so many armed authorities.

Loud shouts were now raised, and the multitude was pushed backwards and driven into more compact masses as the magnificent litter of the Queen of Navarre was borne along to the Louvre. In vain did the spectators endeavour to catch a glimpse of the features or person of the lovely Marguerite. A mask defied their scrutiny, and she leaned back in her carriage as if anxious to elude observation. Not so her attendant, 'Torigni. The swan-like throat of the sprightly Florentine might be observed above the sides of the rehicle, and her snowy hand, divested of its glove, and covered with rings, negligently arranged a raven ringlet. Marguerite's litter swept by, and was followed by the huissiers and guard of the governor of Paris. René de Villeguier loasted the most magnificent caroche in Paris; and the vehicle which, upon this occasion, conveyed the portly person of the marquis, was little inferior in decoration and gilding, though somewhat different in construction, from our own Lord Mayor's state equpage.

Then came the trampling of hoofs, and the loud fanfares of trumpets, and the superbly-accoutred band of Gascon gentlemen-forty-five in number, whence their designation-commanded by the Baron d'Epernon, wheeled into sight; the sun-beams brightly glancing upon their corslets, and upon the tips of their lances. The last fourteen of this gallant company were sheathed in complete stecl, with yellow searves crossing their burnished cuirasses. Two pages succeeded in the violet-coloured livery of the baron, with his blazon displayed upon their sleeves and doublets. Then came his esquires sustaining his shield, charged likewise with his cornisane ; and lastly appeared D'Epernon himself, in a costly suit of russet armour, enriched with chiselled arabesques and deep reliefs of gold.

Scarcely had the admiration excited by the baron's retinue sub. sided, ere the spectators were attracted to wards a further display of knightly splendour. A flourish of trumpets blown by six mounted men-at-arms, whose clarions were ornameated with silken bandrols frimed with gold, displaying the princely scutcheon of the family
of Gonzaga, announced the approach of the Duke of Nevers. 'The duke rode a noble Arabian courser, and proceceded at a slow and stately pace. His valets and pages were more numerous than those of the Baron d'Epernon, and he was attended by four gentlemen ushers, who walked by his side bareheaded, with wands in their hands. He was fully armed in a suit of Milan steel, of the finest workmanship. His breast-plate was brighter than silver, and reflected the rays of the sun as from a dazzling mirror. His burganet, and his corslet, were crusted with gold and pearls, and from his neek, suspended to a chain of the same metal, hung the order of the Saint-Leprit. A plume of white ostrich feathers nodded on his crest.

His demeanour was so dignified, and his train so sumptuous, that his appearance was greeted by the assemblage with deafening acelamations-acknowledged by the proud duke with a haughty inclination of the head. Nor was the popularity of the wily Italian diminished, as his attendants showered amongst the mob broad silver pieces, for which they fought and scrambled. By his side, in full ecclesiastical costume of scarlet silk simar with lawn slecves and snowy rochet, and upon a sleek, well-fed mule, led by two attendants, each of whom had a hand upon the bridle, rode Pierre de Gondi, Bishop of Paris; a prelate in high favour with the queenmother, to whom, indeed, he owed his elevation. There was something sinister in the dark and shifting glance of this Florentine churchman, which seemed to confirm the horrible reports that prevailed as to the motives of Catherine's predilection for him. But be this as it may, the hypocritical smile which now lit up his sallow features was construed by the observers into an expression of infmite benevolence, the rather that his almoner, who followed closely at his heels, distributed a dole with no sparing hand.

Immediately behind the suite of the Duc de Nevers came an esquire of Vincenzo de Gonzaga, bearing a small triangular shield, painted white, on which appeared the device of a sable mask, inscribed with the motto Vendetia. This esquire wore the livery of the prince (the combined hues of red and yellow) displayed in the flowing satin housings of his steed, traversed with broad cross-bars of orange and crimson, in hisslashed velvet doublet, haut-de-chausses of different dyes, and parti-coloured plumes. Nextadvanced a band of youthful pares magnificently attired, and mounted on coursers caparisoned in cloth of gold, barred like the housings of the esquire, the stripes being described upon their gorgeons trappings by alternate lines of frieze-wrought and smooth-beaten tissue. Upon the silken just-au-corps of each page was embroidered in golden thread the ducal badge of Mantua and Montferrat. So gorgeous were their appointments in detail, that their bomets, shoes, saddles, bridles, and even the scabbards of their rapiers blushed with crimson velvet.

Then followed a host of lacqueys on foot, similarly, though less

splendidly arrayed; then another esquire sustaining the tri-coloured lance of the prince, decorated with silken pennoncel; then two foot-pages attired in habiliments of cloth of gold and silk, leading his steed-a mighty Allemayne charger with cyes of flame, expanded nostril, and pawing hoof-furnished for Gonzaga's usc by the provident Duc de Nevers. Thick erimson velvet housing, enwoven with the ducal cognizance, covered this noble animal, and descended almost to his pastern joints; the saddle was of velvet of the same hue as the rest of the harness-the chamfrin, or headpicee was of gilded mail, with a short projecting stcel pike, and tufts of scarlet, and saffron-stained plumes adorned his front and croup.

Lastly, armed cap-i-pee, in a suit of black mail embossed with gold and precious stones, rode the P'rince Vincenzo. A garde-bras, or laute-pièce, as it was subsequently termed, covered the front of his cuirass, and defended his throat and left arm, so far as the gauntlet; but being of a single piece, and introduced in those later days of chivalry, for the better security of the jousters, the posture assumed by the knight, who adopted this safe-guard in the combat, became fixed and unalterable as that of a statue; lis right arm alone being left at liberty. A tall egret of sable feathers shadowed his helm ; and with his vizor closed, and maintaining, of necessity, a stern and moveless attitude, Gonzaga passed slowly onwards. His cortége was completed by another band of gaudy valets, and the minstrels, who enlivened the procession with the tambour, the cornet, and the clarion.

A fresh clangour of trumpets admonished the spectators that other comers were at hand; and the announcement was speedily followed by the brilliant retimue of the Vicomte de Joycuse, which, if it could not vie with that of Gonzaga in magnificence, surpassed it in number and consequence, consisting of a throng of lordlings and youthful gentlemen of the best families of France, who were eager upon this oceasion to array themselves under the banners of their monarch's chief favourite, and to distinguish themselves with the snowy scarf which he had adopted as his ensign. It was true the same prodigality of cloth of gold and velvet was not here exhibited, as in the preceding cavalcade ;-

> Mais de harnois, ne d’armure de jouste,
> Ne leur failloit une petite pièce.

There was no lack of "tilting furniture, emblazoned shields." A gayer troop was never seen. Nor could a greater contrast have been found to that which preceded it. The vivacity of their hilarious leader seemed to have diffired itself throughout his company. Success appeared to be written in their beaning features. Nothing was heard but shouts of laughter, and the jingling of arms; nothing seen but the waving of plumes and banners, the glitter of helm and spear, and caracoling of coursers.

Completely armed in a suit of polished stecl, Joyeuse rode a
charger barded with ung lel et grand counrechief of silver tissue, ededed with azure fringe; and wore a scarf of white silk, richly embroidered, thrown across his left shoulder. From his morion Hoated a lambrequin of slashed satin, and his surcoat was decorated with his armorial bearings. His handsome countenance was radiant. with gaicty; and he conversed in an animated manner with a knight, who careered by his side, and upon whom, even more than the vicomte, the attention of the eazers was fixed. Nor was the appearance of this cavalier undescrving the admiration he excited. He seemed the very mirror of chivalry. 'The experienced horseman applauded the consummate grace with which he sat his courser (a powerful and beautifully-formed bay, whose skin shone almost $a^{\text {a }}$ brightly as his rider's coat of mail), and the ease with which he ever and anon compelled him to perform the balotades, croupades, and other graces of the high manerge, alluded to in the following alliterative verses-

> Vite virade, Pompante pannade, Saut soulevant. Prompte petarrade,

White the female portion of the assemblage marvelled at the exceeding beanty of feature, disclosed by the open vizor of his casque, and the manly symmetry of the limbs, defined by his light and curiously-fashioned breastplate, " brassards, cuissards, jamb and solleret." The housings of his steed were of white damask, diapered with gold, and bordered with minever. His chamfrin was decorated like that of Gonzaga, with a superb houpe de plumes, and similarly accoutred. From the crest of the knight depended a lambrequin of slashed silk; and his surcoat was woven with his blazon, a lion rampant azure, armed, and langued gules.

Following this preme chevalier, rode two esquires, in liveries of azure and white; the one carrying his painted lance, on the coroncl of which was fastened a knot of ribbands; the gage, doubtless, of the dame in whose honour he was about to run a course: the other bearing a silver shield with the device of a dragon vert, sponting out fire, and the motto Loyal au mort, inscribed in blue characters upon a scroll.

When it became known to the assemblage that this knight, in whom all felt so much interest, was no other than the Admirable Crichton, the adversary of the Prince of Mantua, their acclamations were so loud and deafening, and the eflorts of those in the rear so strenuous to obtain a ne:rer vicw of his person and features, that it required the application of both partisan and sword on part of the attendants to keep back the rabble; while the object of their curisity, apprehensive of some such tumult taking place, as occurred on the preceding day at the university, was fain to set spurs to his sharger, and to urge his companions into a quicker movement, in order to escape from observation.
"By my halidom !" exclaimed Joyeuse, as they reached the grand
portal of the Louvre, and found the space before it invested with a gay confusion of litters, caroches, steeds, lacqueys, and pages in various and resplendent liveries-" to judge from this ront we shall have a goodly attendance at our jousting. You must do your devoir gallantly, mon cher, for you will have the eyes of all the chivalry and beauty of France upon you. There is not a magnate of our court, whose colours I do not discern amidst yon rout of servitors. But we are late. 'Those knaves in the slashed doublets form part of the train of our challenger's padrino. Gonzaga is already in the steccato."
" Better be the last to enter the field than the first to quit it," replied Crichton, smiling. "But whom have we here? By Saint Andrew! my gossip, Chicot. So ho! Bayard," he eried, patting the neck of his charger, who, obedient to his voice, instantly stood still, but evinced his impatience by arching his neek, champing at the bit, snorting and pawing the ground. "What wouldst thou?" demanded the Scot, as the jester approached him with an odd serio-comic look.
"I am the bearer of a cartel to thee," replied the jester, in a tone of mock defiance.
" Gramercy-gossip-a challenge !" cjaculated Crichton; " from thy brother, Siblot, to shiver a marotte against his cock's-comb?' Ha! But knowst thou not, that by the laws of honour, I am restrained from entering into a second quarrel until my first be disposed of ?"
" I know it," answered Chicot, in an under tone. "But you must offer some response, yea or nay, to my appeal. Here is the missive," he added, delivering a perfumed note, sealed and secured with a silken thread, to the Scot; "peruse it, and deliver me your answer without wrong or supersticerie."
"The cipher of the Queen of Navarre," exclaimed Crichton, as he regarded the billet; " nay, then, it is indeed a combat à ontrance."
"I would advise you to decline the encounter, or rather peaceably to arrange it," returned the jester; "but in the mean time will it please you to read the cartel, and furnish me with some token of your intentions to convey to my royal mistress."

Crichton hastily broke open the seal, and as his cye glanced over the contents of the note, a slight flush of anger rose upon his cheek.
" I will rather perish than accept the terms she proposes," he murmured, tearing it in pieces, and scattering the fragments to the breezes.
"Hold, gossip," cried Chicot; "reserve that thread of gold; I am to take that to her majesty as a sign of your acquiescence."
"Never," answered Crichton, sternly; "tell her I have burst her chains. She would have some token-'tis well," he added; withdrawing his gauntlet from his hand, and giving the bezoar-ring to the jester, "let this gem be a proof to her that I neither fear her threats, nor will accept of her tenderness."
"Par Sainct Fiacre en Brie!" cried Chicot, looking after him with a smile of derision, as he dashed swiftly through the gateway, "I will prove a better friend to thee than thou deservest. This ring will well bescem my own finger, while this thread," he added, picking up the fastening of the billet, "will perfectly content her jealous majesty of Navarre. For what saith the good Pantagruel-

Paternostres et oraisons
Sont pour ceux-la qui les retiennent:
Ung fiffre allant en fenaisons, Est plns fort que deux qui en viennent.
And chanting this wholesome advice "de la marraine de mon grand-pere," he entered the lofty portal of the Lourre.

## CIAPTER IV.

THE LISTS.
Ce jour de may en beau harnois de guerre, Nons joustames assez doucettement, Et de noz fais qui en vondroit enquerre Icy n'en fais mencion autrement.

Louls me Beauveay. Le Pas de la Bergière.
Accompanied by the Vicomte de Joyeuse, Crichton now rode into the champ clos appointed for the combat. Erected within a court, at the back of the Louvre, the lists were elevated to the height of the thigh-piece of the jousters, and extended to the length of sixty yards; while the space within the barriers, being carcfilly sanded and cleared of all impediments, offered a very advantageous arena for the exhibition of knightly prowess.

Along the facade of the palace, on a level with the windows now thrown open, for the convenience of the spectators, was raised a temporary balcony, descending in wide steps, and hung with magnificent tapestry. Divided, at certain distances, into open canopies, fashioned of the richest brocade, decorated with fleurs-de-lys ciphers and escutcheons, and fluttering with silken streamers, this balcony occupied one side of the quadrangular court. At the further extremity of the lists stood a grand roofed gallery, supported by heavy pillars, destined for the reception of the three quecns, their attendants and dames of honour. The curtains and hangings of this splendid structure were of gridelin velvet, flowered with ciphers of silver; displaying in the centre a vast argent shield, emblazoned with the royal escutcheon of France. At the right of the tiltyard was placed a scalfold, with palisades reserved for Montjoic, the king-at-arms, the marshals and judges of the field: and next to it, under a canopy fretted with gold, ran a line of tabourets, ect apart for the favourites of Henri III.; in the centre of which Was :s raised velvet fiutenil for his majesty's own occupation.

At either end stood two pavilions of striped silk for the use of the esquires, armourers, and other attendants of the combatants. Upon a low scatfold to the left of the grand gallery, guarded by four officials, disguised in the ghastly leaden-coloured hood called the chaperon, and surrounded by a band of halberdiers, stood Ruggieri; with his hands folded upon his bosom, and his eyes fixed upon the ground.

Indicating to his retinuc the position they were to occupy, Joyeuse rode through the entrance of the lists and joined the marshals of the field. Crichton followed more slowly. 'The breast of the Scot beat high as he gazed on the inspiring scene. The morning was bright and beautiful; the sumbeams glanced on casque, and corslet, and on the thousand dyes of banner and blazon; the soft breeze, tempered by the genial warmth of approaching spring, served with its freshening breath to give enthusiasm to the heart, and vigour to the frame; and so fully did Crichton feel the influence of these stirring thoughts, that spurring his charger, he compelled him to perform a demi-volte in the air, and then to earecr round the arena. All was animation and exeitement. The rustle of silks, the pleasant sound of gentle voices, the flash of brilliants from above, amounced the arrival of the anges de paradis (as they were rapturously termed by the minstrels) in the balconies. Each casement of the Louvre poured forth its stream of beauty; and as the Scot gazed upon those lovely and high-born dames, whose natural charms were heightened to the utmost by the aid of costliest ornament and dress, he felt his bosom beat with redoubled ardaur. Reining his steed, he paused to look around. On all sides were ranged dense masses of spectators, over whose uncovered heads bristled the glancing pikes and halberts of the sergeants. On the right of the royal gallery were arrayed the fourteen followers of D'Epernon, glistening in steel, and headed by the baron himself: on the left, behind the scaffold of the astrologer, stood the sumptuous retinue of the Due de Nevers. Bands of cavaliers, who, on the appearance of the dames on the balcony, regardless of the interdiction of the heralds, had dashed into the course, were now seen extending their lances towards its sides, whence fell a shower of wreaths, bracelets, and scarves, which were speedily attached to salade and spear. Much occupation was thus given to the king-at-arms and the marshals, whose province was to maintain a clear field; and the champions, waving their hands to the mistresses of their hearts, quitted the ring. Amid the subordinate oflicers of the tilt-yard, must be enumerated the pursuivants, the trumpeters with their clarions dressed with silken flags, and troops of minstrels stationed at each outlet.

A shout was now raised by the crowd, and the Seots attention was directed towards the grand gallery, in which the Queen Louise and her demoiselles made their appearance. Amid the latter Crichton at once distinguished Eselairmonde. The Princess of Condé was perfectly pale; but her want of bloom in nowise
detracted from her loveliness. On the contrary, she had never before appeared so eminently beautiful in the eyes of her lover; nor had he heretofore, as he thought, remarked so much dignity and self-possession in her demeanour. In fact, the events of the last night, and the knowledge so recently and mysteriously acquired of her exalted origin, had worked a sudden but entire change in Esclairmonde's character. She was no longer an orphan maiden without name, and without family. She now felt a pride, of which she had been hitherto umeonscious, kindled within her bosom; and a resolution, as yet wholly unknown to her, amimate and sustain her spirits against the perils and difficulties to which she was exposed. This new-sprung courage was the more fully proved in the ordeal to which she was shortly afterwards subjected in an interview with Catherine de Medicis and Marguerite de Valois; both of whom, with their attendants, now entered the gallery. But her firmness did not fail her in this trial; and she returned the scrutimising look of the queen-mother with a glance as lofty as her own. Margucrite was all smiles and courtesy: but the smile of a rival is little to be trusted, and Crichton, who was well acquainted with Marguerite's talent for dissimulation, read in her professions of friendslip, and winning attentions, the deadliest treachery. These greetings concluded, Esclairmonde, at the request of Queen Louise, took the throne appointed for her as sovereign arbitress of the tourney, - a chair placed a little in advance of the royal seats, and so situated as to make her the principal object of attraction to the spectators. Her costume was a robe of white damask, flowered with silver, with sleeves of snowy silk of the ample mode of the period, embroidered with roseate and green pearls. Never had Queen of the Lists appeared so attractive; and a murmur of admiration arose from the multitude as she became more fully revealed to their view.

At this moment the gaze of the prineess fell upon the knightly figure of her lover, who, bending to his saddle-bow, gracefully tendered his homage. As she returned the salutation, Esclairmonde trembled, and her courage entirely forsook her. Crichton perceived the change in her deportment; and anxious, if possible, to dissipate her anxiety, compelled his steed into its liveliest caracoles; and was about to quit the field, when his progress was arrested by loud cries of "Noel! Noel!'-vive le roi !-vive le roi!" Fanfares of trumpets and the clash of cymbals succeeded, and Henri, fully and magnificently armed, entered into the arena. He was attended by the Marquis de Villequier, Saint Luc, and a courtly throng. The royal charger (a snowy Arabian) was caparisoned with sweeping bardes of crimson velvet,-

## Toutes chargées de riche orphaverie,

and figured with golden fleurs-de-lys. Courtconsly saluting the Scot, and bidding him prepare for the signal of the combat, which would be shortly given, Henri directed his course towards the
giand gallery, and addressing Eselairmonde, solicited a favour at her hands, that he might break a lance in leer behalf. Unable to refuse his request, Esclairmonde took a string of pearls from her rich anburn tresses, and despatched it to the monareh by a page. Acknowledging the boon with a smile of gratification, and passing many well-turned compliments upon her charms, Henri proceeded to hold a brief conference with the Due de Nevers.

Crichton, meantime, rode into the pavilion appropriated to his attendants; the hangings of which were closely drawn after him. Dismounting from his steed, he was presently joined by the Vicomte de Joyeuse, Montjoie, and Pierre de Gondi, by the latter of whom the customary oaths of the combat were administered. Kissing the crucifix and the Te igitur, the Scot next submitted himself to his armourer, who riveted upon his cuirass a placeate of shining steel, similar to that borne by Gonzaga. Being thus fully equipped for the fight, notwithstanding the increased weight of his armour, he vaulted into the saddle without the aid of the stirrup; and taking his lance from his esquire, awaited the signal for the combat.

Henri having by this time taken his seat beneath the canopy, gave with his baton a signal to Montjoie, the king-at-arms, who, attended by two heralds, advanced, amidst a flourish of clarions and hautboys, towards the centre of the arena; and, commanding silence, proclaimed in a lond voice the names and titles of the appellant and the defendant, together with their cause of quarrel, prohibiting all persons whatsoever from offering interruption, by word or sign, to the combat. Fresh fanfares of trumpets succeeded this ceremonial, during which all cyes had been fixed upon Ruggieri, who, thougli pale as death, maintained a composed and resolute demeanour, ever and anon stealing a glance towards the gallery, in which sat the queen-mother. Silence being once more restored, Montjoic cricel alond, "Faites vos Nevoirs, chevaliers."

On the third call, the curtains of the pavilions were swiftly drawn aside, and both knights issued forth, each taking up a position at the right of the barriers. Eselaimonde's bosom palpitated with emotion as she beheld the stately figme of her lover cased in steel thus suddenly set before her, and recognised her own gage upon his lance's point. Any fears she might have entertained for his safety vanished in his presence; and with a heart throbbing with expectation, she heard the first blast of the clarion sound for the hostile career. A profound hush now reigned thronghout the assemblage. Even the royal tenants of the gallery rose and advanced towards its edge, and Marguerite de Valois, disregarding Montjoie's injunction, leaned over the side of the balcony and waved her hand. Srichton perceived the action; and, unable otherwise to account for it, attributed it to some return of tenderness on the part of the mopassioned queen. Again the trumpet sounded, and as the blast was blown, Crichton struck his spurs into his steed, executing a demi-volte to the right, while he slightly raised his lance in the air,
bringing the truncheon within a few inches of his thigh, in readiness for the career. In this action were displayed the unequalled grace and dexterity in the management of his steed, for which the Scot was so eminently distinguished. The martial notes of the clarion now resounded for the third time, and hurling a gauntlet to the ground, Montjoie shouted in a voice of thunder, "Laissezles aller-laissez-les aller."

Swift as bolt from cloud, Crichton, at this signal, speeded from his post. As the steed started on his rapid career, the Scot, quick as thought, raised the truncheon of his lance to a level with, lis line of vision, and then firmly fixing it in its rest, declined its point towards the left ear of his charger as he approached within some half-dozen paces of his adversary, and directed his aim against the upper part of his helm. Both lances were shivered as the champions met in mid career. Gonzaga's mark had been the same as that of his antagonist, but the point of his lance glanced from the sharp gorget of the plastron; while the blow of Crichton, taking place upon the crest of the prince, carried off the panache with which it was surmomited, and scattered the plumes far and wide over the field. Neither, however, had been dismounted; and as each knight gracefully brought his steed to a rest, and hurled away the truncheon of his broken lanee, he opened his gauntlet to show that he had sustained no injury from the encounter.

Snatching fresh lances from the attendants, the combatants again started on a new carcer. In this second attaint, the advantage was decidedly in favour of the Scot; his lance striking his adversary's visor, and staggering him so much, that he could with difficulty rein in his charger. Notwithstanding the shock he had sustained, the prince seized a sharp-pointed lance from his esquire, and bidding a pursbivant communieate his intentions to his opponent, prepared for the final course.

The excitement of the spectators was now raised to the highest pitch. On the issue of this trial depended the fate of the accused, and the movements of the combatants were watehed with intense interest. For the third time they started upon their career. Upon this oceasion the steel edge of Gonzarat's lance drew sparkles from the beaver of the Scot, as it came in contact with his helm; but the blow, though well directed, could not shake the firm horseman in his saddle. Not so was it with Gonzagil. The stroke of Crichton, into which he had thrown all his force, was dealt with such resolution upen the visor of Vine nino, that, umable to resist its violence, and still maintaining his hold of the bridle, horse and rider were hurled backwards upon the dust.

Instantly recovering his fect, and unclasping his visor, with a countenance flushed with shame and fury, the prince walked across the lists to the tribunal of the judyes, and clamed, in a haughty eone, to be allowed the privilege of the combat with the sword. This request was peremptorily refused, but Crichton, riding up at tine sane moment, gencrously seconded his adversary's request, and
refusing to consider the trimmph he had obtained as decisive, Montjoie's objections were overruled, and the combatants retired to renew their conflict with different weapons. The cheers, meanwhite, from the lookers-on, were almost stumning; and the courtesy of the Scot was on all hands loudly applauded.

Crichton now withdrew to the pavilion, where his armourer umbraced his laute-pièe, and furnished him with another and lighter morion of Damascus steel, crested with a tall cluster of white feathers. A long estoc was girt to his side, and to the poummel of his saddle was fastened a keen, well-tempered miséricorde. Thus accoutred, he mounted a light agile barb, sent to him by the Vicomte de Joyeuse, as being fitter for the rapid and furious passades he would now have to perform, than his own charger, and returned to the lists "bien gentement ferent de l'esperon."

Meanwhile, the barriers traversing the arena had been removed, and the space was left vacant for the combat. As the Scot passed through the outer pales, his visor was raised, and he cast a look towards the gallery in which Esclairmonde was seated. The princess rose as he appeared, and gracefully saluted him. Crichton returned her greeting, and unsheathing his sword, kissed the hilt as if vowing to draw it in her name. The action was not unobserved by Marguerite de Valois, over whose countenance came a sudden and fearful change. The Vicomte de Joyeuse on the one hand, and the Due de Nevers on the other, had in the interim marked out upon the sand of the tilt-yard a circular space, within the limits of which it was necessary that the combatants should keep. Armed in all respects like his antagonist, and similarly mounted, Gonzaga now rode into the lists. Making a motion to the Duc de Nevers that he desired an instant's speech of the Chevalier Crichton, apart from their parrains, he rode towards the Scot, who sheathed his sword as he drew nigh, and advanced to meet him. This proceeding on the part of the prince was watched with great anxiety by the spectators, who were apprehensive lest they should lose the most interesting part of the anticipated spectacle. Their doubts, however, were quickly relieved on noting the imperious gestures of Gonzaga, and the corresponding haughtiness with which they were received by his adversary.
"Chevalicr Crichton," said the prince, in a deep, low tone, " I am aware that by the laws of arms I am already vanquished, and not more so by your address than by your generosity. So much am I beholden to you for the opportunity you have afforded me of redeeming my honour, that I would crince my sense of your high and chivalrous conduct by the proffer of my friendship, if you will accept it in lieu of doing battle upon a quarrel which, methinks, might be easily adjusted."
" Prince of Mantua," replied Crichton, courteously, "I should be proud to accept your friendship if I could do so without impeachment of my honour. But it may not be. I have denounced

Rucgieri as false and perjured; an enemy of Gid, and a trater to his king. You have falsified my charge-and I must make good the accusation with my sword."
"Enough," replied the prince, haughtily; " once and again, I thank you. You have now liberated me from the weight of obligation under which my spirit laboured. The combat which ensues mist be a duel to the death. Your generosity might have restrained my arm. It is now free to strike-and, by Saint Paul, I charge you to look well to yourself."
"'To your post, then, prince," replied Crichton, sternly; " and by the aici of God, our Lady, and Saint Andrew the good knight, I will approve with my body against your body the justice of my quarrel:"

So saying, with a proud salutation, he closed the visor of his helm, and backed his charger till he brought him in a line with the Vicomte de Joycuse, while Gonzaga, turning his horse's head, rejoined his sponsor and second, the Due de Nevers.

After some little further delay, the combatants, placed about forty paces asunder, awaited with rapier drawn and beaver up the fullilment of the trumpeter's devoir. As the third charge was sounded, grasping the rein firmly with his left hand, plunging his spurs up to the rowel in the flanks of his stecd, and raising his sword-arm in the air, each champion dashed furiously against the other, dealing, as he passed him, a mandritta, or blow from right to left, on his antagonist's casque, and then wheeling suddenly round, performed a demi-volte with curvets, and returning with the same fury as before, reiterated his stroke. Upon the third encomnter, exceuting a shorter demi-volte, Crichton turned sharply round and faced his assailant. Continuing their curvets and voltes, each champion then discharged a succession of imbrocatas and riversas upon his enemy's morion and breastplate. No attempt on either side, on the onset, appeared to be made to ward off those blows, but on the third volte, Crichton directed it heavy stramazone (or cutting blow) against Gonzaga's crest. The prince raised his estoc to beat away the blow, but the weapon flew from his grasp, and so terrible was the stroke, that Crichton's own blade shivered to the hilt. Plucking his dagger from its sheath, and grasping it in his night hand, each now spurred his steed close to that of his antagonist. Accustomed to this species of encounter, the animals stood stock still. Crichton then grasped the left hand of his enemy, and a deadly struggle ensued.

It was evident to the spectators that a few more blows would now decide the conflict, and their interest rose in proportion. Not a breath was drawn. Esclairmonde leaned over the balcony with a look as if her own life hung upon that of her lover. Nor could Catherine de Medicis, whose cause was leagucd with that of the opposite party, control her anxiety. At this moment, a voice soft ard low, in whose tones, altered as they were by passion, she yet

recospised those of Marguerite de Valois, reached the ear of the Princess of Condé.
"I would give my soul to perdition," said the Queen of Navarre, "to see the poignard of Gonzaga pierce the heart of his enemy."
"For pity's sake-wherefore?" asked the princess, without removing her gaze from the combatants.
"To be avenged of thec," answered Marguerite, in a hollow voice.
"Gracious heaven !" exclaimed the princess, "thy horrible wish is accomplished-he falls-he falls."

In the struggle it appeared that the darger of the prince, glancing from the corslet of the Seot, had dangerously wounded the steed of the latter in the neek. The blood gushed in torrents from the deep gash, and the horse reeled with faintness. Pursuing an advantage obtained contrary to the laws of the combat, which forbade hurt to be done to the charger, Gonzaga threw himself furiously upon his antagonist, endeavouring to drive him beyond the boundary described upon the arena; but Crichton, feeling his steed totter under him, avoided the blow by leaning backwards; and disengaging at the same moment his feet from the stirrup, leapt to the ground, and ere the prince could regain his balance, seized him by the arm, and dragged him from the saddle.

The conflict was now continued on foot. Blow after blow was dealt upon helm and cuirass. The tilt-yard rang like the forge of an armourer. Hacked off by the trenchant edges of the poignards, chips of the gold embossments and enamel strewed the arena, promising a rich larvest to the heralds. Gonzaga displayed all the address of a finished man-at-arms. In strength he was evidently inferior to his antagonist, but so expert was he in the use of the dagger, so dexterous in avoiding foyns and thrusts which must have proved fatal, had they taken effect, that the spectators felt doubtful as to the issue of the strife. At length, the poignard of Crichton, driven through the vantbrace of the prince, but without inflicting more than a trifling scratch, snapped in twain, and he appeared at the mercy of his opponent. Ruggieri lifted up his hands, and uttered an exclamation of joy.
"Now Heaven be praised !" cried Catherine de Medicis, " the right will trimuph."
" He is not yet vanquished, madam," exclaimed Esclairmonde, "and trust me, the right will triumph."

As she spoke, the prince advanced his dagger's point to the throat of Crichton, and glancing at him through the bars of his visor, commanded him to yield.
" Yicld," replied Crichton, fiercely, "it is a word I have never pronounced. Let this decide the combat."

And, with the broken blade of his poignard he delivered so rerrible a blow upon the morion of the prince, that head and casque appeared to be crushed by it. Gonzaga fell withoct ense or motion; a stream of gore flowing from out his visor.
"Yield, prince," exclaimed Crichton, stooping over him. and smatching the dagger from his loosened grasp, " or by waint Andrew ! you have breathed your last."

But Gonzaga answered not.
At this moment the Due de Nevers and the Vicomte de Joyeuse, followed by Montjoie and his attendant, spurred their horses to tho spot.
"The vietory is yours, Chevalier Crichton; slay him not," cried the duke, flinging himself from his steed. "Ha!" exclaimed he, as he regarded the motionless form of the prince, "you have destroyed the hopes of my brother of Mantua. By Saint Francis ! you shall answer for the deed."
"If the prince is slain, he hath perished in the quarrel he himself' provoked," replied Crichton, sternly; " to yourself, my lord, or to others of his house, I will answer for what I have done."
"The prince, your nephew, has been fairly vanquished, my lord," said Joyeuse; " and the only felon stroke dealt during the combat, was that by which yon bleeding charger was wounded."
"And that was accidental," said Crichton.
By this time the attendants had unclasped Vincenzo's helmet, and though stumed and wounded by the concussion, his life was evidently not in danger. Satisfied with this examination, the duke became eager in his apologies to the Scot for the impatience he had exhibited; and his excuses being courtconsly accepted, he next directed his followers to remore the senseless body of the prince from the field. While this took place amid the shouts of the spectators, and a loud flourish of trumpets, Crichton proceeded to the canopy occupied by the king, and prostrated himself before him. Hemri greeted him with a smile, and raising him from the ground, passed many encomiums upon the bravery he had displayed.
" Iou have approved yourself a loyal and valiant knight, Chevalier Crichton," he said, "and have fully established the truth of the charge you brought yesternight against the traitor Ruggieri, whose guilt admits of no further justification. Quiu transivit in rem judicutum, et judicatum debet inviolubiliter observari, as is appointer by the ordinance of our predecessor, the good King Philippe le Bel, respecting the judicial combat. Par la Nort Dieu! the Place de Greve shall blaze this night with his funeral pyre. Let him be removed to the Chatelet, and see whether the question will extract the truth from his lips.",
"My gracious liege," said Crichton, "I crave a boon at your hands.'
" Name it," replied the king; "if it refer not to one whom we will not name, it is yours cre asked."
"Let the punishment to which you have condemned the traitoz vggieri be commuted into perpetual exile."
" Do I hear you rightly ?" asked Henri, in surprise.
"Grant me his life, sire, upon the terms I shall propose to him," continued Crichton.
"He is in your hands-deal with him as you see fitting," returned Hemri. "Bring hither the traitor," he added, speaking to his attendants, "and let him now be confronted with his accuser."

And half dead with terror, the astrologer was drasged ly his hooded attendants into the king's presence, amid the exeerations of the spectators.
"Cosmo Ruggieri, thy guilt is fully approved," said IIer ci, sternly; "thy sentence, whether of death or banishment, rests with the Chevalier Crichton. It is with him to pronounce thy doom. Down on thy knees, misereant, and sue for grace. To me thou pleadest in vain."

Crichton approached the astrologer, who cast himself abjectly at his feet, embracing his knees, and striving to move his compassion with floods of tears. "Mercy," he cried, in a piteous tone.
" Thou wilt find none, unless thou provest obedient." replied Crichton; "arise, and listen to me." And as Ruggieri obeyed, Arichton whispered in his ear the conditions upon which he might rook for elemency. The astrologer started and trembled.
"I dare not," he said, after a moment's panse, during which he stole a troubled glance towards the gallery.
"'To the rack with him," said Crichton.
The hooded officials instantly darted upon him like kites upon carcase.
"Hold !-hold!" cried Ruggieri; "I cannot brave that dreadful engine. I will do as you command me."
"Take him hence, then," commanded Crichton, " and let him remain with a sufficient guard within my pavilion until after the tourney."
"Your own lives shall answer for him," added Henri, as the astrologer was removed; "and now, mon cher Crichton," he added, "if you would effect the liberation of a captive princess from an enchanted castle, in which she is detained by magic arts, haste and equip yourself in fresh armour. Joycuse will find you another steed in lieu of the one slain by the felon blow of your antagonist. Away, arm yourself, and join our ranks. And now, messeigneurs, for the Chatel de la Joyeuse Garde! What, ho! Du Halde-my horse-my gallant Papillon."

Criehton joyfully departed to array himself for this new encounter; while the king, mounting his snow-white Arabian, proceeded to superintend the preparations for the grand estour. As he rode aeross the arena, a billet was presented to him by a page in the livery of Catherine de Medicis. Henri knit his brow as he perused it.
" Peste!" he muttered, "am I ever to be a puppet in my mother's hands?-By Saint Louis! this shall never be. And yet, all things
considered, it may be better to concede this trifle. Du Halde," he added, beckoning to the chief valet, and speaking in an under tone-" get thee to Crichton's pavilion, and contrive some means for Ruggieri's instant escape. We desire not to be known in this matter.-Thou understandest-about it quickly."

Du Halde departed on his mission, and Henri, turning to his courtiers, with a smile that but ill-concealed his mortification, said, "It is our mother's pleasure, messcigneurs, that the grand mêlée be deferred till night. The defence of the chatel will, therefore, take place, as at first designed, by torchlight. Joyense, do thou give orders to this effect. Her majesty hath desired instant speech with us-on affairs of state," he added, in a sarcastic tone, "we presume-no matter-after our conference, which we shall certainly not prolong, it is our intention to essay a course with this prenx Scottish knight, in honour of our fair Queen of the Lists."

With this, the monarch pressed forward, and dismounting from his charger, entered the royal gallery.

## CHAPTER V.

## THE PAVILION.

La reine vouloit persuader que ce pauvre prince, son fils, avoit conspiré, afin de le rendre odieux à chacun.

## Mexri Emenne. Discours Merveilleux.

When the armourer had completed his office, and Crichton, attired in a magnificent suit of russet-coloured mail sent him by the Vicomte de Joyeuse, was about to place his plumed casque upon his brow and return to the tilt-yard, a page in the royal livery suddenly appeared at the entrance of the pavilion, and announced the queen-mother. Ere the Scot could recover from the astonishment into which he was thrown by this unlooked-for visit, Catherine stood before him.
"My presence oceasions you surprise, messire," said the queen, with a gracious salutation, which Crichton haughtily returned, " nor will that surprise be diminished when you leam the motive that has brought us hither."
"To whatever motive I must attribute your majesty's present condescension," returned Crichton, coldly, "I am well aware, from your smiles, that some new danger is to be apprehended."
" You wrong me by your doubts, Chevalier Crichton," rejoined Catherine, in a tone of great courtesy, and apparent candour; "my enmity to you exists no longer. In vanquishing Gonzaca you have sanquished me. I am here to acknowledge my defeat; and I am assured that your nature is too chivalrous to refuse mercy to a prostrate fuc."
"Your majesty forgets our interview last night," said Crichton,
regarding the queen distrustfully, "and the Machiavelian precepts with which you unintentionally favoured me. Need I remind you that 'words are the cloak 'neath which the sword is hidden;' need I add, that under your present fair professions, I discern a dark and deadly purpose. Your majesty is no prostrate foc. And it is for me-not for yourself-to sue for clemency."
"You have nothing more to apprehend from me, messire," said Catherine, a slight shade passing across her majestic features, "unless, indeed, you wantonly provoke my resentment. I pledge my royal word, that I am come hither to confer with you in amity."
"That royal word was plighted to the brave and trusting Coligni," rejoined Crichton; "how it was kept, the grory gibbet of Montfaucon best can answer."
" Grant me patience, heaven!" exclaimed Catherine, in an altered voice-" you will not then accept my assurance of friendship?"
"No, by the Saint Barthélemi, madam," answered Crichton, sternly.

Catherine's quivering lip proclaimed the struggle she underwent to repress her almost uncontrollable indignation. Skilled, however, in the mastery of her emotions, she did instantaneously repress it; and waving her hand to the attendants, who had withdrawn to the outlet of the tent at her approach, she was left alone with the Scot.
"Chevalier Crichton," she said, in a deep low tone, " you are brave-but your bravery amounts to folly. Of what avail are these idle taunts?-We understand each other."
" We do, madam," replied the Scot.
"And with this understanding, why should we not act in umison? Our interests require it. As friend or foe our purposes are so indissolubly connected, that to separate one were to destroy the other. So far you have succeeded. You are in a position to make terms with me. Propose them. Let not your ambition dread too high a flight. You have boasted that your ancestry is noble-regal-"
"The blood of the Stuart flows in my veins," said Crichton, proudly.
"If I have heard aright, your sire is-"
"Sir Robert Crichton, my father, is sole adrocate to James of Scotland," interrupted Crichton; "our religious opinions are at variance, or I had never quitted my native land."
"You did ill to leave it in its scason of calamity," said Catherine, " a prey to heresy and rebellion. One hand like yours, one voice potent as your own, might have availed to check, if not avert, this widely devastating storm. Your energies would, indeed, have been beneficially displayed in crushing that serpent brood which the pernicious zeal of the fanatic Knox has called into life. Had the tocsin of Saint Barthélemi been rung from the towers of Edinburgh Castle; had our gentle daughter Mary dealt with her ruthless foes as we have dealt with the enemies of our faith, she would not now
have been a captive to Elizabeth. Chevalier Crichton, your lovely queen weeps away he: hours in prison. It should have been your aim, as fuithful Catholic, and loyal subject, to have effected her liberation."
"You have, unwittingly, touched upon a chord that vibrates through my heart, madam," said the Scot, his colour mounting, and his glanees kindling as he spoke. "To rescue my beloved queen from her oppressors, I would willingly lay down my life-may, a thousand lives, if I possessed them! If her guard were thrice in number what it is-her prison yet more inaccessible-if she were lodged within the palace of her rival-or immured in London's impregnable tower, I would accomplish her deliverance, or perish in the attempt, did not an awful bar prevent me."
"What bar?" demanded Catherine, with some appearance of curiosity.
"A father's malediction !" replied Crichton, with a sudden change of tone. "Your majesty has spoken of the devastation which heresy has spread throughout my unhappy land. Her temples have been desecrated-the fire that burnt upon her ancient altars has been extinguished; her reverend priests have been driven forth -but this is not all. Into the bosom of her families these new doctrines have brought fieree and bitter dissension. Irreconcileable hatred has sprung up where love betore existed. My sire (alas! that it should be so) has embraced the reformed Faith. I have remained constant to the creed of my ancestry - to the creed of my conviction; and in behalf of that religion in the cause of my injured queen, I should have taken up arms, when I was of years to bear them, had not my sire placed between my sword and the hand that would have grasped it-his curse! With a father's malediction hanging over my head, I could not hope for success. Without a struggle I resigned the first, the dearest wish of my dawning life. In vain were prospects of ambition, clouded with leresy, and stained by rebellion, opened to me. In vain were proffers made me by those who would have purchased my services. I left my country, for whose weal I would have gladly bled-I quitted my paternal halls, to which a thousand tender recollections bound me-I vowed never to return to that country-never again to behold that home, till the schism of the one should be annihi-lated-the old rites of worship, onee observed by the other, restored."
"You will never then see Seotland more," said Catherine; " she will cling to her false faith, as a libertine to the leman whose arts have ensnared him."
"Or, as her preachers affirm," rejoined Crichton, in a tone of scorn, "she is like the profligate who has abandoned the mistress, and assumed the wife. But your majesty is right. Scotland will know no changre. The homely creed she has adopted suits her homely people well. Austere in feeling as in manner, they
will become hardened in heresy. The dogma promulgated by Knox-plebis est religionem reformare roused the whole nation. The people have reformed their faith-and their ereed is essentially plebeian. Stripped of its ornaments; robbed of its majesty and grace ; its magnificent proportions, sculptured and reared by agres, destroyed; its venerable and hoary colouring, which time alone could impart, efficed; its odours seattered to the breezes; its traditions forgotten or despised ; the worship of my country simple, naked, and, it may be, pure, no more resembles its ancient grandeur and sublimity, than the lowly temple of the Huguenot will bear comparison with the glorious edifice of Nôtre-Dame. A cathedral is religion. Who can enter its reverend aisles unmoved -who can gaze upwards to its vaulted roofs with thoughts that stray not heavenward! Mine be the antique fanc-mine the timehonoured ereed. Mine be the saint, the shrine, the solemn and melodious mass-mine the faith pieturesque, poetical, beautiful. My native land I may never behold again-my father's blessing I may never receive-but the religion of Rome, entwined around my heart, endeared to me even by persecution, I will ever maintain."
"I applaud your zeal, messire," said Catherine. "To the brave man the soil he treads is his country. Be France the land of your adoption. Her faith is yet unchanged. Heaven grant it may continue so! The storm we have swept away is again gathering with increased power and fury. Lend us your assistance to dispel it-to uphold the religion so dear to you. In the reign of the Scventh Charles, who swayed the sceptre of this fuir kingdom, one of your countrymen was, for his bravery displayed in the well-fought field of Beaugé, in Anjou, when the royal Clarence fell by his hand, created Constable of France-why should not a like dignity be yours?"
"Were such unhoped-for distinction mine, madam," said Crichton, smiling, "I should not be the first of my line who has been similarly graced. The valiant Earl of Buchan, the countryman to whom your majesty refers, by whose proud achievement the field of Beaugé was won, and by whom the baton of France was thenceforth borne, was (I hesitate not to proclaim it) my ancestor."
" Indeed !" exclaimed the wily queen, with well-feigned surprise. "Valour it seems is your inheritance. I rejoice to learn that you are a descendant of bold John of Buchan, whose chivalrous deeds my consort Henri II. has so often rehearsed to me. Why, I again ask, should you not tread in the steps of your ancestor? Why should not your hand grasp the marshal's baton? Why should not your voice lead on the chivalry of France to conquest? Why should not your vigilance maintain her ancient faith unsullied ?"

Crichton returned no answer. His comntenance glowed and his frame dilated, as Catherine, not insensible of the impression she had produced, continued-" Why should you not aspire to the hand of the fairest princess of her time? Why should not the lovely Esclairmonde be yours?"
" No more, I pray you, madam-tempt me not."
" Graced with the rank of marshal-allied to the royal house of Condé-enriched with the dowry which your bride will bringwould not even your ambition be contented?"
"Even in my wildest dreams my aspirations never soared so high," ejaculated Crichton-" A marshal of France!"
"Her leader!" said Catherine.
"'That baton in my grasp which Bertrand du Guesclin. Olivier de Clisson, and the brave Boucicart bore-which Gaston de Foix, Brissae, and Montmorency wielded-that baton mine!"
" The legions of France bencatl your emmand," added Catherine.
"Her legions!" echoed Crichton-" ha! Saint Andrew! I see them rise round me! I see her fieree and fiery bands pour like a tide upon the plain. I see her chivalry arrayed before me-that peerless chivalry which Bayard led-ha! Montjoie! St. Denismethinks I hear the battle-cry."
"Be Bayard's fortune yours."
"Bayard was reproachless, madam," returned the Scot, the glow which had lighted up his features suddenly fading away; "the name of Crichton shall be equally so."
"Your name shall not be stained, messire," said Catherine, impatiently; " but in your dreams of ambition you have forgottenwhat we should least have expected you to forget-your tender aspirations."
"Eselairmonde!" exclaimed Crichton.
"Say rather the Princess of Condé," rejoined Catherine, "for her rank will speedily be acknowledged."
"Will you acknowledge it, madam?" demanded Crichton, eagerly.
"At my own pleasure," returned the queen, coldly. "Question not-but listen. The baton of France-the hand of the Princess of Condé are yours-on certain conditions."
"Hell hath her compacts," muttered Cricliton; " and men have bartered their eternal weal for lighter offers. Your conditions, madam?"
"Have I your knightly word, that whether or not you accept the terms I am about to propose, your lips shall reveal no syllable I may utter ?"

Crichton appeared lost in reflection.
"Have I your word?" repeated Catherine.
"You have, madam," returned the Scot.
"I trust you with my life, then-for I am well assured, that once plighted, you will not break that word."
"Your majesty may speak as to your confessor-"
"My confessor!" echoed Catherine, derisively. "Think you I would intrust a secret-the betrayal of which would fill our city of Paris with scaffolds, - would float her streets with blood, would crowd the dungeons of her Bastile, and the oublicttes of her Châtelets with moble prisoners, to a crafty priest. No! there are seerets which must not even be breathed to heaven. Ours is one of them."
"And crimes too deep to be forgiven," said Crichton, gloomily. -" Heaven grant your majesty propose not such."
"Be patient, messire," returned the queen, "and you shall hear what I do propose. You are already (no matter how !) in possession of my plans. I need not, therefore, tell you of my project for Henri's dethronement-of my scheme to place his crown upon the Duc d'Anjou's head."
"Thus much I know, madam," said Crichton.
"But you are not aware," continued Catherine, approaching more nearly to the Scot, and lowering her tone, "that Anjou is now in Paris."
" W'ithin this city ?-ha!"
"Within the Louvre-rithin the palace soon to be his own."
" Great heaven!"
"Bussy d'Amboise, his favourite, has this morning arrived from Flanders. All goes well for us. We have the grold of Spain -the swords of Switzerland and Scotland-for the guards are ciurs. Our thousand agents, our spics and emissarics are at work. 'ihey thread each quarter of the city. Our partisans enllect together, and only await the signal to deelare themselves. That signal wili be given to-night."
"So soon!"
"Ay, so soon," reiterated Catherine, trimmphantly. "Nostradamus forctold that all my sons should be kings. 'lomorrow his prediction will be verified."
"And Henri?"
Catherine grew pale as death, and trembled so violently that she was compelled to lay her hand for support upon Crichton's armed shoulder.
"What of the king, your son, madam?" continued the Sent, sternly.
"Of" all my sons," exclaimed the queen, with a look of deep agony, and it might be, compunction, "Henri hath ever been the most dear to me. The sickly François, the rugged Charles, found no place in my heart. But Henri, the fond, the pliant, the winning; Henri, ever devoted, ever deferential to my will; Henri, the graceful, the polished, the beantiful-whom nature intended for a king, and for whom I have scconded nature's intentions-he has ever been my favourite."
"And you will now destroy your own work; you will sacrifice your fawnurite son?"
"My safety requires it," returned Catherine, sighing deeply; "Henri has of late grown wayward and capricious. He refuses to follow my counsel-to acknowledge my sway. His minions have supplanted me in his esteem. Saint-Luc, Joyense, D'Epernon rule where I was wont to govern. The Salic law prevents the exercise of sovereign authority in my own person. I reign through my sons: if not through Henri, I mist reign through Francois."
"Weighed against love of power, a mother's love is nothing," said Crichton.
"Against high resolves it should be nothing," returned Catherine; "against Fate it is nothing. Of what avail is my tendemess for Hemri; of what avail are my regrets for his defection, of what avail is this hesitation to pronounce his doom? Chevalier Crichton," she continued, in a voice that froze the Seot's blood within his veins, "he must die !"

There was a terrible pause, during which each regarded the other fixedly.
"Horror!" exclaimed Crichton, at length recovering his specel; " can " mother say this?"
"Hear me!" cried Catherine, "and learn with whom you have to deal-learn, and tremble! By blood-my own blood, was my power obtained; by blood-my own blood, must it be maintained. Henri must die."
"By the hand that reared him?"
"No! mine might falter. I will find a surer arm to deal the blow. Listen," she continued, becoming perfectly calm, " by midnight all will be in readiness. Under various pretexts, and in various disguises, the leaders of Anjou's faction will, ere that hour arrives, have been introduced into the Louvre. Bussy d'Amboise has his own quarrel to avenge upon the king's favourites. His sword hath seldom failed him. He will deal with Joyeuse, D'Epernon, and Saint-Luc. The Duc de Nevers is ours already. Villequier and D'O are vanes that will shift with the wind. Henri alone remains-and he-"
"Well! madam."
"Is reserved for your hand."
"For mine!"
"I have prevailed upon him to defer the grand chivalrous emprise in which he takes part till midnight. Amid the conflict his lance will scek yours. Couch then your sharpened spear,-cry 'Live François III.,' aml strike! I know too well the force of your arm to doubt the fatal issue of the blow. That cry-that deadly stroke, will be the signal to Anjou-and to our party. They will respond to it. Henri's adherents will be exterminated-his srown will be his brother's."

"From the scene of carnage you depict, madam," said Crienton, " my mind tlies back to days gone by-to the fair month of June, 1559. Before the palace of the 'Tournelles, a splendid tournanent is set forth to celebrate the muptials of Elizabeth of France with Philip of Spain. A chivalrous monarch maintains the passage of arms against all comers. That monarch is your husband. That monareh is Henri II."
"No more-no more."
"'That monarch demands a favour from his queen. Her scar\} is sent him. He places it upon his corslet. He calls to the Enrl of Montromery to place his lance in rest. The earl obeys him. The combatants rush upon each other. The lance of Montgomery is broken-"
" Hold! I command you, messire."
"But a splinter hath pierced the brain of the ill-fated king," continued Crichton, heedless of Catherine's frowns. "He fills mortally wounded. You witnessed this fearful eatastrophe, madim. You saw your husband hurled bleeding to the earth-and to a like fate you would now condemm your son-his son!"
"Have you yet done?"
"Think you I am an assassin, madam, that you propose to me a deed from which even the ruthless bravo of your native Italy would shrink aghast?"
"If I propose a deed dark and terrible, I offer a proportionate reward," returned Catherinc. "Stay!" she continued, drawing from her escarcelle a small roll of parchment, to which a broad seal was appended, "here is your appointment."
"It bears date to-morrow."
"It will be ratified to-night," rejoined the queen, placing the document upon a tapestry-covered table which stood beside them. "Behold the royal signet-behold your title as Marshal of France ! Your answer?"
"Is this," replied Crichton, suddenly drawing his poignard, and striking it through the parchment with such force that all trace of his mame was effectually obliterated.
" Enough !" exclaimed Catherine, tearing the mutilated document from the board. "You shall learn anon whose wrath you have provoked."
"Threat for threat, madam," returned the undaunted Scot "You may find in me a formidable enemy."
" Ha!" ejaculated the queen, pausing, " you will not betray my confidence? Your word is passed."
"It is,' replied Crichton; " but your majesty forgots that Ruggieri is in my power."

Catherine smiled.
"Rurgieri will betray nothing," she said.
"He has sworn to reveal all, on condition that his life be spared," returred Crichton.

Catherme's brow darkened for an instant; but the same sinister smile still played around her lips.
"If my astrologer be your sole instrument of offence, messire," she said, "I have little to apprehend."
"Your majesty is confident," rejoined Crichton. "What, if I tell you that the packet containing the proofs of the Princess Esclairmonde's birth is found?-what if I add that your own letters to the Due d'Anjou-your despatches to the Prince Vincenzo di Gonzaga are now on their way to the king?"
"And if I answer-it is false!-false as your assertion that Rugrien will betray me. That packet will never reach the king. That packet is in my possession. The Inguenot preacher, who was to have conveyed it to Henri, is my prisoner."
"The powers of darkness have not deserted your majesty, I perceive," said Crichton, with a look of astonishment.
"Nor those of earth," retorted Catherine, clapping her hands. " Let Ruggieri be brought before us," she added, as the attendants appeared.

The men betrayed evident symptoms of alarm-and one of them stammered out something like an excuse.
"How is this?" demanded Crichton. "IIave you dared to disobey his majesty's commands?-have you suffered your prisoner to escape?"

At this moment two of the honded officials entered the pavilion.
"Where is the astrologer? - answer on your lives," said Crichton.
"We are come to seek him here, monseigneur," said the foremost of the twain.
" Here !" cehoed Crichton, furionsly.
"Yes, monseigneur," returned the man; "we had no sooner placed him in the guard-room, than he disappeared; we know not how or where-and we thought he was as likely to be here, as in any other place."
"I recognise your hand in this, madam," said the Scot, turning to Catherine.

The queen replied with a bitter smile: "The powers of darkness have not yet deserted us, you perceive, messire."
"The other prisoner, however, is safe enough," said the foremost official, as he drew back.
"What prisoner?" demanded Crichton, eagerly.
"The heretic preacher," returned the man; "he is at hand if you wish to interrogate him." And without waiting for the Scot's reply, he motioned to his comrade, who, in his turn, motioned to some one without; and the curtain of the tent being drawn aside, with his arms bound with cords, and his whole appearance betokening great personal suffering from ill usage, the venerable Florent Chretien was dragged into the pavilion.
"His companion, the Englishman, eseaped us," interposca the
official, who acted as spokesman, "owing to a fiend in the form of a dor, with fangs like a wolf, who fought by his side, and covered his flight. But he camnot have passed the gates of the Louvreand we may yet secure him."

Crichton was about to rush to the assistance of the captive preacher to free him from his bondage. But al look from the old man restrained him.
"It is in vain, my son," saill Chrétien ; "do not draw down your blood likewise upon my head."
"The packei?" demanded Crichton, with frantic eagernes: "say it has not fallen into the hands of this remorseless queen-say you lave given it to the Englishman Blount-say that he hastens with it to the king-say there is yet hope."
"Alas! my son, why should I deceive you? My mission hath failed. Our enemies triumph. They have pursued me sore. Like a bird I have fallen into their snare. The precious casket hath been stolen from me. There is no hope save from on high."
"Heaven will work no miracle in thy behalf, rank heretic that thou art," said Catherine; "the populace, robbed of the spectacle they anticipated in Ruggieri's execution by fire, will need a victim. They shall have one. The stake shall not have been planted, nor the fagots piled within the Pre-aux-cleres, in vain. Abjure thine heresies, old man. Make thy peace above. Thy sentence is pronounced."
"I desire no better end,", replied Chrétien; " my death shall be a testimony to the faithful."
"Your fanatic zeal blinds you, good father," said Crichton; "forsake your errors while there is yet time."
"Forsake them!" cehoed the preacher, with fervour; "never! Flames may consume my breathing body. Torture may rend my limbs asunder. But my lips shall never gainsay my heart. For a death like this, my whole life hath been a preparation. I am not taken by surprise. My house is set in order. I shall glory in my martyrdom. I shall rejoice to be numbered with the righteous, who have perished in the service of their God. It is thou, my son, who art in error. It is thou who art blinded and perverse. It is thou who art in danger of unquenchable flame. Let my words dwell with thee-let my spirit be upon thee. So shall I not die in vain; so shall thy own end be happy-be joyful as mine. Thou hast called me father-as a father I bestow my blessing upon thee."
"As a father-oh God!" exclaimed Crichton, his eyes filling with emotion, and his voice faltering.
"Kncel down, my son; an old man's benediction, whatever may be his creed, cannot injure you."*

Crichton instantly threw himself at the preacher's fect.

[^19]"Heaven's grace descend upon your head, my son," said Chrétien, bending over him; "and may the dawning of a new light from henceforth break upon your soul!"
"My soul will never swerve from its fixed bias," replied Crichton. as he arose from the benediction. "I admire your constancy; but my faith is changeless as your own. I shall be no apostate."
"Video meliora, proboque, deteriora sequor," sighed the old man, -" ah, my son, you are stubborn in unbelief. But my prayers wili not be unheard, and your name, together with that of one dear to you as to myself, shall mingle with my latest breath. I shall expire in the hope of your spiritual regeneration. For thee, perfidious and bloody-minded woman," he continued, turning to Catherine, and regarding her with a terrible look, "a day of dreadful retribution is at hand. Thy portion shall be that of the idolatrous Queen of Judah. Evil shall be brought upon thee and shame. Thy posterity shall be utterly taken away. With blood hast thou polluted this city; and with thy own blood shall it be cleansed. 'Vengeance is mine,' saith the Lord, 'and I will repay.'"
" Peace, blasphemer," interrupted the queen, "and learn to thy confusion, that if the arm of heaven hath been manifested at all, it hath this day been declared in favour of the religion thon deridest. The leader upon whom the reliance of your miserable sect is placed-ou: chief enemy hath been delivered into our hands. Ha : thou tremblest - have I found a way to shake thy inflexible spirit?"
"It cannot be!" exclaimed Chrétien, with a despairing look.
"It is," returned Catherine, trimphantly; "we hold thy chieftain within our foils."
"Ah, fatal rashness!" cried Chrétien, bitterly; "but I will not murmur against the decrees of Providence. I pray your majesty to send me forth; I am very faint."
"Take him hence," said Catherine, "and let it be proclaimed by sound of trumpet in each quarter of our faithful and Catholic city, that a Huguenot minister will be put to death by fire at midnight within the Pré-aux-clercs. Let the ecelesiastical anthorities receive instant intimation to attend. Here is your warrant," she added, delivering a written paper to the official.
"Your majesty hath delivered me the wrong order," said the official, glancing at the superseription of the scroll; "this is a warrant for the execution of Cosmo Rusgieri, Abbé of Saint Mahé, convicted of the crimes if lize-majesté and sorcery."
"It will suffice," returned the queen, imperiously; "remove your prisoner."

Chrétien dropped upon his knees.
"How long, O Lord, holy and true," cried he, gazing earnestly towards heaven, "dost thon not judge and avenge our blood on them that dwell upon the carth ?"

And with these words his reverend head declined upon his
beast, while, supported by the two officials, he was borne out of the pavilion.
"Your majesty, indecd, is an inexorable enemy," said Criehton, gazing after the unfortunate preacher, with looks of the deepest commiseration.
"And as unalterable a friend," returned the queen; "it is for you now to determine, Chevalier Crichton, in which light I must henceforth be riewed. A word ere we part. In Henri you have a rival. He loves the Princess Esclairmonde."
"I know it, madam-"
"To-night she is his, or yours."
" His she shall never be."
"Then you accept my terms?"
At this moment the loud blast of a bugle was heard sounding from the further end of the tilt-yard.
"A knightly challenge!" exclaimed Crichton, listening for a repetition of the notes.
"A kingly challenge," returned Catherine; " that trumpet blast is the defiance of Henri of Navarre."
"Henri of Navarre!" echocd Crichton, in astonishment; " he then is the Huguenot leader whom fate hath delivered into your hands."
"He is," replied Catherine. "I am indebted to chance for this important discovery. One of my demoiselles, La Rebours, as she rode to the Louvre, was struck with the resemblance of a soldier in the train of the Baron de Rosni to Henri de Bourbon. The circumstance was casually alluded to in my hearing. My suspicions were at once aroused. Spies were instantly put upon the seent, and I found that the soldier was the monarch in masquerade. The secret must rest between ourselves, messire."
"Fear nothing, madame," answered the Scot, " my lips are sealed."
"I learnt also, that this fool-hardy king was about to attend the jousts held at the Louvre, for the express purpose of breaking a lance with you."
"With me, madame?"
"Your renown as an expert tilter has, I conclude, reached his ears, and he is resolved to pat it to the proof. But hark! his trumpet sounds for the second time. This conference must be brought to a close. Your answer to my proposal ?"
"It shall be delivered after the jousts?","
" Our confidence in the mean time-?"
"Shall be held sacred. I swear it."
"Enough-after the jousts I shall expect you within the royal gallery. Place your hand, as if by accident, upon your poignard when you approach me. From the gesture I shall infer that you assent. Dieu vous garde! messire." So saying, Catherine summoned her attendants and quitted the pavilion.
"What ho! my lance-my steed," shouted Crichton, snatching his helmet from the armourer, who heis promptly answered his call,-" ha! Saint Andrew, my gorget, my gauntlets! By heaven!" he murmured, "to eross a lance with the bravest prince in Christendom were reward enough for a thousand risks. Our Lady aid me in this essay!"

In another instant his equipments were completed, and, vanlting upon his steed, the Scot dashed through the entrance of the lists.

No sooner was the coast clear, than from bencath the tapestrycovered table, which stood in the middle of the tent, emerged first a long conical cap-then a fantastic visage in which drollery was strangely mixed up with apprehension-and lastly the odd-shaped party-coloured person of Chicot-his teeth chattering and his limbs shaking.
"Sang de cabres!" he cried, after casting an anxious glance around. "I have stolen here to some purpose. Pretty revelations I have heard. A conspiracy on the eve of breaking forth!-our dear Henriot about to be transfixed with a lance as his father was transfixed before him. Had it been the cloister to which he was condemned, I should not have cared-he had always a taste for the frock-but assassination!-Cornes de diable! I am horror-stricken. Old Buridan was in the right to propound his sophism-' Reginam interficere nolite timere bomum esse.' It would be a praiseworthy act to put Queen Catherine out of the way. But Buridan's theories are out of fashion even in the Sorbonne. What is to be done? Luckily $I$ have made no vow not to betray her majesty's confidence-and if I had, on an occasion like the present, I should not scruple to break it. What is to be done? I ask myself that question for the second time. I am sorely perplexed. Who will believe my tale? I shall be laughed at-cuffed-perhaps-be put out of the way myself-the common fate of meddlers. I have it. I will abide the issue of the jousts, and then confer with this Scotfor I can guess what answer he means to give our Jezabel. How runs the pasquil?

> Twixt Catherine and Jezabel
> The difference is small-
> The one the plague of Israel, The other plague of Gaul. But if the fate of Jezabel Our Catherine should befal, The very dogs would (mark me well!, Refuse to eat at all."*

And muttering these scurrilous strains as he went, the jester crept cautiously out of the parilion.

[^20]
## CIIAPTER ぞ1.

## TIIE HEARNAIS.

Que direz-vous, fächenx maris, de cette souffrance? N'aurez-vous point de peur, que ros femmes vous laissent pour venir àmoi? ou n'estimerez-vous point plutôt que ce fủt quelque lâcheté.

Divorce Satirique.
As Crichton rode into the tilt-yard, he found Henri, encircled by his favourites, impatiently awaiting his return, and speculating upon the haughty defiance with which the walls of the Louvre yet resounded.
"Away, Montjoic - away, messicurs," cried the monarch, addressing the king-of-arms and the heralds; "do your devoir quickly, and bring us word what hardy champion dares to intrude within our lists. Par la mort-dien! it would seem we hold a free passage of arms, and not private jousts. But this adventurer, whoever he may be, shall rue his temerity. Away! and let us know his title and condition. Ha! you are come," he added, as the Scot drew in the rein by his side-" we shall question you anon, messire, as to the nature of your interminable conference with our mother. We suspect from your looks, that you have been hatehing some treason against us. Is it so ?"
"Sire!" exclaimed Crichton, reddening.
"By our faith your interview hath made you serious since you thus resent our jest," said the king, smiling; "' and no wonder-for, certes, a tête-à-tête of any cluration with her majesty the queenmother, is no laughing matter, even to ourself. However, upon the present occasion we ought to thank, rather than chide you, for detaining her so long, as her absence has enabled us to lay closer siege to her lovely demoiselle, than we shoubd have cared to do in her presence. Apropos of the fair Esclairmonde, Chevalier Crichton, so soon as we have disposed of this unknown challenger, it is our intention to splinter a lance with you in her honour. We have no fears of your disloyalty you see, or we should not thus heedlessly place nur life at your disposal."
"Be warned, sire!" said a deep voice, " and run no course today."

Henri started.
"Who speaks?" he ejaculated, turning with some misgiving, in the supposed direction of the sound. His looks of inquiry fell upon the frank countenance of the Vicomte de Joyeuse, which was charged with as much astonishment as his own.
"Remember your father's fate !" exclained the same deep voice now appearing to sound from a different quarter-" Beware !"
"Sang-dieu!" vociferated the king, furiously. "Who dares thus address us? Let him stand forth." But no answer was returned: nor was any movement made in obedience to Henri's mandate.

The courtiers cyed each other with glances of suspicion. No one, however, could tax his neighbour with having uttered the ominons words.
" Jesus!" exclaimed Henri, in a tone of some uneasiness, at the same time secretly crossing himself, "that voice recals our idle terrors of last night. But there can be no sarbacane upon the present occasion."
" Vive-dicu! no, sire," cried Joyeuse, springing to the king's side. "But there may be other artilice."
"It may be well not to negrect the caution, my gracious licere," said Saint-Luc, who was almost as superstitious as his sovereign. "Charles le Bien-Aimé had his warning."
"And our ill-fated father, likewise," mused the king.
" Your majesty will not suffer yourself to be deterred from entering the jousts by this imposture," said Joyeuse; "were lin your place, sire, I would show my contempt for this hidden traitor's comnsel, by seizing a lance, and proceeding at once to the barricrs."
"Joyeuse is in the right," said the Due de Nevers, with a singular smile; "it were an impeachment of the Chevalier Crichton's loyalty to refuse him, upon such light grounds, the honour of a career with your majesty."
"It is an honour which I have not sought, monsieur le Duc," returned Crichton, sternly; "and I pray you to remember that the stroke by which Henri II. fell was accidental."
"Speak not of it, mon cher," said the king, shuddering.
> " Servans d’amours regardez doulcement, Aux eschaftaux anges de paradis-"

sang Joyeuse, anxious to reassure the pusillanimous monarch. "Jhink of the bright eyes that will watch your prowess, sire: think of the belle Esclairmonde."

Henri glanced towards the grand gallery; he there beheld the fair Princess of Condé, " the cynosure of neighbouring eyes," and his fears instantly vanished.
"Thou hast restored us, my brother," he said to the Vicomte. "We will think of the mistress of our heart. Were it to be our last career we would no longer hesitate."
"It will be your last," said the deep voice, sounding yet more hollowly.
"Ha!" ejaculated Hemri, relapsing into all his former terrors,"that voice again! This passeth a jest-if a jest be intended; and though we pardoned our buffoon Chicot's effrontery last night, think not we will tolerate similar freedom to-day. Look to it, messeigneurs, and let our hidden monitor, who lacketh the courage to diseover himself, in his turn beware."
"Methinks your hidden counsellor displays more courage and forbearance in concealing himself," said Crichton, "than he would do were he to obey your mandate. He can lave nothing tc arprehend from your majesty."

At this moment, and while the utmost confusion prevailed amid the royal group, to Henri's infinite relief Montjoie and his attendant heralds returned. "Heaven be praised !" exclaimed the king, "if I am to be kept in the dark respecting this mysterious warning, my curiosity will, at all events, be gratified on another point of equal interest. Thou art welcome, Montjoie. Thy news!-the name and condition of this hardy adventurer? Yet hold! Ere thou speakest, I will wager the string of pearls against the knot of ribbands that flutters on the Chevalier Crichton's helm, that this champion is the Balafré."
"I accept your wager, sire," said Crichton. "Favour against favour."
" Decide, Montjoie," said Henri.
"Your majesty is the loser," returned the king-of-arms; "it is not the Due de Guise."
"Diantre!" exclaimed Henri, reluctantly yielding the gage to Crichton; "you are ever fortunate. It were vain to contend with one upon whom the capricious goddess constantly smiles."
"Certes, your majesty has lost a talisman which more than tempered steel would have been proof against my lance," rejoined the Scot, joyfully unhelining himself, and attaching the string of pearls to his casque.

Executed with consummate grace, this slight action was not unobserved by the fair princess by whom the ornament had been worn. Her situation enabled her to command the whole scene, and she witnessed with surprise the inexplicable conduct of the king towards lis rival. Her astonishment was, however, speedily changed into admiration and delight as she beheld her lover's employment; and as she gazed upon his proud head, now divested of all covering save that afforded by his fair and flowing tresses; as she looked upon the stately and snow-white throat springing from out his "habiliments of war," like the moulded neck of Antinous; as she listened to the unrestrained praises of the dames by whom she was surrounded; and the louder plaudits of the admiring multitude; and as she finally encountered his enamoured gaze, and felt that he to whom all this homage was paid rendered honage alone to her-shall we injure her in the esteem of the fair reader if we say that something of self-elation mingled with her tenderer emotions? As Crichton replaced his bourginot upon his brow she waved her hand, and her salutation was instantly acknowledged by the Scot with a look and gesture of the deepest devotion.

Henri, meantime, turning to Montjoie, continued his interrogations respecting the strange knight.
"As permitted by the laws of chivalry, my liege," returnod Montjoie, in answer to the king's inquiry, "this champion claims to be exempted from the disclosure of his name."
"And thou hast recognised his right to do so, we will be sworn?" said Henri, in a petulant tone.
"In the due discharge of mine office, as your majesty's representative in the court of arms, I could not do otherwise," returned Montjoie.
" You have done well, sir," said the king, frowning.
"I have fulfilled my duty, sire," returned Montjoie, bluntiy; " your father, Henri II., of glorious memory, would not have thus rebuked me."
" Nor will his son," said Itenri, kindly: "your pardon, my old and loyal servant. What title has this knight inscribed upon your rolls ?"
"A strange one, sire-the Béarnais."
"The Bearnais!" exclaimed Henri, in surprise; "this is some mockery. There is but one champion in Europe who has a right to that title, and he is not so much in want of warike pastime, or so fool-hardy, as to venture hither in quest of knightly adventures."
" The cavalier is, perchance, one of the King of Navarre's valiant captains, who has, for the nonce, usurped his sovereigrn's title," returned Montjoie-" it may be Chatillon or D'Aubigné."
"Is he unattended?" demanded Henri.
"No, my liege," answered Montjoie; " his companion is the King of Navarre's envoy, Maximilian de Bethunes, Baron de Rosni."
"Ah! the Polydor of our cousin Alcandre," said the king, smiling.
"And the husband of the fair Dioclée," observed Joyeuse, significantly.
"Madame de Rosni is still alive, I believe, though her husband threatened her with the dagger and the bowl when he discovered her inconstancy with Henri of Navarre-ch! marquis ?" said Saint-Luc, addressing Villequier.

This was a home-thrust. The Governor of Paris, a few years back, had slain his first wife, Françoise de la Marek, for a like fault.* He endeavoured, however, to parry the stroke.
"The Baron de Rosni is a base and contented wittol," he said, with a sneer, "and merits his fate. Fortunate are they who possess spouses sufficiently ill-favoured to ensure their safety."

The laugh was now on the governor's side, for the baroness (as we have before remarked) was the plainest woman of her time.

Saint-Luc was about to make an angry retort to Villequier's raillery, but his petulance was checked by the king.
"No more of" this, messeigncurs," said Henri; "here comes the Baron de Rosni and his unknown companion. I pray you observe them closely."

[^21]And as he spoke, two kaights completely armed, and each followed by an esquire bearing his shield and lance, entered the champ-clos. The foremost of the twain, whose stature, originally large, was materially increased in bulk by the ponderous plates of steel in which his limbs were cased, was mounted on a fiery jet-black barb, which required the utmost efforts of his rider's powerful arm to restrain his impatience. The visor of the knight was closed, and through its narrow bars not even the flashing of an eye could be discerned. One uniform ruddy tint pervaded his equipments. From sallade to solleret, his harness was erimsoncoloured. His panache of ostrich plumes, "longs et haulx;" the sweeping caparisons of his charger; the feathered tufts that nodded on the chamfrin and croup of the lordly animal; the shield and battle-axe that hung at his saddle-bow, were all of the same sanguine hue.

Behind this champion, who, it is needless to say, was Henri of Navarre, rode an esquire in livery of similar complexion, bearing in his right hand a lance, on the point of which fluttered a small silken pennon, and on his left arm a buckler, painted with the simple flower so exquisitely described by a great poct of our time as

> A silver shield with boss of gold
> That spreads itself, some Faery bold In fight to cover-
and surmounted by a diadem, with the following couplet traced in golden characters beneath it:-

> ¥'aurai touiours au ceur crnite ※ur toutes fleurs la flargurrite.

It was evident from the device that this posy was intended as an allusion to Margaret of Navarre.

The Baron de Rosni (better known by his subsequent illustrious title of the Duc de Sully) appeared in the same martial apparelling in which he was first introduced. His long two-handed sword -a formidable weapon, described by a skilful professor of the art of defence, Giacomo di Grassi, as being "four handfuls in the handle, or more, having also the great cross"-was still girt to his side. The housings of his steed, a powerful roan, were crimson and black in colour; while plumes of the same mixed hues crested his morion, the visor of which was raised.
"Yon knight is of larger make than Alcandre, my liege," said Joyense ; "it cannot be he."
"By Saint Andrew!" exclaimed Crichton, who had witnessed the entrance of the two chieftains with rapturous entlusiasm, "the glowing trappings of yon preux chevalier remind me of the lay of the brave Louis de Beauveau (as charming troubadour as he was
expert tilter), wherein he has depicted his own appearance at the jousts. Thus runs his ditty, if I remember rightly:-

## aits plus rouges y sout pris.

> I.
> Slowly unto the listed field I rode, loonge was my charger's wide eaparison; And the same hue that on his housing glowed, I'urpled my shield, ny spear, my morion.

## H.

Rouge was my couvrechief, that swept the sward, Rouge the tall plume that nodded on my crest; And the rich scarf-my loyalty's rewardBlushed, like a timorous virgin. on my breast.

## III.

My broad ensanguined shield bore this device, In golden letters writ, that all might see How for bold deeds will lightest words suffice,
And thus it ran-'Les plus rouges y sont pris.'"
"Have a care! mon cher," said Joyeuse, smiling at his friend's ardour. "Sce you not against whose shield the lance of yon doughty knight is directed?"
"Now, by Saint George!" replied Crichton, striking his spurs into his steed, and compelling him to execute a rapid succession of curvets, "I am right glad the appeal has been made to me."
"By the memory of my valiant uncle, François de Vivonne," exclaimed the Abbé de Brantôme, who, though not hitherto particularised, formed one of the group of courtiers in attendance upon the king, "you are the flower of knighthood, Chevalier Crichton, and appear to revive in your own person one of those hardy champions of François I., who, standing upon the very spot where we are now assembled, said, in admiration of their achievements,

Châteigneraye, Vieilleville, et Bourdillon, Sont les trois hardis compagnons!"
"The saying would apply with equal force to the champions of our own time, dear abbé," returned Crichton, smiling. "The courage of the three renowned warriors you have named survives in their successors; the kingly courtesy of François is renewed in his grandson; and our own monarch might, with as much truth as his ancestor, cxclaim,

The three nobles smilingly acknowledged the compliment; nor did Henri appear less gratified than his favourites.
"What is all this?" cried Chicot, who had now found his way to the side of his royal master, "what miserable distich is that I hear? Talk of ancestors and descendants-pouah! - I, who am the descendant of the great Triboulet, who was fool to a greater fool, and upon whom my ancestor's cap and bells as wcll as his office have fallen-I, Chicot, buffoon in ordinary to-

> Henri, par la grâce de sa Mère,
> Inerte Roi de France, et de Pologne imaginaire,
swear and declare upon my bauble, that

Joyeuse, Saint-Luc, et D'Epernon Sont fous au merveilleux Crichton!

And there's a better rhyme, as well as sounder reason for you."
Henri of Navarre, meanwhile, followed by his esquire, havin left the Baron de Rosni at the entrance of the tilt-yard, slowly traversed the arena, attracting universal attention, especially among the gentler sex, by his athletic and finely-formed figure, by the singularity of his equipments, and more than all, by his vert-gallant and amorous demcanour, which even danger could not subdue, nor bars of iron entirely conceal. The carelessness with which he bestrode his mettlesome and curveting charger; the continual movements of his helmet from side to side, as his ardent glances wandered over the crowd of beauties; the majestic ease of his carriage, and a thousand indescribable graces, none of which were lost upon the spectators, worked wonders in his favour. Something, indeed, there was in the gallant Bourbon's manly form, that, under any disguise he might assume, never failed to awaken immediate interest in the female bosom. On the present oceasion its effect was little less than magieal; and as he paused for a moment beneath the grand gallery, a perfect sensation was excited among its fair and frolic occupants.
"Who is he ?" ran from lip to lip.
"It is the Due d'Anjou," said Madame de Narmoutiers.
"It is Bussy d'Amboise," said Isabel de Montsoreau.
"It is the Ḋue de Guise," said la Maréchale de Retz.
" Mon Dieu! mesdames, yon knight's armour would encase all three," said Torigni, screaming with laughter. "You onght to know your old lovers better."
"Unless, like the Demoiselle de Torigni, we should have had s" many as to have forgotten all save the last," returned the maré chale, maliciously.
" Merci, madame," rejoined the Florentine, " you are quite we! come to attack my memory, so long as you compliment my attrau tions."
"What if it be the gendarme of the Rue Pelican ?" sighed La Rebours.
" Your head has been ruming all the morning upon that soldier, demoiseile," remarked La Fosseuse, pettishly. "You thought him like Hemri of Navaree, and now you think everybody like him."
" Ah ! if it should be the Bourbon, after all !" cried La Rebours, sud.denly recovering her animation.
"Whoever he may be," replied Torigni, "he has decidedly the finest figure of any knight in the tilt-yard-the Chevalicr Crichton not excepted."
" Name not the traitor in my hearing," observed Marguerite de Valois, whose attention this chance allusion to her lover's name lad aroused.
"Our unknown cavalier appears in search of some dame from whom he may solicit a favour," said the Maréchale de Retz.
"And he is so like the Duc de Guise that you cannot possibly refuse him," rejoined Torigni.
"His glances are directed towards La Rebours," said La Fos-sense-"see, he moves."
"To me!" ejaculated La Rebours, crimsoning to the temples. "No," she added, with a look of disappointment, "it is to her majesty."
"And see you not the device on his shield," remarked Torigni, "and the motto

J'aurai toujours au eœur écrite Sur toutes fleurs la Marguerite.

He is, evidently, an aspirant to the smiles of our gracious mistress. Your majesty," continued the artful Florentine, addressing the queen in a low tone, "will have now an opportunity of fully revenging yourself upon your inconstant lover."
"You forget whom you address, mimion," replied Marguerite, vainly endeavouring to hide her emotion under the mask of impatience; " once more I forbid you to allude to him."

At this moment, a page pressed forward, and bending the knee before the Queen of Navarre, tendered the homage of the unknown knight-
"The companion-in-arms of the Baron de Rosni," he said, "who solicits some slight token from your majesty, that he may splinter a lance in your behalf with the Chevalier Crichton."
"With Crichton !" exclaimed Marguerite, rising.
"I was in the right you see, madame," cried Torigni; but perceiving the fearful change that had taken place in the countenance of the queen, she cheeked her vivacity; "after all, she will arenge herself upon her lover," thought the demoiselle; "that look reminds me of the night when Guillaume du Prat, enticed by her caresses to the deed, for ever silenced the envenomed tongue of her enemy, Du Guast."
"This knicht is the companion of the Baron de Rosni, thou sayst?" demanded Marguerite, with an abstracted air.
" His brother-in-arms, madame," returned the youth
"He shall receive a gage from our own hand," said the qucen, after a brief pause.
"He will value it the more highly," rejoined the youth. "Honoured by so fair a queen, his success in the career is certain."
"On my faith, beau sire, thou hast learnt thine office betimes," said Torigni, smiling.
" Let thy lord attend us within the chamber beneath this gallery," said Marguerite. "Demoiselles Torigni and La Rebours, you will accompany us."

The page arose and departed.
"May I crave a word with your majesty ?" said Esclairmonde, approaching the queen.
"Your pardon, demoiselle," replied Marguerite, haughtily, "we would pass."

And she quitted the gallery, followed by her attendants.
Having completed his survey of the fair occupants of the balcony, and despatched the message we have just heard delivered, Henri of Navarre spurred his steed in the direction of the pavilion, before which, attached to a halbert struck deeply into the earth, was displayed Crichton's shield. Snatching a lanse from his esquire, the monarch struck it against the targe with so much good will that the halbert and its clanging burden were at once borne to the ground; while, startled by the noise of the falling arms, his charger began to rear and plunge violently.
"Harnibleu!" muttered Henri, sharply applying his armed heel to the flanks of the unruly animal, and by a powerful effort reducing him to subjection; "this froward steed is evidently unused to the exercise of the tilt-yard. He starts at the clatter of steel as an unmanaged colt winceth at the lash of the chambriére. He may know his paces; but I doubt if I shall be able to bring him to the rest, after the career. My sage counsellor Rosni had, I suspect, his own motives in persuading me to abandon my brave old Norman charger, whom the roar of a culverin, or the clash of a thousand pikes would not affright, and whom I can restrain with a silken thread, for this high-spirited and fantastic barb, because, forsooth, he has finer limbs, and a slecker coat. The knave would gladly see me discomfited, that his own superior wisdom may, in future, be acknowledged. It shall go hard, however, if I do not, despite his ingenious stratagem, outwit him. At all events, I will not give him the satisfaction of perceiving the annoyance he has occasioned me. I have overcome greater obstacles than this rebellious animal presents-ay, and turned them to account, too. An enterprise without danger is of little worth. Invia virtuti mulla est riu:has ever been my device. And now for my lady's token! Sa ha! sirrah-take heed! You carry Cæsar and his fortunes."

Again applying the spur, and checking the impetuons movenents of his steed with an arm of iron, Henri, as deliberately as he came, returned to the grand gallery.
"Her majesty will bestow the token upon you with her own hand, monscigneur," said the page, advancing to meet him.
"A la bonne heure !" exclaimed the king. "This is exactly what I wished." And dimmounting, he flung the rein to his esquire, and entered the seaffold with a light and joyous footstep.
"This way, sir knight," said one of the huissiers stationed at the portal. "The Qucen of Navarre will give you audience within this chamber."

A tapestried curtain, suspended before an open valve, was then drawn aside, and the king found himself in the presence of his consort.

Henri of Bourbon was not wont to have misgivings where a lady was concerned. But the situation in which he was placed with his queen was rather embarrassing. It was a relief to lim, therefore, to find that she was not alone. Having no such apprehensions, and not being aware who it was that stood before her, Marguerite immediately, on the king's appearance, dismissed her attendants. La Rebours lingered for an instant behind her companion; and as she passed the monarch, her embroidered handkerchief (it might have been by accident) fell to the ground. Hemri stooped to raise it; and as he restored the perfumed mouchoir to its fair owner, his hand, divested of his gauntlet, contrived to encounter the taper fingers of the demoiselle. Assuredly it was not by accident that the pressure which he hazarded was so perceptibly returned.
"V Ventre-saint-gris!" muttered the king, "this is the lovely dame whom I beheld in the rue Pelican."
"I will stake my life that it is Henri of Navarre," thought La Rebours, glancing from beneath her downcast eyelids at the Bourbon's stately figure; "and if so," ran her meditations, as she quitted the room, "there can be no danger in trusting him with his queen. I need apprehend no rivalry in that quarter. Connubial devotion is certainly not Henri's foible."

If the monarch felt disconcerted at the idea of a tête-à-tête with his spouse, his embarrassment was not diminished when he found that this little piece of gallantry had not escaped her notice. His fears, however, were ncedless. Margucrite entertaincd no jealousy of him; though it suited her purpose to affect some slight pique.
"The kerchief of my demoisclle would seem to have a higher value in your cyes, messire," she said, "than any gage I could bestow, were it even a tress of my own hair to bind upon your helon?"
"You are mistaken, madame," returned Henri, in a feigned voice, but in the impassioned tone which he had ever at command, "the simple pearl is lovely in mine eyes; but the 'pearl of pearls'

1s that which wins my homare. As Jean de la Taille, from whom I have borrowed the scroll upon my shield, sings,

> Ce ne fut pas la paquerette
> L'oillet, la rose, ni le lys:
> Ce fut la belle Marguerite,
> Qu'au cour j'iurai toujours écrite.

Marguerite, your name is inscribed upon my heart as upon my buckler. Recal not your boon, I implore of you. Yield ine that treasured gage, and you ensure me victory."
"If it will ensure you victory, it is yours," said Marcuerite, eagerly.
"W Wat you refuse to love you readily accord to hate, I perceive." returned Henri. "You have some quarrel to avenge upon the Chevalier Crichton."
"The deepest a woman has to avenge," replied Marguerite. "I will not disguise from you, messi:e, that I have to requite a lover's inconstancy."
"Soh," thought Henry " $I$ am destined to hear my own dishonour proclaimed by lips to which I cannot with propricty give the lie. I also have a quarrel to arrange with this Scottish knight," he added aloud, "and by consequence you could not have found a fitter champion to redress your wrongs. He has injured me as deeply as yourself."
"Impossible."
" Corbleu! madame," returned Henri, " most men would consider my injuries the heavier. But I will not contest the point. Yon are, undoubtedty, the best judge as to which of us is the greater sufferer."
"I see to what you alliade, messire," said Marguerite. "I have to complain of the perfidy of a lover-you of the infidelity of a wife."
" Precisely so," replied Henry.
"Wash out the stain upon your name in the traitor's blood," exclaimed the queen. "As to your faithless dame, if the death of her paramour will not content your vengeance, I swear, it' she belong to the court of France, or to that of my royal husband, Henry of Navarre, her crime shall not pass unpunished."
"The guilt of the adultress shall not pass unpunished," rejoined Henri, gravely. "But it is well for my faithless dame that my plan of retribution differs from that proposed by your majesty."
"You love her, then, despite her fault?" said Marguerite.
"No," replicd Henri, mournfully-" but I have loved her-and for that remembered tenderness I will spare her."
"Your dame is fortunate in the possession of a lord so patient," returned Marguerite, scornfully.
"She is more fortunate than she deserves to be, I must own, madame," answered Henri.
"You may repent this weakness when it is too late," rejoined Marguerite. "I comprehend not how a wrong like this can be forgiven."
"Would not these words pass sentence upon yourself, madame, were they uttered in the presence of the king your husband?" .
"Speak not of Hemri," said the queen. "He hath long divoreed himself from my love. If I have been faithless consort, he has been faithless lord. He cannot complain. I could have loved him -but-no matter! It is not of him I would speak-but of yourself."
" Two persons closely connected," thought the king.
"Hear me!" cried Marguerite, clasping Henri's fingers with a hand that burnt with fever; "your dame has wronged you-you love her not."
"I have already confessed as much, madame. Open not my bleeding wounds anew."
"I do so but to heal them. Now, mark me. Let the result of this career be fatal to-to the Chevalier Crichton, and what I have of love is yours."
"Ventre-saint-gris!" mentally ejaculated Henri. "This is a novel reward for redressing my own injuries."
"How say you, messire?" demanded the queen, impatiently.
"Can you doubt my answer? I accept your proposal. But what assurance have I of your sincerity?"
"My word-the word of an injured and vindietive womanthe word of a queen."
"When her injuries are redressed, the queen may forget what the woman has promised."
"The woman shall never forget that she is a queen, nor what is due to her as the sister, and the spouse of kings," returned Marguerite, haughtily. "When I laid my commands upon the Baron de Viteaux to slay the ribald Du Guast; when I made the same proposal to him that I have made to you, he hesitated not." ${ }^{\text {t }}$ But he had loved me long."
"I have loved you yet longer, Marguerite," rejoined Henri, in a troubled tone; "and I will do your bidding. But do not liken me to the assassin Viteaux."

[^22]"I blame not your incredulity, messire," said the queen, resuming all her softness and blandishment of manner; "it could not be otherwise. That I should affect to love one whom I never before beheld-with whose features-with whose name I am alike unacquainted-were to belie myself-to deceive you. But thero is something in the tone of your voice that inspires me with confidence. I have unhesitatingly trusted you with the hidden purposes of my soul. As loyal knight you will not betray them. Obey my behests, and I will fulfil my promise. You ask for some token of my truth. Here is one will remove all doubts;" and as she spoke, she took from her neck a carcanet of pearls, the lustre of which was eelipsed by the dazzling fairness of her skin ; "this ornament was the gift of Henri of Navarre."
" Diable!", cjaculated the king.
"It was given me on our espousals-it is yours."
"Could Henri of Navarre have anticipated you would part with it thus, his hand should have been hacked off at the wrist ere he had bestowed it."
" How?"
"I crave your majesty's pardon. I have a strange habit of putting myself in the situation of other people, and for the moment fancied myself your credulous husband. Give me the chain."
"Remove your casque, then, and with my own hand I will attach the collar to it."

Henri appeared irresolute.
"Trifle not," said the queen, " but to the lists. And then death to the traitor, and confusion to your faithless dame!"
"Be it so," replied the king, unhelming himself, and gazing sternly at his consort. "Take back your own words, Marguerite, -confusion to my faithless dame!"
"Henri!" ejaculated the queen, grazing at him as if she beheld a spectre. "Pity-pity!"
"Be silent, madame," said the king; "this is my retribution."
Marguerite made an effort to control herself-but in vain. Her limbs failed her, and she sank senseless into the arms of La Rebours, who most opportunely flew to her assistance.
" Give me thy kerchief, ma mie," said Henri, to the demoiselle; "it shall be my gage instead of this polluted carcanet. And now, thy hand-nay, thy lips, sweet one; we shall meet agrain anon."
"Success attend your majesty," said La Rebours, as the king departed. "Give me joy, Torigni," she added, when the latter appeared; " my fondest hopes are realised."
"In what way?" asked the Florentine.
"Hush! her majesty revives-the intelligence is not for her ears."
" Is he gone?" gasped Marguerite.
"He has returued to the lists, madame," replied La Rebours.
"And my gage?" asked the queen.
"Is there," answered the attendant, pointing, maliciously, to the neglected pearls.
"Assist me to that fiuteuil, Torigni," said the queen, withdrawing herself from the support of La Rebours. "If Crichton proves victorious in this conflict, bid the Demoiselle Esclairmonde attens me here."

## CHAPTER VII.

## TIIE BARB.

> Guerry encor, j'en ay bien souvenance, L'autre rompit, et depuis contenance N'ot son destrier à la lice approchier, Et car long temps ne se peuvent touchier. Louis de Beauveac.

Chicuros, meantime, in answer to the defiance of the King of Navarre, instantly proceeded to the entrance of the lists, exceuting. as he rode thither, so many graceful curvets and high passades (which latter, according to Pluvinel, constitute "la vraye pierre de touche du bon chevalier, ct du bon cheval") that the air resounded with the applause of the spectators, and the tide of popular opinion, which a breath will ever turn, again ran high in his farour.

Stirred by their shouts, and still more clated by the prospect of an encounter with his kingly and chivalrous antagronist; perceiving, also, that the Bourbon had dismounted, and that the pales (again hastily stretched across the area under the direction of the Vicomte de Joyeuse and Montjoie) were not yet firmly fastened to their supporters, the Scot called to his csquire, and taking his spear, with the ostensible purpose of breathing his charger, performed a brilliant course alone.

Nothing could excced the rapidity and dexterity with which this pass was made. The animal secmed to obey cevery impulse of his rider. Starting from his post with a snort of wild delight, he launched into the carcer as if he would bear down all opposition by his fury. Crichton threw the rein upon his shoulder, and flung his heavy lance into the air-caught it-again tossed it aloft -and repeated this extraordiary feat for a third time, ere the haunches of his steed seemed to stiffien into marble on his arrival at the point of rest. Universal acclamations rewarded this triumphant exhibition of knightly skill.

But the admiration of the beholders amounted to the most rapturous enthusiasm as they witnessed what next ensued. The Scot shouted to the attendants, and, in obedience to his command, the ring employed in the tourney was instantly attached to an elevated
post, forming part of the framework of the lists. Exeeuting a demi-volte with curvets, he again started on his eareer; agrain thrice hurled his spear aloft; and, maintaining throughout this grallant action an unaltered carriage of body, moving only the right arm, as occasion demanded, finally carried off the prize upon his lamee's point. 'This performance (prolonged in description) was the work only of a few seconds.

The dames waved their kerchiefs; the sergeants of the guard clashed their halberts; the mob flung their caps into the air, without being so successful in regaining them as the Scot had been in the recovery of his spear; the bosoms of the youthfill nobles beat high with ardour and emulation; even the members of the royal group were lond in their applauses.
" Honneur cux fils des preux !" exelaimed Brantóme, with transport; "that course was bravely executed."
"A marvellous exploit, certes, my dear abbé," said Henri. "Your valiant uncle, the Sieur de la Chatteigneraye, with all his address in horscmanship, and expertness in the management of arms, could scarcely have achieved that amazing feat."
"It may not occur to your majesty's recollection, but precisely the same feat as that we have just witnessed, was performed by the Sieur de la Chateigneraye in the presence of your royal father," returned Brantôme. "My brave uncle has been surpassed by no knight, living or dead, in vigour and address."
"Save by Gui de Chabot, abbé," cried the jester, with a scoffing grimace. "The coup de Jarnac las passed into a proverb. It will be fortunate for our dear Henriot if the coup de Crichtun do not supersede it."
"A truce to this!" said the king; "thy jesting is ill-timed."
" Good counsel is generally so, compère," retorted Chicot. "If, however, after this specimen of Crichton's consummate skill, like yon unknown kmight, you are so madly adventurous as to tile with him, I shall say of you, what one wiser than I am said of the king, your father-

> Sire, wous n'estes plus, vous n'estes plus que cire!’
"You shall say what you please of us, scélérat," returned the good-humoured monarch, laughing; "if we do hazard the safety of our royal person, and endanger' our hitherto mintarnished reputation as a knight, by entering the lists with this invincible Scot, whom Sathan certainly abetteth. But see! his fool-hardy challenger again takes the field-ha! mort Dieu! what is this? Our Béarnais (if he must be so designated) tears the silken streamer from his spear, and casts it beneath his charger's hoofs."
"Observe, also, my liege, that he replaces it with a kerehief," interposed Brantôme; "and note, moreover, that this kerchief has not the golden fringe which is worn by the Queen of Navarre

Her majesty, whose colours he hati rashly assumed, has evidently refused him a favour-ha !-ha!'
"There is nothing extraordinary in that, Seigneur Abvé, seeing that the Admirable Crichton is in the case," returned Chicot. "I warrant me, if thou hadst been his opponent, this cavalier's suit would not have been fruitless. Let it suffice that he has a cracre -no matter what-or whence obtained-

> What a queen hath denied him, A quean hath supplied him: And the favour he beareth No favourite shareth: His choiec is a right one With kerchief a white one, To tilt against Crichton."
"By Phœebus! gossip !" exclaimed the king, " thou ihymest like Frère Jean, en cramoisi. But hark! the charge is sounded. Montjoie's arrangements are completed. Allons! messeigneurs. Hola! Du Halde, my warder! Hast thou contrived Ruggieri's escape?" he added, in a whisper.
"He is already without the Louvre, my liege," returned the chief valet, in the same tone.
"'The fair Esclairmonde is ours, then !" ejaculated Henri, with triumph.

And, followed by his favourites, he proceeded to the canopy and took his seat upon the throne.

By this time the area of the tilt-yard was cleared of its numerous intruders. The marshals of the field hastened to their tribumal ; Montjoie hurried to the estrade reserved for himself and his attendants; while each cavalier sought to secure for himself an advantageous position for the approaching spectacle. For the moment all was bustle and clamour. But, abore the shouts of the varions officers, stationed (it would seem in all ages), not so much to preserve order as to increase confusion, the trampling and neighing of stceds, and the jingling of martial equipments, arose the loud fanfare of the trumpeter, making " young pulses dance" with its stirring notes.

As the blast died away, profound silence ensued. The two champions and their esquires alone occupied either extremity of the barriers. Each regarded his antagonist with curiosity. On the part of Crichton the feeling was one of enthusiastic delight : on that of Henri of Bourbon admiration was chilled by deep sense of wrong. Nevertheless, his frank and noble nature couid not resist the Scot's high claims to consideration; and as he narrowly scrutinised his matchless symmetry of figure, and consummate grace of demeanour, he, who was no harsh judge of woman, felt half disposed to overlook his consort's fault.
"Ventre-saint-gris!" he mentally ejaculated; "a likely galliard
to please the fancy of a queen-and worth a thousand such mignizid voluptuaries as the balladin La Móle, or that grand dégóuté Tisemne. I could forgive his attentions to Marguerite. But there is our fair cousin of Condé-I must punish his presumption in that quarter. Sa ha! the devil is in his steed."

Crichton now drew his visor over his glowing cheek, and repressing the tumnltuous emotions of his heart, with a light and steady hand placed his lance in its rest. The trumpet sounded for the second time, and Henri was about to follow the Scot's example, in expectation of the signal of assault, when, affrighted by the kerchief fluttering over his head, his fiery charger, disregarding all restraint, broke from his post, and dashed headlong into the area.

Expert in all martial excreises, the chivalrous Bourbon was one of the most perfect horsemen of his time, and his arm was endowed with no ordinary vigour; but neither skill nor strength availed him on the present emergency. Encumbered by hieblance, which he was unwilling to throw aside, he could only employ his left hand in cocreion-while, deeply mortified and irritated at the occurrence, his efforts were in the first place directed rather to the punishment than the subjection of his unruly steed;-and this made matters worse. Each application of the spur was followed by a fierce and violent plunge. The infuriated animal reared, jerked, winced, and resorted to every vicious practice and stratarem to dislodge his rider. In this he failed. But, in his turn, his rider failed in compelling him to approach the lists.

At this juncture, and just as the monarch, full of wrath against his counsellor Rosni, began to despair of accomplishing his point, assistance was afforded him from a quarter whence it could have been least anticipated. Perceiving the Bourbon's inability to govern his charger, Crichton rode towards him-and in a tone of the highest courtesy proffered to exchange steeds with him ; expressing, at the same time, his perfect conviction that he could achiere the animal's subjection, and carry him safely through the course.
"By the soul of Bayard!" returned the Bourbon, with equal courtesy, "fame hath not belied you, Chevalier Crichton. Your proffer is worthy of a brighter age of chivalry, and should have been made to a worthier knight than myself. In aceeding to your proposal I feel that I acknowledge my defeat. In any case you are victor in point of generosity. Nor will I by a reflisal rob you of additional honour." So saying, he flung himself from his charger's back.
"I follows not, because I may be the more expert horseman, that I shall also prove the more expert tilter," returned Crichton, dismounting.
"If you overcome the impetuosity of this froward beast, you will accomplish a feat more diflicult than that of Alexander of

Macedon," rejoined the Bourbon. "But if you succeed in bring. ing lim to the pales, look well to yourself-I promise you the ro ception due to so valiant a champion:-

> Les plus jolis n'ont pas à leur plaisance Aucune fois l'honneur et le renom."
"You will find me no fainéant," replied Crichton. "Nor do I think so lightly of your prowess as to negleet your caution."

At this moment the Baron de Rosni, attended by Montjoic and Joyeuse, rode up to them.
" Sire," said Rosni, in a whisper, "I pray you take my steed."
"Stand back, sir!" returned the Bourbon, coldiy.
"Chevalier Crichton," said Rosni, turning to the Scot. " mount not that ungovernable horse-my charger is at your service."

Crichton replied by vaulting into the saddle of the King of Navarre, and giving the rein to the barb, he eareered round the tiltyard, as if he was borne by one of the winged horses of the sun.
"Courage, mon Admirable," cried Joyeuse, looking after him, with a smile.

Vain were the efforts of the nigh frantic steed to shake his firmseated rider; -he had to strive against one with whom contention was ineffectual. Crichton, for the moment, allowed him to expend his fire. He then struck spurs fiereely into his sides, and compelled him to execute upwards of twenty caprioles in a breath. His fury now visibly abated; and the Scot completed his mastery by another career, and a swift succession of curvets. The next moment the animal stood conitrolled and motionless at the entrance of the lists.

The loudest plaudits would have followed this achievement had not all clamour been interdicted during the actual progress of the jousts. As it was, an irrepressible murmur testified the wonderment and delight of the spectators.

The clarion now sounded for the third time, and the combatants started on their career. Both lances were splintered by the vehement shock of their encounter. But no injury was sustained on either side. A similar result followed the second atteinte.
"Give me that painted spear, it is of tougher wood," said Crichton. to his esquire, while the trumpet was blown for the third assault. And couching his lance, as he again sprang forward, he directed it, with unerring aim, against the crest of his antagonist's morion.

The result of the career was decisive. The shock was more violent than those of the preceding rencounters. The lance of the Bourbon, whose mark had been the centre of the Scot's helm, agrain shivered to the handle; while the stroke of Crichton, into which he had thrown all his force, would unquestionably have
unhorsed his adversary, had not the helmet of the monarch, which had never been firmly fastened since his interview with his queen, yielded to the blow, and rolled to the ground.
"Bon dieu!" exclaimed Henri III., rising, "it is the Béarnais -it is our brother of Navarre. We should recognise that Bourbon nose among a thousand. What ho!-our steed! our steed.Where is our mother? -where is her majesty, Catherine de Medicis? We would speak with her, ere we confront the hardy traitor. Surround us, messeigneurs, and let our bodyguard be trebled. Some conspiracy may-nay, must be on foot. What think you of it, Villequier, and you, cousin of Nevers? Sce to the outlets of the tilt-yard. Suffer none to go forth, or to enter. By Saint Hubert! we have snared a tiger."

Crichton, meantime, had reined in his steed, and returned to the Bourbon. "Sire!" he said, speaking in a low, determined tone, "I have, unwittingly, betrayed you to your foes. But if you will confide in me, I pledge myself to accomplish your deliverance."
" My counsel to your majesty," interposed Rosni, " would be to hasten to the king your brother, and if possible obtain permission to depart with your escort ere he have time to confer with the queen-mother. It is your only hope."

Henri averted his head from his confidant. "Chevalier Crich ton," he said, addressing the Scot, "I will trust you. There is my hand."
" If I take it not, sire," replied Crichton, " your majesty will understand my motive, when I say that the eycs of Catherine de Medicis are upon us."
"True," replied the Bourbn, " and those of our fair cousin of Condé, also-hem! chevalier."

## CHAPTER VIII.

## THE ENGLISMMAN.

Tue majestic and remarkable countenance of Henri of Navarre (a face once seen, not readily forgotten) had been instantly recognised by the majority of the assemblage; and such of the crowd as were unacquainted with his features, specaily gathered his title from the general vociferations. Coupled with various and most discordant epithets, his name now resounded from every quarter. Some applauded his bravery and bonhommic; some derided his imprudence and temerity; others railed bitterly and loudly against his heresies, and apostacy from the religion of

Rome (whose tenets Henri. not over-scrupulous on matters of faith, embraced or renounced, as circumstances required); others, on the contrary, silently and devoutly hailed him as the champion of their crecd. A few there were, who fancied they discovered in his sudden appearance in the midst of his foes, a signal for an insurrection and massacre, in retaliation for the sanguinary day of Saint-Barthélemi, and held themselves in readiness to obey his mandates; while another, and more numerous faction, deeply interested in all events affecting their project, regarded the occurrence as singularly inanspicious. Catherine de Medicis, alone, viewed the discovery without surprise or dismay.

Popular by his affability, gencrosity, and manliness (qualities which afterwards won for him the affectionate appellation-yet hallowing his name in the breast of every true Frenchman-ot " le bon roi"), the Bourbon, even during the period of his detenton within the Lourre, had attached no inconsiderable party to his cause; and amongst the youthful and light-hearted nobles then present, there were many whose zeal would have prompted them to declare themselves in his favour, had any attempt been made upon his life. The situation, therefore, of the intrepid monarel, who, attended by Crichton and Rosni, remained unmoved, with his hand upon the pommel of his sword, and a smile upon his lips, was not fraught with so much peril as at first sight would appear.

Joyeuse and D'Epernon, with several of the immediate and loyal adherents of Henri III., flew to each outlet of the tilt-yard, re-inforced the guard, and issued the king's commands to allow none to enter or to pass forth from the arena.

Before these orders could be obeyed, a man of robust appear ance, and square, stont make, rushed upon the ancient, or standardbearer of the guard, plueked from his side a long two-handed sword, leapt over the palisades of the lists, and, followed by a huge dog, made the best of his way in the direction of Henri of Navarre.

The action was too suddenly and too swiftly executed to be prevented. But the flying figure of the man catching the eye of the Vicomte de Joyeuse, he struck his spurs into his charger, and dashed in pursuit with the intention of cutting him down. Nothing could have prevented the fugitive's destruction but the timely assistance afforded by his four-footed companion. Just as Joyeuse had overtaken him, and was about to discharge a blow, which must have proved fatal, the career of his stecd was checked by the dog, whose fangs were suddenly fixed within the nostrils o. the terrified animal. At the same moment the man turned and stood upon his defence.

With eyes starting from their sockets, veins distended, flanks quivering, head borne to the ground by the weight of the dog,
and nostrils gushing with blood, the poor horse uttered a shrill neigh, sounding almost like a scream; but attempted neither to move nor to free himself from his fierce assailant. Exasperated beyond endurance at the condition of his steed, Joyeuse directed his next assault againist the hound.
"Hold!" exclaimed Blount. "Touch a hair of my dog's hide, and, by Saint Dunstan! I will no longer stay my hand."

Joyeuse replied by aiming a downward blow at the Englishman. Blount received the stroke upon the edge of his sivord, and returned it with such good effect that the vicomte's rapier was beaten from his grasp, and whirled to some distance.
"Call off thy dog, villain," shonted Joycuse, furiously, " or thou shalt repent it. Ha! Vive-dieu!" he added, as several of his attendants rode up, "seize him! If he resists, show him no quarter-yield, madman !'
"Never !" replied Blount, stoutly, "were they ten times their number. I ask no quarter, and will yield to no man, or men. It shall not be said that an Englishman sued for merey, while his hand could wield a sword. Come on, then, my masters-one, and all-and try the force of an English arm. Your sires have felt the weight of our blows at Créci and Poitiers-and thicir sons shall find that our bull-dog breed is not degenerated, or his country disgraced, in the person of Simon Blount."
"Why do you hesitate?" thundered Joyense.
"Why do they hesitate ?" echoed Blount, in a taunting tone, at the same time flourishing his tremendous blade with the greatest ease over his head. "Because I am an Englishman. They are six and I am one. They are mounted, I on foot. They have sword and partisan-I, sword only. They are Frenchmen-I am an Englishman. By my troth! we are fairly matched."
"Silence him!" cried Joyeuse.
But this was no such easy matter. The inert, but sturdy Islander was now fairly roused from his habitual lethargy. His arm and tongue were alike in motion. He answered with a roar of defiance.
"Silence me! quotha. E'en let them, if they can! But they have good reasons for their forbearance. Their memories serve them too faithfully. They recollect the bygone times of the Regent Bedford-when a French noble was obliged to doff his cap to an English churl. Old Rabelais las told them of our thirst-and at whose cost we allayed it."
"Cravens! will ye bear this?" eried Joyeuse. "He says truly -ye are six to one."
"It was the same at Azincourt," retorted Blount, " and ye know by whom that day was won."
"That day was not won by lig words, sirrah," rejoined Joyeuse, amazed at the Englishman's aulacity.
"Right!" exclaimed Blount, waring his sword, as if selecting a mark. "I thank you for the hint. I have already talked too much."
"Despatch this hound with your pike, Baptiste," shouted Joyeuse, " and liberate my wounded charrer."

The man instantly obeyed, and thrust his partisan through the throat of Druid. Severely, but not mortally wounded, the courageous brute still maintained his grasp.
"Hew him in pieces!" vociferated Joyeuse. "It is the nature of the accursed animal to cling thus, while aught of life remains."

Another man-at-arms now took up the attack; and in his endeavour to cleave asunder the dog's skull, which he was only prevented from effecting by the resistance made by his thick hide, struck off his right ear and fore paw.

Blinded by his own blood, and frightfully mutilated, Druid kept his hold with unflinehing tenacity.
"Saint George for England!" shouted Blount. And as he spoke, his sword whistled throurh the air, and the man-at-arms fell headless to the ground. "Here is a sweet morsel for thee, Druid," he added, with a savage laugh, at the same time spurning with his heel the gory head, which had dropped near him. "Come hither, sirrah, quick !"

Obedient to his master's call, the dog yielded that compliance which he had refused to commands, enforced by sharpest blows; and at once, set free the vicomte's charger. Uttering a piercing cry, the latter animal galloped, with uncontrollable speed, to the farther end of the lists; where, fortunately, his career was stopped by one of the heralds, and Joycuse was enabled to dismount.

Blount's assailants were now reduced to five. But he was on all sides surrounded; and fresh foes were pouring against him from each quarter of the tilt-yard. Undismayed by nuinbers, and supported by his constitutional phlegm, he viewed his probable end with indifference, and resolved to meet it as became a brave man, and a denizen of that island nook, which, in the words of the greatest of her sons, " breedeth very valiant children."
"Would I were with my back against a wall," he thought, "I would take far greater odds, and give them ruder welcome than they bring. As it is, with this long poking-iron so luckily obtained, I will carbonado some of their doublets after a fashion in which they were never slashed before. Gules shall predominate over or and azure in their emblazoned coats."

And as these reflections ran through his mind, his sword again described a tremendous circle, in the course of which it encountered the various weapons of his antagonists, who were thrusting and striking at him from all points, and finally descending upon the shoulder of the halberdier, by whom Druid had been first wounded, the man, cloven almost to the girdle, fell to the ground.
"Habet !" cried Blount, laughing, and again whirling round his ensanguined blade.

In the midst of this gladiatorial display, which was regarded by the beholders, even of the gentler sex, with the same fierce and thrilling interest that prevailed amongst the witnesses of the terrible entertainments held within a Roman circus, we shall take breath for an instant to describe more fully the weapon used by our English combatant. We have before adverted to the treatise of Giacomo di Grassi,*-

## -a man of great defence, Expert in battles, and in deeds of armes-

and we shall now give the manner of wielding the twoedged sword, as delivered by the Italian professor. In the words of his quaint translator we are told that "one may with it (as a galleon among manie gallies) resist manie swords, or other weapons. And it is accustomed to be carried in the citie, as well by night as by day, when it so chaunceth that a few are constrayned to withstand a great manie. And because his weight and bigness require great strength, therefore those only are allotted to the handling thereof which are mightie and bigge to behould, great and stronge in bodie, of stout and valiant courage. Who (forasmuch as they are to encounter manie, and to the end they may strike the more safelie, and amaze them with the furie of the sword) do altogether use to deliver great edge-blows, downight and reversed, fetching a full circle or compass therein, staying themselves sometimes upon one foot, sometimes on the other, utterlic neglecting to thrust, and persuading themselves that the thrust serveth to amaze one man onelie, but these edge-blows are of force to encounter manie. The which manner of skirmishing, besides that it is most gallant to behold, being accompanied with exceeding swiftness in deliveric (for otherwise it worketh no such effect) it is also most profitable, not properly of itselfe, but because men considering the furic of the sword, which greatly amaseth them, are not resolute to doe that, which otherwise they could not choose but doe."

All that Di Grassi has here so graphically depieted, was performed by Blount-and more than this; for so great was his activity and dexterity-so nimble was he in the management and recovery of his weapon-so tremendous was its sweep, " being of the compass of ten arms or more," that in the space of a few moments he had disabled a third opponent, and beaten off the others.
"Hurrah!" he shouted, with lusty lungs, tossing, as he spoke. his bonnet into the air; "hurrah! for England, and God save Queen Bess."

At the same time, as if partaking of his master's triumph, Druid upturned his mangled visage, and uttered a loud and exulting howl.

[^23]" Poor fellow !" said Blount, his heart smiting him as he heard the sound. "Thou art sorely hurt; but I have amply avenged thee," he added, looking grimly around; "we can at least die together-thou wouldst never survive thy master."

The faithful dog understood this appeal. His fierce howl changed to a piteous moan.
" Peace, sirrah!" cried Blount, angrily; " no whimpering. Thou art wounded, or I would bestow a buffet on thee for thy cowardice. An English bull-dog-and whine?"

The red flame in the dog's eyes at this reproof blazed yet more fiercely, and his fangs were instantly displayed.
"Why, that is right," cried Blount, in a tone of approval.
Whereupon, shouldering his gigantic blade, and keeping his cye steadily fixed upon the movements of his focs, though menaced with immediate, and, it would seem, inevitable destruction, in order to show his utter disregard of the peril in which he stood, he began to carol in a rough, but not inharmonious voice, the following homely stave -

## 田ruio.

## I.

Through the world have I wandered wide, With never a wife, or a friend by my side, Save Druid-a comrade stauncil and tried:-

Troll on away!
Druid, my dog, is a friend in need, Druid, my dog, is a friend indeed, 1)ruid, my dog, is of English breed!

More need I say?
Troll on axay

## II.

Druid would perish $m y$ life to save, For faithful Druid like fate $I$ ' $d$ brave, The dog and his master shall find one grave.

Troll on uway!
Life! I heed not its loss a feather!
And when black Atropos snaps smy tether, She must cut twice-we'll die together!

No more l'll sas, Troll on away!

In enumerating the good and evil qualities of Henri III., we have before mentioned his singular predilection for the canine species. His attachment to dogs was as strong as his aversion to eats. Upon the commencement of the skirmish just described, the royal train, by their sovereign's command, had halted, and Henri's attention, throughout, had been attracted towards Druid, whose courage and fidelity he could not sufficiently admire and applaud. It was owing to this circumstance that Blount remained so long unmolested.
"What would I give for a follower so faithful!" said the king. "Such a hound were worth a whole pack of barbets and spaniels, with my two favourites, Citron and Chatelard, at their head. I must possess him. Miron will speedily heal his wounds. But how shall we get rid of his master, without doing the dog further mischief ?"
"Let your arducbussiers fire upon the knave, my liege," said the Due de Nevers, in a low tone; " and, if a stray ball shmeld reach the Béarnais, your majesty will have an enemy the less. Maurevert is behind us, armed with the same caliver with which Coligni was wounded. A look will suffice for him."
"Thanks, fair cousin," returned Henri, " but we are in no such hurry. We see no reason to suspect treachery on the part of our brother of Navarre. He appears as mueh diverted as ourself with this fray. Besides," he added, smiling, "we have not yet consulted our mother upon the expediency of a step so important in its consequences."
"I will answer for her majesty's approval," returned the duke, hastily.
"You!" exelaimed the king, with a look of surprise. "Are you our mother's confidant, Monsieur le Duc? What reason have you to suppose she would desire the death of the Béarnais?"
"Because," replied Chicot, boldly, " he is like the wrong king unexpectedly turned up at Primero; he spoils the order of the cards, and ruins the game."
"Parbleu! what game, compere?" demarded the monareh.
"Your majesty forgets the dog you are anxious to save," interrupted the duke, darting an angry glance at the jester; "another moment and it will be too late."
"Right!" cried Henri; " command yon men-at-arms to stay their swords, and let a company of arquebussiers advance."

The king's orders were instantly obeyed. 'The soldiers, who had rushed to the assistance of their comrades, reluctantly withdrew. A dozen arquebussiers, attired in richly-emblazoned doublets of erimson frieze, girded in at the waist by broad leathern belts, from which depended matches of lighted tow; with great ruffe round their throats, pale green hose upon their lower limbs, and roses of ribbons, almost as large as the shoes they covered, upon their feet: each carrying on lis right arm a huge bell-mouthed musquet, and on his left a forked staff intended to support it-this troop, headed by Maurevert, the hired assassin of Charles IX. (and surnamed le Tueur du Roi), swiftly advanced, ranged themselves in two lines by the sile of the king, planted their forks in the ground, pointed their artillery against the Englishman's breast, and awaited only the royal mandate to fire.

Blount witnessed these proceedings without dismay. When he
saw the death-dealing tubes levelled against him, he stooped to the ground, and catching Druid in his arms, breathed the words of his song-

> The dog and his master shall find one grave :-
fully prepared to meet his fate.
"Hold!" exclaimed Henri; "some fiend hath put it into the knave's head to defeat our object. Bid him surrender at discretion, Maurevert. Once get possession of his dog, and deal with him as you list. But I charge you, on your life, do the animal no further injury."

Maurevert stepped forwards. Blount, however, sturdily refused to yicld up his sword.

At this moment, and while Henri, ever irresolute when resolution was required, hesitated to give the signal to the arquebussiers, Crichton rode up. "I will disarm him, sire." he said, "if I have your majesty's permission to do so."
"Grammerey! mon cher, you have our permission at once, and to slay him, too, if it please you, provided you harm not the dog."
"Onc will seareely succumb without the other, I saspect, my liege," replied the Scot. "We shall sec."

Saying which, he dismounted, and giving his steed to the charge of an attendant, advanced towards Blount.
"Are you mad?" he said, sternly, as he arrived within a few paces of the Englishman, "that you adopt this braggart posture? Yield! and I may yet preserve your life."
"I should hold it foul scorn were such words to pass my lips, even at your bidding, Chevalier Crichton," replied Blount, doggedly.
"Fool!" said the Scot, in a low and significant tone, " this is but a feint. Throw down your sword. I will be your safe;uard."
"Were I to do so it would seem as if I yielded," rejoined Blount; "and I would rather dic a thousand deaths than these accursed Frenchmen should be able to crow over me."
"Defend yourself, then," exclaimed Crichton, plucking his rapier from the scabbard.
"If I fall by your hands I shall die the death I would have chosen," replied Blount. "Yet think not I will perish tamely. I hold it ton good luck to cross swords with you, not to approve myself worthy of the honour. But our blades are ill-matched. I cannot fight without equal arms."
"I have helm and corslet," answered Crichton; "you have neither buff jerkin, nor steel cap. The advantage is on my side."
"Down, Druid," said Blount, quitting his hold of the dog,
"stir not-use neither tooth nor claw. Chevalier Crichton," he added, in a tone of some emotion, "if I fall-this hound-"
"I understand," replied Crichton. "I will be his master."
" No !" said Blount, "I meant not that-despatch him."
"Waste no more words in this idle parley," returned Crichton, fiercely. "My blows are for men, not dogs. Again, I say, defend yourself."
"Saint George for England !" shouted Blount, fetching a compass with his sword that dazzled the eyes of the beholders like a flash of lightning. But rapid as was this eircle-not so swift was it as the corresponding movement of the Scot. Instead of endeavouring to avoid the blow, or to encounter its force, where it was most dangerous, at a distance, he at once rushed in upon the Englishman, met the edge of his weapon in mid sweep with a stoccado, and nothing daunted that his own rapier was hurled from his grasp, clutched with his left hand the wrist of his adversary, and with his right fearlessly catching hold of his enormous blade, by a violent downward jerk wrested it from his gripe.

Thus far Druid had obeyed his master's orders, and crouched inoffensively at his feet-bnt now instinetively comprehending his danger, he flew with such violence against Crichton's legs, that had they not been plated in steel, he must have withdrawn his attack from Blount to defend himself from his follower. "Lie still, sir," cried the Englishman, furiously. And setting his foot upon the dog's back, he pressed him, notwithstanding his desperate struggles, forcibly to the ground. "Your are the vietor," he continued, addressing Crichton, "strike!"
"I have accomplished all I desired," replied the Scot, "in disarming you."
"I will not yield," said Blount, sullenly. "You had better finish me."

The words were scarcely uttered, when his arms were suddenly seized from behind by a couple of halberdiers, who had stolen upor him unawares; and a stout sword-belt, slipped over his wrists, and drawn tightly together, prevented any further resistance on his part At the same moment, a sash, ticd in a noose, and flung over the head of Druid by a third man-at-arms, made the brave animal likewise a prisoner.
"Harm neither," said Crichton, addressing the guards; "but await his majesty's pleasure-and see! he approaches."
"Draw near to me, I pray you, Chevalier Crichton," said Blount, gazing earnestly at the Scot, "I have something to communicate, which, in my confusion, I liad forgotten."
"I know what you would saty," returned Crichton, making a gesture of silence; " all is lost !"
"The devil!" exelaimed Blount, with a look of disappointment,
"my labour then has been in vain. It was snerely to bring you these tidings that I adventured within the listas."
"Heed not that, grood Blount, but pacify your dog," said Crichton, noticing, with uneasiness, the violent efforts of the animal to free himself, by which he was well-nigh strangled; " on his life hanges your own."
"True," replied Blount, taking the words literally, "it does so." And he addressed an angry declamation to Druid, who instantly became passive in the hands of his captor.

## CIIAPTER IX.

## THE TW゙O HENHIS.

Prémier Soldat. Le Béarnais a pent-ètre promis de retounner à confesse. Ca serait heurenx, tont de mème-il me fait l'effet d'un bon compère de roi!

Deuxième Soldat. Le nôtre n'a pas mauvais air non plus sur sa grande jument -mais il sent trop le jasmin.

La Mort de Henri III.
Uxwillivg to hold any private conference with the King of Navarre, until he should receive some information of Catherine's disposition towards him; and "perplexed in the extreme," that $n 0$ message had, as yet, arrived from her majesty, Henri III., uncertain what line of policy he ought to pursue, and glad of any pretext to gain further time, instead of advaneing to question the Bourbon, as he had originally intended, bent his course towards the captive Englishman. This plan, however, was defeated. Henri of Navarre, yielding tardy compliance with the earnest solicitations of Rosni, who represented. in the most moving terms, the perils and calamities in which his rresent fatal obstinacy must necessarily involve himself, his people, oud his religion, camo suddenly to the resolution of throwing himself upon the generosity of his royal brother. Accordingly, when Henri III. turned aside to confer with Blount, he stuck spurs into his charger, and rode towards him.

A greeting of apparently fraternal warmth passed between the two monarchs. Though each, in secret, distrusted the other, both deemed it prudent to assume an air of unbor nded confidence and goodwill. Dissimulation formed no part of the Bourbon's frank and loyal character. But his long experience of the perfidy and insincerity of the race of Valois, while it prevented him from being Henri's dupe, satisfied him that any advantage which might acerue to him from the interview, could only be attained by the employment of similar artifice. Throwing himself, therefore, instantly from his steed, he attempted, with the greatest cordiality, to take
the hand of the king, with the intention of proffering the cuspmary salutation.

Heuri III., however, drew back his steed as he approached. "Your pardon, my brother," he said, with a gracious smile; "we rould cut off our right hand could we suspect it of heresy, nor can we consent to take yours, tainted as it is with that contagious leprosy, unless we first receive assurance from your lips that you are come hither, like the prodigal son, to confess your indiscretions, to implore our forgiveness, and to solicit to be received once more into the indulgent bosom of our holy Catholic, Apostolie, and Roman church."
"Sire," replicd the Bourbon, "I own that I am in much the same predicament as the unfortunate wight to whom you have likened me. I have, at this moment, more nose than kinedommore care than coin-more hope than faith-more regard for your majesty than the religion you propose-"
"And more recrard for your body than your soul, I fear, my brother," interrupted Hemri III., gravely shaking his head, and teliing a bead or two upon his rosary.
"That is to say, he has more regard for his mistress than his queen," said Chicot. "You are right, compère. Our Béarnais will never be saved unless the good old faith of the Gentiles comes round again, and new altars are raised at Cnydos and Paphos, to the goddess he worships."
"Certes, thou malapert knave, I am a heretic in no creed in which beauty is concerned," replied the Bourbon, laughing; "and amid yon gallery of fair saints, there is not one to whom I would refuse adoration."
"I could point out one," cried the jester.
"I defy thec," said the Bourbon.
"Your queen!" returned Chicot.
Even Henri III. could not help joining in the mirth occasioned oy this sally of the jester.
"Ribald!" exclaimed the Bourbon, laughing londer than the rest; "thy fool's cap alone protects thee from my resentment."
"My fool's calotte is a better defence than many a knight's casque," answered Chicot. "For the love I bear her majesty of Navarre, I will exchange it for thine, and throw my marotte into the bargain. Thou wilt need both on thy next encounter with the Admirable Crichton."
" Wilt thou throw thyself into the bargain, knave," asked the Bourbon, "and follow my fortuncs?"
"Of a surety, no!" replied the jester. "That were to quit the master for the valet; the provost for the prisoner ; the falconer for the quarry."
" Pardien! compère," said Henri III., in a tone of raillery, "art thou so blind to thy own interest as to tarry in our
service, when an offer so brilhant is made thee by our brother of Navarre? Bethink thee of the eminence to which thy wisdom art decorum must, necessarily, promote thee, amongst the synods of the Muguenots, and the sage councils of the court of Pau!"
"I never leap in the dark, gossip," replied Chicot. "It were the province of a wise man to go in quest of danger. I am a fool, and prefer safe quarters at home."
" Wholesome advice may be gathered even from the mouth of fools, you perceive, brother," said Henri III. "May I now inquire to what fortunate circumstance $I$ owe the unexpected happiness of this visit? I have been singularly misinformed about you and your proceedings. I ann told you are an enemy -I find you our best of friends. I learn that you are at the head of a hostile army, putting my towns and subjects to fire and sword-I find you as blithe companion as ever, and almost mattended. My last accounts are, that you are barricaded within the walls of Pau, or Nérac; my next are gathered from your own hps within the walls of the Lourre. See how one may be doceived."
"Your majesty is not deceived in my expressions of friendship," replied the Bourbon, cordially. "Will it please you to command your gentleman to stand further off?"
" Excuse me, my brother, if I venture to retain my attendants," replied Henri III. "I am curious to question this bold knave," he added, glancing at Blount. "You may reserve your tale, if you please, for the car of our confessor, whom you will permit me to recommend, in the hope of accomplishing your conversion."
"Your confessor, sire!" cjaculated the Bourbon, knitting l:is brow.
"And at the tail of the priest the headsman," added Chicot. "You will not then fail to profit by his instruction, and for the third time get rid of any seruples of conscience. The laconic message of his late Majesty Charles IX., to your cousin, Henri of Condé, had other merits besides its conciseness."
"What messare was that, gossip!" asked Henri III., ffecting ignorance.
"Messe, mort ou Bastile!" replied the jester. "Our Béarnais will remember it by the token, that about the same time he abjured his own Calvinistic heresies."
"Ventre-saint-gris! thou scurrilous varlet," cried the Bourbon, fiercely; "if thou darest to push thy mischicvous pleasantry further, not even thy own insignificance, or thy royal master's presence, shall prevent my inflicting due chastisement upon thec."

Alarmed by the menacing aspect of the King of Navarre,
with a grimace of mixed terror and defiance, Chicot, like a snarling cur, apprehensive of the heels of a noble steed he has annoyed beyond endurance, now turned tail, and retreated to the protection of his master, who was secretly delighted with this specimen of his skill in the "art of ingeniously tormenting."
"Since you decline answering my inquiries respecting the motive of your visit, brother," said Henri III., in his blandest necents, " I will not press the point. But I trust you wilt not object to remaining near my person till I return to the banquet?"
"Your majesty has only to command me."
"And as you have no attendants excepting the Baron de Rosni, I give you your choice of six of my own gentlemen, who will continue constantly by your side."
"I understand your majesty. I am a prisoner."
"I did not say so, brother. Choose your attendants."
"My choice is readily made, sire. I shall name but one -the Chevalier Crichton. I leave the nomination of the others to him."
"Fanum habet in cormu," muttered Chicot, "a wittol's choice!"
"You could not have made a better election," observed Henri III., with a smile.
"I think not," said the Bourbon.
"I an sure not," added Chicot. "Forgiveness becomes a Christian prince. Madame Marguerite will highly applaud your generosity and placability."
"Peace, droll !" said Henri III. "And now, brother," he continued, in the same honcyed tone he had previously adopted, and which by those who knew him was more dreaded than the most violent bursts of indignation, "as the jousts are at an end, and you will have no further occasion for it, I entreat you to resign your sword to the custody of him whom you have appointed your principal attendant."
"My sword, sire?" exelaimed the Bourbon, recoiling.
"Your sword, brother," repeated Henri III., blandly.
The King of Navarre looked around. On all sides he was invested by danger. The whole cirele of the area in which he stood bristled with pikes and spears. Above the halberts of the Switzers rose the javelins of the Scottish guards; and above the javelins of the Scots gleamed the long lances of D'Epernon's gallant Gascon troop. Here was stationed a company of arehers-there a band of arquebussiers. On the right were arrayed the youthful nobles, under the command of the Vicomte de Joycuse, readily to be distinguished by their gorgeous apparel and fluttering pennons; on the left was drawn out the sumptuous retinue of the Due de Nevers. Nor
was this all. A nearer circle of the king's body-guarà encompassed him. Every hand was upon a sword-hilt-every glance fixed upon him. As he carelessly noted all this hostile preparation, the Bourbon turned towards his counsellor Rosni, who stood leaning upont the handle of his sword immediately behind him. Not a wordnot a sign were exchanged between them. But the monarel understood the meaning of the cold stern look of his counsellor. At this moment, the rolling of drums, mingled with the sound of other martial instruments, was heard from the outer courts of the palace.
"Hark! the tambour!" exclaimed Henri III.; "fresh troops have entered the Louvre."
"By your command, sire?" asked the Bourbon, in a tone of displeasurc.
"Our subjects are careful of our safety," answered Henri III., evasively.
" They ought to be so, sire," replied the Bourbon; " your majesty has well earned their love; and when were the people of France ungrateful? But against whom are all these precautions taken? Is the Louvre in a state of siege, or have the burgesses of your good city of Paris broken into revolt?"
" No, brother, our good city is at present free from faction or tumult; and it is our intention (with the aid of Ieaven) to maintain its tranquillity undisturbed."
"You cannot suppose I would be the instigator of disorder, sire," said the Bourbon. "I have drawn the sword to protect the rights of my people, and to uphold their persecuted creed, not to wage war upon your majesty. On any terms which shall secure to my subjects the immunities, and religious toleration they seek, I will, at once, enter into a compact of truce with your majesty, and place myself in your hands as a hostage for the due observance of its conditions."
" Sire!" exclaimed Rosni, grasping his sovereign's arm, "each word you utter is a battle lost."
" Your majesty will not now suspect me of disloyalty," continued the Bourbon, disregarding the interruption.
"I suspect nothing, brother-nothing whatever," said Henri III., hastily; "but I will sign no truce-enter into no compact, which shall favour, or appear to favour, the dissemination of heresy and sedition. To tolerate such a faith were to approve it. And I would rather command a second St. Barthélemi; rather imitate the example of my brother, Philip Il. of Spain; or pursue the course pointed out to me by my cousin of Guise and the gentlemen of the league, than in any way countenance a religion so hateful. I an too good a Catholic for that, brother. My reign has been (for my sins) disturbed by three great troubles. My brother of Anjou and his faction; the Balafre and his leaguers; you and yous friends of the reform."

## "Sire!"

"I know not which of the three has been the most vex:tions. Anjou with his elaims; Guise with his pretensions; or you with your exactions. I shall be glad to put an end to one of these annoyances."
"I have exacte? nothing but what was my due, sire," replied the Bourbon, bluntly.
"So saith Anjou; so saith the Guise; so say all rebels."
"Rebels, sire!"
"Fret not yourself about a wordi, brother. Your own conduct will best prevent the application of the term, if you deem it injurious."
"Sire," replied the Bourbon, drawing himself up to his full height, and regarding his royal brother with a glance of undisguised scorn and defiance, "you have done me deep wrong in stigmatising me as a rebel. It is filse. I am none. Rashness, insane rashness -if you please, is all that can be laid to my charge. I came hither attended only by the Baron de Rosni, whose person, as my ambassador, guarded by your passport, is sacred: and as I came I should have departed, had not an accident occasioned my discovery. No thought of treason was in my breast. Nor had I other motive save a desire to splinter a lance with one whose prowess I doubted, with as much justice, it appears, as your majesty now exhibits in questioning my sincerity."
"You mistake me, brother. Heaven forbid I should question your fealty."
"Your actions contradict your words, sire," returned the Bourbon. "It is evident from the threatening demeanour of your attendants, from the hostile disposition of your troops, as well as from the orders you have issued, that you do distrust me; and that you have more reason to apprehend my influence with the populace, in the event of an insurrection, than you care to admit. Your alarm is groundless. Had I come as an enemy, I should not have come alone. I am the contriver of no plot, the leader of no faction; nor, amid yon vast assemblage could I point out the features of a single adherent, though I nothing fear, if my war-cry were once raised, I should find friends enow to rally yound my standard. Yes-ter-morn, with but a dozen followers, I entered the gates of Paris: to-day, with but one, those of the Louvre. And to-morrow's dawn shall find me and my scanty train far on our way to my territories, if I have your majesty's permission to depart peaceably."
"In the mean time, brother," said Henri III.," I would gladly learn what induced you to quit those territories to which you are now apparently so anxious to return? I can seareely flatter myself that a desire to hold this interview with me was your sole motive."
"So far from it, sire, that I repeat it was my intention to have remained strictly incognito, had not my own heedlessicess
betrayed me. The object of my hair-brained journcy I will no longer disguise. When I deserted the Louvre," he added, his brow relaxing to a slight smile, "there were two things which, in my haste, I left behind me."
"Ah! what were they, brother?"
"The mass and my wife, sire. For the loss of the former I felt little conecrn. The want of the latter was a more serious grievance. And having failed in my previous remonstrance. made through the Sieur Duras, I thought the fault might rest with my envoy. Aecordingly, I resolved-"
"To come yourself," interrupted Henri III., laughing heartily. "A wise determination, certes. Still, I fear your suit has prored as unsuccessful as ever, though backed by your own solicitations."
"His majesty is certain of gaining his cause, now that he has employed the Chevalier Crichton as an advocate," cried Chicot. "It is exaetly three years since the Sieur Duras came to Paris on this fool's errand, and then Bussy D'Amboise sent him back again, like Panurge, 'aver une puce a l'oreille.' The same result would lave followed his own application had it not been for this masterstroke. Of all men Henri of Navarre ought to be the last to forget the maxim, that-

> A husband out of season Is a husband without reason!"
"Let not these taunts annoy you, brother," said Henri III. "You shall have both your lost matters. But I cannot restore the one without the other."
"I will have neither, sire."
"You are changeable, brother."
"It may be so, sire," replied the Bourbon, coldly; " but I have the same aversion to a faithless woman that I have to a consecrated wafer."
"I have at all events made you the offer," said Henri III., angrily. "And now, Chevalier Crichton," he continued, addressing the Scot, who had remained near him, a silent, but deeply interested observer of the scene-" advance!-arrest him!"

These words, uttered in a sharp, abrupt tone, produced a startling effect upon the group. Saint-Luc and D'Epernon drew their swords, closing in on either side of their sovereign. The Bourbon uttered a single exclamation, and placed his hand upon the hilt of his own weapon. His arm, however, was again forcibly withheld by Rosni.
"Remember, sire," said the baron, in a deep whisper, "your sacred pledge to your people, and to your God. One false step, and your subjects are without a ruler-your church without a defender. Be warned!"
"Quem Deus vult perdere prius dementat," said Chicot.
Crichton meanwhile stirred not, but watched steadily the move-
ments of the King of Navarre. "Must I repeat my orders, messire?" asked Henri III.
"No, sire," replied the Bourbon. "I will relieve the Chevalier Crichton from his embarrasment. Here is my sword."

The Scot received it with a profound salutation.
"Keep it," continued the Bourbon; "you need not blush to bear it."
"I bluilh to receive it, sire," returned Crieliton, scarcely able to repress the emotions swelling within his bosom.
"And now for the other captive and his dog," said Henri III.
"Hold, sire," exclaimed the Bourbon; " ere this conference is broken up, I have a secret of importance to disclose to you. I would willingly have imparted it to your ears alone. But since you refuse me a private audience, I am compelled to proctain it openly."

At this moment the shifting glances of Henri III. fell upon the Die de Nevers. The latter was evidently ill at ease, and approaching his sovereing, said, in a low emphatic tone,
"This interview were better concluded, sire."
"I think otherwise, fair cousin," returned the king, whose curiosity was awakened. "May I venture to trust myself alone with him for a few moments?" he whispered. "He is unarmed."
"By no means, sire," returned the duke; "he has a poignard."
"True," returned Henri III.; " and he is not unskilful in its use, as I have scen. His strength, too, greatly exceeds my own -and though his bearing is frank and loyal, it were most imprudent implicitly to confide in him.--Speak, brother," he continued, aloud. "I am impatient to hear your disclosure."
"Your majesty drives me to the course I now adopt," returned the Bourbon, haughtily; "the shame I would willingly spare the queen your mother I will no longer spare her."
"Will you endure this insolence, sire?" said the Due de Nevers, alarmed at the King of Navarre's commencement.
"Heed him not," returned Henri III.; "her majesty will give herself little coneern about his reproaches."
"What I would have requested," continued the Bourbon, who had paused for a moment, "I now demand. In the name of my consin, Henri I. of Bourbon, Prince of Condé, whose person I here represent, I require from your majesty the liberation of his sister, unjustly detained a captive within the Louve by the queenmother, Catherine de Medicis."
"Mort-dieu! brother," exelaimed Henri III., " you are strangely deceived in this matter. Our mother has no such captive."
"Contest not the point, sire," whispered the Duc de Nevers, who was now relieved from his own apprehension. "Promise her liberation."
"Your majesty has been, designedly, lecpt in ignorance of the circumstance," said the Bourbon.
"Well, brother," returned Henri III., with affeeted boahommie, "if your representation be correct, we pass our word for the freedom of the princess."

As this speech was uttered, a slight exclamation of joy escaped Crichton. But when the king glanced towards him, his eyes were riveted upon the Bourbon's sword.
"Add to your boon, sire," said the King of Navarre, "for which I thank you as heartily as if my own liferty had been included in it, and suffer the princess to set forth, at once, from the Louvre, under your safe conduct. My own escort shall, with your majesty's permission, act as her convoy to Henri of Condé."
"Why this extreme urgency, brother?" asked Henri III., doubtfully.
"Because," replied the Bourbon, "while she remains in the power of Catherine de Medicis, her life, her honour are in danger."
"Beware how you scandalise our mother," returned Henri III., with warmth. "These are dark accusations."
"They are made in broad daylight before your assembled nobles, sire, and will not be unremembered."
" Nor unrequited," answered Henri III., frowning. "Proceed, brother."
"I am a soldier, not a courtier, sire," continued the Bourbon. "My steel corslet is seldom exchanged for a silken pourpoint;-my rude speech as seldom takes the garb of flattery. Your majesty will bear in mind that you have forced me to make this charge in public. I am prepared to answer to the queen your mother for my accusation, and to approve it. Your royal word is passed for the liberation of the princess. That is enough for me."
"What are we to think of this mystery?" demanded Henri III. of the Due de Nevers.
"' That his Majesty of Navarre's wits, as well as his discretion, hare deserted him, my liege," returned the duke. "I am sufficiently in the confidence of her majesty the queen-mother, to assert. unhesitatingly, that there is no such princess."
" You are sure of it, fair cousin ?"
"As of your majcsty's existence-as of the presence of yon Bernese bear."
"Ycu have already relieved me. I begon to fear that I had, in some way or other, committed myself."

The Bourbon, meanwhile, conferred an instant apart with his counsellor. "Thou wilt command this escort, Rosni," whispered he, "and say to the Prince of Condé that-"
"I quit not your majesty's side for any prince or princess," interrupted Rosni.
$\because$ How, sir ?"
"Spare your frowns, sire. I can be as obstinate, on oceasion, as your majesty."
"Stay with me, then, my faithful friend," replied the Bourbon, pressing the hand of his counsellor, "and let our recent difference be forgotten. Thou hast my full pardon."
"When your majesty has obtained your own forgiveness, it will be time enough to extend the same grace to me," rejoined Rosni, bluntly.
"Chevalier Crichton," said the Bourbon, turning in displeasure from his confidant, " will you escort the Princess of Condé to her brother ?"

The Scot's colour mounted to his temples at the proposal. "Your majesty has already appointed me to the post of your chicf attendant," he returned, in a voice of constrained calmness; "I cannot aecept both offices."
"Nor can I consent to part with you, mon cher," said Henri III., approvingly. "To put an end to this discussion, brother," he continued, addressing the Bourbon, "if you will find the princess, I will undertake to find the convoy."
"A la bonne heure!" cried the King of Navarre. "My task will be readily performed. Behold her!" he added, pointing to the royal gallery.
"Behold whom !-you cannot mean ?-"
"In the queen of the lists-in the fair Esclairmonde your majesty beholds the sister of Ifenri of Condé-my cousin-your cousin, sire."
"Mort et damnation! Esclairmonde my cousin! Esclairmonde a Princess of Condé!- Wrere it so-but you do not, cannot cxpect us to credit your assertion, unsupported by proof, upon a point like this?"
"I have proofs, sire,-proofs of her illustrious birth-of her capture as an infunt by Tavannes-of her detention within the Louvre by Catherine-proofs which will carry conviction even to. the mind of your majesty."
" Produce them, brother, produce them!" cried Henri III., trembling with agitation.
"Let your guard, by sound of trump, summon before your presence Messire Florent Chrétion, a preacher of the Reformed Faith and the spiritual adviser of the princess; he is within the Louvre-he is in possession of these proofs."
"Ha! think you to delude us by the devices of the evil one-of his minister?" vociferated Henri III. "Think you we would place the fabrications of this miserable hypocrite against the word of' our mother? 'Think you we will endure the presence of a heretic, and a propagator of heresy, knowing him to be such? Let him take heed how he approaches us-how he defiles the hem
of our garment-how he pollutes our palace. The Grève hath an axe-the Pré-aux-cleres a stake-Montliucon a gibbet. He shall have his choice of the three; the sole grace a false and perjured Huguenot may look for at our hands."
"Be all three his portion and mine, if he deceives you, sire," returned the Bourbon. "Let him be summoned. I will abide the issue."
" Be it so," replied Henri III., as if he had suddenly decided upon the course he ought to pursue.
"Your guard must seek him within the dungeons of the Louvre," said Crichton. "He is a prisoner."
"A prisoner!" echoed the Bourbon, starting.
"A prisoner !" repeated Henri III., joyfully.
"He is in the hands of Catherine de Medicis," continued the Scot.
"And the documents?" demanded the King of Navarre, eagerly.
"Are also in her majesty's possession," returned Crichton. "Florent Chrétion is adjudged to the stake."
"Will you now forgive yourself, sire?" asked Rosni, in a low tone.
"Away!" ejaculated the King of Navarre, stamping his foot upon the ground with wrath. "Ventre-saint-gris! is this a season for reproaches? Your majesty, I am well assured," he added, indignantly appealing to his royal brother, "will see fit to reverse this most unjust judgment. Chrétien is innocent of all crime."
"Of all, save that of heresy, it may be," returned Henri III., "than which no guils is more heinots and unpardonable in our eyes, and of which, even by your own showing, he is culpable. Our mother has acted in conformity with our wishes, and in furtherance of the interests of the true faith, in condemning this Huguenot preacher to expiate his offences against Heaven at the stake; and, were our sanction needful, it should be readily accorded."
"Vive la messe!" cried the courtiers.
"You hear, brother," said Henri III., smiling. "Such are the sentiments of every good Catholic."
"Will you violate the majesty of your own laws, sire ?" demanded the Bourbon. "Have you no regard for the sanctity of" the pledges voluntarily given for the security of your Protestant subjects?"
"Hareticis fides non seıvanda est," rejoined Henri III., coluly.
"It follows then, sire," said the Bourbon, "that your royal word, passed to me for the liberation of the Princess Esclairmonde, is not binding upon your pliant conscience?--ha!"
$\because$ Satisfy me that she is a princess, and I will kecp my faith with you, albeit you are a heretic, brotl:cr. Produce your proofs, and I repeat, she is frec."
"Your majesty may safely make that promise now," returned the Bourbon, scornfully.
"If $I$ produce those proofs ere midnight, will you fulfil your word, sire ?" asked Crichton, advancing.

IIenri III. was visibly embarrassed.
" You cannot retreat, my liege," whispered the Duc de Nevers.
"But, fair cousin," returned the king, in an under tone, "we would rather part with our crown than Esclairmonde-and this accursed Scot would outwit the devil."
"He will not outwit Catherine de Medicis, sire," said the dul.c. "I will put her upon her guard."
"How says your majesty?" demanded the Bourbon.
"Our word is already passed," returned Henri III.
"Enough!" said Crichton, retiring.
At this moment the Vicomte de Joyeuse approached.
"I am the bearer of a billet from the queen-mother, sire," $\mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{i}}$ saicl, presenting a sealed despatch to the king.
"Peste!" exclamed Henri III., as he glanced over the contents of the letter. "We have been too precipitate, fair cousin," continued he, addressing the Duc de Nevers. "Her majesty counsels us to treat the Bearnais with all courtesy and consideration."

The duke replied by a shrug of the shoulder.
"Nay, this is not all," added the king; "she entreats us to restore his sword."
"And your majesty will, of course, comply with her request."
"Pardicu! no, cousin."
" Remember the fair Esclairmonde, sire."
"Ah! you are right," returned Henri III., hastily. "That name at once decides me. I know not what credit is to be attached to this story of the lovely demoisclle's birth. It is possible it may be true. But true or false, it is plain, if I would hope to succeed in my designs upon her, I must now, more than ever, yield implicit obedience to my mother's behests."
"Wisely resolved, sire."
"A reconciliation with the Béarnais will not be difficult," pursued Henri III.; "his choler is as readily appeased as aroused. You shall see how easily we will cajole him. A fair word or so will make all smooth between us. Approach, brother," he continued, addressing the King of Navarre in a friendly tone; "I have done you wrong, and am eager to make you reparation."
"Sire!" exclaimed the Bourbon, springing eagerly forward.
"Your hand, brother."
"It is the hand of a heretic, sire."
"No matter! it is a loyal hand, and as such I clasp it. Nay, withdraw it not, good brother. I wish all my court to perceive that we are on terms of amity together-especially my mother," he added, aside.
" Vive le Roi !" cried the courtiers. And the shout was echoed by a thcusand voices.
"I have deprived you of your sword," continued Henri III. "You cannot reclaim your gift from the Chevalier Crichton. I pray you, therefore, to wear this blade for my sake," he added, unbuckling his rapier, the hilt of which was studded with cliamonds, and presenting it to the King of Navarre. "Promise me only that you will not draw it against a subject of France."
"I will wear it for your defence, sire," replied the Bourbon. "Your majesty's kindness will not allow me for an instant to doubt your sincerity, but I would glacly learn to whom I am indebted for this sudden alteration in your sentiments."
"'To one whose intercession you searcely merit," returned Hemri III., with a gracious smile-" to the queen-mother."
"Jour de dien!" exclaimed the Bourbon, "to her!"
"Pardon the unworthy reception I have given you. I was taken by surprise, and could not divest myself of certain misgivings, which this letter has wholly dispelled. I will make the best amends in my power."
"Grant me the life of Florent Chrétien, and we are quits, sire."
Henri III. was again perplexed.
"His life is in my mother's hands," he said; "make your appeal to her. You stand well with her, it seems. I never interfere between her majesty and the objects of her displeasure. Yet stay! if you can induce this Chrétien to abjure his heresies, I think I may venture to promise you his life."
"You have ratified his doom, sire," said the Bourbon, retiring. "What think you of this change, Rosni?". he added, as he rejoined his counsellor.
"I like it not," returned Rosni. "The friendship of this Vilain Herodes is more to be dreaded than his enmity. But you have confided in him?-"
"Bon gré, mal gré," answered the Bourbon.
"How have I played my part, my cousin?" asked Henri III. of the Duc de Nevers.
"To admiration, sire," replied the duke.
"You are a flatterer. But I am weary of this conference. Bring forward our captive and his dog. 'Twill divert my thoughts to question him."
"Take heed, compère," cried Chicot; "you will not find that dog so carefully muzzled as the great bear of Berne."

## CIIAPTER X.

## THE MISSAL.

## ——Que toute trahison sur le traitre retombe!

Victor Hugo. Hernant.
Blount, who had been strictly guarded during the conference previously detailed, and had endured, with stoical calmness, all the petty persecution, in the shape of taunts and blows, that his captors chose to inflict, was now dragged into the king's presence. Druid followed as closely at his heels as the sash by which he was restrained would permit him to do.
"Before you bestow yon caitiff's head upon the exceutioner of the Chatelet, my liege," said Joyeuse, "it may be well to interrogate him as to the motive of his daring action. I can scarcely think, with all his reckless courage, that it proceeded from mere bravado. My own opinion is," he added, lowering his voice, "that he is charged with a message to the Bearnais-in which case your majesty may elicit some important information from him."'
"I will essay, mon enfant," replied IIenri III.; " but I despair of success. Look at his stubborn visage and resolute bearing, and say if threats are likely to shake him? 'That man would perish rather than play the traitor."

Arid so it proved. Blount reflased to return other than a surly monosylabic response to the monarch's inquiries.
"Remove him to the Grand-Chatelet," said Henri III., impatiently, "and let the question ordinary and extraordinary be proposed to him."
"It will extort nothing," rejoined the Englishman, firmly.
"I was right, you perceive, mon cher," sail the monarch, turning to his favourite.
"I will find a way to wring his secret from him, my liege," replied the vicomte. "I see where his vulncrable point lies."

And he whispered to the king.
"You have hit it," returned Henri, laughing; " but procced not to extremities."
"Leave him to me, sire," said Joycuse. "Draw thy sword," he added, addressing the man-at-irms by whom Druid was guarded, "and upon each interroration which this obstinate traitor may decline to answer, hew a limb from his hound."

The weapon of the halberdier flashed in the air.
"Devils!" cried Blount, in a voice that sounded like the roar of a lion, at the same time exerting himself with so much force as to burst asunder the leathern thong that confined his arms. "What would you have me do?"
"Reply, without disguise, to his majesty's interrogations," said Crichton, advancing towards him.
"Well, then," returned Blount, " to spare my dog unnecessary suffering, I will do that which I would not have done to preserve my own flesh from the hot pincers, or my bones from the grinding wheel-I will speak-though, by the rood! I have nothing to reveal. I might have borne to see Druid perish," he muttered, "but to behold him die by piecemeal-no-no-I could not endure that."
" What brought thee hither, thou contumacious varlet?" demanded Henri III. "Wert thon not aware that thy life would pay the penalty of thy rashness?"
"I was fully aware of the consequences of the step I took," answered the Englishman. "But the desire to serve a friend was paramount to any consideration of danger."
"What friend, sirrah?"
"I have been too bold, perhaps, to term him such," returned Blount; " but death levels all distinctions, and mine is so near at hand, that I may claim some exemption from worldly forms. My fidelity will, I nothing doubt, insure me a worthy place in his remembrance."
"Thy devotion to whom, sirrah?" demanded Henri III., impatiently. "To the King of Navarre?"
"To the Chevalier Crichton, sire."
"'To Crichton!" echoed Henri, in astonishment. "Morbleu! Joyeuse," he continued, addressing the ricomte, "this Scot exercises an unaccountable influence over his fellows. Here is a sturdy knave, who derides the dungeon and the rack, ready to lay down his head for the love he bears him. By what magic is this accomplished?"
"By the magic of manner, sirc," returned Joycuse. "Was ever smile beheld so captivating-was ever demeanour witnessed at once so courteous and so dignified, as that of Crichton! Add to the charm of manner, the ennobling and heroic spirit of chivalry breathing from his lightest word and action-weaving its spell around him, and inspiring all who approach with kindred ardour, and you have the secret of his witchery over the minds of men. It was the same with Bayard-the same with Du Guesclin-with Charlemagne, and with Godefroy de Bouillon. Some men there are for whom we would willingly live: others for whom we would as readily dic. Crichton is among the latter."
"You have merely drawn the distinction between friendskip and devotion, mon cher," replied Henri, turning, with a look of displeasure, towards Blount. "Thy intelligence must have been of vital import, sirrah," he added, pursuing his inquiries, "since it could not be delayed till the jousts were ended?"
"My errand was nothing more," answered Blount, carelessly, "than to apprise the Chevalier Crichton that a packet on which he set some store, and which, after incurring various risks, had been strangely found, was again as strangely lost."
"Is that all thon knowst concerning it, mon maitre?"
"I know that it las proved a fatal charge, sire. All who have meddled with it have come to ill. It was lost, as it was won, at the point of the sword. 'To the breast of him who first grasped it, it brought a poignard; to the next who received it, the stake; and to myself, it is like to bring the axe. May like calamity alight on her into whose possession it hath now fallen."
" Your majesty will, perhaps, next question him as to his acquaintance with the contents of the packet :" interposed Crichton.
"By no means," returned Henri, frowning. "I perceive your drift, and have heard enough to convince ine that the testimony of this traitor is suborned. Hola! Larehant," he continued, addressing one of the officers in attendance, "let the prisoner be conveyed to the Chatelet, and thrown into the Fïn d'mise, where, if he expire not within the week, the headsman may release him from further torture."
"Yours are tender mercies, sire," returned Blount, smiling disdainfully.
" Let the hound be cared for," continued Henri.
"Is he not to go with me?" asked Blount, startine.
"Hence with the prating knave!" exclaimed the king, furiously.
Blount suddenly broke from his guards, and prostrated himself at the king's feet.
"I do not ask for merey, sire," he cried. "I know my life is forfeited, and justly; but oh! separate me not from my fiithful companion."

Hemi wavered. If he had a heart, it lay on the side on which the Englishman now assailed him.
"Thou lovst thy dog?" he said, musingly.
"Better than my life."
"'Tis a grood sign!-Thou slinuldst be honest. I cannot, however, grant thy request. Refusal here is mercy. The poor animal would only howl beneath thy carcase; and it may console thee to learn, tiat in changing masters, he will find one who will not value him less than thou dost, "while he is better able to protect him. Stand back! mon maitre."
"My dog is no courtier," replied Blount, rising; " he will serve no second master. What ho! Druid."

This summons, followed by a short, sharp whistle, brought Druid mstantly to the Englishman's fect. The scarf was round his throat; and in his tecth he held a large fragment of the apparel of the man-at-arms, which he had torn off in effecting his liberation.
"I knew no bonds would hold thee, brave fellow," said Blount, raressing his dog, who, in his turn, fondly licked his master's hand. " We nust part, old comrade."

Druid looked wistfully in his face.
"For ever," said Blount, slowly, "for ever!"
"A way with him," cried Henri, " but take heed you harm not
the dog. I would not lose that noble animal for a prince's ransom."
"A moment, sire, and he is yours," ejaculated Blount, orer whose open and manly countenance a sullen cloud had now spread. "It is hard to part with a friend whom one has long cherished. This dog," he continued, with difficulty mastering the emotion, which was proclaimed by sundry twitches at the corners of his mouth, " will feed from no hand but mine; will answer to no call but mine; will fight at no bidding but mine. I must teach him obedience to his new master. You will find hrm tractable enough when I have done with him."
"I will take every care of him," said Henri, somewhat affected by the scene.
"Fare thee well, Druid !" murmured Blount; " and now," he added, gently, " lie down, lie down, old friend."

Druid crouched upon the ground.
Swift as thought Blount placed his foot upon the dog's body, as if about to crush him to the earth, and with both hands seized the scarf entwined around his throat. Though he perceived the action, and might have guessed its intent, Druid offered no resistance. His eyes were fixed upon his master. The noose was tightened, and in another instant the fate of the brave dog would have been sealed, but for the intervention of Crichton, who forcibly arrested the Englishman's arm.
"Desist!" he whispered. "I promise to despateh him, if aught befal thec."
"You promise more than you can perform sometimes, Chevalier Crichton," returned Blount, sullenly. "You undertook to free me from any peril I might incur in the execution of your orders. My head is now within reach of the axe."
"Thy own madness has brought it there," rejoined Crichton, sternly. "Release thy dog, or I abandon thee to thy fate."

Blount, with some reluctance, relinquished his hold of the scarf. "Where is the missal which I entrusted to thy care?" continued the Scot.
"Where you placed it-next my heart; where it will remain while that heart beats."
"Saint Andrew be praised!" exclaimed Crichton, joyfully. "Anticipating they would seareh thee, and discover that book upon thy person, I allowed matters to proceed thus far. But no imjury should have been done thee. Deliver it instantly to the king."

Crichton retired, and Blount drew a small richly-gilded volume from his doublet. "Sire!" he said, addressing Henri III., "this book, confided to me by the Cheralier Crichton, dropped from the folds of the packet about which you have just questioned me. It was committed to my charge because, upon ascertaining it was a mass-book of the Romish Church, Messire Florent Chrétien refused to receive it. I am a Catholic. And were I not, I have
no such scruples. It would seem to belong to your majesty. The veilum cover is emblazoned with a royal crown-with the lilies of France, and with the letters $C$ and $H$."
"Pardieu! it is our mother's missal," exelaimed Henri III.; " it is her eipher linked with that of the king our father. Give me the book, Du Halde."
" Your majesty will not touch it," said the Duc de Nevers, turning pale; "it may be poisoned."
"I will be the first to open it, if you have any such apprehensions, my liege," interposed Crichton.
"I have no fear," replied the king. "From these pages I derive health and succour, not bane. Ah! mon Dieu!" he exclaimed, as his eye rested upon a leaf on which certain mysterions characters were traced. "Have I chanced upon the serpents' nest ?"
"What have you diseovered, my liege ?" asked Joyeuse.
"A plot!" vociferated Henri IIII; " a conspiracy" against our crown-against our life!"

Universal consternation prevailed amidst the assemblage. Many mysterious and suspicious irlances were interchanged by the nobles, and a look of intelligence passed unobserved between Crichton and the King of Navarre.
"By whom is this plot contrived, my liege?" asked the Duc de Nevers, with quivering lips.
"iby whom think you, monsicur le due? -by whom think you "" "thundered the king.
"By the Guise?"
"By our father"s son-by the Duc D'Anjou."
There was a deep silence, which no one cared to break except the Bourbon, who couched slightly in an ineffectual attempt to conceal his satisfaction.
"I have long suspected my brother's treachery," said Hemri, after a pause, during which he appeared greatly disturbed; "but I have here evidence of his guilt under his own hand."
"It is a letter you have found, sire?" inquired the Duc de Nevers, anxiously.
"Ay, my cousin," returned the king, in a deep whisper, " it is a letter!-a letter from Anjou to our mother-a letter of treason and blood penned upon these sacred pages-a letter devised by the demon, inscribed upon the word of God!"
"It is a forgery, my liege. The Duc D'Anjou is incapable of a crime so monstrous and mnatural. I will answer for his innocence with my head."
"Answer for yourself, monseigneur," replied Henri, in a freez. ing tone, at the same time speaking in a roice so low as to be inaudible to his attendants, "you will find it no easy matter. The characters in which this letter is traced reveal the writer. They are secret characters, known only to myself-my mother-and this areh traitor. They were contrived for the security of my own
despatches from Poland, when Charles stood towards me as I now stand to Anjou; and when my mother betrayed him, as she has here betrayed me. These characters cannot have been fabricated, neither can they be deciphered withont a key. Look at this writing! To you it is incomprehensible as an Egyptian hieroglyphic: to me legible as the billet of a mistress. And see! a leat is wanting. Where was our mother's letter-here is Anjou's answer. Jesus-Maria! if I had any doubts left, this would remove them. 1 am doubly betrayed."
" My gracious licge-"
"Anjou is guilty of lezze-majesté and felony in the highest degree -and shall die the death of a traitor-as shall all who have favoured, or are engaged in this foul conspiracy-even though I flood the Louvre in the noblest blood of France. The scaffold and the block shall not be removed from these courts, nor shall the headsman cease his labour till he has utterly exterminated this hydra-headed monster of rebellion. Hitherto I have been casy, forgiving, merciful. It has availed nothing. Henceforth I will be relentless and inflexible. The ordinance of my ancestor Louis XI., which condemns him who is guilty of misprision of treason, to like doom with the traitor, is not yet abrogated. You have answered for Anjou with your head. 'Take heed I claim not the pledge. It is already forieited."
"Your suspicions cannot attach to me, sire," faltered De Nevers. "I have been your loyal follower ever."
"My suspicions!" echoed the kinge, in a tone of irony. "Par la Mort-dien! monseigneur, I suspect you not-I am assured of your treachery."
"Malédiction! this to me, sire."
"Be patient, fair cousin. Another such intemperate exclamation, and my guard shall conduct you to the lastile."
"Your menaces alarm me not, sire," replied the duke, who had now recovered his composure, "conscious as I am of my innocence, and of the groundlessness of the charge preferred against me. The name of Gonzaga has never yet been coupled with that of traitor. Were I aware of any conspiracy agrainst your majesty, I would denounce it, though my own son were its leader. And if I should march hence to the seaffold with which you have threatened me, my last prayer should be for the uninterrupted prosperity and long continuance of your reign."
"Judas!" muttered the king between his teeth; " the plot is better organised, and nearer its outbreak, than I deemed it, if he is thus confident. I must proceed with greater caution. Qui nescit dissimulare, uescit regmare. Vive-dieu, cousin," he continued, placing his hand familiarly upon the duke's saddle-bow, and regrarding him with a look, in which distrust was skilfully veiled by an expression of friendliness, "your warmth would almost persuade inc I have wronged you in suspecting you of defection. If it be so, yot wili know how to overlook the error. En-
vironed as I an lyy faction and sedition-surrounded by perfidy in all shapes and all aspects-by rebels in the mask of brothers -traitors under the cloak of counsellors-assassins in the guise of friends; when those I have most lovel, most hononed, most rewarded, are the first to desert, to betray me; when those bound to me by the strict ties of duty, and by the stricter tics of affinity, forget alike their allegiance and affection; when the hand that once caressed me brings the poignarl to my bosom; and the lips, from which the fondest maternal endearments have flowed, command my destruction, I may be forgiven if I should mistake a loyal follower for a deadly enemy, and for a moment question the stainless honour, and mistaken, though not wholly unrequited, fidelity of Gonzaga."
"My services, however requited," replied the duke, with some asperity, "should have secured me from these ummerited taunts. But since they who should be nearest to your highmess in your love are visited with the extremity of your indignation, I an content to disregard the affront."
" You do wisely, monseigneur," rejoined the king, with a smile of derision; " $I$ need not femind you this is not the first time I have detected and defeated Anjou's treasonable sehemes. I need not tell you of the revolt which was to have followed my return from Poland to the throne of France ; of the ambuseade which beset iny route; of the assassins who were banlked of their victim. I need not tell you of my brother's capture. interroration, and confession; of the decapitation of La Mule and Coconnas; and of my mistaken clemency. Catherine de Medicis in those days watched over my safety with zealous care. Now she has instigated a rebellion she was then prompt to crush. Would to Heaven Anjou hat yielded to the promptings of his own dark heart, and strangled her, as he intended to do, when she embraced him in his prison at Vincennes."
"Sire, your resentment carrics you too far. Catherine de Medicis is still your mother. To her you owe your crown."
"Oui-da, monseigneur, and to her, also, I might owe my abdieation and dethronement, if she would permit me to finish my term of life in the seclusion of a cloister. Think you I know not whose hand has hitherto grasped the reins of empire-whose voice has swayed my councils-whose mandates have controlled my edicts-whose policy has influenced my actions? Thimk you I deemed, when Catherine resigned the regency of this realm to me, she resigned also its sovereign sway? Pardieu! if such has been your opinion, it is time you were undeccived. I ove her macl, but she owes me more. I am indebted to her for the name of king: she has to thank me for the powers of royalty. If I have preferred an existence of enjoyment and repose (as much repose, at least, as is ever allotted to princes) to the cares and responsibilities of active govermment-if I have sought to dispel my emmui by a thousand trifling occupations-if the pursuits of pleasure,
the exercises of derotion, the companionship of favourites and of mistresses, have engrossed my attention-though my people may have some reason to complain, my mother has none, because such a course has been consonant to her inclinations. I have submitted all to her disposal. But, if I am rudely awakened from my dream of security-if I find that the arm which defended me has become hostile-that what I have quietly yielded is to be forcibly wrested from me-that not even the semblance of rule is to be left; what wonder if I start, like one from a trance, and, banishing from my breast all feelinas, save those akin to justice and retribution, prepare to wreak my vengeance upon the heads of the aggressors?"
"Calm yourself, my liege."
" Tête-ct-sang! I am calm enough, as you will find anon, monseigneur. I pardoned my brother's first transgression-restored him to my love-bestowed upon him in appanage the dukedoms of Berri and Anjou, the carldoms of Touraine and Maine, and refused only his solicitation for the lieutenant-generalship of the kingdom. I had good reasons for my refusal. I reserved that high post for some adherent, trustworthy and meritorious as the Duc de Nevers."
" Sire," replied the duke, in confusion, mable to divine Henri's real meaning, and fearful of some snare being laid for him, "I have already received too many proofs of your favour."
"Bah!" exclaimed the king, with ill-disguised irony; "I never till now sufficiently appreciated your services or fidelity. 'True, I thought, in raising you to your present elevated position-in entrusting my Piedmontese army to your command-in appointing you to the govermment of Pignerol, Savillan, and La Perose; in placing ecrtain wealthy benefices at your disposal; in granting you a heavy pension from the coffers of the state, and investing you with the cordon of the Saint-Esprit which hangs from your gorget; in doing all this I imagined I had made some slight return for your unremitting zeal and deroteduess. But I perceive my mistake. I have yet a greater service to exact:-I have yet a higher reward to offer."
"The service I can conjecture," said the duke, after a pause" the reward-"
"The post I refused to Anjou. My refusal made Eim a traitor. My grant shall make you loyal."
" Sire!"
" Your brevet shall be signed to-norrow."
"I should prefer it to-day," replied the duke, significantly. "To-morrow it may be out of your majesty's power."
" Ha !" exelamed Henri, with a thrill of appreliension, " is my peril then so imminent? Mary Mother protect me!"'
"In the Virgin's name," whispered the duke, "I beseech you to maintain your composure. You are surrounded by the spies of

Catherine de Medicis, whose glances are fixed upon your every look anti gesture; whose ears are on the alert to eateh each word you let fall. Still appear to suspect me, or I shall become as much the object of their vigilance as your majesty. You are on the brink of a precipice. My arm alone can arrest your fall."
"How shall I evince my gratitude?" said Henri, vainly endeavouring to repress his agitation.
"By the fulfilment of your promise, sire."
" Doubt it not-doubt it not, my cousin. You shall have your appointment on my return to the Louvre. I swear it by Saint Louis, my patron! And now relieve my anxicty. You have put me on the rack-"
"Your majesty must excuse my saying more at present," returned the duke, evasively; "I have already said too much. Your cabinet will be the fittest place for my further disclosures. Here I dare not breathe them. Meantime, do not disquiet yourself. I will answer for your safety."

Henri darted an angry and distrustful glanee at the wily De Nevers. "Who will answer for your honesty, monsicur le due?" he said.
"San-Francesco, my patron," replied the duke, smiling.
"Where is the Prince Vincenzo:" demanded Hemri.
"He has been removed by his attendants to the Hotel de Nevers," answered the duke. "Heaven be praised his wound is not dangerous."
"'Tis well!" exelaimed Henri. "And now take heed, cousin. 'Io-morrow you are chief in command of our armies, or," he added, in a deep, determined tone, "the Duke of Mantua will have to lament his son and brother."
"As you please, my liege," rejoined De Nevers, with affected indifference. "I have warned you, and you will find my warning fearfully verified if you neglect it. Arouse the suspicions of Catherine de Medicis, and all is lost. Her party is stronger than your own. Her majesty, I perceive," he continued, carelessly looking in that direction, " has quitted the grand gallery. She has remarked our conference, and despatched a secret messenger to aseertain its object. It must be brought to a close. Pardon my freedom, sire. Danger is not ceremonious."
"So I find," said Henri.
"Be ruled by me, my liege," continued the duke, "and your crown shall be preserved without risk-withoat bloodshed. I will meet plot with counter-plot; stratagem with stratagem; and turn the weapons of your adversaries against themselves. One life only shall be sucrificed."
" The life of my brother?" faltered Henry.
"No, sire; that of your rival in the affections of Esclairmonde --that of the Chevalier Crichton."
"Sang-dieu! though I shall not regret to be freed from a rival so
formidable as Crichton, ï see not how his destruction wili ensare the success of your schemes."
"On him rests the chief reliance of Catherine de Medicis-of the Due d'Anjou. On him devolves the terrible part of your assassination."
" Jesus:" exclaimed Henri, smelling at a flacon which he took from his escarcelle.
" He must dic."
'In haven's name let him die, cousin. Order his instant execution, if you think proper."
"In grood time, iny liege. And now let me counsel your majesty to command some of your youthful nobles and entlemen to enter the lists, or to engage in such knightly exercises as may induce your lynx-cyed mother and her mouchards to conclude our tête-ìtette has had reference only to the business of the tilt-yard.'
" Well thought of, consin," replied Inenri. "Bat cim you not devise some better expedient than the withdawal of our loyal attendants from our side at a critical conjuncture like the present? I lare not-will not hazard it."
"What say you to a combat of animals, sire?" insinuated De Nevers. "Mamy months have elapsed since the gentle dames of your court had an opportunity of witnessing a spectacle so delight. ful. It will afford them the highest gratification, and answer our purpose admirably. Suppose you make trial of the strength and ferocity of the African lion, sent by Philip II. of Spain, against the tigers lately presented to your majesty by the Grand Signor Amurath III., or, if you think that match unequal, against the pack of German wolves-"
"Or Italian foxes," interrupted Henri. "No, De Nevers; were the lion worsted, I should hold it an evil omen. I have often heard of the extreme hardihood of an English bull-dog in the fight; I will now put it to the test."
" Bravo!" exclaimed the duke.
"I have a wild Spanish bull, black as Pluto, and fieree as Chiron," continued the king; "he shall sustain the hound's attack. Bid his keepers bring him forth, and chain him to the stoutest post they can find in the lists. Mort-dicu! 'twill be brave sport," he added, rubbing his hands with pleasurable anticipation.

De Nevers bowed and retired. Henri gazed after him a moment in silence, and then addressing his chief valet, said quickly, "Follow him, Du ILalde, and let me know with whom he converses. 'Take note of all he does. Away !-Strange !" he muttered, "everything, whether of love or peril, in which I am concerned, seems to hinge upon Crichton."
"Not' at all, compere," said Chicot, who had overheard the latter part of the monarch's self-communion; " he is your destiny."
"How, gossip?"
"In his hand rest your crown-your life-your mistrcss."

## " Sirrah !"

"Henriot," said the jester, with a look that ill became his wonted laughter-moving visare, "for the first time in my life I am serious."
" And the last, I hope, gossip," returned the king.
"No, compère, I shall be more serions when I am buffoon to François III. By my bauble! I had rather they should carve me a monument like that of Thevenin de Saint-Ligier, the faithful fool of Charles V., at Senlis, than what I fear should happen. And it will happen unless you profit by my caution."
"And what is thy caution, my poor gossip?"
"Place your faith in Crichton, cher Henriot," whmpered the jester. "Otherwise I shall certainly lose one of the best of masters, and France will as certainly gain one of the worst of kings."

Struck by the jester's unfeigned, though ludicrous, emotion, Henri seemed to reflect for a short time. He then motioned the Scot to approach him. "Chevalier Crichton," he said, "to your charge I intrust this missal. I may require you to produce it hereafter: But understand me, and you too, messeigneurs," he added, looking round, "the suspicions entertained of treasonable intentions on the part of my brother have been entirely dispelled by the Duc de Nevers. I recal my accusation, and beg of you to dismiss it from your remembrance."

A murmur of astonishment and displeasure was heard among the courtiers.
"Have I your majesty's permission to defy the Duc de Nevers to the combat," said Crichton, unable to repress his indignation, " and to extort from his own lips an avowal of his treason?"
"It is needless, mon cher. He has cleared himself from all imputation of guilt."
"You are the dupe of this wily Italian, my liege," returned the Scot, with warmth; " he is a felon knight, and disloyal gentleman."
"The duke is absent, messire," said Henri, anxious to put an end to the discussion.
"On his return I will hurl the epithets in his teeth."
"Be that task mine," cricd Joyeuse. "You have won nonour enough. My sword is cager to leave the scabbard."
"I have a vow to defend his majesty agsinst all traitors," exclaimed Saint-Luc, "and claim the right of challenge."
"His be the right who first shall affront the caitiff," shouted D'Epernon, striking spurs into his charger.
" Agreed !" cried Joyeuse, following the baron's cxample. "We shall see who will be first in the race."
" Hold! messeigneurs," ejaculated Henri, authoritatively. " Let no one stir from hence on pain of our sovereign displeasure."
"Vive-dieu!" ex!laimed Joyeuse, chafing with vexation. "Your majesty, shows more favour to traitors than to your loyal followers."
"Be patient, mon enfant," returned Henri, smiling graciousty. "Your devotion and that of my other faithful friends shall not be forgotten. Meantime, I forbid all further allusion to this matter. After the banquet we shall hold a secret council, at which thou, Saint-Lue, D'Epernon, Crichton, and, I trust, my brother of Navarre, will assist. Till then, keep guard upon your specch and actions. Chevalier Criniton, a word with you."
"By my patron, the Evangelist," said Saint-Luc, shrugging his shoulders, "I am eompletely in the dark."
"And I," rejoined D'Epernon. "Henri seems bewitched. Like a love-sick damsel he will-and he will not. He evidently distrusts De Nevers, and yet will not avow his suspicions."
" He has good reasons, doubtless, for his caution," observed Joyeuse. "I will be sworn this false duke has betrayed his own party, and purchased Henri's favour with the heads of his colleagues. I am, moreover, of opinion, that in lieu of a peaceful melée by torchlight, we shall have a sanguinary conflict with swords and sharpened lances. So much the better! Perish the Medicis and her train of Italian impostors, priests, poisoners, and panders. If we can free Henri's neek from this intolerable yoke, he will indeed become a king."
"And thou?" interrupted D'Epernon, laughing.
"A duke, peradventure," returned Joyeuse. "En attendant, we are to have a duel between two raflines in the art of offence. The horns of the bull will, I trust, avenge the injuries inflicted by the tecth of that accursed hound on my gallant charger Bavicea."
"The hound will be the vietor, for a thousand pistoles," cried Saint-Luc.
"I am for you," replied Joycuse, cagerly.
"Let us look at him," said D'Epernon; "methought he was sorely wounded by your men-at-arms."
"That will not prevent his fighting," said Saint-Luc. "These dogs are the bravest in the world, and will fight as long as life endures."

Upon which the three nobles direeted their coursers towards the Englishman, at whose feet Druid still erouched.
"What think you of all this, Rosni?" said the King of Navarre to his counsellor.
"That mischicf is brewing, sire," replied the baron, knitting his brows," and that the Valois is either a knave, or a fool-perhaps both."
"It is easy to sec that a storm is gathering," rejoined the Bourbon. "But it will pass harmlessly over our heads, and may, perhaps, facilitate our cvasion."
"It may so," returned Rosni, gravely.
Henri III. meantime conferred apart with Crichton. "Guard that missal," he said, continuing his instructions, "as you would the hidden letters of her you love; as you would a tress of her hair, or
a glove from her hand; as you would guard holy relic or clarmed amulet. I may require it anon."
"I will guard it as I would the honour of her I love, sire," returned Crichton, haughtily. "It shall be wrested from me only with life."
"When the bull-fight is ended," said Henri, "depart secretly from the Lourre, and proceed to the Hotel de Nevers. Here is my signet. Dieplay it to any of the captains of the guard, and such men-at-arms as you may require will attend your. Arrest the Prince Vincenzo-"
" Sire!"
" Interrupt me not. Arrest him, I say, and let him be conveyed in a litter to the palace. I will give orders for his further custody. This done, rejoin us at the banquet."
"Sire," rejoined Crichton, regarding the king with a searching glance, "whatever commands you may impose upon me, I will obey. I would, however, counsel you to adopt measures widely difficent. I am at no loss to discover your design. It is unworthy of the grandson of François I.,-of the son of Henri H. Unmask these traitors, and let them perish by the death they merit. Sever the web they have woven around you with the sword. But do not resort to this perfidious Machiavelian policy-treachery against treachery, in which the winner is the loser-or you will find, when too late, that you are not so profoundly versed in its mysteries, or so intimately acquainted with its thousand shifts and expedients, as the subtle queen with whom you have to contend."
"We shall sce," replied Hemri, angrily. "W hat I now require is obedience, not counsel."
"Quicquid delirant reyes," cried Chicot, who had stolen upon them unawares. "I am now more than ever convinced of the wisdom of the sage who wrote that kings are fools, and fools are kings. Mark the intimate relationship between us.

> Kings are fools, and fools are kings, Majesty does foolish things, While from Folly wisdon springs. Majesty her sceptre swings, Folly soon her bauble brings; Majesty to tinsel clings, Folly bells of silver rings. Crowns and coxcombs, fools and kings Are inseparable things: Where Kings govern Folly rules, Fools are kings, and kings are fools!"

At this moment a loud bellowing roar, followed by general plandits, announced the appearance of a new combatant within the precincts of the tilt-yard.

## CHAPTER XI.

## THE BULL.

J'ay ouy conter que feu son pere luy faisoit mesler en tous ses mangers et boirce de la poudre d'or. d'acier et de fer, pour le bien fortifier; ce qu'il continua si bien jusqu"à lâge de douze ans, quill le rendit ainsi fort et robuste, jusqu"a prendre un taureau par les cornes, et l'arrester en sa furie.

Branrôme. Hommes Illustres: Disc. LXXXII.
A menagerie, in the olden time, was considered an indispensable appendage to regal state. Sauval relates, that from the reign of Charles V. to that of Louis XII., there existed in the Rue Froidmantel, immediately behind the Louvre, a building "où sontaimt estre les lions du roi." When the ancient palace of the kings of France was in part destroyed to make way for the magnificent structure, erected upon its site by Pierre Lescot, and now known as the old Louvre, this vivarium, removed to one of the outer courts, was greatly increased by François I., and carefully maintained by his successors. Here, on grand occasions, conflicts took place between the savage occupants of the various cages, and the atrocities of a Koman amphitheatre were, in some degree, revived. Here the inhuman Charles IX., in whose bosom the soul of Nero was lodged, frequently repaired with his favourites to indulge his insatiable appetite for carnage. Here, brilliant crowds assembled; and the courage and devotion of a lover were sometimes severely tested by his mistress, who, dropping her glove into the scene of strife, made its restoration the price of future favours.

An exploit of this description, attended with more than ordinary peril, marked the commencement of Crichton's amour with Marguerite de Valois. A combat of animals had been commanded. Scaffoldings, reared around the court, were graced with the flower and loveliness of the land. A fiereely-contested fight, between the ruler of the forest and the sole disputant of his sway-the striped tiger, had terminated in the defeat of the latter. With mane erect and paw heavily imposed upon the lacerated breast of his antagonist, the kingly brute, still growling with rage, glared defiance at the assemblare; when, amid the hush of silent admiration that succeeded his vietory, was heard the light musical langh of the Queen of Navarre, and the next moment her embroidered kerchief fell at the feet of the slaughtered tiger. The curiosity of the spectators to aseertain whose faith was to undergo this dread ordeal was not long ungratified. Exclamations of terror burst from many a sentle lip as the figure of a youthful cavalier was discovered within the aren.. To the terrible encounter in which he was about to engage, this youth brought only a poignard, and a short Spanish mantle swathed around his left arm. His finely-formed limbs had no other defence than was afforded by a rich attire of velvet and
saye, while his fair uncovered locks, floating over his shoulders, added to the noble and poctical beauty of his countenance. He looked like Ogier le Danois before the lion-ruarded seats of Avalon. With a swift and resolute step he advanced towards his foe, who awaited his approach with grim, but majestic composure. Ho hatd attained the object of his quest; his fort was placed on the kerchief; his eyes were fixed steadfastly upon the kindline orbs of the lion. At this juncture-and when searcely a breath was drawn by the spectators-a page at the back of the scaffold was s.ized with sudden fiimtness, and uttered a piereing ery. So absorbing, however. was the interest of the passing scene, that no one heded him, and he fell back deprived of sense. Better had it been for that page he had never revived! Roused by the ery, the lion menacer his fatal spring. With a roar that shook the rafters of the gallery, he prepared to dart upon his intuepid enemy. But the cavalier evaled the attack. As the furious beast k ounded against him, he sprang to one side, and, with marvellous force and skill, plunged his darger deeply into the animal's throat. The wound was not mortal. Lashing his sides with rage, the lion returned instantly to the charge. On this oceasion, the cavalier flung himself on the ground; and, as the animal passed over his prostrate body, inflicted another and surer stroke. The roseate hue, which, during the combat, had deserted the blooming cheek of Marguerite de Valois, returned with added lustre as the cavalier, on bended knee, shortly afterwards sucd for the prize he had so dearly won. Marguerite smiled upon him, as she granted his request, as only queens (and queens who love) can smile; and that smmle was then in his esteem held cheaply purchased by the hazard he had run.

On the same night the page we have described as overcome by emotion, beheld another conlliet, between the cavalier and the most celebrated duellist of his day, le bien raffiné Bussy D'Amboise-at that time the avowed favourite of the Qucen of Navarre. In this second encounter he was fortunate as the first. He disarmed and slightly wounded his adversary. Quitting this rendezvous, which took place in a retired walk within the gardens of the Lonsre, the cavalier entered the palace, still warily followed by the page. He was admitted, with some mystery, to the apartments of Marguerite de Valois. Framing a thonsand excuses, the page awaited his return within a corridor. It was a night of lengthened torture, for the gallant appeared not till dawn, when, with a quick and buoyant step, he pased the miserable witness of lis bomne fortuace.
"Why follow you not your master, the Scigneur Crichton, good youth ?" said Aubiac, Marguerite's confidential valet, to the page, who remained like one stupified. "The coast is clearaway!"
"Call him not my master," replied the page, bursting into an agony of tears, and tearing his raven curls; "I serve him not-I love him not-I will forget him. As to your royal mistress," he
continued, glaneing with fury at the door, " may my curse fill upon her; may she endure the anguish I have endured; may she pass one such night as I have passed." And with these words he rushed from the corridor.
"Ha! ha!" laughed Aubiac; "I see how it is-a girl in dis-ruise-over head and ears in love with this handsome Scot, whom all the women rave about, though for my part I sce nothing extraordinary in him. However, as Madame Marguerite admires him, I suppose he has merits I cannot discover. From henceforth the Sieur Bussy is dismissed; and for three wecks, or, it may be, three days, the Sieur Crichton will reign in his stead. Maugrebleu! I must take care that pretty vixen does not find her way here again. Of all plagues a jealous woman is the most intolerable; and of all women, your woman of intrigue is the most jealous. Madame Marguerite is the most jealous woman I have the honour to know. The maledietion of that unhappy damsel is likely enough to attach to her. Where have I seen that lovely face before? Those dark cyes are certainly not unknown to me. She looks like an Italian: ah! I have it-I recollect her. She is the principal actress of the Iotel de Bourbon. A fine girl iffaith. This Crichton is fortunate. I should prefer her to the queen."

Aubiac was right in the conjecture. It was the Gelosa.
To return. Within the ménagerie previonsly described the Duc de Nevers sought out the warlike beast destined to sustain the attack of Druid. Captured amid the Sierra Morena, this wild mountain bull - one of the fiereest of his untameable race - was so little subdued in spirit by confinement, that it required considerable address to approach him; and it was only by entirely exelnding light from his den, that his keepers were enabled to bind and blindfold him. In this state-now rushing madly forward, now suddenly halting, with lip curled upwards, nostrils distended, head bent down, and tail erect-foaming, butting, bellowing, and leaping-girt, as to his neck and shoulders, with a strong tether of ropes, so disposed, that he could neither break loose from his bondage, nor injure himself by its pressure; the furious animal, exasperated by the shouts of the spectators, reached the middle of the arena, where he was speedily attached to the central and stoutest stake in the lists. This done, the covering was withdrawn from his eyes.

Dazzled by the sudden transition from obscurity to sunshine, the bull appeared for a moment bewildered. He then uttered a sullen, ominons moan, which, in the opinion of the experienced, gave unquestionable assurance of resolution and ferocity. His vigour could not be doubted. In make he was perfect. Broad-chested, wide-fronted, straight-backed, thick-neeked, well-hammed-curled, shaggy, tufted; his tremendous energies were plainly written in every limb. In colour, from the points of his short, sharp, wrinkled horns to his pawing hoois, he was black as the steeds of Pluto.

The old Syracusans would have chosen him as an acceptable sacrifice to that Deity. Glaring around the assemblage with eyes of flame, tossinte the sand over his shoulders, and lashing his sides with his tail, he all at once changed his moan into a fieree prolonged roar of defiance. This challenge was instantly answered by a growl deep and terrible as his own.

Before, however, we attempt to describe the combat, we will repair, for a few moments, to the outer ranks of the spectators, composed of the burgesess, the scholars, and others of the commonalty of laris.
"Valeme Dios!" exclaimed a swarthy-visaged knave, with a broad-leaved, rusty sombrero pulled over his beetle brows, pressing forward as he spoke to obtain a nearer view of the bull; "a noble animal, and of a good heart, I'll be sworn. He is of the right breed and make. I know his stock well. He comes from the mountains of Estremadura; from the heights of the Guadalcana, where range herds of the finest steers in Spain-ciertamente! I have seen a hundred such when a gramd bull-fight has been held in the llaza at Madrid, in the presence of his most Catholic Majesty, Don Felipe; and by the black eyes of my mistress it was a glorions sight!"
"No donbt of it, most veracious Don Diego Caravaja," rejoined a bystander, turning round, and diselosing the eynical countenance of the Sorbonist. "But what brings you here, my hidalgo? I was told you had entered into the service of Ruggieri, on the last day of his compact with Sathanas, and were to be hanged from the walls of the Grand Châtelet, at the precise juncture that the fagots of the old sorcerer were lighted in the Place de Greve. Pardicu! I am glad to find I was misinformed."
"Never believe idle rumours, amigo," said the Spaniard, twisting lis moustache after a threatening fashion; "Ruggieri is free; and the hemp is yet unsown that shall form my halter. I, the familiar of a magician-foh! Hark ye, compañero," he added, mysteriously, "I am in the service of the queen-mother."
"You have quitted the devil, then, for his dam," replied the Sorbonist, with a sneering laugh. "But i'faith, man, whether you have escaped the noose of the hangman, or the clutches of the fiend, $I$ am delighted to see you. I am only sorry we shall lose the agreeable speetacle of your master's-I beg pardon-Ruggieri's execution. Because I had a wager with our comrade, the Bernardin, who stands by my side, that the Prince of Darkness would, as a matter of policy, deliver so serviceable an agent from the midst of his fiery torment."
"Which wager you have indubitably lost, compaign," laughed the Bernardin, "for the black prince has clearly interfered in his behalf by releasing him before he has even snuffed the odours of the resinous torches. Sapristi! I would you had laid a like stake on Caravaja. I should have been at double winner-ho! -ho!"
"Whoso wagereth on my neek, had better look to his own," said the Spaniard, coolly, at the same time tapping the hilt of his long 'Toledo in a significant manner, " or there may be more slitting than choking of weasands. A truce, however, to jesting. I am in no mood for it. In regard to the excution, you will not be disappointel, señors. The Pré-aux-Cleres will not want a bonfire tonight. Ruggieri's name has been erased from the warrant, and that of Florent Chrétien substituted."
" Io triumphe! let me embrace thee for the intelligence," cried the Sorbonist. "I had vowed that old simer's destruction. Better one heretic should perisin than a thousand sorcerers. There is some hope of the conversion of the latter. Besides, it will be a pleasant pastime to him.

> Tormenta, carcer, ungula, Stridensque flammis lanina, Atque ipsa penarum ultima Mors Lutheranis ludus estlidebat hec miles Dei."
"Chito!" whispered Caravaja, placing his finger on his lips, and again assuming a mysterious air, "this is not the only spectacle you will behold to-night."
" Indeed!" exclaimed the Sorbonist. elevating his eyebrows inta an expression of surprise; "what goodly sight is in reserve?"
"May I trust you"" demanded the Spaniard, yet more mysteriously.
"You may, if your disclosure be not treasonable," returned the scholar, mimieking the tone and gesture of his companion.
"Treasonable or not, I will contide in you," replied Caravaja, in a low voice; "see you these rose-nobles?" he added, thrusting his hand into his doublet, and exhibiting, under the shadow of his cloak, which he held over them, a glittering handful to the greedy eyes of his companion.
"Whose throat are you bribed to cut?" asked the Sorbonist, spitefully.
"Thine, if thou amendest not thy speech, amigo. But listen to me, and I will tell thee how to replenish thine empty pouches. I have discovered the true El Dorado. Lend me thine ear."

The Sorbonist complied. He soon became deeply interested in Caravaja's communication.
"And is this to take place to-night?" he inquired, as the Spaniard concluded.

Caravaja nodded.
"And the whole court is to be turned topsy-turvy?"
Caravaja nodded again.
"And thine office-our o!lice, I should say-if I join you-is -the word sticks in my throat-the assassination of Crichton?"

Caravaja nodded for the third time, adding a slight cough by way of emphasis.
"By Barrabas! I like it not," said the Sorbonist, as if struck with contrition. "I would not stick at a trifle-but this is crime on too grand a scale for my fancy."
"Chorse," returned Caravaja, pointing alternately to the purse and a poignard. "I have but to name thee to one of Catherine's mouchards, of whom there are plenty around us, and the chances are shrewdly against thy reaching the Sorbonne in time for vespers."
"Of two evils the wise man electeth the lesser," replied the scholar. "After all, one king is as good as another. Le roi est mort-vive le roi! I am with you. I will be a conspirator. There is something antique and Roman in the jdea of overthrowing a tyrant. It will be as amusing as the jeu de coupe-tête."
"Bueno!" exclaimed the Spaniard," to-night thou shalt help to rid us of a foe. To-morrow thon mayst, peradventure, fill the place of one of these minions of the Sybarite. The scarf I will give thee anon. The word is-"
"Hark!" cried the Bernardin, interrupting their conference. "The sport is about to begin. You will lose it altogether if you stand so much aloof. May the devil direct the bull's horns to the heart of that aceursed hound for the fright he gave me at the disputation yesterday!"
Leaving these worthies to struggle for a good station to viers the fight, we shall now return to the arena.

Druid, meantime, had not remained inactive. No fiery champion ever evinced more inpatience at the sound of hostile bugle, than he displayed on hearing the roaring challenge of the bull. His fury could scarcely be restrained; and his efforts to break loose became at length so violent, that Blount was compelled to take him in his arms, and forcibly restrain him. Covered with dust and blood-the thick gore slowly dropping from his unstanched wounds, his head swollen, his right cye closed-the poor brute presented a deplorable spectacle. But neither suffering nor exhaustion affected his courage-he was still fierce and terrible as heretofore. To the questions put by the youthful nobles by whom he was surrounded, the Englishman refused all response, until the Vicomte de Joyense casually remarked, "that it was impossible the dor could fight long in that condition-he must speedily give in."

A slight sinile of derision passed across Blount's features.
"I would I were as sure of my freedom as I am of Druid's endurance." he said. "He is thorough-bred. And I would stake my life-if my life were my own to stake-that when once he has rinned the bull, nothing will move him. You may hew him in pieces, from tail to jowl; and, while life lasts, the fangs will cling."

The nobles were laughing loudly at this boast, when IIenri III., attended by Crichton, who still continued on foot, approached.
"Thy hound is in a sorry condition, maitre," said the king, in a compassionate tone; "dost think he will face his foc?"
"I an assured of it, sire," replied Blount.
"Thou hast vaunted his courage," continued Henri; "if he is victorious I give thee free pardon. If he loseth the battle thou diest."
"I am well contented," answered the Englishman.
The monarch and his retinue then proceeded to take up a position immediately in front of the bull, leaving an interval of some ter paces between them and the enraged animal, who eyed their movements with a look of malignant curiosity, redoubling his clamour, and vainly endeavouring to disengage limself from his bondage. All at once he became still-his glaring orbs seemed fascinated; he ceased bellowing; and giving a loud snort, that seattered the foam over his dusky shoukders, lowered the points of his horns.

The spectators next beheld a man, bearing a dog in his arms, advance from the ranks. At his approach the bull brought his broad front almost to a level with the sand.

Like his antagonist, the dog had left off growling. There was something formidable in the sudden silence of these two savage beasts, who had up to that moment filled the tilt-yard with their roaring.

Arrived within fitting distance of the hostile party, Blount deposited his burden upon the ground.
"Upon him !"' he cried; "thy country's honour is at stake."
But Druid stirred not.
"How, sir!" exclaimed Blount, angrily; " has thy valour degenerated since I brought thee to this craven country? Ha! I see,", he added, changing his manner; " $I$ am to blame, not thou." Upon which he clapped his hands together smartly twice or thrice, and uttered a shrill and peculiar ery.

Exasperated by these sounds, the bull slightly raised his head. The instant he did so, Druid, who had watehed his opportunity, sprang furiously upon him, and made grood his hold by fixing his teeth in the thick and fleshy covering of his antagonist's eye. Bellowing with rage and pain, the wounded animal sought to free himself from his persceutor by violently dashing his head to the earth, plunging it between his legs, shaking and tossing it in the air. His efforts were in vain. Crushed, brused, and gored, Druid relinquished not his gripe.

The spectators were in eestasies. Henri III. langhed till the tears filled his eyes. The Bourbon, who stood on his right hand, appeared equally to enjoy the spectacle.
"13y my bauble!" cried Chicot, thrusting himself between the stecds of the two monarehs, "'tis royal sport! and worthy the illustrious beholders. A goodly conclusion to a chivalrous spec-tacle-ha-ha! The sotie after the tragedy-the charivari after the widow's espousals. May it end as well as it hath begun!

Yon huge cornuto," he added, darting a malicious glance at the King of Navarre, " appears, as yet, to have the worst of it."
"Rail on, knave," returned the Bourbon, laughing goodhumoredly; "thou art welcome."
"Fear me not," rejoined Chicot; "I am of the bull-dog breed myself:

Ut eanis a corio nunquam absterrebitur uncto,
I never relax-once bit, hold tight. Attend!

> The horns of a bull, 'Whe sword of a fool, The heels of a mule, Make a King of Mismle. But of crown should he be shorn, Who weareth wittol's horn; Better queen had never suekled him, Than other quean shou'd cuckold him!"

The jester did not wait to see what effect these ribald strains produced upon the subject of his satire, but diving under the charger of his own sovereign, disappeared.

A loud shout was now raised. The bull had obtaned a momentary advantage over his assailant. By a tremendous effort-attended with considerable detriment to his own lide-he succeeded in dislodging Druid, whom he flung to a great height above his head. Fortunately, the brave hound escaped the deadly points that awaited his descent, but he fell so heavily to the ground, that few imagined he would rise to renew the conflict:-an opinion which was further strengthened when the bull, bending his knees, dropped upon Druid's body before he had time to recover himself, and strove to crush him by his ponderous weight. At this juncture the voice of the Englishman was heard in encouragement of his luckless companion.
"What ho! Druid-what ho!" he cried; "bestir thyself, or the knees of that accursed brite will force all the breath from thy body. By Saint Dunstan! I can scarcely forbear iny hand. Up! man-and rouse thec-or it is all over with both of us."

Henri III. was no less disturbed.
"Mort-dicu!" he cjaculated, " the brave hound will be slain, and I shall lose one, who might have proved my trustiest follower. Fool that I was to command this fight."
"Had you not better throw down your warder, gossip?" said Chicot, suddenly appearing on the left hand of the king; "the chivalrous bull will probably attend to your behests-and withhold the stroke of mercy. Down with it!-the base cur yields."
"'Tis false, thou yelping limmer, he does not yield," exelaimed Criehton, who, stationed also on the left of Henri III., hard watched the contest with lively interest. Scest thou not the maddened beast hath, in the blindness of his fury, driven his horns decply into the soil, and not into the dog's reins. And mark how

Druid struggles with his huge oppressor, like Typhon with the rocks of Jove-or Hercules with the Cretan bull. Look: he has extricated himself!-ha!-bravely done!-bravely done!-to the assault ! staunch hound-to the assault! Fix thy keen and tenacious fangs within his leathern nostrils. "Tis done:-'tis done!-there thou wilt cling till thy foe sinks from exhaustion. The victory is thine. By Saint Andrew!" he added, with warmth, "I would rather assail the bull myself, than that noble hound should perish."
"Your assistance is needless," replied Joyeuse, whose hilarity, occasioned by Dtuid's recent perilous position, had become overcast by the present aspect of the fray; "I fear I shall lose my wager as well as iny charger."
"Certes, if you have backed the bull, you will infallibly lose," said the Seot, laughing, "for see! even now he staggers, and exlibits symptoms of faintness."
"' There I differ with you, mon cher," rejoined the king; "to me he appears as if he were collecting his energies for some mighty effort. Remember, this is no stall-fed, seant-winded steer."

Druid, as will have veen gathered from the foregoing discourse, had again made good his hold upon the nostrils of his antagronist; and such was the effect of his combined weight and strength, that he contrived to detain the bull. for some little space, in the knceling posture he hard just assumed. No sooner, however, did the latter animal regain his feet, than, nigh framtic with wrath and agony, he resorted to every expedient that desperation suggested, of freeing himself from his relentless assailant. Wr orn out, at length, with repeated fruitless attempts, he became comparatively tranquil; and it was this cessation from strife that Crichton had construed into relaxing energy, but which was rather, as the king had surmised, the preparation for a mightier strurgle.
"Saint George for England !" shouted Blount, whose sanguine anticipations had also deceived him-" the victory is ours. A few minutes must decide the conflict-hurrah!!'

But the next moment the Englishman's countenance fell-the smile of exultation fled from his lips. He perceived his error. Renewing the combat with a fury that showed his vigour was undiminished, the bull tore the ground with his hoofs-filled the air with his blatant cries-tossed his head as if a thousand hornets were buzzing about his ears-and shook the stake to which he was attached, as if he would uproot it.
"Cornes de Diable!" screamed Chicot; " 'tis a pleasant sight to witness the fantastic gambols of yon amiable beast, and cqually diverting to listen to his music. Foreheaven he danceth the couranto more deftly than the Chevalier Crichton-hat!-hat-ho!",
"Is the fastening secure, think you, mon cher Crichton?" said Hemri III., noticing with uneasiness the violent strain produced upon the rope by the ceaseless struggles of the bull.
"Have no fear, sire!" returned the Scot, advancing a step or

two in front of the king. "I will place myself between your majesty and the possibility of harm."
"Gramercy," rejoined Henri, smiling graciously; "and calling to mind your former exploit in the Court of Animals (which, en passant, cost me somewhat dear in the life of my noblest lion), I cannot doubt your ability to cope with a beast of inferior power. I shall, therefore, rest under your protection as securely as behind a rampart."
"Vivat!" cricd Joyense, " the bull wins!"
" And the calf," added Chizot.
As he spoke, the applauses, resounding on all sides, were suddenly checked, and a wild ery of alarm, mingled with screams from the female portion of the assemblage, arose. Druid was again tossed aloft, and the bull, instead of awaiting his fall to gore and trample him as heretofore, gave a headlong dash of such force that the rope, though of almost cable thickness, snapped in twain close to his throat, and, thus liberated, the animal cominenced a mad scamper on the arena. The first obstacle he encountered wae Blourt, whom he instantly overthrew. He paused not, however, to molest him, but rushed in the direction of Henri III.
"The king !-the king!" cricd a thousund eager voiees. "Save the king!"

But this seemed impossible. Ere a pike could be hurled, a bolt fired, or a sword drawn, the bull had reached the spot occupied by the monarch, and Henri's destruction would have been inevitable, if an arm of iron had not interposed between him and the danger with which he was menaced. That arm was Crichton's, who threw himself unhesitatingly upon the furious animal, and seizing his wrinkled horns, by the exertion of his almost superhuman strength arrested his career.

Amid the turmoil that ensucd, the voice of the Scot was heard sternly exclaiming, "Let no one touch him-I will achicve his subjection alone."

Thus admonished, the crowds, who had flocked to his assistance, drew back.

The struggles of the bull were desperate-but unavailing. He could neither liberate himself, nor advance. Suddenly, from acting on the defensive, Crichton became the assailant. Calling into play all the energies of his muscular frame, he forcibly drove his opponent backwards.
"It is time to bring this conflict to a close," he thought, holding the bull's head, immoveably, with his right hand, while with his left he songht his poignard.

- He then glanced towards the king. Surrounded by the bristling halberts of his guard, Henri looked on at his ease.
"Pollicem verto," cried Chicot, "let him despatch his enemy, compère."

The royal assent given, scarce another moment elapsed before the bull, mortally wounded by a blow dexterously stricken between
the vertebre of the neck, fell to the ground. Thunders of applause succeeded.

The soyal cortege then formed into two lines, and Henri rode forth to greet his preserver.
"Chevalier Crichton," he said, " to you I owe my life. No Valois was ever ungrateful. Clain some boon, I pray you, at my hands."
"Sire," replied Crichton, smiling, as he unhelmed himself to wipe the dust and heat from his brow, "my demands will not exhaust your treasury. I ask only the life of that man," pointing to Blount, who, with folded arms and a dejected air, stood alternately recrarding the carcase of the bull and Druid, who, stumed by his fall, had with difficulty limped to his feet; "he will suffer punishment enough in the mortification oceasioned by his dog's defeat."
" It is yours," replied Henri.
" Your majesty will not separate the faithful hound from his master," continued the Scot.
" As you please," sighed the monareh. "I cannot refuse your request." Crichton threw himself upon his knee, and pressed Henri's hand gratefully to his lips.
"My thousand pistoles, Saint-Luc," said Joyeuse, gleefully.
"They are not fairly won," replied Saint-Luc. "I appeal to D'Epernon."
" 'Tis a drawn wager," returned the baron; "and in future I recommend both of you to back a Scottish right arm against bull or bull-dog."

## CHAPTER XII.

THE PRIZE.
Quand iiz furent tous devant sa presence, Et à genoulx pour sa face choisir, Le roy d'armes en très grant révérence Lui dit ce qu'il s'ensuit, et à loisir: Sire, avecques le vostre bon plaisir Et licence d'autre part obtenue, La pastourelle est devant vous venue Pour le grant pris delivrer orendroit A cellui qui sans doutance y a droit, Et de dehors deservi lara mieux.

Louis de Beauveau. Le Pas de la Bergiète.
Two sergeants of the guard now advanced, leading a steed, which the carcase of the slaughtered bull was promptly attach by means of cords, and dragred out of the arena.

A pursuivant-at-arms, clothed in a sumptuous casaque flowered with the lilies of France, next approached; and, reverentially inclining himself before Henri, demanded, in the name of the Queen of the Lists, his majesty's license to close the jousts. Permission being graciously accorded, the pursuivant, accompanied by a couple of trumpeters, who gallantly did their devoir, proceeded towards the pavilions, and removing the shields of the combatints, delivered that of Crichton to his esquirc. This done, the judges
of the field, marshalled by Montjoie, deseended from their tribunal, and gravely directed their course towards the grand gallery, into which they were ceremoniously ushered.

Criehton, meantime, looked on in silence. Indeseribe.ble emotions swelled his bosom. The stirring notes of the trimpet rekindled all his fire. Mueh as he had done to distinguish himself, he burnt for new opportunities of displaying his prowess, and would cladly have splintered another lance in honour of the bright eyes he worshipped.
"What would life be," ran his self-communion, "without ambition - without fane - without love? - hopeless slavery and prolonged torture. I for one could endure not its burden. My life shall be computed by days, not years; with me hours shall play the part of days-moments of hours. I will erowd into each moment as much of active existence as that moment will comprehend, nor will I know pause till fate shall for ever check my impulses. I reverence age; but I desire not its honours. I would rather die covered with glory than bowed down by years. Were I to perish now, I should have lived long enough. And if I ean achieve the deliverance of her, to whose love my heart is forbidden to aspire-but for whom alone it can ever beat; if I can free yon brave monareh from his thraldom; and that inconstant, yet not ungenerous voluptuary, from the peril in which he stands-I care not if this day be my last."

As these thoughts swept through his mind, the comntenance of the Scot-ever the faithful mirror of his emotions-took at slight cast of sadness; and Henri, inspired by jealousy, having narrowly scrutinised his features during this momentary reveric, fancied he could detect the secrets of his inmost soul.
"It will not do to trust him." thought the king; "his passion is stronger than his loyalty. Hola! Chevalier Crichton," he alded, aloud, and in a tone of raillery, "while you are studying your next ode, or preparing a thesis for the schools, we, less phitosophical, less poetical mortals, are dreaming only of the speedy appearance of the Queen of the Lists to award the chief prize of the toumey: I have some notion upon whom it will be bestowed. Attend me to the tribunal. Lover as I am of etiquette, it would !!l become me to break through prescribed forms upon an oceasion like the present, when I have fairer dame to grace my lists than ever yet rewarded valour, and braver knight to receive the meed of victory than ever yet won prize from dame!"

With this high-flown compliment, Henri rode slowly towards the canopy, where he dismounted, and took his seat upon the fanteuil, placing the King of Navarre on the tabouret at his right. Crichton remained standing on the lowest step of the seaffold.

Presently the inspiring bruit of clarions and other martial instruments was heard from that quarter of the tilt-yard in which the grand gallery was situated. 'The barriers were hastily removed;
the halberdiers ranged themselves en luric; and admittance wae given to a troop of fiir equestrians, whose personal charms were scarcely less to be apprehended than the weapons of their knightly predecessors. At the head of this radiant band, which, like the burst of a sunbeam, diffised smiles and animation as it proceeded, three figures were distinguished, each so beautiful, yet each so different in style of heauty, that the admiration of the beholders was divided, and the judgment perplexed, as to whom the palm of surpassing loveliness ourht to be assigned. In the fine and delicate features; the exquisite fairness of complexion; the soft blue eyes and gentle regards of her who rode on the right, the spectators recognised and hailed their queen, the virtuous but lightly-esteemed Louise. In the fuller form and more majestic deportment; in the ravishing grace, the jetty tresses, and dark languid glanees of the queenly dame on the left, no one failed to detect the grorgeous Marcuerite de Valois. Murmurs of impassioned homage pursued her. The very air respired of love as she passed; and there was not a cavalier of the ithousands who gazed upon her, but would have perilled his life for a favouring recrard. Marguerite, however, was insensible to the general idolatry. A smile was on her lips; witchery was in her looks; but in her heart raged the undying worm of jealousy.

Between the two queens, on an Isabelle-coloured palfrey, richly caparisoned with blue velvet bordered with pearls, rode Esclairmonde; and if a preference was shown by the assemblage, it was towards the lovely princess; whose attrastions, although they did not excite the fiery admiration roused by the voluptuous fascinations of Marguerite de Valois, a wakened a sentiment of far deeper devotion. Immediately behind this captivating trio rode Catherine de Medicis, who displayed the adinirable symmetry of person for which she was celebrated-a charm not to be impaired by timeas well as the proficiency as an equestrian, for which she was equally noted, in the management of a fiery Arabian. In the languishing looks of the beantiful blonde, on the left of the queen-mother, the King of Navarre was at no loss to discover his new conquest, La Rebours; while, in the sprightly brunette at her right, admirers, too numerons to particularise, elaimed a more intimate acquaintance with Torigni.

Preceding the Princess of Condé, and bearing a white wandi, together with the grand prize of the tomrney, a magnificent diamond ring, which he ostentatiously displayed to the spectators, marched the pursuivant. The judges of the camp, headed by Montjoic, and iollowed by a band of pages and trumpeters, brought up the rear of this brilliant eavalcade.

Arrived within a short distance of the royal canopy, the jocund troop canc to a halt, and formed a long line in front of the king, of which Esclaimonde constituted the centre. Rapid as thought, the page of each dame, attired in her colours, then advanced, and placed himself at the bridle of her steed. Exceuted with groat

precision and quickness, this manœuvre produced an agrecable effect, and was loudly applauded by the gallant Bourbon, whose eye wandered over the fair phalanx in a manner that plainly evinced of what inflammable material his valiant heart was composed.
"Ventre-saint-gris!" he ejaculated; "such a legion would be irresistible." Just then his ardent gaze chanced upon his queen. "Peste!" he added, averting his glances, "the snake will aiways intrude itself into Eden."

It was, in sooth, a pleasant sight to look upon that array of lovely dames (Catherine's famous "petit bande"), and to mark their different attractions, now so forcibly, yet so advantageously, contrasted-each acting as a foil to the other-each unconsciously contributing to her neighbour's fascination. Oh! how various are the aspects of beauty-how beautiful are all its aspects.

Making his way through the press, Montjoie now bent the knee before Henri, and repeating a formula similar to that of the pursuivant, entreated permission for the Queen of the Lists to award the prize to him who had demeaned himself the most valiantly in the jousts; concluding with the almost unnecessary assurance, that all would be done "with loyalty and justice." To this solicitation Henri vouchsafed a gracious response, and the king-of-arms having fulfilled his duty, retired.

Holding the bridle of Esclairmonde's palfrey, the pursuivant next led her towards Crichton, who, perceiving the intention of the nrincess, advanced to meet her, and threw himself at her feet. 'Taking the ring from the pursuivant, Esclairmonde then placed it upon the finger of her lover. The Seot joyousiy arose. The reward to which he looked forward with most eagerness was yet to be conferred.

Amid the thunder of acclamations that succeeded, the voices of the heralds were heard exclaiming, "A Crichton!-à Crichton! -largesse! largesse!"

The Scot motioned to his esquire. Raising the shield of his master, the youth filled it with broad golden pieces, which he distributed amongst the officers of the tilt-vard, who thereupon redoubled their joyous vociferations

While this was passing, Montjoie, with stately step, drew near the principal group of this vast and resplendent picture.
"Remove your helm, sir knight," he said; "the Queen of the Lists desires to thank you for the fair courses you have run in her honour, and to bestow upon you the priceless reward of your prowess."

A deep blush mantled Esclairmonde's cheek as Crichton obeyed the injunctions of the king-of-arms. The next moment he felt the glowing lips of the princess pressed upon his brow. That salute annihilated all his prudential resolutions. He forgot their disparity of rank-his own danger-her perilous position. He did not relin-
quish the hand she had confided to him-but, in the delirium of the moment, raised it to his lips.

Esclairmonde was equally agitated. Suffused with blushes, and anon becoming white as marble, palpitating, faint, she could scarcely maintain her seat upon the mouly palfrey; and in order to prevent mischance, Crichton deemed it necessary to pass his arm around her waist. The situation was rather embarrassing, and awakened the ire of the two monarchs.
"Esclairmonde," whispered Crichton, passionately, "you are mine."
"I am-I am," returned the princess, in the same tone. "I would abandon my newly-discovered title-my rank-life itself, rather than my love."
"I have the queen's assent to our espousals," rejoined Crichton. in an altered voice. "She has promised me your hand--on certain conditions."
"On what conditions?" asked Eselairmonde, tenderly regarding her lover.
"Conditions which I cannot, dare not fulfil-conditions which involve the sacritice of my honour," replied Crichton, gloomily. "Esclairmonde," he added, in accents of despair, "the dream is passed. You are the Princess of Condé. It is madness to indulge these rain hopes longer. I may serve you, but I may not love you-farewell!"
"Stay!" exclaimed the princess, detaining him with a rentle grasp. "I have a painful, a dreadful duty to fulfil to-night. I have to take an eternal farewell of one who has been a friend, an adviser, a father to me."
"Of Florent Chrétien?"
"Intelligence of the martyrdom to which he is adjudged by the merciless Catherine has just reached me. An hour before midnight I shall be within his cell to reccive his parting benediction," she added, with some hesitation, and gazing at the Scot with eyes that swam with tears.
"Were it to encounter certain destruction I would be there," returned the Scot, fervently.
" And you will encounter certain destruction if you carry this presumptuous passion further, Chevalier Crichton," said Henri of Navarre, advancing towards them. "You cannot plead ignorance of the exalted station of the maiden to whose love you aspire. The bright blood of the Bourbon will never mingle with that of a Scottish adventurer. Your pardon, fair cousin," he continued, addressing Esclairmonde in a conciliatory tone, " it is with extreme reluctance that I interfere in an affair of the heart. I would rather forward a lover's suit than oppose it, especially the suit of a cavalier so accomplished as Crichton. But I must act as the Prince of Condé would have acted. Take this decision, then, from his
lips. The daughter of Louis of Bourboin can only bestow lier hand upon her equal."
"The daughter of Louis of Bourbon will only bestow her hand upon him she loves," returned Esclairmonde, with a spirit sueh as she had never before exhibited; "and your own experience of hes race will inform you, sire, that her heart is as little likely to bo rontrolled as her hand."
"As I expected," rejoined the Bourbon; " but it camot be. It is one of the curses of exalted birth, that the hand and the heart can never go torether."
"And why should they be divided in this case," asked Catherine de Medicis, advancing, "if my consent be given to the match ?"
"For a sutticient reason, madame," said Hemi III., joining tho aroup; " becanse our pleasure is otherwise; and becaluse we forbil the Chevalier Crichton, on pain of banishment from our presence-from our kinglom-as he would escape the doom of a traitor, and a dungeon within the Bastile-again to approach the Demoiselle Escharmonde in the character of a lover. We shall see whether he, or you, madane, will renture to disobey us."
" Ilenri!" exclaimed Catherine, in amazement-" this to me?"
"You are our mother-but you are also our subject, madame," returned the king, coldly. "W'e have jssued our commands-it is for yon to see them obeyed."

Catherine did not reply. Her glance fell upon Crichton, and an almost imperceptible smile passed across her features. At the threat of the monarch the Scot's hand instinctively sought his poignarci, upon the hilt of which it now rested. When too late, he perceived his error, and the false constructions put upon the action by the queen.
"If you will set at rest the fuestion as to the illustrions birth of the Demoiselle Esclairmonde, madame, I am content to obey the mandates of the king," said Crichton. "On your decision," he added, with a significant look, " must rest her fate."
"The time is arrived for the acknowledgment of her birth, which you have truly said is illustrious, messire," replied Catherine, flancing triumphantly at her son. "Escharmonde is a princess of the blood royal of France. She is a Bourbon. Let the King of Navarre take note of my words; let all remember them; and let those who reverence the memory of Louis I, Prince of Conde, incline themselves before his daughter."

Obedient to the intimation of Catherine, a crowd of nobles pressed forward to kiss the hand of the newly-discovered princess; and many there were, who, upon that occasion, forgot their ancient enmity towards the great champion of the Protestant Church, in the admiration excited by his lovely desecndant.
"Well, sire," said the Bourbon, turning to Henri IHI., " I have found the princess. Of course you will find the conroy:"
"Peste!" exclaimed Henri, angrily. And motioning to Du Halde, he issued his commands to close the jousts.
"The princess is yours," said the queen-mother, aside to Crichton.
This assurance, however, gave little encouragement to the Scot. He felt that his passion was hopeless. And the despair which love without hope inust ever inspire, took possession of his sonl.

The flourish of trimpets which immediately succeeded afforded some relief to his oppression. Silence being proclaimed by this warlike prelude, the pursuivant advanced, wand in hand, and uttering thrice the preliminary "Oiez," informed the noble assemblage that the jousts were brought to a conclusion-that his majestybade them all to the banquet within the Louvre-and that in lien of the emprise of the Châtel de la Joveuse Garde, and the grand mêlée by torchlight, the king would hold a masque and fête within the palace.

This annomncement was received with general surprise and chagrin.
"How is this, my son?" said Catherine, in a troubled voice. "Have you abandoned the chivalrous spectacle to which you looked forward with so much pleasure? Methought you were about to exhibit your own matchless skill as a tilter in the courses à lu foule."
"Par la Mort-dieu! madame," replied the king, in a tone of raillery, "the masque will be more in character with the strange scene we have just witnessed than the mélée. Besides, the tiltyard is not the theatre for our display. The lists are unlucky to our race. We remember our father's fate-and shall in future avoid the lance."
"Ha! betrayed," muttered Catherine. "But the traitor shall not escape my vengeance."
"To the Hotel" de Nevers, mon cher," said Henri, turning to Crichton, " and arrest the Prince of Mantua. Interfere not with our passion," he added, in his blandest accente, " and we have no favour to refuse yon."

Amid renewed fanfares of trumpets, the splendid assemblage then separated. But the troop of laughing dames did not return in the strict array it came. The ranks were disordered, and in place of a page, by the side of each bright-eyed equestrian rode a favoured cavalier. Henri III. took the lead with the reluctant Princess of Condé; the Bourbon attached himself to La Rebours; while Crichton returned to the pavilion, where the armourer proceeded to free him from his knightly habiliments.

As the two monarchs quitted the tilt-yard, lond shouts were raised of "Vive le roi! vivent les rois !"
" You hear, Rosni," said the Bourbon, addressing his counsellor.
"Vivent les rois!'tis a grood augury."
By-and-by three figures alone remained within the precinets of the arena.
"Since the mêlée is abandoned, thy scheme falls to the ground, my hidalgo," said the foremost, who was no other than the Sorbonist.
" Perdition!" exelaimed Caravaja, twisting his monstache, after his wonted ferocious fashion. "I know not what to think of it. I would give my soul to Sathanas, that that acemrsed Scot should fall in my way."
"The compact is coneluded," said the Bernarlin, "for lo! he appears."

And as he spoke, Crichton, attired in a pourpoint of velvet and short Spanish mantle, issued from the pavilion. He was followed by Blount, bearing Druid carefully in his arms, and directed his steps towards the onter court.
"After him," cried Caravaja, drawing a knife, and placing it in his sleeve. "A muerte!"

## CHAPTER XIII.

THE DUNGEON.

Paolo. Aurait-il abjuré?<br>Elci. Pas encore.<br>Paolo. Mais cet acte il n'est que différé?<br>Casimer Delavigne. Une Fumille au temps du Luther.

The Louvre once enclosed within its walls a number of subterranean cells, appropriated to the confinement of prisoners of state. Into one of these gloomy receptacles Florent Chrétien had been thrnst. Deprived, by the rigour of his persecutors, of the consolation which had ever been afforded him in hours of affliction by reference to the "healing balm" of Seripture, the good man passed the brief space allotted him on earth in deepest prayer. As the time drew nigh when his dreadful sentence was to be carried into execution, his devotions were interrupted by the entrance of one of the hooded officials, who introduced a masked female into the dungeon, and then silently departed. The dull light of a brazen cresset suspended from the ceiling imperfectly illumined the apartment, and a few moments elapsed ere Chrétien, whose eyes had been closed in earnest supplication, could distinguish the muffed object that stood before him.
"Is it you, my daughter?" he asked, as the figure remained stationary.
"It is," replied Esclairnonde, ummasking; "but I feared to disturb your devotions."
"Approach," rejoined the preacher; "your name has mingled with my prayers, let your voice also ascend with mine towards the throne of merey. The sand of my life is almost run out. Each moment is precious. I have much counsel to give you. But ere I
afer such precepts for your guidance as may be needful for the spiritual welfare of one whose passage will be longer than mine own through this Vale of 'Tears, I would fain invoke a blessing on your head."

Esclairmonde knelt by his side. The benediction was bezought and bestowed. The voice of the princess joined in the fervent petition for lieavenly grace that succeeded. Scarcely, however, was their devout employment brought to a close-seareely had the holy man begun to address himself to those instructions which he deemed it necessary to impart to his religious pupil, when the door again opened, and the hooded official having introduced another figure enveloped in a large mantle, departed as noisclessly as he had entered the chamber.
" He comes!" cried Esclairmonde.
" The executioner"" asked Chrétien, calmly.
"The Chevalier Crichton," returned the princess.
"He here!" exelained Chrétien, a slight shade passing aeross his benevolent countenance.
" He is here to bid me an eternal farewell," sighed Esclairmonde.
"Princess of Condé," said the preacher, with some severity, " it must be an eternal farewell."
"You have said it, good father," replied Esclairmonde, in a tone of sorrowful resignation.
" Your rank forbids an alliance so disproportionate, even if the Chevalier Crichton's religious opinions coincided with your own," pursued Chrét:en.
"Alas!" murmured Esclairmonde, " our creeds are adverse; a wide disparity of rank exists between us; but our hearts are indissolubly united."
"You love him then most tenderly, my daughter?"
"Love him!" cehoed the princess, passionately. "Father, to you I look to strengthen me in the resolution I have taken. This interview is my last."
"I will not fail you, my daughter," replied the old man, kindly. "Think only that he is the enemy of your faith; and that were you mited to him he might interfere with the important services it may hereafter be in your power to render to your persecuted church. The thought that will most alleviate the anguish of my latest moments is, that I have sown the good seed within your bosom, which, in due season, shall bring forth a plenteous harvest for our suffering people. Princess of Conlé, promise me solemnly that you will never wed a Romanist."
" Fsclairmonde," said Crichton, advancing.
"Hesitate not," said the preacher, severely, " or you are lost. Promise me."
"My soul is wedded to the Reformed Faith," replied the princess, firmly; "and I here vow never to bestow my liand upon a Catholic."
" Amen!" responded Chrétien, fervently.
A deep groan burst from the bosom of the Scot.
"Chevalier Crichton," said Esclairmonde, " you have heard my vow."
"I have," replied the Scot, mournfully.
"Hear me yet further," continued the princess. "My zealmy love-my gratitude, prompt me to lay aside feminine reserve. When I desired that our final interviow should take place in the presence of this reverend man, it was that I might address you freely; it was, that I might avow my love in the presence of one whose holier aspirations have not rendered him insensible or indifferent to the frailties of his fellows; it was"-she added, with some hesitation, and blushing deeply as she spoke, "in the hope that our united efforts might induce you to embrace the religion I profess; and that as convert to a faith, the purity of which your severest judgment must acknowledge, I might, withont violation of my conscientious scruples, though in disregard of the elevated position I am compelled to assume, offer you my hand, and request him from whose lips I have imbibed the precepts of truth and humanity, which inspire me at this moment, to alliance us together before heaven."
"You have spoken with a voice of inspiration, my daughter," said Chrétien, with a benignant smile, " and I have olfered no interruption to your words, because they flow from a source whence true wisdom only springs. You have appealed to me in a manner which I cannot resist. "Your heart, I know, is already betrothed to the Chevalier Crichton. Let him cast off the bondage to which he has so long heedlessly subjected himself. Let him not view religion through the medium of the senses, but by the purer light of the sacred Scriptures. Let him abjure the errors and idolatries of Rome, and exert the mighty intellectual powers with which he has been intrusted for the noblest purposes from on high-in the advancement of the true faith, and your betrothment shall not, for one moment, be delayed."
"Crichton," inquired Esclairmonde, tenderly, " is this our last meeting, or are we for ever united?"
"It is our last," replied the Scot, in a despairing tone, "if the condition annexed to the continuance of our love be my apostacy, Esclairmonde, for you I would make any sacrifice consistent with honour and rectitude of principle. For you I would resign those projects of ambition which have hitherto engrossed my soul; for you I would repress that desire for universal distinction which has ever formed the ruling passion of my existence; for you I would be aught but a renegade to my faith-a traitor to my God. Glory has been my guiding star; my gaze has been steadfastly fixed upon it; I have steered my barque by its rays. Fame is dearer to me than life; love is dearer than fame; but honour is dearer than love. Listen to me, Esclairmonde. You are the Princess of Conde.

Your rank is the most illustrio:s in France; but that rank has had no influence in engaging my affections. My heart was yours when our stations were supposed to be equal; my heart is yours now a barrier is placed between us. I can neither cease to love, nor feel increase of passion. To me you are unchanged. To me you are the orphan Esclairmonde. Rank can add nothing to your beauty, as it can detract nothing from it. 'To link my fate with yours was to realise the wildest dream of my youthful imagination. It were to attain at once the groal to which I have aspired. It were to raise me to the proudest pinnacle of felicity to which man may attain."
"Reftect," said Chréticn.
"I hure reflected," returned the Scot. "Think not my fixed resolve upon a point involving my eternal welfare has been the result of inconsiderate caprice;-think not because I have clung to the faith of my fathers, through trials, of which this, though the severest, is not the most formidable-think not it has been from a preverse adherence to wrong; think not, because you are strong in your own belief-a belief which I regard as false and pernicious -that I am not equally inflexible. I have disputed on the tenets of my faith with my sage preceptor, Buchanan, and he has failed to convince me of iny errors. I am a Catholic from conviction; and as such, am as fully prepared as yourself to embrace the alternative of death rather than departure from that religion which is derived from truth, and sustained by holiest tradition."
"If the great Buchanan has failed to work your conversion, my son, my endeavours must prow ineffectual," returned the preacher, shaking his head; " nevertheless, I will essay-"
"It is in vain," replied Crichton, sternly. "My martyrdom is past-yours is to come, old man. I have twice endured temptation to-day - I have twice resisted it. The hand of the Princess of Condé was to have been the price of my disloyalty-the same hand has been made a lure to drag me to perdition."
"Say rather to direct you to salvation," rejoined Esclairmonde. "Oh! Crichton, if I have any influence over your heart I would now exert it-if, as the humble instrument of the divine will, I can wean you from the dangerous and idolatrous creed to which your are bigoted, the whole of my future life shall evince the extent of my gratitude and devotion."
"Esclairmonde!" exclaimed Crichton, mournfully, "for that creed I have quitted my father's roof-for that creed I have braved at father's malediction-for that creed I now renounce all I hold dear on earth. We must part for ever."
"Crichton, you love me not."
"Let the sacrifice I have just made attest my love," returned the Scot, bitterly. "Tempt me not, Esclairmonde. My bosom is orn asunder by conflicting emotions-my brain reels-I cannot support this struggle longer. Your own lips shall seal my fate."
"Be mine, then."
A shudder ran through Crichton's frame.
"I an lost," he mumured.
" No, you are savel," replied the princess, triumphantly; " kneel with me at the feet of this holy man."
" Hold!" exclaimed Chréticn; " this must not be. Gladly as I would number the Chevalier Crichton among the faithful servants of the true God, his conversion must be accomplished by other influence than that of the passions. Evii means cannot work good ends. The faith which is not the result of conviction is little better than hypocrisy. Differing as I do with him upon essential points of religious eredence, I appland the Chevalier Crichton's constancy:-nor would I attempt to shake it save by arguments such as my brief span of life will not permit me to cmploy; and I must think better of a ereed which can strengthen the bosom of one so young against snares and temptations that hoary zealots might have found it difficult to resist."
"Your hand has arrested my downfal, good father," said Crichton.
"I rejoice at it, my son," replied the preacher. "Fly while your resolution still continues. I would not incur your reproaches. You must part from the princess, but not, I hope, for ever. A time-not far distant-may arrive when your opinions will undergo a change, and when she may bestow her hand without violating her sacred promise."

A tear stood in Esclairmonde's eye as she regarded her lover, and, unable to control herself, she fell into his outstretched arms.
"When I uttered that fatal vow, I pronounced my own sentence of death," she cricd.
"Alas!" returned Crichton, "I would have prevented it-but it is now too late."
"It is," rejoined Chrétien, in a severe tone. "Depart quickly. You interrupt my devotions. I would prepare for eternity."
"Father," said Crichton, "I trust you will have a longer period for that preparation than your persecutors would allow yous. Your life is of more consequence than mine; the services which you can render the Princess Esclaimonde are greater than I can render her. Live then for her."
"You speak in parables, my son," returned the preacher, in surprise.
"Take this mantle and this ring," said Crichton, "and your evasion is easy. It is the signet of the king. Display it to the guard at the portals of the Louvre, and the gates will fly open at your approach. Waste no time, but muffle up your features, and digure in this cloak."
" And you?"
"Heed me not. I will remain here in your stend."
"I cannot accept freedom on such terms, my son."
"Hear me, good father," replied Crichton, earnestly. "You go not forth alone. Esclairmonde must accompany you. If she returns to the masque she is lost."
" Gracious heaven!" exclaimed the preacher:
"Henri's plans are so contrived that she camot escape him. The King of Navarre is the dupe of his royal brother, and will unwittingly increase the risk, if not precipitate the fate of his newfiound cousin, in the wild scheme he has devised for her flight. ('atherine de Medicis is occupied with her own dark designs. But the will not interfere with, it she declines to forward, those of her son. An hour hence the Lourre may be the scene of fiercest strife. But an hour hence it may be too late to save the princess from dishonour."
"And your life will be the sacrifice of your devotion?" said Delairmonde. "No, I will rather return to the banquet, and phace myself under the protection of Henri of Navarre."
"He is unable to protect you," replied Crichton. "Fear nothing for me."
"Why should not you accompany the princess, Chevalier ("richton?" asked the preacher.
"Question me not, but go," replied Crichton, hastily: " her life, lier honour is endangered by this deliy."
"I will not consent to your destruction," said Eselaimonde, $1^{\text {assionately. }}$
" You destroy me by remaining," rejoined Crichton; " a moment more, and it may be too late."

As he spoke, the iron door revolved upon its hinges, and a luissier, bearing a flambean, entered the cell, and in a loud voice announced "The king."

Accompanied by Margucrite de Valois, Henri III. immediately followed this amouncement. A malicious smile played upon the features of the monarch as he noticed the dismay of the group at his appearance. "You were right in your conjecture, sister," he said, turning to the Queen of Navarre; "our stray turtle-doves have flown hither. 'The prison of a Huguenot is as favourable, I find, to the assignations of love as the bower of a Phrync. Messire Florent Chrétien might, perhaps, have found fitter oceupation for his latest moments than to assist at such a rendezrous. But it is quite in character with his doctrines. His meditations, however, shall not be longer disturbed. The damps of this cell strike chilly on my senses after the perfumed atmosphere I have quitted. Princess of Condé" he continued, advancing towards Esclaimonde, who recoiled at his approach, "the masque claims your presence."
"Sire," replied the princess, firmly, "I will rather remain a captive for life within this dungeon than return to your polluted halls."
"Obey him," whispered Crichton; "I may yet be able to deliver you from this perilous strait."
"Our attendants are at hand, fair cousin," said the king, significantly; "I neither mean to detain them as prisoners, nor to endanger my own health, by longer contimance in this unwholesome vault."
" Go, my danghter," said Chrétien; "the Power that watches over innocence will protect you. Fear nothing."
"Your hand, fiir cousin," said Hemri, impatiently.
" lour majesty will not refuse to conduct me to the King os Navarre ?" said Esclairmonde, reluctantly complying with the monareli's request.
"Of a surety not," rejoined Henri, smiling; " but you will find him so completely engrossed by the languishing recrards of La Rebours, that he will scarcely desire your company."
"-Indeed!" exclaimed the princess, starting.
"Chevalier Crichton," said Henri, pausing, "you have disobeyed our injunctions. Henceforth you are banished from our presence."
"Henri," interposed Margucrite de Valois, " for my sake overlook his fault."
"For your sake, Margucrite!" returned the king, in surprise; " a moment ago you would have changed his banishment to death."
" Tax me with inconsistency if you will; but grant my request."
"Sowent femme varie," returaed Henri, laughing;" be it as you please. To banish him from the revel might tend to throw a shade over its gaicty. lictain him by your side, and I an content. Allons."
" Margucrite," said Crichton, as the Queen of Navarre took his arm, "your generosity has saved your brother's crown."
"If it has revived your love I an satisficd," returned Marguerite, tenderly.
" You may revive it, my queen," caid Crichton.
"In what way?" demanded Mirsuerite, trembling with eager-ness.-" But I can guess. You require my assistance to free the Princess of Condé from her present danger. You shall have it."
"Yours is a noble heart, Marguerite."
"It is a faithful and a fund onc, Crichiton. Triffe not with i tenderness."
"If I survive this night, iny life is yours."
"Survive it, Crichton!-what mean you?"
"I am half distracted, Margucrite. But linger not. Henri already gone."
"And Esclairmonde," added the queen, with a look of jealous reproach.

Many minutes had not elapsel after their departure, when Chrétien, who had again addresed himself to his devotions, was aroused by the harsh vonce ot the hooded oflicial, who commanded him to arise. The grood man instantly obeyed. The cell was filled with a crowd of tigures in sible roles and masks.
"Thy last hour is come," said the official.
"I am prepared," returned Chrétien, in a firm tone. "Lead me furth."

While the hands of the preacher were bound together, the voice of a priest, who formed one of the dismal group, thundered forth the following psalm:-" Exurge, quare obdormis Domine? exurge, ct ne repellas in finem: quare faciem tuam avertis? oblivisceris nibulationem nostram: adhesit in terra venter noster: exurge, Domine, adjuva nos et libera nos."

Chrétien was then conducted through a variety of intricate passages to the edge of the Scine, now lighted up by the lurid glare of the torches borne by the expectant crowds on the other side of the river, and being placed in a barque was rowed swiftly over to the Pre-mux-cleres, where a fieree slout of exultation welcomed his arrival.
"Kindle the pile," shouted a thousand voices; " let the heretic die!"
"We are starved to death," eried the Sorbonist; "and want a fire to warm us-to the stake-quick-quick!

Death to the Huguenot!-fagot and flame: Beath to the llugnenol!-torture and shame:"

The red glare which shortly afterwards tinged the inky watere of the Seme was the reflection of Chrétien's fimeral pyre.

## CHAPTER XIV.

## 'IIE CONSPIRACY.

> Dis-inoi, mon maitre, comment crois-tu que finira cet imbroglio?
L. Viter. Les Barricades.

When the royal party returned to the masque the festivity of the evening was at its height. The music was breathing its softest strains- the cavaliers were whispering their most impassioned lovespecelhes - the dames were making their tenderest responses. The universal freedom that prevailed gave the revel somewhat of the character of an orgie. Esclairmonde shrunk back as she beheld the license of the scene, and would have retreated, had retreat been possible. But Henri hurried her quickly onwards.
"'The King of Navarre is seated near yon beaufet," he said; "his right hand grasps a goblet, while his left is passed around the waist of his mistress. We shall be rather in the way. No matter. I am ready to commit you to his care."

Esclammonde hesitated.
"At all events we had better wait till he has finished his song," continued Henri; "for it is evident from his gestures that he is poming forth his passion in verse. In the mean time, you will oblige us by resuming your mask, fair cousin."

As the princess complied with the monareh's request, IIenri of Navarre arose. Taking the hand of his partner, he hastened to join the dancers, and was quickly lost to view.
"You must, perforce, remain with me a few moments longer," said Henri; "let us take our station within yon embrasure, whence we can command the room, and as soon as the bransle is ended, I will smmon the Béarnais to our presence."

Esclairmonde suffered herself to be led towards the window. As they proceeded thither, Henri ventured to take her hand within his own.
"Sire," she said, gently endeavouring to withdraw it from his grasp: " I will only consent to remain with you, on the condition that you do not renew the suit which has hitherto so much distressed me."
"Your condition is a hard one, fair cousin; but I will strive to obey you."

The princess looked around for Crichton. Amid the crowd of gay masks, however, that surrounded her, she could not discern his stately figure, or that of Marguerite de Vabis. "He has left me," she mentally cjaculated; "that royal syren has regained all her inHluence over his soul."

Henry divined her thoughts. "My sister has imposed no such: condition on her lover as you would impose on me, fair cousin," lee said. "Their quarrel is evidently arranged, and he is restored to his old place in her affections."
"Sire!"
"They have disappeared. Shall we pay another visit to the oratory?"
"Suffer me to join the queen-mother, sire. I perceive her majesty in the further salon conversing with the Duc de Nevers."
"With De Nevers," repeated Henri, angrily. "No, ma mie, I cannot part with you thus. I have a word or two to say respecting this Admirable Scot. A little more this way, fair coz. I would not be overheard. What if I tell you that Crichton's life hangs on your compliance."
"His life, sire?" gasped Esclairmonde.
"Your hand alone can arrest the sword that trembles o'er lis head."
"You terrify me, sire."
"I would not do so, mignonne," replied Henri; ", on the centrary, I wish to re-assure you. Princess," he added, passionately, "it is in your power to save him."
"I understand your majesty," said Eselairmonde, coldly.
"Not entirely," returned the king; "you may divine my motive, but you scarcely, I think, foresce the proposal I am about to make to you. I must premise by recounting the history of my earliest amourette. Renée de Ricux, my first mistress, before I beheld her, had disposed of her heart to Philippe Altoviti."
"Spare me this recital, sire."
"She is now his consort. You love the Chevalier Crichton. On the same terms you shall be his bride."
"I am the daughter of Louis of Bourbon, sire."
"The Chevalier Crichton shall be a peer of France."
"Were the King of France to suc for my hand I would refuse him!" replied Esclaimonde, haughtily; "let him seek out his minions among those complaisant dames who, beeause he is a king, have nothing to refuse him."
"You have sealed your lover's fate, fair consin," rejoined Henri. "Du Halde," added he, motioning to the ehief valet, " bid the Duc de Nevers attend us."
"Sire," said Eschairmonde, becoming pale as death, but speaking in a firm tone, "take heed how you proceed to extremities. I am a woman, and is threat from me may weigh little with your majesty. But, it from mere jealous anger, and on no just ground, yon adjudge a knight, loyal and true as Crichton, to a shameful death, such vengeance as one of my sex may take, I will have. Look to it, sire. My threat is neither an idle nor a light one."
"Par la Mort-dien '" exclaimed Henri; "if I had entertained any doubts as to your origin, fair cousin, the spirit you have just displayed would have removed them. The fire of the old Bourbons is not extinct. I aecept your defiance. Crichton dies-or you are mine. Decide, for here comes his excentioner."
"I answer, as the Chevalier Crichton would," replied Esclairmonde, "Death rather than dishonour."

Whatever reply Henri meditated was eut short by a merry peal of laughter from a party of frolic dames who occupied a fautcuil near them, and the voice of the Abbe de Brantôme was heard reciting the following lines, which produced a very edifying effect upon the fair auditors:

## Zabers 7homíly.

Saint Augustin, one day, in a fair maiden's presence, Declared that pure lore of the soul is the essence! And that faith, be it ever so firm and potential, If love be not its base, must prove un-influential. Saint Bernart. likewise, has a homily left us(Sole remmant of those, of which fate hath bereft us!) Where the good Saint confers, without any restriction, (On those who love most, his entire benedietion. Saint Ambrose, again, in his treatise, " De Virgue," Tolove one athother is constantly urging ye; Amd it clapter he adds, where he curses-not blessesThe ill-fated wight who no mistress possesses! Wise De I.yra, lyereon, makes this just observation, That the way to the heart is the way to salvation; And the further from love-we're the nearer dammation' Besides, as remarks this profound theologian, (Who was perfectly versed in the doctrine Ambrogian)He, who loves not, is worse than the infanous set ye call P'rofane, unbelieving, schismatic, heretical.

> Fcr, if he the fire of one region should smother.
> He is sure to be scorched by the thames of the other!
> And this is the reason, perhaps, why Saint Gregory
> (The Pope, who reduced the stout Arians to beggary)
> Averred-(keep this counsel for ever before ye)
> That the lover on earth has his sole purgatory!

## 

Let your minds then be wrapp'd in devout contemplation Of the precepts convey'd by this grave exhortation; Be loving, beloved, and never leave off-it's The way to fulfil both the law and the prophets!

To return to Crichton. Upon cntering the grand salon the Scot detached himself from Marguerite de Valois, and hastily resuming his mask, proceeded with a quick step, in the direction of the queen-mother. Catherine, at that moment, was engaged in deep conference with the Due de Nevers, and the Scot was enabled to approach her unperceived. Stationing himself behind a pillar, his quick ear failed not to eatch each word of their discourse, though it was carried on for the most part in whispers.
"And the Duc d'Anjou, you say, madame, alarmed at the discovery of his letter contained in the missal, has quitted the Louvre without striking a blow?" said De Nevers.
"The moment I received your billet I despatched it to him by a fuithful messenger," returned Catherine. "Apprehensive of discovery, he fled."
"Confusion!" muttered the duke: "his head was to have been the price of my lieutenant-generalship. Henri will dare nothing against the queen-mother."
"You arc thoughtful, Monsieur le Duc," said Catherine, suspicionsly.
"I am full of regret that our plot is defeated," replied De Nevers.
"It is not utterly defeated," answered the queen.
" Indeca !"
"What Anjou dared not do I will execute alone."
"You, madame?"
"Failing in my attempts upon the honesty of our incorruptible Scot, I have found a hand as sure as his, and less reluctant. Hold your partisans in readiness, De Nevers. Henri dies to-night."
"And your majesty can fully rely upon the instrument of your will?"
"Fully," replicd Catherine; " he is a Spanish bravo, accustomed to the use of the stiletto-and will not need to repeat the blow."
"'Tis well," rejoined the duke-" and the signal!".
"Will be the king's assassination," said Catherine. "Mark me, De Nevers. I will contrive that Henri and Crichton shall enter the oval chamber together. The assassin is already posted behind the arras. As the king passes he will strike. Do you and
your attendants rush in at the cry and despateh the Scot. Hew him down without mercy. Henri's death will lie at his door."
" It shall be done, madame."
"Ah! here comes Du Halcle. We must separate."
Possessed of the plans of his enemies, Crichton hastened back to Marguerite de Valois, who awaited his retum with impatience. "To the oral chamber, my queen," he said; "quick-quiek."
"Wherefore?" demanded Margucrite.
"Henri's life is menaced by an assassin," replied Crichton. "I must scek him, and apprise him of his danger."
"Henri is there already," returned Margucrite. "He has this moment entered that chanber with Eselairmonde."
"Ha!" exclaimed Crichton, darting from her; "I may be too late to save him."

It will be necessary to return for a moment to the Princess of Condé. After rejecting Henri's proposal in the disdainful manner lescribed, and in order to escape from his further assiduities, while he lent an attentive ear to Brantôme's homily, Esclairmonde retired into the embrasure, and throwing open the window, stepped forth upon the balcony. A terrible spectacle was presented to her view. In the midst of a bright and spiring flame which mounted high in the still air of night, brilliantly illuminating a confused mass of threatening figures, hung a black and shapeless object. The princess turned aside in horror. Just then a loud exulting roar arose from the multitude. The remains of the martyred Chrétien had dropped into the devouring element. Esclairmonde heard no more. She fell, without sense, into the arms of Henri, and, by his command, was instantly conveyed to the oval chamber.

When Crichton arrived at the doors of this chamber he found them elosed. Two huissiers stationed before them peremptorily refused him admittance.
"Follow me," said Marguerite de Valois; "I will show you a secret entrance to the room."

Passing through a suite of apartments with the rapidity of thought, Crichton and the queen reached a small ante-chamber, in the corner of which, a suite of tapestry haring been removed by Marguerite, a masked door was disclosed. Another valve admitted them to the oval chamber.
"Help!" exclaimed Henri, who, pursned by Caravaja with a drawn darger in his hand, flew in the direction of the sound" an assassin! help !"
"Sangre di Dios! I have missed my first blow," cried the Spaniurd, eatching hold of Hemri's mantle-" but this shall find the way to thy heart, tyrant."

But as he uttered the words, the sword of Crichton passed through his body, and he fell heavily upon the person of the king, which he delured with his blood.
"Crichton!" exclained Esclairmonde, aroused from her insensi-
bility ly Henri's outcries; "ah! what do I behold? - the king assassinated!"
"No, fair cousin," replied Iterri, extricating himedf with dilftculty from the gripe, which death had not relaxed, fixed by the Spaniard upon lis cloak. "The Virgin be prased, I have escaped without injury-thongh not without alarm. Chevalier Crichton, let those doors be thrown open."

The command was obeyed; and the monarch, pale, trembling, and covered with blood, was revealed to the general graze. liy his side stood Crichton with his drawn sword in his hand, still siving graastly evidence of the exceution he lad done. Amid the universal consternation that prevailed, the voice of the Due de Nevers was heard exclaiming-
"The king is mortally wounded-the assassin stands before us. It is Crichton. Slay him! Cut him in pieces!"
"Hold!" cjaculated Henri, checking the movement of this faction. "I am unhurt, messicurs," he continued, addressing the guard; "I command you to attach the person of the Duc de Nevers, whom we accuse of lèze-majesté and treason.-Madame," added he, turning to Catherine, "you will answer me on the same charges."
"At once, and boldly, my son," replied the queen-mother. "You are deceived. The sole traitor stands by your side. I will prove the Chevalier Criehton guilty of the erimes you have imputed to me."
"Let Cosmo Ruggieri stand forth," said Crichton.
At this summons the astrologer forcel his way through the crowd.
"What hast thon to advance against me?" demanded the queen, imperiously.
"That you lave conspired against the life of the king, your son, and against his crown," retumed Ruggieri, firmly, "and that the Duc de Nevers is your accomplice. Will your majesty deign to regard this scroll?"
"It is thine own condemnation, Ruggieri," said Henri, glaneing at the document; "thoil art decply implicated in this conspiracy."
"I deny it not," replied the astrolorer; "let equal justice be dealt upon all who have betrayed you."
"Rurgieri," said the king, "thy doom is the galleys. De Nevers shall lose his head. For you, madame," he added, looking at the queen-mother, "I will reflect upon your sentence."

[^24]monarch. The hand of the Princess of Conde is yours-ha! what means this hesitation?"
"Sire! a greater obstacle than you have raised divides us," replied Crichton; " our creeds are different."
"What of that?" said Henri of Navarre, who had joined the group; " Marguerite de Valois is a Catholic. I am a Protestant."
"An excellent example, certes," said Chicot, sereaming with laughter.
"There is one favour which you can confer, sire, and which I can accept," said Crichton.
" Name it."
"'The freedom of the King of Navarre."
" It is granted," replied Henri, " on condition that he takes his queen with him."
" Excuse me, sire," replied the Bourbon. "I have too much consideration to separate her from the Admirable Crichton. Fair cousin of Condé, you will accompany me. His majesty has promised you a fitting cscort."
"I have," replied Henri; "but I would rather find her a fitting husband."
"Crichton," said Esclairmonde, blushingly turning tawards her lover, "have I your dispensation if I break my vow?"
"From the bottom of my heart," replied Crichton, passionately. "And I begin to find I ann not so staunch a Catholic as I fancicd myself when I quitted Florent Chréticn's cell."
"I would be of any creed for the woman I love," said the Bourbon.
" And I," said Henri III.
"'Then no more need be said about the matter,' cried Chicot. "Let us send for a priest at once. He will remove every difficulty. Points of faith are easily settled where love plays the umpire."

## APPENDIX.

During Crichton's residence in Venice in the autumn of the year 1550, when, as he himself has told us,

> Dum procul a Patria Madriaci prope litora Ponti Consedi,
when his eloquence had electrified the doge and the asscmbled signorywhen he had disputed in utramque partem upon the subtile doctrines of the Thomists and Scotists (a parte rei, et a parte mentis) with the learned Padre Fiamma, e con molti ultri calorosi prelati, in the presence of the Cardinal Ludovico D'Este, the patron of Tasso, and the brother of Alfonso II., Duke of Ferrara; had discussed with the Greek theologians, in the house of the Patriarch of Aquileia, the mysterious subject of the procession of the Holy Ghost, overwhelming his opponents with theweight of authorities which he adduced; had astonished the ready Italian improvisatore by a faculty more wonderful than his own; had confounded the mathematician, the astrologer, and the cabalist; had foiled the most expert swordsman, and the most brilliant wit at their own weaponswhen his grace and beauty had captivated many a fair signora, and his unequalled prowess in the revel and the masque had driven many a rival gallant to despair; and when, at length, satiated with enjoyment, and crowned with success, to escape from the enervating allurements of the sea Phryne, he crossed her blue lagoons, and secluced himself in some villa on the Brenta, to prepare for that final triumph which he was destined so gloriously to achieve in the three days' disputation held in the Chiesa San Giovanni e Paolo; then it was, that Aldus Manutius, prompted by his ardent admiration of the youthful Scot, or urged to the task by the curiosity of his noble correspondent, furnished Jacomo Buoncompagno, Duke of Sora, an eminent patron of men of letters, and brother to the reigning pontiff, Gregory XIII., with the following particulars of the mostro de mostri.
Relatione delle qualita di Jacomo di Crettone fatta du Aldo Manutio al Duca di Sora Adix Ottobre, 1581.*
Lo Scozzese detto Jacomo di Crettone è giovane di xx anni, finiti alli 19 d'Agosto passato, grande di statura, di pelo biondo, e d'aspetto bellissimo. Possiede diece lingue, la latina più bella et più pronta di quella di Monsignore

[^25]Moretto,* la Francese el Italiana in eccellenza, la Grec: bellissima e ne fat epigrammi. l'Hebrea, la Caldea, la Spagnuola, la Fiamenga, Inglesa, Scozzesa, e intende la Tedesca. Possiede Filosofia, Theologia, Mathematica, ed Astrologia, o tiene tutti i calcoli fatti sin al hoggi per falsi. Di Filosofia e Theologia ha disputato più wolte in questa Città con li primi letterati di questa professione con stupore di tutti. Ha perfettissima coghitione della Cabala, e di memoria tale che non sà she cosa sia il dimenticarsi ed ogni oratione udita da lui recita a parola per parola. Fa versi all' improviso di tutti li metri, e di tutte le materie vulgare elatine e ne fal improvise e belle. lagiona di cose di stato con fondamento. Cortegiano con maraglivi e gratis-imo nelle consnlationi, soldato à tutta botta, e ha speso due anni in Francia alla gherra con carien assai honorato; salta e balla per ececllenza; armergia egiuoca donni sorta d'armi e ne ha fatto qui la prova; maneggiatore aggarbato di cavalli, giostratore singolare, di sangue nobile anzi prer madre Regale stuardo. $\dagger$ Ha disputato con greei in easa del Nuntio e del Pratriarca d'Aquilda in materia deila processione del Spirito Santo con grande applanse econ grandissima copia dautorita de Dottori e consigli come Aristotele e commentatori alle mani recitando le facciate intiere non che le righe greehe. Sa tutio S. Thomaso, scoto, Thomisti e seotisti a mente, e dioputa in utramque parten, il che ha fatto felieemente laltro giorno col l'adre Fiamma, e con molti altri valorosi Prelati alla presenza di Monsignore Illustrissimo il Cardinale da Este. Volse il Patriarea e la Signora ulirlo e ne restorono maravigliosi e stupefatti; das. serenità fü premiato di wor seudi. In somma è mostro de mostri, e tale che molti udendo cosi fatte qualitia in un sol corpo benissimo proportionato e lontano dalla malineonia fano di molte chimere. Nlieri si ridusse fuori in villa, per stembere due mila conclusioni le quali in tutte le perfettione vole mantenere flai in Venetia nelle Chiesa di s. Giovan e Paolo; fra due mesi tutto in mondo corre per udirlo.

There is only one perplexing point about this letter; and if I could follow my Uncle 'Tohy's advice to Corporal Trim, and "leave ont the dute entirely," much tedious speculation might be spared. For the ermineness of the edition in my posession-that it is actually, as its: title states, appresso Aldo-I camot vonel. Comnterfeits of the productions of this celebrated press are too numerous and too skilful to suffer me to hazard such ar assertion. But at all events it is, beyond doubt, a fac-simile of the original. Obtained from Milan, my copy consists of a few leaves, yellow with age, with the derice of the elder Ndus on the title-page,

[^26]and purports to have been printed "in Venegia, M.DLXXXI." The memoir is not mentioned by Renouard; nor is it included in the small fuarto volume of the letters of Nldus Manntins, published at Rome, none of which, as Dr. Black ohserves (for I have not seen the collection). is written prior to 1085 . Having premised thus much, I shall proceer with my reasons for the emendation of the date, which, I conceive should be the tenth of October, 1.5S0, not 81 . From another contemporary authority (a manuseript chronicle cited by Serassi, the writer of which evidently derived his information from Aldus) we learn that Crichton reached Venice "nel mese d'Agosto del 1580 ." Coupling this intelligence with the final passage of the Relutione, "fra due mesi tutto ilmomdn corre per udirlo," we have the exact period of his arrival and departure, and my hypothesis is contirmed. He remained in Venice two months. And here I may note that the Affiche (the date of which is 1580 ) is made, owing to its faulty punctuation, to announce to the learned world that Crichton's disputation in the Church of Saint John and l'anl would take place wilhin two months; whereas we are expressly told by Ndus Manutius, who was not only the adviser, but a spectator, of this memorable controversy, that it commenced on the day of Pentecont. lish. Allus, indeed, seems to refer to some such pranegyric as this R'rlatione, when he states in the "Dedication to the Paradoxes of ( 'irero," " munc rero etiam lator, toti Italice, et orbi fortusse terrarmm wirerso perspectum esse judicinm de te meum, et ea quae Cum noc vindsses scriptis commendavi;" and mark what follows, "que tildi ipsi, ac momullis acerrimis censoribus, aspera atque injucumda videlmufur. Viun, licet tum amorem mahi ostendere, quamprudentiam, "unc ambo, cum amicis tuis, tum inimicis, si qui amplius tam feri atque inhumani reperinntur, manifesta sunt, postguam tux virtus tam clarum sui splendorem diffulit." Influenced by a desire to serve his friend, the great printer may have allowed his letter to the Duke of Sora to be widely circulated, and perhaps connived at its publication by the brothers Guerra, for which injudicious zeal he appears to have incurred the censure, as well of the high-minded object of his adulation, as of those envious detractors, which a celebrity like that of Crichton was certain to awaken. That Dr. Black, after a careful investigation of the collected letters of Aldus, could only diseover this solitary passage, which he thinks may relate to Crichton-" $S a V$. S. Illustrissima, che io sempre fuuctus sum officio cotis, o deve ricordarsi dello Scozzese, il quale godè In berignitù, e liberalitì di cotesta Republica, favorito anche da lci, che si mosse e per furorir lui, e per obligar me"-proves nothing. Aldus might not probably desire to introduce his letter to Buoncompagno in a volume contaning a similar eulogy on the Polish Crichton, Stanislaus Niegossevio, addressed to the same nobleman.

It follows, from what has been advanced, that upon the validity of the evidence afforded by Aldus Manutius - whether considered as the author or originator of the Affiche, the Relatione, the "Manuscript Chroniele," or the "Dedication to the Paradoxes" (for they are one and the same thing), rests Crichton's claim to that glorious epithet by which he has since been distinguished. His mighty intellectual powers are attested by Astolfo and Scaliger; but his universal accomplishments and personal graces are recorded by Imperialis, Dempster, David Buchanan, Johnston,
and other later writers on the testimony of Aldus.* And that testimony, notwithstanding it has been impugned by Doctors Kippis and Black, his been satisfactorily shown by Mr. Fraser 'Tytler to be unimpeachable.

If any proof, indeed, were wanting of the sincerity of Aldus's affection for, and admiration of, his friend, it would be found in the following pathetic lament, which (deceived by a false rmmour of Crichton's death) he inseribed to his memory :-

## Aldes Maneties to the Memory of Jhmes Crichtos.

- O Crichton, it is just that praise should attent thy memory, since we have been deprived of thee by an untimely death! Who is there that did not admire thee in life? who that does not mourn thee dead? While alive, the judument I had formed of thy merits was my honour and culvantage; und now that thou ait mo more. my !rief is immeasurable. Would to God thou wert yet alive, and that this fatal land (though the native conntry of Virgil) had never possessed thee! For such has been our wretehed destiny, that the same land which to him gave birth, should in this latter year fleprive thee of life (alas, in thy twenty-second year, a spoun of existence, though sufficient for thy glory, yet too short for us). For ever shall I revere thy menory: For ever shall thy image be present to my eyes! 'to me thou wilt ever be the same, ever cherished in my heart, as in the affections of all worthy men: Gorl grant that thy lot above may be the consummation of heavenly felicity, as on earth thou wert ever attached to what was of heavenly origin, and ever employed in the contemplation of such objects. O melancholy duy, the third of July! This to thee I write, from this molancholy sojourn on earth, to that heavenly habitation, with my earnest prayer for every blessing to -hy spirit." $\dagger$

The date of this affectionate tribute is the 4 th of November, 1583 : it is prefixed to the Aldine edition of "Cicero de Universitate." I mention these circumstances beeause they are important to the consideration of two inedited poems of Crichton, which have falleu into my lands, th which I shall now proceed.

I dy not know how I can better introdnce the subject than in the words of Mr. 'Tytler. "Serassi," says this gentleman, $\ddagger$ " an author of high character for accuracy, asserts that he has amongst his miscellanies an 'Epicedion,' written on the death of the Cardinal and Saint, Charles Borromeo, by James Crichton, a Scotsman, and printed the very day after his death. Serassi copies the title of this 'Epicedion' verbatim, and evidently must have had it before him when he wrote the passage. All supposition of mistake upon his part is thus nearly precluded. The enincitence of the two names, Jucobus Critonius, the additional appellative Scolus, and the cireumstance that the elegy was written, printed, and published the day after the death of the cardinal, fixes the poem upon James Crichton of Cluny; as the improbability of the supposition that

[^27]there should have been another Scotsman of the name of James Crichton in Italy, in the year 1584, possessed of the same remarkable facility in poetical composition, is quite apparent. And lastly, the subject on which this elegy was composed, renders any error almost impossible. Had it been a poem on any indifferent subject, or a prose work relating. to any disputed point in physics or in morals, we might have been allowed to conjecture that the date 1584 was erroncous; but the death of the cardinal, Charles Borromev, fixes us down to a certain time. An 'Epicedion' on this venerable character could not have been written anterior to the year 1584 . On the one hand, therefore, we have Aldus, Imperialis, and all his succeeding biographers, fixing the death of Crichton to the year 1582 or 1583; on the other hand, we have it asserted, that the Admirable Crichton, on the th of November, 1584, composed an 'Epicedion' on the Cardinal Borromeo. On which side the truth lies, must be left for future writers to discern."

To this I answer by producing the "Epicedion" in question.

[^28]Heupullâ elamyde, et seissis Elegia capillis l'rodeat, et ealamus ligloga nacta nigros.
Nox erat, et mostas agitabam pectore curas, Horaque me noctis tertia vexat atrox.
Nulla datur requies; sed mens insana vagatur Semper, et objectis horret imaginibus.
Ast tandem sero declinant lumino somno, Et (dolor) obrepunt somnia dirat mihi.
Samque fretum ingressus portu prodire videbar, Quique ratem regeret Navita inullus erat.
Hic Ephyre, Drymo, Cydippe, Glaucia, Doris, Santhia, Cymodoce, Lysis et Opis erant.
Hace velut in gyrum duphicato poplite fertur, Remigat hae pedibus, nee resupina jacet.
Intonat horrisono Cexlum se murmure miscens, Hine Notus, hine Boreas, Afrieus inde rumt.
Involucre diem nubes, caceque tenebre Insurgunt, et nox ingruit atra salo.
Deficit eximio spoliata carina Magistro, Atque procellosis ingemit icta notis.
Extimui, steteruntque comx, et timor occupat artus, l'roh dolor, en veris somuia mixta noto.
Prostupor, Aretuis pererrinns Scotus ab oris, Nauclerm Latii deffeo jure pium.
Flete Viri, lugete senes, discindite vultus O pueri, heu juvenes imbre rigate genas.
Stridulus emissis certatim ululatibus ather Ilorreat, et finem non labeant gemitus.
Quales cum Troix jam tum Fortuna labaret, lliades seisso crine dedere Nurus.
Ne mea suspensum teneant te metra, benigne Lector, Christigente Navita, puppis hic est.
Caroles Insubri bononaeds sanguine cretus; Cui virtns claro stemmate major erat.
Carulus aterno Boromares Numine fultus. Et misera gentis dux foret ille suæ.

Non prece, non pretio, non vi sed colitus almurn, Illius texit purpura sacra caput.
Menteque perpetuâ Christum spectabat Iesvs, Purpureas inter gloria summa Patres.
Non aliter quan vel radis solaribus ather Cyuthia rel bigis nox taciturua suis.
Scilicet Insubres vitiorem mole ruentes, Erexit presul dexteritate pius.
Erectosque manu validâ fulcivit Ephebus, Contudit et sacra lielligione scelus.
IIme Jens elegit solide pictatis alumnum, Ut magums patrie splendor ubique foret.
Sepiùs ille lomines mediâ de morte recepit, Quam pestis latè serperet atra Lues.
llle Dei (lassem remis, velisque carentem Instatuit undio Fortins ire freto.
lit licet extinctus sit corpore nomine vivit, C'njus tama nitent pulsat utrumque polum.
In quo virtute fixere sedilia cuncta, De vitiisque fermet alta trophæa Deo.
Integritas amimi, placidoque modestia vultu, Et mullis probitas contemerata malis.
Despectu-quce sui, legis respectus avitit, I'rovitus, et casto plemas amore timor
Factis culta fides, non solis fumea verbis, sed supero accensas quad dat ab igne faens.
Sures nobilibus mites prabebat; egenis Consulnit pariter nobilis ille parens.
Ergo mon alio fas est hanc nomine dici. Quăm sua, quo, pietas nota sit, atque fides.
Sic virtute sua clarus, nee carmine nostro, Laule nec alterius clarjor esse potest.
Ilaud equilem varios eristallina globa colores Tot dabit, hie morum quot simulachra nitent,
Et tamen (1) Pietas) vitales exuit auras, Et corli proprias itque reditque vias.
Eheu uil valuit fugientem sistere vitam, Ah nil morte homini certins esse patet.
Jlla malis reguiem, metamque laboribus affert, Ombiaque alternas constat habere vices.
Sic pluvialis hyems, Zephyro spirante recedit, Sie pia nanclerus primia vester habet.
Admonet ecce Deus, Deus athere missus ab altor Currat int in portus tuta carina suos.
Interea Praesul visit pia fana Varalla, U't prevsagus olor fata subire parans.
Suncte, quem dequrat, cursum Natura peregit, Molliter ossa cubant, spiritus astra colit.
Quem munc felicem. terris pelagogue relictis, Fatidioo cecinit I)elphicus ore Deus.*

- A free translation of this Elegy will be found in the following page. $\mathbf{A}$ copy alluded to by M. Eyries (the writer of the article on "Crichton" in the Biog. Universelle) is preservel in the Bibliotheque du lioi at laris, of which I have procured a transcript, agreeing in all respects with another impression obtained from Milan.


## Epiccoíum:

ON THE

CAFDINAL CARLO bORROMEO

## I.

With black funereal robe, and tresses shorn, Ocrwhelmed with grief, sad Elegy appears; And by her sile, sits Eeioga forlorn,

Bloting each line she traces with her tears

## II.

'Twas night !-long pondering on my secret woes The third hour broke upon my vigil lone; Far from wy hreast had sorrow chased repose, And fens jresageful threatencd ills unknown.

## III.

Slumber, at length, my heavy eyelids sealed; The eelt-same terrors scared me as I slept. Portentous dreams events to come revealed, And oor my couch fantastic visions swept.
IV.

Upon the shoreless sea methought I sailel, No helmoman steered the melancholy barque;
Around its sides the pitying Nereids wailed, Cleaving with show-white arms the waters dark.

## V.

Cydippe, dolphin-borne, Ephyra fair, And Xanthia leave their haleyon-haunted caves, With Doris and Cymodece to share

The maddening strife ot storm-a waken'd waves
VI.

Drawn, maresisting, where the whirling gyre Vexes the deep, the ship her prow inclines;
While, like a pharos' gleam, the lightning's fire Over the raging vortex redly shines.
VII.

Mix'd with the thunder's roar that shakes the skies, Notus and Africus and Boreas sound ;
Black wreathing clouds, like shadowy legions, rise, Shronding the sea in midnight gloum profound.
VIII.

Disabled, straining, by the tempest lashed, Rett of her storm-tried helmsman's guiding hazd,
The vessel sinks :-amid the surges dashed, Vainly I struggle-vain!y ery for land!

## Iス.

Alas! stern truths with dreams illusive meet! Latium the shipwreck of her hopes deplores!
The pious leader of the Insubrian fleet
I mourn-a wandering Sicot from Northern shores !
X.

Weep, youths! weep, aged men. weep! rend your hair! Let your wild plaints be on the breezes tost :
Weep, virgins! matrons! till your loud despair
Outbraves her children's wail for Ilion lost:
スI.
In that wreek'd barque the Ship of Christ behold:
In its lost chief the Cardinal divine,
Of princely Lombard race;* whoze worth untold
Eelipsed the lofty honours of his line.
XII.

Ilis suffering comatrymen to rule, sustain, By the All-wise was Borroneo given;
And he, who stoop'd not dignity to gain, $\dagger$ Derived his high investiture from heaven.

## XIII.

Eright as the sun oer all pre-eminent. Or Cynthia glittering from her star-girt throne, The saintly Charies, on truths sublime intent, Amid the purple hierarchy shone.

> XIV.

The Christian fleet, devoid of helm and sail. ?
He mann'd and led where ronghest billows roll ;
And, though no more, his virtues wide prevail,
Their sacred intluence spreads from pole to pole.
XV.

His, was the providence that all foresees, His, the trust placed, unchangeably, above His, strict observance of his sires' decrees, Rapt adoration, and fear-chasten'd love.

## XVI.

The faith in practice, not profession, shown, Which borrows all its glory from on high
Was his :-nor did his holiness, alme, Consist in outward forms of sanctity.

* Saint Carlo Borromeo was born at Arona, near the Lago Maggiore, the loveliest of Italian lakes, on the 2nd of October, 1538. Ilis fanily was, and still continues to be, the most illustrious in Lombardy. It derives, however, its proudest distinction from its comnexion with the virtuous cardinal and his exalted nephew Frederigo, whose sullime character has been of late so exquisitely portrayed by Manzoni. If ever man deserved canonisation, it was the subject of this elegy, whose whole life was spent in practices of piety; and whose zeal, munificence, wisdom, toleration, and beneficence, have conferred lasting benefits on his creed and country.
$\dagger$ He was made Cardinal and Archbishop in his twenty-third year by his uncle, Pius VI., who lad resigned several rich livings to him twelve years before. -Evstace. Clussical Tour through Italy.
$\ddagger$ lorromeo found the diocese of Milan in the most deplorable state of disorder. But with at vigorous and unsparing hand he reformed all ecclesiastical abuses"C'est ainsi," observes M. 'Tabauraud, the writer of his life in the Biog. Universelle, "que l'Eglise de Milan, tombée dans une espèce d'anarchie depuis quartrevingts ans que ses archevêques n'y résidaient pas, reçut en peu d'années cette forme admirable qui, par la vie tonte angelique de son clerqé, la rendit le modele de toutes les autres Eglises. Tant de reformes ne purent se faire sans de grands obstacles, qu'il surmonta par sa ferneté, sa patience et son imperturbable charite."


## XVII.

A willing ear unto the nobly-born, Nobler himself, he neer refused to yield; Nor, Jesus' meek disciple, did he seorn

The humble prayer that to his heart appealed.*
XVIII.

Can no remembrance dearer than his name
bequeathed us, link his memory with the earth
Nor can my praise add lustre to his fame-
Prond heritage of mexampled worth: $\dagger$
Nix.
When o'er his desolated city fell
The livid plague's inexorable breath ;
Oft, in the lazzaretto's tainted cell,
Fervent, he prayed beside the coull of deatho $\ddagger$
XX.

Is through the fane the pale procession swept, \| Betore its shine he bent in lowliest wise; Imploring heaven, in mercy, to accept His life, for them, a willing sacrifice.

## XXI.

When from the assassiu's arm the bullet sperl, Ile blenchd not, nor his deep devotions stopt ; "Be not dismay'd in heart""-the anthem s:idd. He rose-the bullet from his vestment dropt !乌

[^29]
## NXII．

Not in the prism more varied hues resille．
Than bright examples in his course are traced ：－
Alas：his longer sojourn here denied，
His guiding star is from its sphere effacel．

## 天XII．

Alas ！life＇s ebbing tide no hindrance knows！
With man is nothing certain but to die：
Mortality，alone，presents a close
Immutable，＂mill mutahility．
スベリ．
As，in some stre．nn remote，the swan expires．
Breathing．muhearl，her fate－foreboding strain，
So the declining Cardinal retires
＇To steep Varalla＇s solitary fane．＊

## XXV．

Like the fair flower that springs from winter＇s cruvt， Lombards ：your l＇rimate bursts his earthly chains ；
And，in his Father＇s mansion with the Just， A purtion aml inheritance obtains．$\dagger$

AXVI．
Within his chosen tomb calm may he sleep ！$\ddagger$ Beatified，aloft，his spirit soars！
While Virtue＇s luss irreparable，deep， With reverential griet the Muse deplores．

The authenticity of this poem cannot for an instant be disputed．It bears the strongest intermal evidence of emanating from the same mind
restrun neque formidet，lassassin，eloigné senlement de cinq ou six pas，tire uno coup d＇arquebuse sur Saint Charles．à genonx devant l＇autel．A ce bruit，le chant cesse，la consternatixa est générale；le Saint，sans s＇émouvoir，fait signe de－ continuer la prière ：il se croyait cependant blessé mortellement．et offrait à Dien le sacrifice de sa vie．La prière finie，il se relère，et roit tomber à ses pieds la balle qu＇on lui avait tirée dans le dos，et qui n＇arait fait qu＇gfleurer son rochet．＂－Brog． Lineerselle．The holy primate endeavoured，ineffectually，to preserve Farima and the instigators of his crime from the punishment they merited．They were but to death，and lius VI．dissolved the order（ Gili Cmili）to which they belonged．
＊The Monastery of Monte Varalla is situated in the Piedmontese states，near the banks of the Sesia．Thither Saint Charles retired immediately previous to his dissolution，attended only by his confessor，the Jesuit Adorno，－and returned thence to Milan in a dying state．＂Franciscum Alornum Societatis Jesu plurimi fecit qui cum in extremo vite curriculo per dies phurimos，quo tempore in Monte Varallo meditationibus se totum tradiderat Caroli＇s ab ejus latere numquam discesserit．＂－Caroli Cardin．Burromari V＇itu－V＇Vlerio．Antone Godeac，Bishup ＂f Grusse，who has written the life of the illustrious Primate，gives the following particulars of his melancholy visit to the Monastery ：－＂Encore que tonte la vie de Sant Cinales fust une retraite mentale．toutefos il avait accontumé den faire nur locale tons les ans en quelque monastère ́carté，où il employoit quel－ ques jours pour faire une revue sévère de sa vie，et pour prendre un nouvel esprit e zète et de piété．Avant que de sen retourner à Milan，il voulut passer aut Mont Varalle，dont nous avons parié．et y faire ses exerciees．＂－Vie de S．Ch Borromée．Liv．II．Ch．dernier．M．Melins，in his Voyage dans le Milanais，de－ seribing the mountain oratory of Varese，observes：－＂Un va de la à Varalle，ois les Histoires die l＇Ancien et du Nouveau－Testament sont figurées dans cinquante－ deux chapelles．＂
$\dagger$ The earthly pilgrimage of Saint Charles terminated on the 4 th of November， 1584，at the are of forty－six years．He was canonized by Paul V．in 1610.
$\ddagger$＂Cupiens hoc loco sibi monumentum vivens elegit．＂－Epitaph inscribed upon： Burromev＇s tomb by his oun desire．
that conceived the Appulsus ad Venetam: and the rexatu question so long agitated, as to Criehton's having survived the perilous Nones of Jinly may be now considered finally settled. As an extemporaneons effision (and its author twice intimates that it is to be so esteened), it must be allowed to le a remarkable production. Its versification is singularly fluent and harmonions; and it breathes a spirit of tender melancholy perfectly in unison with the subject. It was dashed off at a heat, at the request of a friend, with its writer's characteristic rapidity; and, if we should fail to discover passages of such transeendent beanty as might be expected from a genius of an order so high as that of Crichton, we mast bear in mind the disadvantageous ciremstances under which. in all probability, it was composed. The grief of the youthful Seot wae, I am persuaded, mo poetic fiction. Be this as it inaly. lif reputation will suffer no diminution from the connexion of this -• Fipicedion" with his name.

Fimigeras iterum Critonius exit in auras
Fit volat ingenio docta per ort virûm.
Not miny, however, was Crichtom alive in November, 1584 - not only on the death of the divine Borromeo did he pour forth his elegiae strains; but in the succeeding month we have further proof of his existence and unabated poetical powers in the following congratulatory address, with which he celebrated the iuduction of Gaspar Visconti to the archiepiscopal see of Milan.

Jacobi Critoni Scoti ad amplissmum ac reverendissmum virum Gasparem Vicecomtem* Sumda onniem ordinum Voluntate, ad preclabam Arciifepiscopatus Mediolaxen. Abministrationem, delectum.

GRATULATIO. $\dagger$
1'rimus in Exequiis ferali carmine Scotus l'astoris dolui funera mestapii.
Funcra meesta pii Bokosmer Presulis ah ah, Deplanxit tristi nostra Thalia stylo.
Appice post nimbos, nitidum quàm sajpe reducat Vectus Lacifero Cynthins axe, diem.
Namque salo pridem Tavis spoliata Magistro, More poetarum, fluctibus obruitur.
Sevit hyems, venti ingeminant striduntque rudentes, Soll citoque tremme corda pavore virum.
Nee spes ulla fuit melior, quin deficit omis Nateleri posito, turba, magisterio.
Nec quicquam nisi vota facit divosque deasque Orat, ut aflletis rebus adesse velmt.
Tamta sed ieterni fuerit clementia l'aris Ut non humanas deseruisset opes. Sic pelagi tandem compescuit Eolus astus, Atque reluctantes traxit in antra Nutos.

[^30]Et caput exeruit formosior aquore ' Iitan, Illuxit votis mille petita dies.
Eece velut fulgur media quod nocte cornscat, Alter adest prestans navita puppis, 10. .
Cujus opes magnas, virtus et gloria lengi Exuperant, hujus non levis urbis nonor.
Rostra Roter,* Romw, rectâ ratione rotabat, himantique ratem relligione reset.
Colloquio presens presentem denique novi, sunsibus jnjecit qui pia vincla meis.
Prasule ter felix o nume Insubria tali, Inclyta cui virtus cernitur esse parens.
Quem propriis ultrò tendentem laudihus, omnes Hoc norunt sacrun promernisse jubar.
Currite jam cives, dignis ornate lapillis, Nobile, facundum, conspicuumque caput.
Exoptatus ades patrie rectorque paterque Gaspar presignis nomine reque Comes.
Quid potuit mœstax contingere letius Urbi? Qui suavi pasces pectora nostra cibo.
larticipes hujus concurruut undique gentes Latitix. et cura est omibus una tui,
Deponunt luctus, et te succedere gaudent, Nam cui succedis non latet orbe viros.
Illm Sarmaticus Boreas, et Cancasus asper l'rotulerit, Charites qui neget ore tuas.
Magnanimum sydus, tu gloria splendor avorum, Tu generis columen, portus et aura tui.
Interritas morun, pietas, facundia, virtus, Musa, tibi probitas, dexteritasque placent.
Relligione Numam, antiquum gravitate Catonem, Angustum illustrem nobilitate refers.
lline te Gregomes, summi qui Numinis instar, Clavigerâ, reserat regna beata, manu.
Eximio magnus donavit munere Pastor, Ut tegat emeritas sacra Tiara comas.
Auguriis sibi quisque animum felicibus implet, Exoptat longos, et tibi quisque dies.
Critonius Scotis Arctox in finibus ore Progenitus, Gaspar, gratulor ecee tibi,
Sis fellix, carmenque meum lege fronte serenâ, Gaudebit, Prosul, Musa favore tuo.

CID ID XXXCIV. V. Idus Decembris.

## To Gaspar Fiiscontí.

## I.

When her fair land with grief o'erspread, Insubria mourn'd her Irimate dead; When Borromeo to the tomb Was borne 'mid all-pervading gloom; When dimm'd with tears was every cye, When breathed one universal sigh The sorrowing lyre for him who slept, I first-a Scottish minstrel-swept.

- The well-known Papal court called the Rota. Gaspar Visconti was one of the twelve judges, as we learn from Saxius, who says that he proceeded to Rome -ut una cum auditoribus quos vocant Rote Romaxe in eo insigni sapientum colleyio consideret. The reader will admire the singular alliterative splendour of this couplet.


## II.

'The night is pass'd, and dawn awakes, Bright Cynthius through the vapour breaks
Anl Lucifer, with cheering beans, From out his golden axle gleams. Where late upon the raging sea
The wild winds rush'd tumultuonsly ;
And the frail barque by surges tost,
Her tempest-braving hehmsman lost,
Her timbers strain'l, her canvas riven, Wide ơer the weltering waste was driven; While her pale crew, with fear aghast, Gazed (as they deem'd) on heaven their last: With shrieks their hapless fate hewailing! With prayers the threatening skies assailing!-
-A change is wrought !--hushed are the gate
A sott and summer calm prevails;
And the glal ship, in safety, glides Over the gently-rolling tides.
In troops o'er the ocem's broad expanse, Day's rosy harbingers advance;
Bland Eolus careers the wave,
Fierce Notus hurries to his cave;
Young 'Titan from the waters springs,
With new-born lustre on his wings;
And over all things shines that sun,
Whose light a thousand vows have won.

## III.

lö! with shouts the deck resound!
lö! another chief is found!
Another leader hath been sent
'To rule the Christian armament; Whose firmness and undaunted zeal Finsure uninterrupted weal:
Whose vice the Ruman Rota sway'd,
Whose laws that synod sage obey'd:
Whose hand will guide with equal ease,
Ieligion's barque through stormy seas:
Whose power in exhortation shown,
Whose wistom I myself have known;
When by his eloquence subdued,
In admiration lost, I stood.
Rejoice, thrice-happy Lombardy!
That such a chief is given to thee!
A chief so free from aught of sin, Virtue might be his origin:
Whose heavenly purpose, onward-tending, Whose resolution-calm, unbending, Shall lead thee through the shades of night
'To realms of everlasting light.

## IV.

Haste, Milanese! your l'rimate greet:
I'relates! your leader fly to meet!
Run, maidens! youths! let each one bring
Some gift, some worthy offering!
Surrounding nations hail your choice,
Surrounding nations loud rejoice!
Like him, whom ye have lost, was none
Save him your choice has fall'n upon!

## V.

A father fond, a ruler wise Gaspar, in thee, we recognise : Thy uame, Visconti, seems to be An earnest of prosperity. To ns thon art in our distress, As mana in the widderness. Inhospitable Cancasus, Farmatian Boreas rigorons, seize on the caitiff, who denies 'Thy all-acknowledg'd charities: A glory art thon, and a star, A light, a pharos seen afar? And, clothed with majesty divine, Shalt prove the pillar of thy line. High rectitude and prescience Are thine, and wide beneficence; A Numa in thy sumetity,
A Cato in thy gravity, Angustus in nobility. Hence the High Pontiff Gregory,* Who holds of l'aradise the key, For thee earth's chains hath cast aside, For thee heaven's gate hath opened wide; Milan's white robe hath ronnd thee spread, Her mitre placed upon thy head.

## TI.

In thy blest advent all men see
Of peace a certain augury;
All tongues are clamorous in thy praise,
All prasers are for thy length of days.
Amid the crowd. I, Chichton, born
On Caledonian shores forlorn, Not all unknown, congratulate Thee, Gaspari, on thine honour'd state. Perpetual happiness be thine: Thy bright, approving smile be mine! Nor let thy taste, severe, disdain, Primate, this welcome-breathing strain.

Umoticed by, and evidently mknown to all his former biographers, this congratulatory poem closes the intellectnat career of the Admirable Crichton. $\dagger$ All beyond is wraped in obscurity.

To the consideration of the present and the preceding performance should be brought a knowledge of Crichton's strong devotion to the Chureh of Rome; to that ancient faith-shorn of its glory in his owrt land, for which, after encountering those unhappy differences adverted to by Aldus (pralia domestica contra te suscitata quae cum patre gessisti), and rejecting the brilliant offers held out to him by the leaders of the popular faith, whose cause and opinions his family had em-

[^31]braced, he had so long absented himself from his country, his friends, his home.*

Attached to the Church of Rume, he was necessarily attached to her priesthood. Milan, under the sway of the divine Borromeo, became the model of ecclesiastical jurisdiction. To Milan, Crichton repaired. His grief for the loss of the exalted primate was deep and heartfelt; his rejoicing at the appointment of his successor, whose piety he himself, as he informs us, had approved-

> Whose power in exhortation shown, Whose wisdom, I myself have known, When by his cloquence subducd, In admiration lost, I stood-
was mfeigned:-and if the verses just quoted do nothing more, they at least prove that the adherence to the faith of his ancestry, which sent him forth a wanderer from their heresy-girt halls, was still unchanged.

Efforts have been made on the part of some recent writers to shake the celebrity of the Admirable Scot, by assailing the few poetical pieces which he has left us, and by measuring the grasp of his intellect by this unfair standard. This is to judge of the fire of Sappho by her twin odes; of the comic humour of Menander by his fragments. The prejudices of the learned biographer of Tasso must indeed have been blinding, if he could see no beauties in the "Appulsus"-no inspiration, no poetic nerve, no classic taste and feeling in the odes to Massa and Donatus. It is not, howerer, from what remains to us of his writings, but from the effect produced upon his contemporaries (and such contemporaries), that we can form a just estimate of the extent of Crichton's powers. By them he was esteemed a miracle of learning-divinum plane juvenem: and we have an instance in our own times of a great poet and philosopher, whose published works scarcely bear out the ligh reputation he enjoyed for colloquial ability. The idolised friend of Aldus Manutius, of Lorenzo Massa, Giorami Donati, and Sperone Speroni, amongst the most accomplished scholars of their age; the antagonist of the redoubted Arcangelus Mercenarius and Giacomo Nazzoni-(whose memory was so remarkable that he could recite entire books of Dante, Ariosto, Virgil, and Lucretins, and who had someded all the depths of philosophy)-could not have

[^32]been other than an extraordinary person ; and we may come to the conclusion respecting him, arrived at by Dr. Johnson, that "whatever we may suppress as surpassing credibility, yet we shall, upon incontestible authority, relate enough to rank him among prodigies."

## THE END.

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[^0]:    * Scholars eilher not living within the walls of the university, or not being en fension at the colleces.
    t Yellow-buks; a nickname applied to newly-admitted students.

[^1]:    * Crichton is described in the Ietter of Aldus Manutius to the Duke of Sora eiscwhere quoted, as "grande ri statua, dipelo biondo, et davpetto bellissimo."

[^2]:    * Sce what Thuanus says, upon the post mortem examination of Charles IX. lib. Ivii,- ex causâ incognitia reperti livores. The end of Clarles was, indeed, awful; but its horror would be increased, if we could be assured that his excruciating pangs were occasioned by lis mother.

[^3]:    

[^4]:    * A catalogue of Marguerite's various amourettes will be found in the Livorce Satirique, published under the auspices of her consort, Henri IV. More than half, however, are, most probally, scandal.
    + Marguerite was then of the tender age of eleven.
    $\ddagger$ Colonel-General of the French infantry. Brantome has written his éloge.
    S ' This refrain is attributed to the Duchesse de Guise.
    i| The Sicur La Mole, surnamed " l.e Buludin de la Cour ;" beheaded by Charles
    IX., it is said, from jealousy. Mollis Vita, Mollior interitus.
    - Bussi D'Amboise.-Formos Veneris furiosi Mortis alumaus.
    ** Tlie Duc de Alayeme, brother to the Due de Guise.

[^5]:    *These verses are imitated from a trentaine of beanx Sis, recorded in the Dames Galantes. Brantome gives them in Spanish prose from the lips of a fair Toledan, mentioned in the text ; they are, however, to be met with in an old lirench

[^6]:    work anterior to onr chronicler, entitled De let Lounage et Beanté des Dames. The same maxims have been turned into Latin hexameters by Frameois Corniger (an minnous name for a writer onsuch a subject), and into ladian verse by Vincentio Calmeta.

[^7]:    - Sec Callot's magnificent piece (f dialierif, upon this subject, and the less extravagant, but not less admirable picture of Teniers ; and what will well bear comparison with either, Retzch's illistration of the Walpurgis Night lievels of Gubihe.

[^8]:    - According to Delancre, the usual reficin of the Sorcerers'Sabbath-song. See lis "Description of the Inconstancy of Evil Angels and Demons." "Delanere's lescription of the Witches' Sabbath," observes the amusing author of Monsicur Oufte, " is so very ample and particular, that I don't believe I should be better in armed concerning it if I had been there myself."

[^9]:    * Iope Alexander VI, of the family of Lenzuoli, but who assumed previous to his pontificate the name of Borgia, a name rendered infamous, as well by his own crimes and viece, as hy those of the monster offepring Cosar and Lucrezia, whom he had hy the courtezan Vanozza, aceording to Gordon, instigated to the murder of Ziziine or Djem, som of Mahomet II., by a reward of 300,000 ducats, promised by Bajazet, brother to the ill-fated Othman I'rince.

[^10]:    * The famous engagement with the Swiss, near Milan, in whieh Francis the First came off vietorious. Fleuranges places the ceremony of the king's knighthood before the battle. 'The "Loyal Servant," however, states that it occurred, as is niost probable, after the confict.

[^11]:    * The ineidents of this ballad are, with some slight variation, derived from those of the exquisite Frenel romance, Flore et Blanchefior, the date of which may be referred to the thirteenth century, and which maquestionably, as its recert editor, M. D'aulin, P'aris, supposes, is of Sranis! or Moorish origin.

[^12]:    - Le Loyer observes, that the Saboe, evohe, sung at the oryia, or Bacchanalia, agree with the exclamations of the conjurers and witches - "Her Sabat-Sabat :" and that Bacehus, who was only a devil in disguise, was named Sabassus, from the Sabbath of the Bacehanals. The accustomed form of their initiation was expressed in these words,-"I have drunk of the drum, and eaten of the cymbal; and am become a proficient ;" which Le Loyer explains in the following manner:-By the cymbal is meant the caldron used by the modern conjurers to boil those infants they intend to eat; and by the drum the goat's skin, blown up, whence they extract its

[^13]:    * Adapted from an old French Imatatoyre Bachique.

[^14]:    - An adaptation of a few verses ot' a Macaronic poem of little merit, entitled Des famer, des dez, et de la tacerne, appended to the last edition of the Fabliaux ef Contes des Poétes Prangois.

[^15]:    - Gaudehillaux sont grasses trippes de coiraux. Coiraux sont beufz engresses à la criche, et prés guimaulx. Prés guimaulx sont qui portent herbe deux foys l’an.

[^16]:    - The anagram of François Rabelais.

[^17]:    * Elizabeth of Austria, daughter of̂ the Emperor Maximilian, an amiable and excelles. princess, whose genuine piety presented a striking contrast to the sanguinary fanaticism of her tyramical and neglectinl sponse. "O mon Dieu:" she cried, on the day of the massacre, of which she had been kept in ignorance ; " quels conseillers sont ceur-lu, qui ont donné le roi tel avis? Jon Dieu! je te supplie, et je requiers de lui pardonner, car si tu n'en as pitié j’ui grand peur que cette offense ne lui soit pas pardonnée."
    $\dagger$ Jean Poltrot de Méré, the assasin of Francois de Guise, father of the Balafré, probably, in order to screen himself, accused Coligni and leza of being the instigators of his offence. His flesh was afterwards torn trom his bones by red-hot pincers, but Henri of Lorraine never considered his father's death fully avenged until the massacre of the admiral. Coligni's head was sent by Catherine de Medicis to Rome as an offering to Gregory XIII. Upon this occasion the pope had a medal struck off, stamped with an exterminating angel and subscribed-Ugonotorum Strages.
    $\ddagger$ Pereat suâ arte Perillus. Enguerrand de Marigni, grand chamberlain of France during the reign of Philippe-le-Bel, constructed the famons gibbet of Montfaucon, and was himself among the first to glut its horrible fouches patibuluires, whence originated the ancient adage-Plus malheureux que le bois dont on fait le gibet

[^18]:    * Fnsuite Coligni fut traîne anx fourches patibularies de Montfaucon. Le Roi vint jonir de ce spectacle, et sen montra insatiable. On ne concevait pas qu'il put resister à me telle odeur ; on le pressait de se retircr. Non dit-il, le cadure d'un cmami sent toujours bon!-Lachatelale.
    † La maladie de Charles IX.était accompagnée de symptômes plus violens quon nen remarque dans les malades de langueur ; sa poitrine était partienlierement affectée ; mais son sang coulait par tous les pores ; daffreux souvenirs persecuaient sa peasce dans un lit tonjours bagné de sang; il voulait et ne ponvait pas s'arracher de cette place.-Lachaelle. Histoire de France pendant les Guerres de Religion.

[^19]:    * 'These, or nearly these words, were addressed by the Pope Benedict XIV. to Horace Wilpole.

[^20]:    * From a bitter pasquinade in the Journal of IIenri III., entitled "Comparaison "Catherine et de Jeaabel."

[^21]:    * Cruentus sanguine uxoris, Pictavii ob improperatam sibi propudiosam ritam interfectr. Thuanus.

[^22]:    * That these details are not exaggerated, will he perceived by a glance a the subjoined account of the assassination of the Sieur Du Guast, taken fron. the Journal de Henri III. "La reine Marguerite, piquée au vif, et animée encore par les plaintes de toutes celles que Du Guast avoit outragées, s'addressa à Guillaume Du Prat, Baron de Viteaux, alors caché à Paris, dans le Couvent des Augustins, pour un meurtre, qu'il avoit commis quelque temps auparavant en la personne d'Antoine d'Alégre; tele l'engagea par ses caresses à devenir son rengenr. Viteaux, pour faire son coup, choisit le premier de Novembre, vielle de la Fète des Morts, parce que le bruit de tontes les cloches de Paris qui se fait entendre alors, étoit propre à cacher le bruit inséparable de l'exécution de son entreprise. Il se rend, avec quelques autres sur le soir, au logis de 1)u Guast, monte dans sa chambre, et le trouve au lit, où il le perce de plusieurs couns."

[^23]:    * Giacomo di Grassi, his True Arte of Defence. First written in Italian by the foresaid author, and Englished by 1. G., Gentleman, 1594.

[^24]:    "I am content," said liuggieri, with a look of gratified revenge; " one of these aceursed Gonzagas will fall by my hands."
    "Away with him," said Henri. "Cheralier Crichton," he added, embracing the Scot, "you are my preserver, and henceforth my brother. I have played the tyrant and the libertine long enough. I will now endeavour to assume the part of the generous

[^25]:    * Relatione delle qualita di Jacomo di Cretone fatta da Aldo Manutio all Illustrimo ed eccelentissimo S. Jacomo Bonconipayno Duca di Sora e Gover. Gen. di S. C. In Venegia, M.DLXXXI Appresso Aldo.

[^26]:    * The fanoms Mareus Antonius Muretus, the friend of the Manutii, and one of the most protound scholars of his day. He was succeeded in the Roman "hair of philosophy by the younger Aldus. The wonderful skill of Muretus in Iatin versification will readily be conceived when it is stated that he palmed certain scenes of his own composition upon the learned Joseph Sealiger as fragments of two ancient comic writers, Attius and Trabea, which that great philologist unhesitatingly introduced into his edition of Terentius Varro.
    $\dagger$ Compare the above deseription with the following passage from the "Dedication to the Paradoxes of Cicero," sulsequently published by Aldus:-" Magna sunt ista profecto, et inandita. mediocria tamen, si cetera spectemus; quod, -cilicet decem lingnarum, multorum idiomatum, omnium disciplinarm cor. nitionem ante vigesimum primum æetatis annmm. sis adeptus; et digladiandi, saltandi, omnimm gymasticarum exercitationum, et equitandi studia, tanta cum alacritate ingenii, animique humanitate, mansuctudine, et facilate conjunxeris, ut nihil te admirabilius reperiri possit. Sed non innumerabiles vite ture transacta laudes; non mirifican illam coram Serenissimo Principe ac Illustrissimis Venetre Reipublice proceribus aetionem; non subtilissimas tuas de Theologia, philo-- Mhia et rebus Mathematicis, disputationes in plerisque maximorum hominum rancessibus, recensebo; non tantorum hominum ad te videndum concursum, ut olim llatoni a Sieilia revertenti, relicto Olympico spectacnlo, tota A theniensium celcbritas ocerrisse fertur; cum te omnes, signo rubea Rosx, quod tibi natura cirea dextru'm tumen impressit, tamquam unicam et raram in terris avem, homines engnoscerent."

[^27]:    * It may be curious to glance at the different terms of culogy applied to Crichton by various authors. By Aldus Manutius, in the lielatione and the Iffiche, he is styled "mostro te mostri;" by the same writer, in the "I Dedication to the L'aradoxes of Cicero," "unicam et raram in terris avem ;" and in the address prefixed to the "Dialogre de Amicitia." "divinamplane juvenem"; by Astolfi, "mostro maraviglioso "" by Imperialis," saculi monstrum-orbis phonix-demonium prorsus ;", by Scaliger, "ingenium prodigiosum "" by Bocalini (satirically), "ilportentodinatura;" ly lotinus, "Ihanix Critonius ;" by lionconius, "Ingenio Phanix;" by lempster, " miraculum orbis;" by dohnston, "omribus in studiis admirabilis;" by Abernethy, "Iuvenis incomparabilis;" and by Sir Thomas Urqulart he was first entitled, " 'l'ue Abmirable Crichtos."
    $\dagger$ 'This translation appears in Dr. Black's "Yife of 'rasso." It was furnished hy Lord Woodliouselee.
    $\ddagger$ Life of Crichton, pp. 211-12 13 Second edition.

[^28]:    Epicediem Illestrissimi et Reverendisimi Cardinalis Caroli Boromefi, ab Lacobo Critosio Scoto, hogatu Clarisimi, Summaue in optimem Pastorem slem pietate, viri, Ioansis Antonii Magit Mediolaxem. Proximo post ubitcm de exaratuj. De Cunsengl Superioken. [Mediolani. Ex. Typographis Pacifict Postio. m mexxinin.]

[^29]:    * So unbounded was Borromeo's charity, that he sold his principality of Oria, and distributed the proceeds amongst the poor.
    $\dagger$ The private virtues of Saint Charles, that is, the qualities which give true sterling value to the man, and sanctify him to the eyes of his Creator-I mean humility, self-command, temperance, industry, prudence, and fortitude-were not inferior to his public endowments. His table was for his guests; his own diet was confinel to bread and vegetables; he allowed himself no amusement or relaxation, alleging that the variety of his duties was in itself a sufficient recreation. His dress and establishment were such as became his rank, but in private he dispensed with the attendance of servants, and wore an under dress, coarse and common ; his bed was of straw; his repose short; and in all the details of life he manifested an utter contempt of personal ease and indulgence- Elestace.
    $\ddagger$ During a destructive pestilence he erected a lazzaretto, and served the forsaken victims with his own hands.-Eustace.
    || The incidents described in this and the following stanza do not occur in the original. As, however, they appear necessary to complete the pieture of the holy Primate's carcer presented by the poem, 1 hive ventured upon this introduction. These actions, as well as his heroic devotion to the plague-stricken in the lazzaretto, mentioned in the preceding verse, form subjects for part of the eight magnificent silver bas-reliefs which adorn the vaulted roof of the gorgeons subterrancan clapel in the Duomo at Milan, where the body of the Saint reposes enshrined amid "barbaric pearl and gold." During the period of the plague. Borromeo was indefatigable in his exertions to arrest the terrible calamty. " Cherehant," says M. Jabauraud, "ì désarmer la colère du ciel par des proce:sions générales, auxquelles il assistait mu-pieds, la corde au con, les yeux fixes sur son crueifix, quil arrosait de ses larmes, en soffrent ì Dteu comme une cictime de propitiation pour les péchés de son peuple!"
    § The ecelesiastical reformation eflected by Saint Charles met, as was natural. with considerable opposition on the part of the corrupt and disorderly priesthood, and lie became the object of their bitterest animosity. "Les plus opposés à la reforme," writes M. Tabaurand; "suscitèrent un frère Forina, qui se posta a l'entrée de la chapelle archiépiscopale, où le Saint l'rélat faisait sa prière avec toute sa maison - et, au moment où l'on chantait cette antienne: Non turbetur cor

[^30]:    * Gaspar Visconti, a prelate eminent for learning and piety (though thrown minto the shade by the superior sanctity of his immediate precursor and successor, Sant Charles, and Frederick Borroneo) was appointed to the archbishopric of Mlilan, on the 29th of November, and comsecrated during the ides of December, 1584 (Vide Saxii serries Archiepic. Mil. Tom. MII.), the periul when Crichton's congratulatory poem was published. A translation of the address will be found in the ensuing page.
    $\dagger$ Mediolani. Ex. Typographia Pucefici Iontï, M.DLXXXili.

[^31]:    * Gregory XIII., the Pope by whom Gaspar Visconti was appointed to the Archiepiscopal see of Milan.
    $\dagger$ Any further information respeeting Crichton will probably be derived from the voluminous manuseript letters of San Carlo Borromeo, preserved in the Ambrosian Library at Milan;-from the letters of Sperone Speroni, in the edition of Forecllini, which have not come under my observation; or from some contemporary memoir or correspondence published at Mantua.

[^32]:    * Quod scilicet regno, patria, domoque, ob Catholice fidei ardorem, tam longue abes.-Aldi Dedicatio in Purodoxa Ciceronis.

